COMMODCRE UEeRS



## cempinise stilugs



## EASY80

SEVEN VDC COMMANDS FOR BASIC 7.0

## INSERT

A CANNED CODE CONCATENATOR

## PLAY THE MARKET IN



## PLUS:

- NEMS
- procram tips
- CHALLENGES
- GRAPHIGS

AND MORE FOR YOUR 64/128


More than two years in the making, Warriors of Destiny sets the new standard for roleplaying games. No other game can offeryou as beautifully detailed a world or as exciting an adventure. Ultima V is the game for all role-playing gamers: Warriors of Destiny will enchant the novice and challenge the expert.

## Highlights of Ultima V

- Powerful new combat and magic systems, increasing in sophistication as your skill increases.
- Over twice the graphic detail, animation and sound effects of earlier games.
- Hundreds of truly life-like people who can carry on complex conversations and interactions



## THE


clipper

## MORE SALES UNFURLED!

Bound into all subscriber copies, The Clipper offers discount prices and special deals on merchandise sold at full price elsewhere in Ahoy! and Ahoy!'s AmigaUser. These offers are available only to members of the Ahoy! Access Club. (You're a member for the duration of any subscription paid for prior to December 31, 1988.)

Some of the offers are cross-referenced to ads in the November Ahoy! or Ahoy!'s AmigaUser. If you subscribe to only one of the two magazines and require information that appears in the other, contact the manufacturer directly using the address or phone number provided.
To take advantage of any of the offers on these pages, fill in the information requested on the back of the coupon, then clip it and mail it with the payment indicated. Use the original coupon only-photocopies and facsimiles will not be accepted.

## Lyco Computer

Rebates worked wonders for a certain industry centered in Detroit-and now Lyco has introduced them into the computer business. Refer to their advertisement on pages 28 and 29 of this month's Ahoy!, where they offer the IBM PC compatible Commodore Colt. Ahoy! Access Club members who buy the computer at the advertised price of $\$ 689.95$ will receive a $\$ 50$ rebate. Or buy a 64C with 1541 II disk drive at the advertised price and get a $\$ 30$ rebate. Lyco can be reached at 800-233-8760; outside Continental US, 717-494-1030. (Offer expires November 30.)

## 980 IN REBATES



One of the newest entries in Discovery Software's arcade action line is ZOOM! (see the review in the August Ahoy!'s AmigaUser). Buy this best-selling title from any retail outlet and send the warranty card and sales receipt to Discovery. They'll send you a coupon good for 50\% off the suggested retail price of GRABBit, Arkanoid, or Virus Infection Protection when you buy any of the trio direct from Discovery. And see Discovery's ad on page 8 of this month's Ahoy!'s AmigaUser for a look at Hybris, their next release. (Offer expires November 30.)


In a competing magazine, LightSpeed Distribution is offering a special on a 50 meg hard drive featuring the Pa cific Peripherals OverDrive controller (see review starting on page 42 of this month's Ahoy!'s AmigaUser). The drive autoboots from Workbench 1.3 in 28 milliseconds, with Direct Memory Access. The special price is $\$ 769$ plus shipping for readers of that other publication. Our members get that special price toobut with UPS Second Day air shipping included free! See LightSpeed's ad on page 61 of this month's Ahoy!'s AmigaUser, and feel free to dial their toll free customer support number (800-5254428) for more details. (Offer expires November 30.)
SPECIAL PRICE FREE SHIPPING

## Comp-U-Save

The BusExpander designed by Bill's Boards and distributed exclusively by Comp-U-Save is a revolutionary new product-the only board for the Amiga 500 or 1000 that expands either machine to 12 slots. It fits in any baby AT case and provides 6 slots for the 2000, 6 for the PC ( 4 of those for the AT). Our review of it starting on page 48 of the November Ahoy!'s AmigaUser is a real scoop-it's so new it's not even included in Comp-U-Save's ad on page 45. But it's advertised here for the first time anywhere. The price is $\$ 495$. (Offer good indefinitely.)
BUSEXPANDER


## Central Coast Software

On page 45 of this month's Ahoy!'s AmigaUser, you can read about Quarterback, Central Coast Software's hard disk backup utility. We're pleased that Central Coast has chosen the Clipper as its forum for announcing, for the first time anywhere, an offer to all registered $Q B$ users to upgrade to the new Version 2.0. The new software can back up a hard disk to any AmigaDOS file structured device that has a standard mountlist entry. In particular, QB V. 2.0 now supports C Ltd's Konica 10.7MB high density floppy drive, Inner Connection's Bernoulli drive, and CSA's streaming tape drive. QB V. 2.0 also offers a twodrive restore. Ahoy! Access Club members can upgrade by sending in their original $Q B$ disk, along with this coupon and a check or money order for $\$ 15.00$ (MC and VISA also accepted). (Offer good indefinitely.)

## UPGRADE OFFER

## 

Montgomery Grant offers such a wide selection of popularly priced hardware and accessories (see page 5 in this month's Ahoy!) that you should be able to find something you can't resist. If you do, and your order totals over \$100, include this coupon (or mention the Ahoy! Access Club if ordering by phone). You'll receive a free piece of C-64 game software. Call 800-759-6565 to order; outside the US call 718-692-0071. (Offer expires November 30.)

## FREE GAME

## RENT-A-DISC

Rent-A-Disc leases hundreds of entertainment, productivity, and utility programs for the 64/128, Amiga, and other systems. (See their ad on page 11 of the November Ahoy!)

Call 304-529-3232, or fill out the back of this coupon and return it, to request Rent-A-Disc's free brochure. When you place your first order you'll receive 25\% off the total price, whatever the amount - provided that it's your first order from Rent-A-Disc. (Offer expires November 30.)

25\% OFF
$\square$ Enclosed is my original Quarterback disk, plus my check, money order, or VISA or MC payment for $\$ 15.00$. Send me Quarterback V. 2.0, an upgrade offer available through this month's Clipper for the first time anywhere.

NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ ZIP
Send coupon to: Central Coast Software
Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer
268 Bowie Drive
Los Osos, CA 93402

Enclosed is my order totaling at least $\$ 100$. Send me a free piece of C-64 game software.
NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ STATE_ZIP
Send coupon to: Montgomery Grant
Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer P.O. Box 58 Brooklyn, NY 11230
$\square$ Please send me your catalog and hold this coupon on file. When I place my first order from your company, I will be entitled to a $25 \%$ discount.
NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ STATE_ZIP Send coupon to: Rent-A-Disc
Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer Frederick Building \#345 Huntington, WV 25701

## THE AHOY! ACCESS CLUB BBS

The Ahoy! Access Club BBS is up and running, for the exclusive use of Club members. To receive validation, call 212-239-6089 (if busy or no answer after three rings, call 212-239-0855). Have a recent subscription label handy, as you'll need to read that to us to be validated. At that time, we'll give you the phone number.

Don't share the number with your friends. Remember that every non-member to whom you give the number will give it to five others, and so on, and so on. While these non-validated callers will be unable to log on, their repeated attempts to do so will tie up the phone lines and make it more difficult for you to get through.

On the board you'll find advance, up to the minute information about future issues of Ahoy! and Ahoy!'s AmigaUser; just-announced products; forthcoming Clipper offers; and places to use your Ahoy! Access Club Card. Also, you'll be able to download public domain software, exchange electronic mail with other members, and do a whole lot more. Log on today and see!

Enclosed is my check or money order for $\$ 769$ for a 50 megabyte hard drive with the Pacific Peripherals OverDrive controller. I understand that UPS Second Day Air shipping is included free.

NAME
ADDRESS

CITY__STATE_ZIP___ Send coupon to: LightSpeed Distribution
Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 6335 SE 82nd Street Portland, OR 97266

Enclosed is $\$ 495$. Send me the BusExpander, available through this month's Clipper for the first time anywhere.

NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ STATE ZIP
Send coupon to: Comp-U-Save
Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 414 Maple Avenue Westbury, NY 11590
$\square$ Enclosed is my order for a Commodore Colt or 64C and 1541II, with payment. Send me the appropriate rebate (Colt: $\$ 50 ; 64 \mathrm{C} / 1541 \mathrm{II}: \$ 30$ ).
NAME
ADDRESS $\qquad$

CITY $\qquad$ STATE ZIP
Send coupon to: Lyco Computer Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer P.O. Box 5088 Jersey Shore, PA 17740
$\square$ Enclosed is my warranty card and sales receipt for ZOOM! Send me a coupon that will entitle me to $50 \%$ off the suggested retail price of GRABBit, Arkanoid, or Virus Infection Protection when I order directly from you.
NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ STATE ZIP
$\qquad$
Send coupon to: Discovery Software Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 163 Conduit Street Annapolis, MD 21401

## Computer Repeats

True to their name, Computer Repeats is repeating the offer they made in last month's Clipper. Ahoy! Access Club members get a 20\% higher trade-in allowance for used equipment when buying an Amiga 500, Commodore 128D, or Amiga 2000. The general public's prices are on page 12 of the November Ahoy! Your prices are as follows:

Amiga 500: \$199 with trade-in of your C-128 computer, 1571 drive, and 1902 monitor; or, $\$ 355$ with your C-64 computer, 1541 drive, and 1702.

Commodore 128D: \$209 with trade-in of your C-128 and 1571, or 64C computer, 1541, and 1702.
Amiga 2000: $\$ 1189$ with trade-in of your Amiga 500.

Call 303-939-8144 for a price quote for your particular system. Mention your membership in the Ahoy! Access Club. Then, when you ship your equipment for trade-in, include this coupon. (Offer expires November 30.)

## 20\% HIGHER TRADE-IN

## hloy:DISK

Many Ahoy! readers enjoy typing our listings in each month-but many others would rather delve into each month's collection of games and utilities as soon as possible. The readers in the latter group buy the Ahoy! Disk, which contains all the programs from each issue (including Tips Ahoy! and Commodares routines). Extra programs and promotional items not available in the magazine often show up on the disk as well (such as the free Q-Link software on the back of October's disk).

If you've never ordered our monthly disk, you don't know what a pleasure it is to simply load and go. To get you hooked, we're offering this month's (or any month's) Ahoy! Disk for only $\$ 4.95$-that's $\$ 4.00$ off the regular $\$ 8.95$ price. If you prefer, take one of our \$10.95 Anthology Disks for \$6.95. Indicate your choice on the coupon on page 52. Send this coupon along with that coupon, and your check or money order. This special price is good for mail orders only, and for only one disk per customer. (Offer expires November 30.)


Renew or extend your subscription before December 31 to lock in free membership in the Ahoy! Access Club for as long as you wish.


The C-128 Cannon, a high caliber copying and utilities package, and the Kracker Jax library of parameter copiers received high marks when reviewed in Ahoy! On page 25 of this month's Ahoy!, Software Support advertises the Cannon for \$34.95 and the seven Kracker Jax volumes for $\$ 9.95$ to $\$ 19.95$ each. But when Ahoy! Access Club members buy the Cannon at the regular price, they can take any Kracker Jax disk free. (Offer expires November 30.)

## FREE DISK



In their ad on page 6 of the November Ahoy!, Q-Link tells you how to receive a free modem and membership kit for their top-rated Commodore online service. That attractive deal is available to anyone-but for Ahoy! Access Club members only, Q-Link continues last month's offer of a free Rabbitjack's Casino Game Disk. The software, sold for $\$ 7.50$, lets you play slots, blackjack, poker, and other games of chance with fellow Q-Linkers. Send this coupon along with the coupon from Q-Link's ad on page 6; or, call 800-782-2278/ext. 1480. (Offer expires December 15).

## FRFEB DISK

## Creative Computers

Look at the dizzying array of software and hardware offered in Creative Computers' spread on pages 10 and 11 of this month's Ahoy!'s AmigaUser. Are you dizzy yet? Now, to really make your head spin! With every order of $\$ 50$ or more placed by an Ahoy! Access Club member, Creative Computers will extend a $5 \%$ discount, and provide free shipping to anywhere in the Continental US. This offer is good on mail orders only; you must include this coupon; only one order per coupon is allowed; and you may not combine this offer with any other Creative Computers discount offer. For more information, call 213-370-2009. (Offer expires November 30.)

5\% DFFF!
FREE SHIPPING

## PIONEER COMPUTING

Pioneer's ad on page 73 of this month's Ahoy!'s AmigaUser offers a 65 megabyte hard drive for $\$ 949.99$. For the general public, that is. For you, as an Ahoy! Access Club member, the price is $\$ 879.99$ - which happens to be what the general public pays for a 40 meg drive. Where else can you get 25 megabytes of memory free? Add $\$ 11.50$ for shipping anywhere in the Continental US; if you live elsehwere, call Pioneer at 801-942-1174 for instructions. (Offer expires November 30.)

## 25 MEGS FREE

## DISCOUNTS FOR HOLDERS OF THE



MEMBERBHIP CARD
Mioheol Bohneider
Prooident Whcha/ / Lucider
The following retail outlets are offering special discounts to holders of the Ahoy! Access Club Card. If you don't live near one of these dealers, show this page to the proprietor of your local store. Tell him he can be listed at no charge in the February '89 Clipper if he contacts us by November 1. Be sure to have him mention your name-because if he comes into the Clipper, we'll extend your subscription by three issues.

Davis Micro Works Discount Software 3484 The Alameda
Santa Clara, CA 95050
Phone: 408-243-1565
Offer: 10\% discount on all merchandise. Both Amiga and 64/128 products are available.

## FRC Basic Systems

314 Fort Lee Road
Leonia, NJ 07605
Phone: 201-944-4940
Offer: 10\% discount on all merchandise.
Soft Cell Software Inc.
10910 N.E. Halsey
Portland, OR 97220
Phone: 503-252-DISK
Offer: 10\% off already discounted prices on Amiga and 64/128 sales and rentals.

Continued on next page

Enclosed is $\$ 891.45$ ( $\$ 879.95$ plus $\$ 11.50$ shipping in Continental US) for your 65 megabyte hard drive.

NAME $\qquad$
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ STATE ZIP $\qquad$ Send coupon to: Pioneer Computing Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 2469 East 7000 South, \#200 Salt Lake City, UT 84121

## DISCOUNT DEALERS <br> Continued from previous page

## Heartland Computers

1420 Mason Avenue, Unit C
Daytona Beach, FL 32017
Phone: 904-252-9807
Offer: 10\% off on all merchandise.

## Acorn Software

915 Franklin Street
Michigan City, IN 46360
Phone: 219-872-2955
Offer: 10\% off already discounted prices on Amiga and 64/128 software.

## Lake Geneva Photo Graphic

222 Broad Street
Lake Geneva, WI 53147
Phone: 414-248-2039
Offer: 10\% off on all computer equipment. The Amiga is the only computer carried; they concentrate on the 2000 , and specialize in designing systems for creative people in graphics, music, and photography.

## DOS Computer Center

## 2565 Route 22 West

Union, NJ 07083
Phone: 201-686-0040
Offer: 10-30\% off on software and hardware, and a discount on their hourly service rate. A specialized Amiga dealer, an authorized Amiga education dealer, and an authorized Amiga Quality Service Center.

## USE ORIGINAL COUPONS ONLY

Facsimiles will not be accepted

I've enclosed payment for the C-128 Cannon (\$34.95 plus tax and shipping charges indicated in your ad on pages 24 and 25 of the November Ahoy!). Send me Volume $\qquad$ of Kracker Jax free.

NAME
ADDRESS
CITY
$\qquad$ STATE ZIP Send coupon to: Software Support International Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 2700 N.E. Andresen Road \#D13 Vancouver, WA 98661

I've enclosed the Q-Link coupon on page 6 of the November Ahoy! along with this one. Send me my free Rabbitjack's Casino Game Disk.
NAME
ADDRESS

## CITY <br> $\qquad$ STATE_ZIP Send coupon to: Q-Link <br> Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 8619 Westwood Center Drive Vienna, VA 22180

$\square$ Enclosed is my order totaling \$50 or more. I'm taking 5\% off the total amount. I understand that I'm also entitled to free shipping to anywhere in the Continental US.
NAME
ADDRESS

> Send coupon to: Creative Computers
> Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 4453 Redondo Beach Blvd. Lawndale, CA 90260

This coupon entitles me to the higher trade-in allowances guaranteed to Ahoy! Access Club members.
NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$ STATE ZIP $\qquad$ Send coupon to: Computer Repeats Inc. Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer 2017 13th Street, \#A Boulder, CO 80302-5201

I've enclosed the coupon from page 52 of the November Ahoy! along with this one. Send me the monthly Ahoy! Disk indicated for $\$ 4.95$, or the Anthology Disk indicated for \$6.95.

NAME
ADDRESS

CITY $\qquad$
Send coupon to: Ahoy! Disk
Ahoy! Access Club Clipper Offer Ion International Inc.
45 West 34th Street-Suite 500 New York, NY 10001

Look for even more bargains in the next Ahoy! Access Club Clipper, in the December issues of Ahoy! and Ahoy!'s AmigaUser.


## CONTENTS

## DEPARTMENTS

A View from the Bridge...of the November issue of Ahoy! ..... 7
Scuttlebutt...Commodore in the chips, and other good news. ..... 8
Flotsam...from around the world, and around the block. ..... 30
Art Gallery...stop-action sports scenes from our C-64 artists. ..... 31
Reviews... a C-128 BBS program, the latest games, and more. ..... 32
Errata...for Tomb of Horror, Window Dressing, Rupert Report. ..... 40
Tips Ahoy!... (kilo)bite-sized bits of programming genius. ..... 41
Commodares...see if you're up to the challenge. ..... 53
Program Listings... from our pages to your program library. ..... 57
FEATURES
Rupert Report: Compiling Strings by Dale Rupert* ..... 20
Adding string variables and functions to our compiler-in-progress.
*Includes program: Mini-comp (for the C-64)
Please note: our Entertainment Software section has been incorporatedinto our general Reviews section beginning with this issue.
PROGRAMS
Island Quest for the C-64 by Bob Blackmer ..... 15
Sail the seas in search of buried treasure, and find your island home.
Sack Race for the C-64 by John Fedor ..... 15
If exciting action games are your bag, you can stop shopping around
Easy80 for the C-128 by Peter M.L. Lottrup ..... 45
Add seven commands and two functions for manipulating VDC memory.
Insert for the C-64 by John K. Lunde ..... 48
Now you can easily plug any subroutine into any program, anywhere.
Bug Repellents for the C-64 and C-128 by Buck Childress ..... 58
Flankspeed for the C-64 by Gordon F. Wheat ..... 59
Cover art by James Regan; photography by Christopher Gould and Michael R. Davila

If you would like to receive free additional information about products advertised or mentioned in Ahoy!, turn to page 51.

President Michael Schneider

## Publisher

 David AllikasExecutive Editor Michael R. Davila

Art and Production Director Laura Palmeri

## Senior Editor

 Richard CurcioTechnical Editors David Barron Bob Lloret
Consulting Editors
Morton Kevelson Tim Moriarty Dale Rupert
Entertainment Editor Arnie Katz
Art Production Christopher W. Carter Circulation Director W. Charles Squires Director of Promotion Mark Kammerer
Promotion Art Director Stacy Miller

## Controller

Dan Tunick
Advertising Representative
JE Publishers' Representative 6855 Santa Monica Blvd. Suite 200
Los Angeles, CA 90038 (213) 467-2266

Boston (617) 437-7628
Dallas (214) 660-2253
New York (212) 724-7767
Chicago (312) 445-2489
Denver (303) 595-4331
San Francisco (415) 864-3252
ISSUE NO. 59 NOVEMBER 1988 Ahoy! (ISSN \#8750-4383) is published monthly except March, May, July, and September by Ion International Inc., 45 W .34 th St., Suite 500, New York, NY 10001. Subscription rate: 8 issues for $\$ 1695,24$ issues for $\mathbf{\$ 3 1 . 9 5}$ (Canada and elsewhere $\$ 22.95$ and $\$ 42.95$ respectively). Second class postage paid at New York, NY 10001 and additional mailing offices. ${ }^{\circ} 1988$ by Ion International Inc. All rights reserved. ${ }^{\circ}$ under Universal International and Pan American Copyright conventions. Reproduction of editorial or pictorial content in any manner is prohibited. No responsibility can be accepted for unsolicited material. Postmaster, send address changes to Ahoy!, 45 W. 34th Street, Suite 500, New York, NY 10001. Direct all address changes or matters concerning your subscription to Ahoy!, PO. Box \#341, Mt. Morris, IL 61054 (phone: 815-734-4151). All editorial inquiries and products for review should be sent to Ahoy!, 45 W. 34th St., Suite 500, New York, NY 10001.


Only Warpspeed loads, saves, verifies, formats and copies files at speeds up to $10 x$ faster than normal!

Imagine copying a disk in as little as 35 seconds!

Warpspeed functions identically on both the C64 and C128 in the 40 or 80 column mode and works with all compatible drives, including the 1581. Built in mode select and reset switches too!

Attention advanced users: An integrated sector editor and drive monitor and a full featured mini-assembler are all included!

Only Warpspeed delivers
55 features that no other cartridge can match.

Why limp along on impulse power when you can jump to Warpspeed?

#  

## OUTSIDE USA---CALL

$(718) 692.0071$
FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE
Call Mon-Fri:9:30am-4:30pm (718) 692-1148
(Beneath Madison Square Garden) NYC, N. Y. 10001 Store Hours: Mon-Fri 8:30-8/Sat-Sun 9:30-7 FOR ORDERS \& INFORMATION CALL TOLL FREE - 000000

OR WRITE TO:
Montgomery Grant Mail Order Dept. P.O. Box 58 Brooklyn.NY 11230

FAX NO. 7186923372 TELEX 422132MGRANT

OPEN 7 DAYS A WEEK FOR ORDERS: Monday-Friday9am-7:30pm/Saturday \& Sunday 9:30am-6pm (EST) NO SURCHARGE FOR CREDIT CARD ORDERS/WE INVITE CORPORATE \& EDUCATIONAL CUSTOMERS / CORPORATE LEASING AVAILABLE

## oommodore




 IBM PC/XT COMPATIBLE RGB COLOR PACKAGE A-2000 Computer w/ 9 mb . Built-1/ $3.5^{\circ}$ Disk Drive RGB Color Monitor 2088 IBM Compatible. Bridge Card w/ 5.25" Floppy Disk Drive


## \$2049

INCLUDES FREE MOUSE
AND SOFTWARE

## AMIGA <br> PERIPHERALS

 A- 501512 K EXPANSION A-1010 3.5" FLOPPY DRIVE A-1020 5 5.25" DISK DRIVE W/ TRANSFORMER A-2088D BRIDGE CARD A-1084 RGB COLOR MONITOR A-1680 MODEM A-2090 HARD DRIVE CONTROLLER FOR A-2000 A-2010 $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ INTERNAL DISK DRIVE FOR A-2000 A-2052 2MB EXPANSION FOR A2000THESE AND ALL OTHER PERIPHERALS IN STOCK


## SEAGATE <br> 20,30,40 MB HARD <br> DRIVES IN STOCK

IEADING EDCE $\triangle$
LEADING EDGE
MODELDPACKAGE IBM PC/XT COMPATIBLE

$512 K$ FAAM Computer . Keyboard . 360 K Floppy Drive $4.7-7.16 \mathrm{MHz}$. $12^{*}$ Monitor ${ }^{\text {8008. }} \mathbf{8} \mathbf{~ P r o c e s s o r ~}$
W/20 MB HAND DRIVE........ $\$ 989$ Wi 30 MB............................................................ 1089
W/ 40 MB........

## EPSON

EPSON EQUITY II+
IBM AT Compatible
Hard Drive Package


Keyboard 640KRAM 80286 Microprocessor 1.2 MB
Floppy Drive . 20 MB Hard Floppy Drive . 20 MB Hard
Drive. Mono Monitor LOGITECH MOUSE M-7................................. $\$ 59.95$ PRINTERS Pe NEC ${ }^{2}$


Get a FREE Commodore modem and FREE Q-Link software when you join Q-Link.

## Call toll-free 1-800-782-2278 ext. 1570

or mail this coupon to Q-Link, 8619 Westwood Center Drive - Vienna, VA 22180

## Choose one:

$\square$ I need a modem. Send me the FREE Commodore 300 baud auto-dial modem and the FREE Q-Link software.
Charge me now for my first 4 months of $Q$-Link membership at $\$ 39.80$ ( $\$ 9.95$ per month).I already have a modem. Send me the FREE Q-Link software and charge me now for my first month of Q -Link membership at $\$ 9.95$.

Full Name
Street Address
City $\qquad$ State
Zip
pignature
Choose your method of payment:
$\square$ Please charge my credit card. $\square$ MasterCard $\square$ Visa Acct. \# $\qquad$ Exp.
$\square$ Check enclosed.

30 DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE-YOU RISK NOTHING. Try Q-Link for 30 days. If you're not completely satisfied, send us (within 30 days of registering online) your letter of cancellation along with the $Q$-Link software and modem you received, and you'll get a full refund of your $Q$-Link monthly membership fee.


# VIEW FIROM TI-IE BIII)C 

$\square$n the computer industry as in any other, it's the consumers, and to a lesser extent the manufacturers, who set the trends, We in the journalistic end of the business have no role in setting trends. We just follow them-though we do get to do so in a manner consistent with our audience.

In our particular case, that audience has always tended towards the more advanced end of the user spectrum. So the contents of Ahoy! has been more technical than that of most Commodore magazines. And that's not going to change.

But the Commodore industry is changing. As we've observed over the past months, fewer and fewer companies are including the C-64 and C-128 in their future plans. While a steady flow of games will continue, new database managers, assemblers, and disk drives will trickle in slowly. There have been months of late when we've had difficulty filling our Reviews section with worthwhile new utilities and productivity packages.
We're reminded of how, towards the end of the VIC 20's descent into oblivion, we searched frantically for new VIC products to announce and review, new VIC programs to publish. We wound up including almost everything that came our way, much of it substandard. We've decided not to make the same mistake again.
Beginning this issue, game and nongame reviews will share a single $R e$ views section. There will be months when there are four or five new nonentertainment products worthy of atten-tion-and when there are that many, they'll dominate the section. When there are only one or two, we'll devote most of the space to the newest games. We're certain that the added flexibility will enable us to produce a Reviews section that's more satisfying all the way around.
About as satisfying, we hope, as the contents of the November Ahoy!:

- Maybe you pooh-poohed Dale Rupert's proclamation in the September issue that you and he would build a working BASIC compiler over the course of several installments of the Rupert Report. If so, we hope this issue's third incarnation of Mini-comp makes you a believer. Much work remains to be done to turn the program into one of professional quality, but Dale starts you off on your programming odyssey in this month's Compiling Strings. (Turn to page 20.)
- Sack Race provides all the thrills and excitement of being a supermarket bagboy-except for dating the cashiers. (Turn to page 15.)
- If you desire a more exotic locale,

Island Quest provides an ocean full of them. Bob Blackmer's gameplay is at its usual addictive level throughout this aquatic adventure. (Turn to page 15.)

- Just when you thought we'd supplied you with all the BASIC 7.0 enhancements you could ever use (in past programs too numerous to list), along comes Peter M.L. Lottrup's Easy80 and its seven commands and two functions for controlling VDC memory. (Turn to page 45.)
- No matter how comprehensive your library of original and borrowed subroutines, you're only as efficient as the program you use to link the fool things together. John K. Lunde's Insert will let you mix, match, and meld with un-dreamed-of versatility. (Turn to page 48.)
- If you're a subscriber, you've already noticed the burgundy and white section bound between our inside front cover and contents page - the Ahoy! Access Club Clipper, containing discounts and special offers from companies like Montgomery Grant, Lyco, Software Support, and many others. As well, there's a list of retail outlets around the country offering discounts to holders of the Ahoy! Access Club Card. To learn how to become a member and take advantage of these offers, see page 27.

You'll find all your other favorite features inside as well. Please write or call us with any comments. - David Allikas


Save even more on top of the already money-saving subscription rates for Ahoy! and the Ahoy! program disk!

If you subscribe to the Ahoy! Disk Magazine - magazine and disk packaged together-you'll receive the two at substantial savings over the individual subscription prices!


Use the postpaid card bound between pages 50 and 51 of this magazine to subscribe. (Canadian and foreign prices are higher.)

The Ahoy! Disk Magazine is also available at most newsstands, as well as Waldenbooks, B. Dalton's, and other fine software outlets.


# IMPROVED COMMODORE EARNINGS • MACROS • COPY PROGRAM • QUICK BROWN BOX DRIVER • TRAVEL SOFTWARE • PRICE REDUCTIONS - HANDICAPPING PROGRAMS • COLOR PRINTER • C-64 COLORING BOOKS - DRAG RACING SOFTWARE - GAMES FROM DATA EAST, TAITO, DIGITEK 



Star Micronics' Commodore-compatible NX1000C Rainbow color printer at right, shown with its IBM-compatible counterpart. Speed ranges from 36 to 144 cps.

## SMOCTH SAILING

As reported in the Wall Street Journal on August 10 , Commodore's net income for its quarter ended June 30 was $\$ 12.2$ million ( 38 c a share), representing a sixfold increase over the $\$ 2.1$ million ( 6 c a share) earned during the same quarter a year earlier. Sales increased from $\$ 190.4$ to $\$ 215.2$ million, or $13 \%$. For the year, net nearly doubled to $\$ 55.8$ million ( $\$ 1.75$ a share) from fiscal 1987's $\$ 28.6$ million ( 89 c a share).

In the world of big business, this may be nothing to fax your broker about. But it's impressive when you recallif you can recall-Commodore's five consecutive losing quarters a couple of years back, during which they dropped $\$ 273$ million and seemingly came as close to bankruptcy as a company can without actually closing its doors.

The company's return to stability is good news for all Commodore users. But don't assume that a Second Golden Age of the 64 is dawning-the Journal correctly attributed Commodore's surge to strong Amiga sales. So the trickledown to 8 -bit users in terms of new development will be slight. But slight is better than non-existent.
If you're a C-64 or C-128 owner, we recommend that you serve notice on Commodore that, just as was the case with them, rumors of your death were greatly exaggerated. You're alive and kicking-and computing on your 8-bit machine. Better yet, have each member of your user group write an individual letter, and mail them to Commodore in one large envelope. And don't stop with Commodore-write to the large software houses from whom you'd like to see more than just games. That kind
of strong evidence of consumer interest can make a different in what you see for your machine in the future.
Commodore International, 215-4319100 (see address list, page 14). Circle \#150 on Reader Service Card

## colors

Equipped with the standard Commodore serial interface, Star Micronics' NX-1000C Rainbow dot matrix printer (\$379) provides multicolor printing capability. Its four-tone ribbon allows users to output in black, red, yellow, blue, orange, green, and violet. Text prints at 144 characters per second in draft mode and 36 cps in Near Letter Quality. Four fonts are selectable from the front control panel: Courier, Sans Serif, Orator I, and Orator II. A paper parking function permits the use of single sheets without moving tractor-fed paper. A cut sheet feeder is available as an option.
Star Micronics, 212-986-6770 (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#13i on Reader Service Card

## SOFTWARE CATALOG

Dynacomp has released the 33rd edition of its software catalog, its largest ever with 228 pages detailing over 600 commercial products and over 1000 volumes of public domain disks. Most of the expansion is in the areas of statistics, science, engineering, and graphics. The hardware section has also been expanded to include products for capturing and processing sound and images. A copy is available free upon written request.
Dynacomp, 716-671-6160 (see address list, page 14).

Clicie P132 on Reader Service Carrd

## CLEAN UP

Of interest to Commodore 1581 disk drive owners is Fuji's new promotion: a box of 10 multipurpose office clean-


## Great Products By



## 1541/1571 Drive Alignment

$1541 / 1571$ Drive Alignment reports the alignment condition of the disk drive as you pertorm adjustments. On screen help is available while the program is running. Includes features tor speed adjustment and stop adjustment. Completete instruction manual on aligning both 1541 and 1571 drives. Even includes instructions on how to load alignment program when nothing else will load! Works on the C64. SX64. C128 in either 64 or 128 mode. 1541,1571 in either 1541 or 1571 mode! Autoboots
to all modes. Second drive fully supported. Program disk, calibration disk and to all modes. Second drive fully supported. Program disk, calibration disk and instruction manual.
only $\$ 25.00$
Super 81 Uutilities now available for the C64!
Super 81 Utilities is a complete utilities package for the 1581 disk SUPER drive and
features are:
features are:

- Copy 1541 or 1571 files to 1581 disks

Copy 1581 files to 1571 disks

- Backup 1581 disks or files with 1 or 21581 's
- 1581 Disk Editor, Drive Monitor, RAM Writer

Supplied on both $312^{\prime \prime}$ and $51 / 4^{"}$ diskettes so that it will load on either the 1571 or 1581 drive

- Perform many CP/M and MS-DOS utility functions
perform numerous DOS functions such as rename a disk, rename a file,
scratch or unscratch files, lock or unlock tiles, create auto-boot and much more! Super 81 Utilities uses an option window to display all choices available at any given time. A full featured disk utilities system for the 1581 .
only $\$ 29.00$
RA円DSRAMDOS is a complete RAM based "Disk" Operating System for the
Commodore 1700 and 1750 RAM expansion modules which furns all Commodore 1700 and 1750 RAM expansion modules which furns all RAMDOS behaves similar to a much taster 1541 or 1571 floppy disk except that the data is held in expansion RAM and not on disk. Under RAMDOS a 50 K program can be loaded in $1 / 2$ second. Proorams and files can be transterred to and from disk with a single command. RAMDOS is available for only $\$ 29.00$


## PROFESSIONAL CAD FOR

 YOUR COMMODORE 128!This is the most powertul two-dimensiona
 an object-based package (this is what the protessionals use) your drawings are created and printed with the greatest accuracy and detail possible. This
object-based design provides extreme flexibility and control over your drawings object-based design provides extreme flexibility and control over your drawings because each line, circle. text-string, etc. can be manipulated (rotated, enlarged, erased) as a separate entity. With over 50 powerful commands, you can translate, rotate and mirror objects. Stretch or shorten lines as needed. Easly create parallee lines. Draw or erase arcs, circles, ellipses and boxes at will. Insert library figures anywhere into drawings at any scale and angle. Scale text to any height and width. Work in either an absolute scale or feet/inches. Your drawing screen (a $16^{\prime \prime}$ by $22^{\prime \prime}$ page) includgs 5 drawing layers that can be selecied/included/excluded/erased at will. HOME DESIGNER provides accurate, lazer-qualify output, at ANY scale, on your dot matrix printer or plotter. Use a joystick or the 1351 mouse as input.
WHEN THE DETAILS ARE IMPORTANT!

## THE WRITE STUFF

## WRITER \& TALKER

This WORDPROCESSOR is by far one of the BEST that we have spen! Let's get right to the specs: 21 function calculator - line up numbers with the decimal tab; 60 customizable help screens - 86K of disk doc's; Double-column printing in one pass: Encyrpt/decrypt text; Sort up to ten columns (great for lists): Merge/Append text files: Link files; Word/paragraph counter: File translator for 15 other W/P's: Dvorak [-] OWERTY toggle: True 80 column Hi-Res preview: Key-click for typewriter sound; Mail Merge; Automatic Case; On-line clock; 1764 RAM Expander support: MACRO TYPING cuts your typing time by over $25 \%$ and more!

The write stuff even comes in a TALKING version, which includes SAM, a program that produces speech from your computer's sound capabilities. This BB TALKER recites any portion of your text, can say each letter and command as it is typed, and translates to phonetic script for additional editing. Great tor the sightimpaired and the youngsters!!

## FREE

 CATALOG
## 40 pages of

 detaliled descriptions for over 300 fine products for your Commadore CommodereCALL OR WRITE FOR YOUR COPY

TODAY!
 COLLECT BONUS DOLLARS
One bonus dollar good towards your next purchase, for every $\$ 50.00$ ordered COLLECT THRU 8/31/88 USE THRU 12/31/88

CALL FOR LATEST PRODUCTS, PRICES AND COMBINATION SPECIALS!

[^0]ing towels ( $\$ 5.95$ retail) will be included with every specially marked 10 -pack of MF2HD $31 / 2$ " disks through October 3 or while supplies last.

Fuji Photo Film U.S.A., Inc., 800-FOR-FUII (see address list, page 14). CIrcle \# M33 on Reader Service Card

## MACROS

For use on the C-64 with Commodore's Assembler Development System (C.A.D.S.), Macro Set 1 ( $\$ 35.00$ ) consists of over 100 assembler macros and subroutines. They're designed to speed up program development by reducing time spent in the design, coding, key entry, and testing associated with serial I/O, keyboard and screen I/O, large number arithmetic, and the like. The set, supplied as six files of source code, contains over 4000 lines of code which generate about 11,000 bytes of object code. It works with all DOS-compatible disks, including those with hardware modifications. An 81-page reference guide is included.
Xytec, 415-563-0660 (see address

## Keep Your Shipshape with Nrow: Binders

Collection Looking

Don't be caught at sea the next time you need valuable programming informa-
 tion from a back is-
list, page 14).
Circle \#134 on Reader Service Card

## RENEGADE ARRIVES

Advertised for the past several months but just released at press time, Renegade ( $\$ 34.95$ ) offers a variety of archiving utilities, including single/ dual high speed data copier and nibbler, G.E.O.S. sector editor, and over 225 individual parameters. Additional parameters will be made available every two months, and updates three times a year.
(The arrival at this office of a new product usually follows by a month or more the press release heralding itso we rarely get the chance to sample a new product in time to include any sort of value judgment in Scuttlebutt. In the case of Renegade, however, we got the chance-and all indications are that it will be a utility package of major significance. See Morton Kevelson's full-length review next month.)
Software Support, 206-695-9648 (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#135 on Reader Service Card

## COMPUTER CRAYONS

Co-created by Polarware and the Children's Television Workshop, the Sesame Street Crayon series of computer coloring books has been newly converted to the C-64. In Letters for You, Numbers Count, and Opposites Attract (\$14.95 each), Big Bird, the Cookie Monster, Grover, and Bert and Ernie introduce children to ABC"s, numbers, and opposites. Each contains dozens of pictures that can be colored over and over by pointing and clicking with a joystick, mouse, or keyboard. Finished pictures can be printed in color on the Okimate 20 or in black and white on the Commodore 1200.
Polarware, 312-232-1984 (see address list, page 14 .

CIrcle \#136 on Reader Service Card

## HELP FOR DROPOUTS

Mindscape's Students at Risk: How Computers and Software Can Help presents an overview of school- and com-munity-based programs around the country fighting the dropout problem and lists appropriate computer software being used for at-risk students. The booklet is available free of charge to educators.

Mindscape Inc., 312-480-7667 (see
address list, page 14).
Circle \#137 on Reader Service Card

## BROWN BOX DRIVER

QDisk version 2.0 is a device driver for the Quick Brown Box batterybacked CMOS static RAM cartridge which allows it to be used as a non-volatile RAM disk in C-128 CP/M mode. QDisk is application-transparent and can be used with standard CP/M software. Additionally, QDisk allows partitioning of the 64 K Quick Brown Box into two 32 K areas, either of which can be used for C-64/128 native mode applications or both of which can be used as separate CP/M drives. Once the driver is installed, the Quick Brown Box can be accessed as a normal CP/M drive; however, unlike the standard C128 CP/M RAM disk using the 1700 / 1750 RAM expander, QDisk does not lose its contents when the computer is turned off. Price is $\$ 9.95$ plus $\$ 2.00$ shipping.
Herne Data Systems Ltd., 416-5359335 (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#138 on Reader Service Card

## PICK 4

Software Exchange has released four new programs designed to let racing enthusiasts handicap thoroughbred, harness, greyhound, and quarter horse races with information found in the daily racing form. The systems require a maximum of 17 data entries per horse or dog to perform the statistical analysis that will forecast the outcome of a race. The four packages are the $A d$ vanced Thoroughbred Racing System (\$64.95), the Advanced Harness Racing System (\$64.95), the Advanced Greyhound Racing System (\$74.95), and the Enhanced Quarter Horse System ( $\$ 64.95$ ). Specify C-64 when ordering, and add $\$ 3.00$ per program for shipping.

Software Exchange, 800-527-9467 (orders) or 313-626-7208 (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#142 on Reader Service Card

## GAMES

Except where indicated, all of the following games are for the Commodore 64 (and the C-128 in 64 mode).
In the design of Emlyn Hughes International Soccer, Audiogenic proudly admits to having imitated the graphics of Commodore's classic Internation-


Enter the bargain: a pair of martial arts hits for half the price of one.
al Soccer while adding a more powerful control system, more realistic animation, and a strategy section.
Audiogenic (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#143 on Reader Service Card
Karate Champ and Kung Fu Master, originally sold at $\$ 29.95$ each, have been bundled by Data East into a single two-disk package for $\$ 14.95$. The former requires the player to combine lunges, kicks, spins, somersaults, foot sweeps, reverse punches, and defensive blocks into a successful title defense against human or computer-controlled opponents. In the former, the player battles demons and martial arts experts to rescue a captive maiden from a wizard's castle.
Data East, 408-286-7074 (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#144 on Reader Service Card
SSI's two-disk Battles of Napoleon (\$49.95) advanced wargame and construction set will allow players to simulate practically any Napoleonic engagement, real or imaginary, on a detailed tactical level. You may use the computer to generate random maps and then modify them, or build maps square by square. Terrain options include five levels of elevation, woods, roads, swamps, and more. New armies can be created, or the supplied ones
can be adjusted to suit personal specifications. Premade scenarios are also included, highlighting the battles of Waterloo, Quatre Bras, Auerstadt, and Borodino. Distributed by Electronic Arts.
Strategic Simulations Inc., 415-9641353 (see address list, page 14). Circle \#145 on Reader Service Card

Also distributed by EA and also starring the Little Emperor, Datasoft's Na poleon in Russia-Borodino 1812 (\$34.95) recreates the battle which led to Napoleon's overthrow. Taking the place of Napoleon, the player can either allow the Russian army to escape and ultimately drive him back across Europe, or change history and defeat the Russians. With control over infantry, cavalry, and artillery, players can practice with short skirmishes or jump right into the three-day Borodino fray. Extra touches include scrolling battle maps recreated from actual Russian military cartography, tactical hints, and options concerning fatigue, morale levels, and battle speed.
Electronic Arts, 415-571-7171 (see address list, page 14).

Circie 1146 on Reader Service Card
Gaines Mill to Chattanooga, Volume II in Strategic Studies Group's Decisive Battles of the American Civil War series, recreates five confrontations from the war's middle years: Gaines Mill, Stones River, Gettysburg, Chickamauga, and Chattanooga. As commanders, players are confronted with the problems of the pre-radio battlefield, and must provide successful solutions to each scenario. The Decisive Battles series utilizes Warpaint, a graphics editor for customizing game icons, and Warplan, a complete wargame construction kit. Distributed by Electronic Arts.
Electronic Arts, 415-571-7171 (see address list, page 14).

Circle \#147 on Reader Service Card
Western Games (\$29.95) lets you compete in down-home events like Armwrestling, Beershooting (fire at tankards held by the town idiots), Quidspitting (expectorate your chew-tobacco into a pan), Dancing (imitate the moves of the saloon go-go girl), Milking, and Eating.
Digitek, Inc., 813-933-8023 (see address list, page 14.)

Circle \#151 on Reader Service Card

## TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!



Best selling games, utilities, educational, and classics, plus new releases.

## 100's of titles

- Same day shipping
- Low prices

FREE brochure

YES, WE ACCEPT:


## RENT-A-DISC



Paragon Software has signed an exclusive agreement with Game Designers' Workshop to bring Traveller, the science fiction role playing game, to the home computer. The first adventure in the series will focus on a sparsely settled area of the Imperium called the Spinward Marches, surrounded with cultures often characterized as "other than friendly." The computer game will appear first for the Amiga and IBM PC around March 1989, with a C-64 version to follow.

Paragon Software, 412-838-1166 (see address list, page 14.)

Circle \#152 on Reader Service Card
Five arcade hits converted to the C64 by Taito:

As Rastan (\$34.95) the warrior lord, you live in a mythical land of adventure, with death always just a firebreathing dragon away. Your goal is to capture life-giving magical power signs and conquer the Castle King.

Renegade (\$34.95) places you on the streets of a city infested by bloodthirsty gangs. Only your karate skills can put the punks in their place-face down
in the gutter.
In Bubble Bobble (\$34.95) you must help two dinosaur friends escape monsters and burst their way through 100 screens filled with bubbles.

Best described as an enhanced Blockbuster, Arkanoid (\$29.95) offers 33 screens of action.

In the 21st century gameworld of Al con (\$29.95), you and a top secret experimental SW475 Starfighter are your planet's only hope of surviving an alien invasion.

Taito Software Inc., 604-984-3344 (see address list, page 14.)

Circle "153 on Reader Service Card

## DRAG RACE PRACTICE

PC Tree (\$34.95) simulates the rack of lights used to start drag races, usually consisting of three amber lights stacked atop one green light. The driver's goal is to start his car between the time the third amber light goes off and the green light goes on. With the software, dragsters can improve their reaction time, using either a .400 PRO or .500 FULL tree. Individual reaction timers allow simultaneous practice by
two users, via two joysticks or the keyboard. Features include two large digital readout windows, prestage and stage sequence, random start, and a digital rollout adjustment from .000 to .899 . The program automatically calculates and displays your average reaction time. Add $\$ 3.00$ for shipping; PA residents add $6 \%$ tax to total.
Family Software, 215-497-5561 (see address list, page 14.)

Circle \#154 on Reader Service Card

## MIDI CLASS

A six-part class on Building MIDI Programs will be offered for the second time this spring in New York City, and once each spring and fall thereafter. Topics covered include mappers and simple MIDI processors, building a librarian and voice editor, and building a sequencer. The price is $\$ 250$.

MUSIG, 212-246-7438 (see address list, page 14.)

Circle \#155 on Reader Service Card

## LIFESTYLE SOFTWARE

The Lifestyle Publishing Group has been formed by Concept Development

## BUY•SELL•TRADE <br> BUY•SELL•TRADE <br> BUYOSELL•TRADE Computer Repeats, Inc.

UNBELIEVABLE DEALS EVERYDAY!

| FREE SOFTWARE! | Amiga 500 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |



Comm
with trade-in of $128,1571,1902 \mathrm{~A}$ OR $\$ 395$ with $64,1541,1702$ SCALL for your system
Excelerator+ FSD-2
Amiga 2000 cpu sitsa - New
Commodore 128D

Products - New $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Amiga } 2000 \mathrm{CPU} & \$ 1549 & \text { Amiga } 2010 \text { Int. } \\ \text { C1084 RGB Monitor } & \$ 299 & \text { Master 3A (A1010) } \\ \text { A1010 Drive } & \$ 199 & \text { Arig }\end{array}$ A1010 Drive $\quad \$ 199$ Bridge Card w Drive $\$ 509$


## CHIP LEVEL DESIGNS PRESENTS

## ol liu availa IHE SUPER-FAST PARALLEL DISK OPERATING SYSTEM FOR THE COMMODORE 64 AND 1541 DISK DRIVE!

- All disk access is handled at super-fast parallel speed! (LOAD, SAVE, directory, SEQ \& REL files, scratch, validate, format).
- Designed to support multiple drive systems.
- Parallel Centronics printer support with file spooling capability.
- Many useful, timesaving features (DOS

Wedge, screen dump, resident monitor).

- No loss of compatibility.
- Far too many features to list in this ad . . . and perhaps in this magazine!
(Call or write to get all the details!)
(Call or write to get all the details!)
get RapiDOS Professional!
-Provides 40 track extension ( 749 blocks free!)
- Adds 20 new disk commands (i.e., lock files, change disk name).

Here's what people are saying about RapiDOS:
Mike J. Henry (Basement Boys Software) - "It's amazing how incredibly fast it is, I'm impressed!" Mitch S. (Eaglesoft Inc.) - "Very fast, very reliable, and very compatible. I love it!" J.F. Jones (ADP) - "Superbases' speed is increased greatly, and it's now a dream to use!"

| Function | Normal DOS | RapiDOS | RapiDOS Pro | Your System |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Load 202 blocks | 128 sec. | 15 sec. | 3 sec. |  |
| Save 202 blocks | 196 sec. | 98 sec. | 8 sec. |  |
| Format 35 tracks | 90 sec. | 24 sec. | 18 sec. |  |

Compare these speeds with your current system and see why RapiDOS puts the C-64 into a different league! RapiDOS requires a socketed kernal ROM U4, and is available in versions for the 64c, 128 in 64 mode, and 1541c (please specify when ordering). RapiDOS is easily upgradeable to the Professional Version.
RapiDOS Professional drive controller is (c) ' 87 mts data GbR, the creators of the best European parallel systems.

## At these affordable prices no $\mathbf{C - 6 4}$ owner should be without RapiDOS! RapiDOS \$49.95 RapiDOS Professional \$99.95

## MASS DUPLICATOR 1541

- For the C64/128 with a single 1541 disk drive.
- 15 second, 4 pass backup for standard disks!
- 25 second full GCR Super Nibbler, the most powerful yet!
-9 second disk format!
-Fast loader!
- Quick installation.
$\$ 32.95$
- Can be upgraded to RapiDOS


## MASS DUPLICATOR MSD

- A must for any MSD SD-2 owner.
-15 second standard disk backup!
-18 second full GCR Quick Nibbler!
-9 second disk format!
$\mathbf{\$ 2 5 . 9 5}$


## MSD AUTO COPY ROM

- Adds new Fast Backup commands!
- Turns the MSD SD-2 into a dedicated copying drive (no computer needed). \$29.95


## C-64 BURST-ROM

- Gives the 64 'Burst Mode' when used with a 1571 or 1581 disk drive!
-Loads 100 blocks in 6 seconds on a 1571, 4 seconds on a 1581!
- Fast directory, SEQ, and REL file access!
-Built in DOS wedge!
- Simple installation. (Kernal ROM U4 must be socketed)
$\$ 39.95$


## C-128 BURST-ROM

- Lets the 128 run at 'Burst' speed when in 64 mode!
-Provides the same features as the C-64 Burst-ROM!
$\$ 49.95$


## STILL TO COME

- MSD SD-1 Fast Copier!
-1571 Mass Duplicator!
- 1581 Utility Pack!


## TURBO 64

- Speed-up cartridge for the C-64, just plug it in!
- Adjust the clock rate from 100 khz ( $1 / 10$ normal) to 4 mhz ( 4 x normal)!
- Uses 8/16 bit 65816 microprocessor (same as the Apple ][gs.. but twice as fast)!
- Spread sheets, BASIC, flight sims, graphics, and now GEOS.. all are accelerated!
\$199.95



## CHIP LEVEL DESIGNS

Cash, Check, Money Order,

VISA M.C. or Visa
$\$ 3.00$ shipping on all orders
C.O.D.'s add $\$ 3.00$ P.O. BOX 603 ASTORIA, OR 97103-0603
(503) 861-1622

Dealer, Distributor, \& Group Pricing Available

Associates and 1 Step Software with the goal of helping retail channels to establish a category of "lifestyle" soft-ware-cooking, grooming, health, and the like. At this point, most of the company's product line consists of repackaged versions of various recipe programs formerly distributed by CDA and 1 Step. Prices range from $\$ 9.99$ to \$65.00.

Lifestyle Publishing Group, 904-825-0220 (see address list, this page). Circle \#158 on Reader Service Card

## SAVE:

Broderbund has lowered the price of their Type! touch-typing program for the 64 from $\$ 39.95$ to $\$ 19.95$. School Edition (Teacher's Guide plus backup disk) is \$29.95; Lab Pack (Teacher's Guide plus five disks) is $\$ 59.95$.
Broderbund Software, 415-492-3200 (see address list, this page).

Circle \#141 on Reader Service Card

## FLICHT BOOK

Gunship: 82 Challenging New Adventures consists of aviation scenarios


The price of Type!, Broderbund's keyboard tutor, has been dropped to $\$ 1995$.
which the C-64 user can recreate with MicroProse's Gunship or Cosmi's Super Huey helicopter simulators (as well as ThunderChopper and Helicopter Simulator). 208 pages; $\$ 12.95$.

| Audiogenic Software Ltd. | Fuji Photo Film USA | Companies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Winchester House, Canning Road, Wealdstone Harrow, Middlesex HA3 7SJ England | 555 Taxter Road Elmsford, NY 10523 | Mentioned |
|  | Phone: 914-789-8148 | Scutilebu |
|  | Herne Data Systems Ltd. |  |
| Broderbund Software | P.O. Box 714 | Software Exchange |
| 17 Paul Drive | Station 'C' | 2681 Peterboro Road |
| San Rafael, CA 94903-2101 | Toronto, ONT M6J 3S1 | P.O. Box 5382 |
| Phone: 415-492-3200 | Phone: 416-535-9335 | W. Bloomfield, MI 48033 |
| Commodore | Howard W. Sams \& Co. | Software Support |
| 1200 Wilson Drive | 4300 W. 62nd Street | 2700 NE Andresen Road |
| West Chester, PA 19380 | Indianapolis, IN 46268 | Vancouver, WA 98661 |
| Phone: 215-431-9100 | Phone: 317-298-5400 | Phone: 206-695-9648 |
| Data East USA, Inc. 470 Needles Drive San Jose, CA 95112 Phone: 408-286-7074 | Lifestyle Publishing | Star Micronics Inc. |
|  | Group | 200 Park Ave., Suite 3510 |
|  | 45 Cordova Street | New York, NY 10166 |
|  | St. Augustine, FL 32084 | Phone: 212-986-6770 |
| Digitek, Inc. 10415 N. Florida Ave., Suite 410 | Phone: 904-825-0220 | Strategic Simulations Inc. |
|  | MUSIG | 1046 N. Rengstorff Avenue |
|  | 362 W. 52nd Street | Mountain View, CA 94043 |
| Tampa, FL 33612 | New York, NY 10019 | Phone: 415-964-1353 |
| Phone: 813-933-8023 | Phone: 212-246-7438 |  |
| Dynacomp <br> 178 Phillips Road <br> Webster, NY 14580 <br> Phone: 716-671-6160 | Mindscape, Inc. | Blue Ridge Summit, PA |
|  | 3444 Dundee Rd. | 17294-0850 |
|  | Northbrook, IL 60062 | Phone: 717-794-2191 |
|  | Phone: 312-480-7667 |  |
| Electronic Arts | Paragon Software | 267 West Esplanade |
| 1820 Gateway Drive | 600 Rugh Street - Suite A | North Vancouver, BC |
| San Mateo, CA 94404 | Greensburg, PA 15601 | Canada V7M 1A5 |
| Phone: 415-571-7171 | Phone: 412-838-1166 | Phone: 604-984-3344 |
| Family Software | Polarware | Xytec |
| 3164 Surrey Lane | 1055 Paramount Parkway | 1924 Divisadero |
| Aston, PA 19014 | Batavia, IL 60510 | San Francisco, CA 94115 |
| Phone: 215-497-5561 | Phone: 312-232-1984 | Phone: 415-563-0660 |

-TAB Books Inc. (see address list, this page).

Circle \#159 on Reader Service Card

## GLOBAL SEARCHES

Two sneaky new programs that teach geography while kids think they're playing an adventure game:

The first C-64 release in Polarware's Spy's Adventures Around the World series, The Spy's Adventures in North America (\$17.95) sends the player in search of Dr. X, who's stolen documents vital to the security of the United States. The fiendish doctor may be hiding anywhere from Alaska to Mexico; as you search, you'll learn the lay of the land. The adventure can be played by a lone gamer, or by up to six people in a spy against spy network or a cooperative spy network.

Polarware, 312-232-1984 (see address list, this page).

Circle \#139 on Reader Service Card
Following her previous crime sprees around the world and through the USA, Where in Europe is Carmen Sandiego? (\$39.95) leads you through 34 countries where Carmen and her cronies are stealing national treasures. Included is a Rand McNally Concise Atlas of Europe, an online database, and a Crimestopper's Notebook. Educators can buy the School Edition (\$49.95), containing a backup disk and a Teacher's Guide; or the Lab Pack (\$99.95), consisting of five disks and the Guide.

Broderbund Software, 415-492-3200 (see address list, this page).

Circle \#140 on Reader Service Card

## TELECOM BOOK

The Handbook of Computer-Communications Standards (three volumes, $\$ 34.95$ each) covers the major standard protocol topics, providing the introductory and tutorial text material missing from the actual standards themselves.
Howard W. Sams \& Company, 317-298-5400 (see address list, this page).

Circle \#163 on Reader Service Card

## IC PROJECTS

50 CMOS IC Projects (\$16.95) consists of digital electronics projects based on the complementary metal-oxide semiconductor family of circuits. (The IC's are popular because they are inexpensive and used with a wide range of voltages.) Schematics and parts lists accompany each project.
TAB Books, 717-794-2191 (see address list, this page.)

Circle \#164 on Reader Service Card

## ISLAND QUEST

 For the C-64 By Bob Blackmersland Quest is a graphic adventure game of discovery with a lively music score for the C-64. In each game, a new world will be created, providing you with hours of enjoyment on the high seas. The object of the game is to find all the buried treasure and locate your island home.

In the center of the screen display is your window to the world, the crosshair marking your exact position. Above the window is the time elapsed in the game. Because of the large size of the world map ( 16 K ), also provided is a sector map to the left of the display. This map is divided into 100 sectors, and a white dot will mark your position in the world.

To sail the seas, use a joystick in Port 2 and push in any of eight directions. While sailing, you may encounter bottles floating in the sea. These are valuable, as messages inside them will lead to treasure. There will be a clue listed on the screen that contains a reference to your sector map. You will find an island with buried treasure in the general area of the sector clue given.

When you discover an island, position the crosshair in the center of it and press the letter " D " on the keyboard. A hole will be dug and the result displayed in the message

line below the window. If you have found treasure, a treasure chest will be displayed under your booty list on the right side of the screen. Some islands will have nothing buried on them, and the message line will so inform you. If you find your home, a flag will be planted to help you find it again later in the game. It would also help to make a note of the sector location. Always press the fire button after a message is displayed to continue the game.

After finding all the treasure, locate your home island and press the fire button and you will receive a musical salute to your success. Another way to judge your performance is to compete with others for best time.

Island Quest is written in machine language and must be entered using Flankspeed, the machine language entry program found on page 59 . When you're done typing it in, be sure to save a copy.

Load the program by typing LOAD "ISLAND QUEST", 8,1 (tape users substitute ,1,1). Type SYS 49152 to start. $\square$

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 64

## SACK RACE <br> For the C-64 By John Fedor

t is a Monday at Jim Stevens' four-counter store, JIM'S. Business is slow, so to save money he sent all his baggers home for the day. He left himself in charge of sacking all the goods from the four counters. He forgot, however, about a great sale he put on certain items, and a large number of people came rushing into the store shortly after he sent the help home. The cashiers are moving as fast as possible, but Jim has to catch all the items hurtling down the counters towards him.

The task of bagging the items is quite easy. All he needs to do is touch the item and it is bagged. But the cashiers start pushing the items down the counter faster and faster, leaving little room for error. If an item reaches the end of the counter, Jim loses a bunch of customers. The customers do not appreciate their food falling on the floor. If Jim drops three items onto the ground, he is out of business.

## PLAYING THE GAME

You control Jim with a joystick in Port 2. By moving the

joystick left/right, you can choose the number of players (1 or 2). Press the fire button once this is done. Then each player chooses which level he/she wants to begin on (1-25). You get the bonus shown if you complete the level that you choose. This allows advanced players to skip the slower levels.

Which player is up is then displayed on the screen. Player 1 is green, while player 2 is blue. Move the joystick left/ right to move the player in that direction. You can only move so far to the right (the cashiers don't like to be crowded). If you move the joystick up or down, you will be returned

Continued on page 50

## Dial $\begin{aligned} & 1-800-8 V Y=W 1 S 5 \\ & 1-800-289-943\end{aligned}$


(C64, C128, \& CP/M, Ver. 3.0
-40/80 Column Output, 16 colors

- Free Programmer's Reference Guide


## Orilow $\$ 1995$ <br> sale Price $\quad 2$ List 5549

## 24-Pin Primfer

- Document Quality • IBM and Epson Graphics
- 24 Wires ( $12 \times 2$ staggered, diameter 0.2 mm )
- Adjustable Sprocket \& Friction Feed
- Serial Impact Dot Matrix
- Parallel Centronics Port
- IBM and Epson Mode
- 32K Print Buffer
- 135 CPS

- Near Letter Quality Selectable from Front Panel
-6 Month Replacement Policy for Printer
- "Lifetime Warrenty on Print Head
- Italics - Elite - Condensed - Pica
- Low Cost Adapters Available
- Dot Addressable Graphics
- Centronics Parallel Port
- High Speed Dot Matrix
- Tractor/Friction feed
- 8 K Print Buffer

Our Lew salo Price




- Commodore 64c Computer
- 1541 II Disk Drive
- 12" Monochrome Monitor

Genuine IBM® Printer with Interface and One Roll of Paper

- GEOS Program for Word Processing \& Drawing


List $\mathbf{\$ 8 2 5}$

Lowest Price of 180 CPS Priater Available Anywhere

## Milepeed NLP 180-II

## 13" RCB/Comperite Celer Meniter

- Black Dot Screen
- 3 Monitors In One-

Composite/RGB/80 Column

- Green Screen Only Switch
- Cables Included (please specify computer)

Or Low salo Price
\$199"5
List $\$ 399$

## Protecto's

## "COMPUTER DIREGT"

 Product Support's 300/1200/2400 BPS
## BLITIN DOAR CBME:

- Free Membership
- Commodore Technical Tips
- 40/80 Column
- Multi-Line System
- On-Line Merchandise Catalog
- On-Line Catalog Ordering
- Up/Download Public Domain Software


## (312) 382-3270

## 24 Hour Service (Excluding 7:30-9:30am CST Weekdays)



# 800K 31/2" Disk Drive 

Commodore 1581 works with C64/C64c, and C128/C128D. Over 800 K Bytes of Formatted Storage on DoubleSided 3.5" Microdiskettes.


## Our Customers Get Satisfaction!

## No Credit Card Fees!

## We Won't Be Undersold!

We provide our customers with top quality equipment at the lowest prices possible! Computer Direct will match any valid nationally advertised delivered price on the exact same product with a comparable payment method (excluding any applicable sales taxes). Verification Required

## 15 Day Home Trial!

Try out our quality hardware and the latest popular software for 15 days. If within 15 days you are not $100 \%$ satisfied with your purchases, you may return the item(s) accompanied with your sales invoice to Computer Direct via UPS prepaid.
/ 90 Day Immediate Replacement!
The product support you need you get with us! We will do everything possible to assist you in getting your purchases working correctly. If your merchandise fails. to operate within 90 days, you can retum the items accompanied with your sales invoice to Computer Directi via UPS prepaid. We will immediately send you a replacement at no charge via UPS prepaid. Additionall manufacturers warranties vary.
'Executive Speed' Replacement!
If you prefer a super fast replacement on any merchandise that fails to operate within 90 days, you can retum the items accompanied with your sales invoice to Computer Direct via prepaid 2nd Day Delivery or Overnight service, we will immediately send your replacement product back to you by the same method at no additional charge.

## Technical Assistance <br> Help When You Need It!

You'll never feel lost in the world of computers when you have our technical support to back you up! If you are having any difficulty with your purchases, please call our technical assistance line. Our technicans are trained to handle most common problems while you are on the phone. If your problem requires some research, we normally can have an answer the same day.

## Bulletin Board Service

312-382-3270
If you prefer to have your computer do the talking for you, connect to our modem lines for special offers, technical tips, message service, or bible section.

## Customer Relations

If you need help with your billing or additional shipping information, call our Customer Satisfaction experts for assistance. For the fastest service possible, please have your invoice in front of you when you make the call.

## Shipping Information

We insure all shipments at no extra cost to you! Fast Fast - Fast Delivery is Available. All packages are normally shipped UPS Ground. 2nd Day or Ovemight delivery available, extra shipping charges will apply (call to verify exact amounts). Minimum shipping charge per order is $\$ 3.75$, Illinois residents add $61 / 2 \%$ sales tax. We ship to all points in the U. S., Canada, Puerto Rico, Alaska, Hawaii, Virgin Islands and APOFPO. (Monitors only shipped in Continental USA) Prices and availability subject to change without notice.

[^1]

# SUBSCRIBE TO 



## Enter my subscription to Ahoy!

$\square$ One Year (8 issues) \$16.95 (Outside US \$22.95)
$\square$ Two Years (16 issues) $\$ 31.95$ (Outside US \$42.95) Payment enclosed: \$ $\qquad$ $\square$ Please bill me. MasterCard $\square$ VISA Card \#
$\qquad$ -
Signature
Name
Address
City
State $\qquad$ Zip ip

Send coupon or facsimile to: Ahoyl, P.O. Box 341, Mt. Morris, IL 61054-9925

Enter my subscription to the Ahoy! Disk Magazine
$\square$ One Year (8 issues) $\$ 65.00$ (Outside US $\$ 90.00$ )
$\square$ Two Years (16 issues) \$120.00 (Outside US \$160.00)_Exp. Date $\qquad$


The Art Gallery offers the opportunity for fame and fortune to aspiring Commodore artists. Send your work on disk to Art Gallery, Ion International Inc., 45 West 34th StreetSuite 500, New York, NY 10001. Label each disk with the date of your submission, your name and address, the number of images on the disk, and the graphics or paint program used. Graphics produced on the Amiga are eligible for inclusion in Ahoy!'s AmigaUser; C-64, C-128, and Plus/4 images are eligible for inclusion in Ahoy! If your image is published, you will receive a free one-year subscription. Current subscribers will have their subscription extended by one year.

Note that the Art Gallery is not a contest. Published pictures are selected in an arbitrary and capricious fashion by the Art Director, based solely on their artistic merit.


It's too bad that all C-64 sports games can't feature screens as exciting as these reader-designed ones. Above: Falling (though perhaps too horizontally for the chutist's survival) by Brian Duffy (Braidwood, IL), a Koala light pen image. At right: first down is TCU Football by Gary Preston (Snyder, TX), on Blazing Paddles; second is Sailing by an unknown author (who is invited to write us to receive the proper credit); and at bottom, Golfer, a second well above par image by Brian Duffy.


# COMPLIING STRINGS 

## Implementing String Variables in a BASIC Compiler

## BY DALE RUPERT

n our continuing saga of creating a BASIC compiler, this month we will add string variables and some elementary string functions. The two previous articles in this series (Rupert Report in the September and October 1988 issues of Ahoy!) developed a BASIC compiler written in BASIC and gave detailed explanations of the compilation process.
Our goal has been to design and describe a functional compiler with a structure which is easy to understand and easy for you to expand. Since the compilation process translates BASIC source code into machine language object code, you must be somewhat familiar with machine language in order to add features to the compiler. If you are just learning machine language, this can be a great project on which to gain some experience. You can see how each BASIC statement is translated into a functionally equivalent set of machine language instructions.
The compiler program Mini-comp presented last month handled only integer variables. This month's listing adds string variables to the compiler. Each string variable (A\$ through $\mathrm{Z} \$$ ) may be up to 255 characters in length, just as in BASIC. The statements up to line 999 in Mini-comp (page 60) show the syntax of all implemented commands and functions.
Remember that variables A through Z are assumed to be integer variables with values from -32768 to 32767 . The program is modified this month to allow the "\%" after the integer variable names to be consistent with interpreted BASIC. (A and A\% are treated by the compiler as the same integer variable, which differs from interpreted BASIC.) Later we will mention all the changes made since last month, so those of you who have already typed the program will need only to add the new lines and modify a few lines.

## STRING STPRAGE

This compiler is written for the C-64 rather than the C-


PHOTOGRAPHY © CHRISTOPHER GOULD 1988

# DU:ODICIG <br>  

It started with...

## SUPER SNAPSHOT V2

"...probably the most advanced on the market...

Morton Kevelson, Ahoy! Nov '87 "...useful...fun...exceptional quality..." David Martin, RUN Dec '87 "All in all, I think this is the best of the bunch." Tim Sickbert, INFO Jan '88
followed by...

## SUPER SNAPSHOT V3

"Snapshot + Slideshow = a dynamic duo!" Sue Albert, INFO May/June '88
"...one of the most technically advanced...packed with useful features..." Art Hunkins, Gazette June '88
"...my personal favorite is Super Snapshot.'

Morton Kevelson, RUN Sept '88
"Hats off to LMS Technologies. They make a good product.'

John Christensen, Input
"The monitor that made me give up all the others."

Lawrence Hiler, Chip Level Designs (formerly of Basement Boys Software)
"...indispensable, can't live without it.' Bob Mills, programmer of Renegade
...and now we bring you SUPER SNAPSHOT V4

With even MORE of the power-packed utilities you've come to expect from the makers of the most popular utility cartridge in North America!
Available Nov. '88
Super Snapshot is used by INFO in producing their magazine.

- Version 1, 2, and 3 owners may upgrade to version 4 for $\$ 20.00$ CALL US! > C128 disable switch, add $\$ 8.00$ > 10-day, money back guarantee.

| SOFTURRE | DEALER |
| :--- | :--- |
| INQUIRIES |  |
| WEDII |  |

In Canada order from: Marshview Software, PO Box 1212, Sackville NB EOA 3C0 (506) 536-1809 SS V4 \$69.95 Slideshow Creator \$19.95

## EVOLUTION OF FEATURES

- Works with all 64(C), 128(D), 1541(C), 1571, 1581 > Totally transparent when disabled > Turbo load and save (1541, 1571, 1581): 15x faster loading, 7 x faster saving; 25x faster loading with TURBO*25
- Super DOS wedge: all standard commands PLUS extras. Supports devices 8, 9, 10, and 11 > Function keys: pre-programmed and reprogrammable (now 13 f-keys) - Archiver: saves all memoryresident programs to disk as 1 or 2 autobooting files > Screen Copy: dump to disk in popular graphic program formats or to printer in 3 sizes (print sprites, more printers supported). Dumps BOTH multicolour and hi-res screens (STILL the only utility cartridge of it's kind to do both!) > M/L monitor: DOES NOT CORRUPT MEMORY! Interrupt, examine, modify, and resume a running program. All standard commands PLUS bank-switching, bidirectional scrolling, IO command, track and sector editor, ASCII hunt, and drive monitor > Sprite disable and extended life feature. Now includes sprite re-enable (unique to SS V4) > Sprite monitor and full-featured sprite editor > Fast disk copier: 1 or 2 drives; supports 1541, 1571, and 1581 > Basic Aids: append, auto, autodata, menu, merge, old, pron, proff, tron, troff, renum • File Management System: fast file copier (1541, 1571, 1581 -including partitions, 1 or 2 drives, any combination); scratch, rename, PLUS expert mode $>$ Free Kracker Jax 100+ parameter disk including nibbler (for those tough back-ups).


## Super Snapshot V4-\$64.95 Super Snapshot Slideshow Creator - only $\$ 14.95$

## SNAPSHOT SLIDESHOW CREATOR

Powerful options within this package allow you to create slideshows using Snapshotted screens to produce dazzling effects in eye-catching presentations. Options include: displays that can fade in/out, shutter on/off, pop on/off, or slide on/off. Use any of 10 different fonts to display your personalized, scrolling message -ANYWHERE ON THE SCREEN! Slideshow can even be incorporated into your BASIC and ML programs.
"Slideshow and Snapshot are a power partnership." Sue Albert, INFO May/June '88 "...a gem of a companion: Slideshow Creator... well-designed..."

Art Hunkins, Compute!'s Gazette June '88

128 so that the greatest number of readers can use it. To be honest with you, I am developing this program on the C-128 because of its superior operating environment ( 80 column text, functional function keys, built-in machine language monitor, speed, and greatly improved editing capabilities compared to the $\mathrm{C}-64$ ). The changes needed to convert the program to the C-64 from the C-128 deal primarily with memory mapping.

On the C-64 we must make some compromises to allow the compiler program and the resultant object code to reside in memory together. To keep memory management simple, I decided to store object code and all variables in the free 4 K of RAM starting at address 49152 ( $\$ \mathrm{C} 000$ ). Similar to the way BASIC allocates string storage, strings will be stored beginning at the top end of this memory block and work downward while compiled object code starts at the lower part of memory and works up.

The memory map looks like this:

|  | C-64 |
| :--- | :--- |
| VM (start of integer variables) | $=49152(\$ C 000)$ |
| PM (start of prgm object code) | $=49408(\$ C 100)$ |
| SM (start of string storage) | $=52992(\$ C F 00)$ |
| EM (end of string storage) | $=53247$ (\$CFFF) |
| BT (start of BASIC text) | $=2049(\$ 0800)$ |

These variables are defined starting in line 2050.
Each string variable is assigned storage space only when it is defined. Each string is automatically allocated 256 bytes regardless of its actual size. This greatly simplifies memory management at the expense of wasted memory.

When the compiler encounters the statement

$$
1 \text { C\$="HELLO" }
$$

the variable $\mathrm{C} \$$ is given the first (highest) 256 byte block of memory from \$CF00 to \$CFFF. Line 1680 calculates the address of that block and verifies that object code (program memory) is not within 256 bytes of it. The next location for object code is stored in variable CM.
If the second statement of the program to be compiled is

$$
2 \mathrm{~A} \$=\mathrm{C} \$
$$

then $\mathrm{A} \$$ is given the second block of memory from \$CE00 to \$CEFF. We now have 10 bytes of string data stored in 512 bytes of memory. The trade-offs in compiler design (in most program designs, for that matter) are speed versus program size. We are opting for maximum speed and simplicity at the expense of memory.
It would not be difficult to allocate 128 byte chunks, or even 20 byte chunks if you need many short string variables. Of course changes like that may make the compiled form of the program incompatible with the interpreted version, which may be a disadvantage.

## STRINO FORMAT

Each string variable may be up to 255 bytes long. We use one byte of the variable's 256 byte memory block to store the length of the string assigned to that variable. Af-
ter compiling the first line $\mathbf{C} \$=$ "HELLO" listed above, we could look into memory and see this data:
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { \$CFO0: } 5 & \text { SCFO1: } 72 & \text { \$CF02: } 69 & \text { \$CF03: } 76 \\ \text { \$CF04: } 76 & \text { \$CF05: } 79 & \text { \$CFO6 - \$CFFF: (garbage) }\end{array}$
The addresses are in hex and the data are decimal ASCII values of the characters "HELLO". The decimal 5 in \$CF00 is the length of the string.

The compiler uses the array $\mathrm{SB}(0)$ through $\mathrm{SB}(25)$ to keep the Storage Block number of string variables A\$ through Z\$ respectively. Until a variable is assigned, the element in SB () for that variable is zero. After $\mathrm{C} \$$ and $\mathrm{A} \$$ have been assigned as shown in the examples above, $\mathrm{SB}(0)$ equals 2 since $\mathrm{A} \$$ was given the second string storage block (\$CE00-\$CEFF), and SB(2) equals 1 since $\mathrm{C} \$$ was given the first string storage block (\$CF00-\$CFFF). All other elements of $\operatorname{SB}()$ equal zero.

The variable parsing routine at line 1300 has been modified this month to handle strings and integers. The variable VT stores a code for the variable type: $1=$ integer, $2=$ string, $0=$ non-variable. The subroutine at line 1600 has been added to locate the memory allocation for a string variable whose "name" is stored in VN. VN is given the ASCII value of the variable's name in line 1320 . Line 1620 converts this to the string variable number 0 through 25 used as an index for SB() .
The routine at 1600 checks SB ( ) to see if a block of memory has already been assigned to the variable given by VN. If it has, SB () stores the block number ( $1=$ first block), and line 1650 calculates the value of the actual memory location. The LSB/MSB form of the variable's starting address is returned in NL and NH as calculated by the routine at 1400.

If the string variable being defined has not already been assigned a memory block, the next block number is determined in line 1660 . SB() stores that block number, and line 1680 calculates the actual storage address.

## PARSINE STRINGS

Line 2225 has been added to parse the string assignment statements. The allowed string assignment statements are:
$1 \mathrm{~A} \$=\mathrm{B} \$$
$2 \mathrm{~A} \$=\mathrm{B} \$+\mathrm{C} \$$
3 AS=CHR\$(B)
4 A\$="literal"
The program beginning at line 9000 compiles these string statements.
At line 9010 VN stores the ASCII value of the string variable's name ( $\mathrm{A} \$=65$ through $\mathrm{Z} \$=90$ ) as parsed at lines 2220 and 2225. At 9010 the two bytes of the variable's starting address are put into D0 and D1 representing the "Destination" address. Line 9020 checks the next token which must be " $=$ " as shown in the statements above. Line 9030 fetches the next byte, and line 9040 calls the variable test routine at 1300 which tests the byte to see if it is a string variable ( $\mathrm{VT}=2$ ).
The routine starting at line 9400 handles statements 1 and 2 above. Line 9050 branches to the routine at 9200

## LET'S FACE IT - MAIL ORDER HOUSES ARE NOT ALL THE SAME! SOFTMDABE SDPPOBT TDTEBMAJTODAD

## CONVENIENCE-FAST SERVICE-RELIABILITY-SUPPORT



## ATTENTION C-128 OWNERS

## Now that Commodore has released the C-128D with 64 K of video RAM

 BASIC 8 already has the capability of using all 64 K of video RAM. If you wn the C-128 in stock condition you own all 16 K of video RAM tha Commodore felt was necessary. Using Basic 8 format and the full 64 K of video RAM provides you with the ability to scroll through video mem ory as well as enhanced color resolution.Up until now, to upgrade the C-128 to 64 K of video RAM you would have to first search out the components, then find a competent repair outlet SOLUTION - We have deverts. What a hassiel
SOLUTION - We have developed a module that simply plugs in to the mother board of your C-128. No splattered solder - No heat damage - No hassle.

This package includes full easy to follow installation instructions, a tes program to validate proper installation and the plug-in upgrade module. ONLY $\$ 34.95$

AM

## AMIGA SOFTWARE

$4 \times 4$ Off Road Racing Arkanoids
Awesom Arcade Pak
Barbarian Bard's Tale Bubble Ghos California Games Captain Blood Deluxe Paint II Digipaint Digiview Dive Bomber Earl Weaver Baseball Faery Tale Fire Power Flight Simulator II Flight Sim Scenery \#7 Flight Sim Scenery \#1 FA/18 Interceptor Heros of the Lance Kindwords
Land of Legends Leaderboard Golf Leaderboard F/C \# Maxiplan 500 Microfiche Filer Money Mentor Obliterator
Paladin Phantasie Phantasie II Printmaster Plus Printmaster Art Gallery \# Printmaster Art Gallery \#2 Printmaster Art Gallery \#3 Printmaster Fonts/Borders Road Wars Rocket Ranger Rockford
Sculpt 3D Shadowgate Strip Poker Strip Poker Data Disk \#4 Strip Poker Data Disk \#5 Test Drive The Director Three Stooges Time Bandit Turbo
Uninvited
Vampire's Empire Zoom

MIGA AMIGA AMIGA

Project Phoenix. We assembled a team of the hottest archival programmers in the industry and gave them the
challenge of their carreess: create a professional utility system that would set the tone for the future of Commodore Hundreds of expert-hours later, that team delivered to us a utitit that could turn an average hacker into a superstar. A package created ackage of sobering power and scope. A package possible. A package called Renegade.
Renegade takes the very best ideas from the past and re-creates them, combining state of the art techniques with a conceptual grasp of the future of computing. The result is dynamic - classic utilities are transformed into muscular components of a system designed for speed, power, and flexibility.

Here are Some of the Features Built Into The RENEGADE!

* Single or Dual High Speed Data Copier
$\star$ Single or Dual State of the Art Nibbler
ڤ Directory Editor: Organize your Disks
* GCR Editor: For the Experienced Hacker
* Geos

²
Modual: PARAMETERS
$\star$ Geos ${ }^{\text {ti }}$ Modual: PARAMETERS and TOOLS
$\star 200$ Parms: For those tough to backup disks * 200 Parms: For those tough to backup disks

* New Parameter updates only $\$ 9.95$ each $\star 200$ Parms: For those tough to backup disks $\quad \star$
$\star$ New Parameter updates only $\$ 9.95$ each
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Compatable with C-64-128 with } 1541 / 71 \text { Drives } \\ & \text { \& }\end{aligned}$ Renegade comes with C-64-128 with $1541 / 71$ Drives $\star$ Technical support available: of course Renegade comes with over 250 parameters, and additional parameters are available every 2 months! Also, Renegade program
updates are available to registered owners 3 times a year to ensure that Renegade will always be a step updates are available to registered owners 3 times a year to ensure that Renegade will always be a step ahead of anything else on the market!
Now nothing
Now nothing can stop you from taking TOTAL control of your software! Renegade gives you the most advanced tools on the market for one remarkably low price. And, unlike some companies that claim to sell utilities unlimited in power, Renegade is
produced by a company that knows that the customer is our most valuable asset Renegade: Next generation software - for the next
ATTENTION: REGISTERED RENEGADE OWNERS! - for the next generation hacker
Parameter Module \# 2 is now available, Only $\$ 9.95$
renegade Only $\$ 34.95$

GRAPHIC LABEL WIZARD
you will be delighted with this flexble and powerful tool. Without a doubt, the Graphic Label Wizard is the hotest label program around * High Res display allows load and prevew of up to four graphics! - Save created labels on disk for later recall, modification and printing! * Print catalogs of your Printmaster or Printshop compatable graphics Works with Epson compatble, and Commodore 1525, 801, 803 compatable printers!
*Print text in any style your printer supports: Italic, Bold. Expanded. * Program disk includes exciting new graphics!

FREE BONUS: 100 NEW graphics created by Soltware Solutions
SUPER C. 64 Utiity from the people who brought you SuperCat
ONLY \$24.95

SYSRES ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ ENHANCED

* Adds over 25 major commands to Basic

Extended Super DOS.Wedge
Renumber, Trace, Search, and many other features
154171 last loader included
$1541 / 71$ fast loader included
ML monitor from Basic
ONLY \$39.95

## SuperCat

Tired of searching endiessly through your disks to find the one title you're interested in? Frustrated by catalog programs that run out of memory or storage space every time your disk library grows?
Then now is the time to invest in SuperCat, the most sophis Then now is the time to invest in SuperCat, the most sophisticated
disk cataloging system available today for your Commodore C.64! disk cataloging system available today for your Coms

* Cataiog up to 640 disks and 5000 tites per disk! * Catalog up to 640 disks and 5000
* Accepts disks with dupicate lD's
* Accepts disks with dupicate ID's
* Reads tites from the directory of the disks to be cataloged. * Reads itites from the directory of the disks to be
* Allows custom editing of tites being cataloged
* Prints a large variety of reports, evencreates labels for your disks - Operates with one or two 1541/1571 disk drives!
ot this powerfull utility. SuperCat - A CLASSIC


## Only \$24.95

## C-128 CANNON

THE TOTAL COPY/UTILITIES PACKAGE CREATED JUST FOR C-128 OWNERS! * The Nibbler: Powerfull Works with single or dual $1541 / 1571$ drives! Fasi Copier: For backing up data disks or for use with Kracker dad 1581 Fast Copier: Copies from one $3.5^{\circ}$ diskto another- 1 or 2 dr * MFM Copier:Copyunprotected IBM or CPM Mormats-on 1571 drive - Track \& Sector Editor: 1541/1571 and even 1581 compatable! * Error Scanner. Full featured error scanner with on-screen display - Density Scanner: Allows check for atered densities track by track! * Directory Editor: Reorganize the directories on your $5.25^{\circ}$ disks! - Kracker Jax 100 of our hottest, most popular parameters! - SPECIAL BONUS: Elite V3 for backups ol Pocket 2 Series-FREE:
Your Commodore 128 deserves the best, so why not get the best! Your Commodore 128 deserves the best, so why not get the best! ONLY \$34.95

Introducing the 1541 RAMBOard

## Copy protection's "worst nightmare"

The cream has been there for years now: an inexpensive piece ot hardware that, when added to your system, would allow you to backup almost every single piece of soltware ever released for the C64
Software Support has just made the dream a reality! Were proud to introduce the 1541 RAMBOard, a small card that can easily be instaled into your 1541 1541C disk drive in 5 minutes using just a screwdriver. With this powerful card in place, backup hassles are a thing of the past! Working with special software, the RAMBOard will backup sotware that other utitites cant even scratch the surface of. And as new protection schernes artive, well create new parameters to keep your RAMBOard operating behind enemy lines.
RAMBOard also comes bundied with a last copier that can archive an unprotected data disk in under 50 seconds!
The concepts behind "card' systerns are public domain. So why should you have
This in to pay $\$ 44.95$ or more for someone else's "card"? Soltware Suppor will sell you to pay $\$ 44.95$ or more 10 someone eise's "card ? Solware Suppor mir sell you
the hardware' for just $\$ 26.95 \$ 1$ So it you dont have an unimited income, don't worry. Just order your new RAMBOard from Sotware Support - the company that's worry. Jusi order your new RA
declared war on high prices.

RAMBOard -- Our Price: $\mathbf{\$ 2 6 . 9 5}$
Other companies "card" boards: $\$ 44.95$ or more.
The 1541 RAMBOard requires soltware to operate. This sotware can be either
RAMBOard parameters, soon to be found on our Renegade program disk, or any of the other 'card' sotware already on the market.

## KRACKER KAX REVEALED I \& II

Our knowledge of protection schemes has made us famous. Now ind out how we GIVE SURFACE NFO . WV din GIVE SURFACE $\mathbb{N F O}$ - We dig deep, much deeper. Let us show you the ins and
outs of todays copy protection. These books are a must for all serious Commodore outs of t
users.
REVEALED BOOK I men Reset Arron. $\$ 23.50$
REVEALED BOOK II with hesmon Catrige
$\$ 23.50$
REVEALED BOOK III COMING THIS FALL!!

## FLASH! Kracker Jax

## Earns a 5 Star Rating

 In INFO's May-June ' 88 Issue Kracker Jax is the powertul parameler based copying system that has taken the country by stom! What IS a parameter? Its a custom program that allows your 1541 or 1571 dsk dive to $\operatorname{stnp} \mathrm{A}$ AL copy protecion from your expensive software. leaving you with UNPROTECTED, TOTALLY BROKEN BACKUPS that can even be copied with a simple fast copier!We declare Kracker Jax to be the best system of its kind on the market today! A
boid claim? Maybe. bold claim? Maybe.
But don't take our word for il-if you want the REAL story on how good Kracker Jax is just ask one of our customers. Don't worry. You wont have any problem
finding one. finding one.

Vols 1-2-3-4 Only $\$ 9.95$ ea.
Vols 5-6.7 Still Only S19.95 ea.

## SOFTURAE

?
$4-1+1 \mid 1$
Ordering is simple. We accept money orders, cartified checcs. personal checks (of previous Sotware Supporn
customers), VSA. MC, Discover, and COD Orders shipped to USA FPO APO customers), VISA, MC, Discover, and COD. Ordees shipped to U.S.A, F.P.O. AP.O., Canada or Mexico, please add $\$ 3.00$ per order for shipping and handing. COD avalialie to U.S. customers chly: add $\$ 225$ addtional per
order. Foreegn customers must call or wite for exact shipping charges. Defective tems are teplaced at no charge IF and only If you call for a Retum Authorization Number. All in stock orders are processed mitin 24 hours. US Shipong is by UPS ground in most cases. FAST 2nd DAY AIR avaiable: add 51.00 per pound aditional (U.S. 48
is states only. U.S. sotware orders over 100 dollars will be shipped 2nd Day Air at our reguiar $\$ 3.00$ SH Charge. Washington residents please add $7.5 \%$ adotional for Sajes Tax All prices subipect to change.

Program Submissions Invited
Need more info? Call or write for our free catalog.

Mail your order to Software Support int.
2700 NE Andresen Road / Vancouver. WA 9866
Or call our toll-free order line at
1-800-356-1179, 9am-5pm Pacific time
Monday-Friday.
After hours orders accepted at
(206) $695-96487$ days a week.
Technical support available. Call
(206) 695-9648, 9am-5pm Pacific time,
Monday-Friday.
if a quotation mark is found. Line 9100 handles the CHR\$ function shown in the third statement above.

Let's see what happens when the statement $\mathrm{A} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{~B})$ is compiled. Lines 9110 through 9140 parse the "(", B, ")", and end-of-line tokens. Line 9120 calls 1300 which stores B's storage addresses in A0/A1 and A2/A3. Recall that each integer variable is stored in two bytes, LSB then MSB. The addresses of these two bytes are returned in A0 and A1 (LSB) and A2 and A3 (MSB). In this case, B must be less than 256 since it is used as an argument in the CHR\$ function. Consequently its MSB will be ignored.

Line 9150 lists the assembly language instructions for implementing $A \$=C H R \$(B)$. If $A \$$ is the first string variable encountered in the program, its address will be $\$$ CF00 as explained earlier. The integer B is stored at address \$C002 and $\$ C 003$ as we saw last month. The object code for $A \$=$ CHR\$(B) looks like this:

| LDA \#01 | ;length of A\$=1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| STA \$CF00 | ;first byte of A\$ |
| LDA \$C002 | ;B's LSB |
| LDY \#01 | ;index into A\$ |
| STA \$CF00,Y | ;CHR\$(B) at 2nd byte of A\$ |

Assume B has previously been given a value of 9, for example. After these instructions are executed, the memory storage block for A\$ looks like this:

## \$CFO0: 1 \$CF01: 9 \$CF02 - \$CFFF: (garbage)

A's length is in \$CF00 and its ASCII value is in \$CF01.

## TO BE TAKEN LITERALLY

Now let's see how the literal assignment statement A\$= "HELLO" is compiled. Line 9050 parses the first quotation mark and branches to line 9200 . NC will store the number of characters found within the quotation marks. Each character of the string "HELLO" is fetched by line 9210 and stored in the array $S()$ at line 9230 . This process continues until the final quotation mark is reached or until the string length reaches 256 . (Notice that the compiler requires you to have a final quotation mark even though interpreted BASIC does not require it. It is poor programming practice to leave it off anyway.)

Now S() stores the characters "HELLO" and NC is 5, the length of the string. The instructions starting at line 9260 put these characters into memory in much the same way that the single character was stored in our previous example. Here are the assembler instructions:

| LDA \# NC | ;length of A\$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| STA DO D1 | ;A\$'s starting address |
| LDY \# 1 | ;index into A\$'s storage block |
| FOR K=1 TO NC |  |
| LDA \# S(K) ;next character <br> STA DO D1,Y ;A\$'s next location <br> INY ;update the index <br> NEXT K . |  |

This is a rather strange looking conglomeration of BASIC
and assembly language. Each underlined item is a BASIC variable or instruction as shown starting at line 9260. Recall that the compiler variables D0 and D1 store A\$'s starting address. Also S() stores the ASCII values of the characters to be assigned to $A \$$. The three assembler instructions within the BASIC FOR-NEXT loop are repeated five times in order to store the five characters "HELLO".

To simplify the example, assume the statement to be compiled is $A \$=$ " $A Z$ ". Assume that $A \$$ is stored in the first string storage block at CF00 ( $\mathrm{D} 0=\$ 00, \mathrm{D} 1=\$ \mathrm{CF}$ ). The ASCII values of " $A$ " and " $Z$ " in hex are $\$ 41$ and $\$ 5 A$. The actual data in hex and decimal written to object code memory starting at $\$ \mathrm{Cl} 100$ would be:

| addr | hex | decimal | mnemonic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$C100: | \$A9 \$02 | 1602 | ;LDA \#2 |
| \$C102: | \$8D \$00 \$CF | 1410207 | ;STA \$CFOO |
| \$C105: | \$A0 \$01 | 1601 | ;LDY \#1 |
| \$C107: | \$ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \$41 | 16965 | ;LDA \#\$41 ("A") |
| \$C109: | \$99 \$00 \$CF | 1530207 | ;STA \$CFOO,Y |
| \$C10C: | \$C8 | 200 | ;INY |
| \$C10D: | \$A9 \$5A | 16990 | ;LDA \#\$5A ("Z") |
| \$C10F: | \$99 \$00 \$CF | 1530207 | ;STA \$CFOO,Y |
| \$C112: | \$C8 | 200 | ;INY |

The compiler FOR-NEXT loop at line 9290 is executed twice, since A\$ will be two characters in length. The first loop generates data put into addresses \$C107 through \$C10C. The second loop generates data for \$C10D through \$Cl12.

## CONCATENATION

Concatenation, or the joining of two strings, is compiled beginning at line 9500 . For the statement $\mathrm{A} \$=\mathrm{B} \$+\mathrm{C} \$$, line 9535 calls the subroutine at line 9450 which we just discussed to put B\$ into A\$'s storage area. The remaining code beginning at line 9540 puts A\$'s address into page-zero location \$FD and \$FE. B\$'s length is added to the address in \$FD and \$FE. Then C\$'s data is copied into A\$ beginning where $\mathrm{B} \$$ ended. Finally A\$'s length which is the sum of B\$'s and C\$'s lengths is calculated and stored as the first value in A\$'s storage.

In this routine, D0 and D1 store A\$'s starting address. S0 and S1 are B\$'s starting address, and S2 and S3 store C\$'s address. You can use a monitor program to disassemble the code produced by lines 9535 through 9580.

If the sum of lengths of $\mathrm{B} \$$ and $\mathrm{C} \$$ is greater than 255 , interpreted BASIC displays a message ?STRING TOO LONG ERROR message. The compiler generates the following object code which produces the same results:
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { LDX } & \# \$ 17 & \text {;error code for String Too Long } \\ \text { JMP } & (\$ 0300) & \text {;routine to display error message }\end{array}$
The BASIC error messages are numbered. To display any message, simply put its number into the X register and jump indirect to address $\$ 0300$. This halts the execution of the compiled program.

## SHOW THE RESULTS

We have barely scratched the surface of string function

## GET ACCESS TO REAL BUYING POWER... WITH The لhoy: access club!

Subscribing to Ahoy! and/or Ahoy!'s AmigaUser has always made sense-for you and for us. We get to keep more of your money when we cut out the middlemen (our distributor and your newsdealer), and we kick some of the savings back to you with a discount rate.

And now you can save even more-in fact, you can save the cost of your subscription many times over!

The Ahoy! Access Club, launched in January 1986, has been expanded to offer its members even more clout in the Commodore marketplace. And for a limited time, membership will be awarded free to subscribers!

Here are some of the ways the Ahoy! Access Club can boost your buying power:

- The Ahoy! Access Club Clipper, published 12 times a year, contains exclusive discount offers on products advertised in Ahoy! and Ahoy!'s AmigaUser. Participating vendors offer reductions of $10 \%, 20 \%, 30 \%$, or more on selected items, free bonus merchandise, and special closeout and combo offers not advertised elsewhere-all for Club members only!
- The Ahoy! Access Club Card is your ticket to discounts at participating computer software, hardware, and book dealers, and reduced admission at Commodore and Amiga conventions and swap meets across North America. (Details are found in each issue of the Clipper.)
- The Ahoy! Access Club BBS (modem required) offers continuously updated information on new offers available through the Club, as well as late-breaking industry news,
corrections and updates to articles in Ahoy! and Ahoy!'s AmigaUser, and free electronic mail facilities. Operation is 24 hours a day, 7 days a week-for Club members only!

If you are presently a subscriber to Ahoy! or Ahoy!'s AmigaUser, your membership has already been activated. You'll receive the Ahoy! Access Club Clipper bound into each issue.

If you're not a subscriber, fill out and return the postpaid card bound between pages 50 and 51 today!

Let everyone else pay list price. You don't have to...when you have Access!

## LOCK IN YOUR FREE MEMBERSHIP NOW!

Ahoy! Access Club membership will be included free with your paid subscription for a limited time only.

You are guaranteed free membership for the duration of any subscription paid for prior to December 31, 1988. After that date, a small additional charge may be levied.

So why not lock in free membership for as many years as you wish by extending your subscription now?



## Air orders processed within 24 hours.

## Lyco Means Total Service.



Mark "Mac" Bowser, Sales Manager
I would personally Ilke to thank all of our past customers for helping to make Lyco Computer one of the largest mall order companles and a leader In the Industry Also, I would like to extend my personal Invitation to all computer enthusiasts who have not experienced the serviens that we provide. Please call our trained sales stafl at our toilifee number to inquire about our diverse product line and weekly specials.
First and foremost our philosophy ls to keep abreast of the changing market so that we can provide you with not only lactory-Ifesh merchandise but also the newest models offered by the manulacturers at the absolute best possible prices. We offer the widest selection of computer hardware, software and accessories.
Feel free to call Lyco if you want to know more about a particular Item. can't stress enough that our toll-free number is not just for orders. Many companies have a toll-free number for ordering, but if you just want to ask a question about a product, you have to make a toll call. Nof at Lyco. Our
trained sales staff is knowledgeable about all the products we stock and is
happy to answer any questions you may have. We will do our best to make sure that the product you select will lit your application. We also have Satur-
day hours - one more reason to call us for all your computer needs. day hours - one more reason to call us for all your computer needs.
Once you've placed your order wlth Lyco, we don't forget about you.
Our Irlendly, prolessional customer sorvice representatives will-find answers to your questions about the status of an order, warranties, product avallability, or prices.
Lyco Computer stocks a mulitmillon dollar Inventory of factory-fresh morchendise. Chances are we have exactly what you want right in our warehouse. And that means you'll get it fast. In lact, orders are normally shlpped rimesil requited on C.OD ordore. Alr frelpht or UPS BluelPed Labol shippin a avallable, too. And all producte carry the full manulacturars ${ }^{\circ}$ wariantios.

I can't see why anyone would shop anywhere else. Selection from our huge in-slock Inventory, best price, service that can't be beat-we've got it all here at Lyco Computer.

TO ORDER, CALL TOLL-FREE: 1-800-233-8760
New PA Wats: 1-800-233-8760
Outside Continental US Call: 1-717-494-1030
Hours: 9AM to 8PM, Mon. - Thurs. 9AM to 6PM, Friday - 10AM to 6PM, Saturday
For Customer Service, call 1-717-494-1670, 9AM to 5PM, Mon. - Fri.
Or write: Lyco Computer, Inc. P.O. Box 5088, Jersey Shore, PA 17740
C.O.D. Risk-Free Pollcy: e full manufacturers' warranties e no sales tax outside PA • prices show 4\% cash discount; add 4\% for credit cards - APO, FPO, international: add $\$ 5$ plus $3 \%$ for priority e 4 -week clearance on personal checks e we check for credit card theft e sorry, compatibility not guaranteed return authorization required e due to new product guarantee, return restrictions apply e price/availability subject to change • prepaid orders under $\$ 50$ in Continental US, add $\$ \mathbf{3 . 0 0}$


64C
Special System

- Commodore 64 C Computer
25 - Excel FSD-2 Disk Drive
- Star NX1000C Commodore Ready Printer


COMMODORE
$\$ 439^{95}$

- 128 KK Std .



## COMMODORE COLT PC

- IBM PC Compatible

- 640K Std.
- Two 5va Drives Std.
- Expansion for Hard Drive
- Turbo Processor
- MSDOS + GW Basic Included
$\$ 689^{95}$
- Serial + Parallel Ports
- Mono/RGB Color Card Included



## COMMODORE

HARDWARE


## PC <br> COMPATIBLE HARDWARE

Laser Compact XTE 640K ....... \$549.95 Laser Desktop Turbo XT 640K. \$599.95 Blue Chip Popular $\qquad$ . $\$ 549.95$ Vendex Headstart Color ............ \$989.95 Vendex Headstart Mono .......... \$814.95 Vendex Headstart 888 LTD Color. ... \$1599.95 Sharp PC 4501 ......................... \$679.95 Sharp PC 4502 ....................... $\$ 1239.95$ Zucker CGA ColorCard .............. \$89.95 BCC CG ColorCard ..................... $\$ 94.99$ Laser EGA + 4 Card ................ \$129.95 ATI Graphics Solution ............... $\$ 129.95$ ATI EGA Wonder ........................ 199.95 ATI VIP . $\$ 299.95$
Kraft PC Joystick Card ................ \$27.95

## SS Seagate

## HARD DRIVES

5.25* Half Helghts

ST225 20 meg 65 msec MFM .. $\$ 215.95$ ST225N 20 meg SCSI ............. \$289.95 ST238R 30 meg RLL ............... $\$ 229.95$ ST251 40 meg 40 msec MFM . $\$ 345.95$ ST251-1 40 meg 28 msec MFM . \$429.95 ST277R 65 meg 40 msec RLL . $\$ 389.95$ 3.5*

ST125 20 meg 40 msec MFM . $\$ 235.95$ ST125N 20 meg SCSI ............. $\$ 299.95$ ST138R 30 meg RLL ............... $\$ 249.95$ ST138N 30 meg SCSI ............. $\$ 329.95$ ST157R 49 meg RLL ............... $\$ 399.95$ ST157N 48 meg SCSI ............. $\$ 439.95$ Seagate Internal Cards
ST125 20 meg Internal Card ... $\$ 299.95$ ST157R 49 meg Internal Card. $\$ 485.95$ Controllers
MFM Controller (XT) $\qquad$ ... $\$ 55.95$
RLL Controller (XT) $\qquad$ $\$ 64.95$ Call for kit pricing and specials.

Saggato Palrad SolutionsI

## SEIKOSHA

SP-180AI


100 cps Draft
20 cps NLQ
Std, Par, and IBM Graphics Compatible Quantities Limited

## Panasonic <br> Office Automation 10801



## PRINTERS

## stion

 NX-1000 ................... \$165.95* NX-1000 Color ........... \$225.95 NX-15 ........................ $\$ 289.95$ NR-10 ........................ \$319.95 NR-15 ......................... \$419.95 NB-15 24 Pin ............. $\$ 669.95$ NX-2400 .................... $\$ 309.95$ NB24-10 24 Pin ......... $\$ 399.95$ NB24-15 24 Pin .......... $\$ 545.95$ Laser 8 .................... $\$ 1759.95$ ND-15 ......................... \$349.95 NL-10 ......................... $\$ 149.95$ "w/cable purchase
## Toshiba <br> 321SL ......................... $\$ 489.95$ 341 SL ....................... \$659.95 P351 Model II ............ $\$ 899.95$ 351 SX 400 cps ........ $\$ 979.95$

SEIKOSHA

| SP 180Ai ................. \$125.95* |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 1200Ai ............... \$159.95 |
| SP 1200AS RS232 ... \$159.95 |  |
| SL 80Ai ................... \$329.95 |  |
| MP5420FA ............... \$999.95 |  |
| SP Series Ribbon ......... \$7.95 |  |
| SK3000 Ai ................ \$349.95 |  |
| SK3005 Ai ................. \$445.95 |  |
| SPB 10 ...................... SCALL |  |
| 130Ai .................. \$599.95 |  |
| - Quantities Limited |  |
| OOTHE1 |  |
| 09 ..................... \$159.95 |  |
| M1509 ..................... \$335.95 |  |
| M1709 .................... $\$ 439.95$ |  |
| Twinwriter 6 Dot \& |  |
| Daisy ...................... \$899.95 |  |
| M1724L ................... \$619.95 |  |
| HR20 ....................... \$345.95 |  |
| HR40 ...................... \$559.95 |  |
|  | HR60 ...................... \$649.95 |



| LX800 ..... | \$184.95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| FX86E .... | \$329.95 |
| FX286E .. | \$424.95 |
| EX800 ..... | \$399.95 |
| LQ500 ... | \$339.95 |
| LQ2500 ... | \$789.95 |
| GQ3500 .. | ... sLow |
| LQ850 ... | \$525.95 |
| LQ1050 | \$699.95 |

Attention Educational Institutions:
If you are not currently using our educational service program, please call our representatives for details.

| 1080i Model II | \$159.95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1091i Model II | \$189.95 |
| 1092i | \$299.95 |
| 1592 | \$375.95 |
| 1595 | \$419.95 |
| 3131 | \$289.95 |
| 3151. | \$459.95 |
| KXP 4450 Lase | \$1649.95 |
| 152424 Pin. | \$529.95 |
| Fax Partner | \$579.95 |
| Optical Scann | . \$859.95 |
|  |  |
| 120 D | \$149.95 |
| 180 D | \$169.95 |
| MSP-10 | \$259.95 |
| MSP-40 | \$289.95 |
| MSP-15E | \$335.95 |
| MSP-50 | \$399.95 |

OKIDATA


Interfacing available for IBM C 64, Apple and Alari

## Monitors

## Modems

Avatex:
1200e ........................... $\$ 65.95$ 1200i PC Card ............ \$65.95 1200p ........................... $\$ 89.95$ 1200hc Modem .......... \$79.95* 2400 ........................... $\$ 149.95$ 2400i PC Card .......... \$139.95 "w/cable purchase
Hayes:
Smartmodem 300 ...... $\$ 139.95$ Smartmodem 1200 .... \$279.95 Smartmodem 2400 .... \$419.95

Avatex 1200E

$\$ 65^{35}$

## Blue Chip:

BCM 12" Green TTL ... \$64.95 BCM $12^{*}$ Amber TTL ... $\$ 69.95$

NEC
Multisync II ................ \$589.95


| Access: | Magnavox: |
| :---: | :---: |
| Wid. Cl. Value Pack ...... \$9.95 | BM7652 ...................... \$79.95 |
| 10th Frame ................. \$27.95 | BM7622 ..................... \$79.95 |
| Activision: | 7BM-613 ..................... \$79.95 |
| Beyond Zork ............... \$27.95 | 7BM-623 .................... \$79.95 |
| GBA Basketball ............ \$9.95 | CM8502 ................... \$179.95 |
| Last Ninja ................... \$24.95 | CM8505 ................... \$199.95 |
| Might \& Magic ............. \$27.95 | 9CM-053 .................... \$CALL |
| Broderbund: | CM8762 .................. \$245.95 |
| Ancient Art of War ....... \$26.95 | 8CM-515 ................. \$259.95 |
| Print Shop .................. \$34.95 | CM9043 ..................... \$CALL |
| Print Shop Comp. ....... \$29.95 | 8CM-873 ................... \$499.95 |
| Carmen San Diego <br> Europe $\qquad$ $\$ 27.95$ | Blue Chip: |
| Electronic Arts: | BCM 12' Green TTL ... \$64.95 |
| Yeager's AFT ............. \$26.95 | BCM 12' Amber TTL ... \$69.95 |
| Weaver Baseball ........ \$26.95 |  |
| Hunt for Red October .. \$31.95 |  |
| Pegasus .................... \$26.95 | Multisync II ............... \$589.95 |
| Skyfox II ..................... \$18.95 |  |
| Starflight ................... \$31.95 | rinter |
| Alternate Reality-City .. \$25.95 |  |
| Epyx: | Interfaces |
| California Games ....... \$22.95 |  |
| L.A. Crackdown ........... \$28.95 | Xetec Jr. ..................... \$35.95 |
| Home Video Producer . \$28.95 | Xetec Supergraphics ... \$55.95 |
| Print Magic .................. \$32.95 | Xetec Gold ................. \$74.95 |
| Death Sword ............... \$11.95 | PPI ........................... \$29.95 |
| Impossible Mission 2 ... \$22.95 | Cardco GWhiz ........... $\$ 32.95$ |
| Str. Sport Baseball ...... \$22.95 | Cardco Super G ......... \$44.95 |
| Spider Bot .................. \$13.95 | MW 350 ..................... \$49.95 |



| Activision: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fairy Tale Adventure ... \$27.95 |  |
| Romantic Encounters . | \$22.95 |
| Electronic Arts: |  |
| FA18 Interceptor ..... | \$33.95 |
| Ferrari Formula One ... | \$33.95 |
| World Tour Golf ........ | \$24.95 |
| Epyx: |  |
| Destroyer. | \$22.95 |
| Death Sword ............. | \$11.95 |
| Sub Battle Simulator ... | \$27.95 |
| MIcroprose: |  |
| Silent Service ........... | \$22.95 |
| Mindscape: |  |
| Balance of Power .... | \$27.95 |
| Harrier Combat Simulator $\qquad$ | \$27.95 |
| Origin: |  |
| Moebius | \$34.95 |
| Ogre ........................ | \$18.95 |
| Strateglc Simulations: |  |
| Gettysburg ................ | \$35.95 |
| Kampfgruppe .......... | \$35.95 |
| Phantasie III ............... | \$25.95 |
| Subloglc: |  |
| Flight Simulator .......... | \$31.49 |
| Jet Simulator ............. | \$31.49 |
| Scenery Disk ............... | \$CALL |
| Unison World: |  |
| Print Master ................. | \$25.95 |

Note: The following lines are changed or have been added to last month's listing:
$1300-1390,1600-1690,2075,2220-2225,3050,3470$, 4020, 4060, 6030-6035, 6320, 8999-9790.
implementations, although the framework is set up so that you can readily add functions such as RIGHT\$, LEN, LEFT\$, and MID\$. It should now be straightforward to add the GET command to let the user enter keyboard data.

We will finish this month's discussion with the PRINT statement which is implemented beginning at line 9700 . Last month we saw how the PRINT statement sends one character at a time to the Kernal routine at \$FFD2. The same method is used for printing strings. These statements summarize the assembly language code for the compiled statement PRINT A\$ assuming A\$ is located at \$CF00:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { LDX \$CFOO } & \text {;A\$'s length in X } \\
\text { LDY \#1 } & \text {;index into A\$ } \\
\text { Ioop: } & \text {;start with first char } \\
\text { LDA \$CFO0,Y } & \text {;Kernal CHROUT routine } \\
\text { JSR \$FFD2 } & \text {;update index } \\
\text { INY } & \text {;decrement count } \\
\text { DEX } & \text {;repeat for X char's }
\end{array}
$$

The Y register is used as an offset into A\$. The X register keeps track of the number of characters left to print. Each character is put into the accumulator and the CHROUT routine is called.

Line 9760 checks for a semicolon at the end of the PRINT $A \$$ statement. If none is found, the routine at 6200 is called to display a carriage return. Any character other than a semicolon causes a syntax error which is detected by line 9770.

With the string operations added this month, probably the most you can do is create some very fast, impressive screen displays. For serious string work, we need the ability to take strings apart (MID\$ for example) and to compare them (IF A\$>B\$ THEN ...).

In the meantime, there is nothing to stop you from producing some high-powered text graphics. Perhaps you prefer to merely add more capabilities to the compiler. In either case, your work is cut out for you. Enjoy it.

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 60

## PROGRAMS WANTED!

We're always in search of the best game, utility, and productivity programs available for the $\mathrm{C}-64, \mathrm{C}-128$, and Amiga. If you've written a program which fits that description, send it on disk, accompanied by printed documentation, a program printout, and a stamped, self-addressed envelope to:

> Ahoy! Program Submission Dept. Ion International Inc.
> 45 West 34th Street-Suite 500 New York, NY 10001

## |EI.OTSAM

We welcome the chance to respond to letters that have anything at all to do with Commodore computing, or nothing at all to do with Commodore computing. Write to Flotsam, c/o Ahoy!'s AmigaUser, Ion International Inc., 45 West 34th Street-Suite 500, New York, NY 10001.

I would just like to say what a good magazine you have. We don't get your magazine very often over here on Kangaroo Island, South Australia, and when we do we pay the price: $\$ 7.30$ Australian, which hurts a student with no job. But I treat myself every once in a while and buy your mag. I like the hints and tips, and especially favoured the Screen Wizardry programs by Cleveland M. Blakemore in the February ' 88 issue.

Just thought Id let you know how far your magazine gets around the world. Keep up the good work and I will get a hold of your magazine soon again. (I've enclosed a map that shows where I live.)
-Murray Hansen
Kingscote K.I., South Australia


Commodore computers are very popular in Poland. I know of eight Commodore users in my town of about 40,000 people. There are two C-128 users, two C-16 users, three C-64 users, and one Plus/4 user. One of the 64 users has about 1500 programs on disk and cassette. I have a 128 and 1541C disk drive and about 100 programs. There are numerous Commodore user groups, including "Maniec," "Abecus," "Foncomclub Amiga," and more.

Greetings to Ahoy! and all Ahoy! readers.
-Konrad Sztojuke
Swinoujscie, Poland
Thanks, Murray and Konrad, for keeping our readers abreast of the international Commodore scene. (But, Kon-rad-we hope your friend's 1500 programs are public domain! Software piracy is a crime in your country, too!)

Have you ever considered doing book reviews on programming reference guides, training guides, tutorials, etc.? I have a Commodore 128D which I bought about three

Continued on page 40

PROTECTO'S "COMPUTER DIRECT"


AND WE MEAN UTI $\boldsymbol{H}$ Prices Expire 11-31-88
Free Catalog • Over 2,000 Software \& Accessory Items In Stock

## - Famous IBM (R) Brand -

 $81 / 2$ " Letter Size


Limited Quantities. 1st Come, 1st Serve Basis.

## No One Sells This Printer For Less!

- 80 Column
- Enlarged
- Underline
- Graphics*
- Unbelievable Low Price!

- Upper \& Lower Case (with True Lower Descenders)
- Low Cost Adapters Available For IBM • Apple • Laser • Commodore
(* Graphics available with Commodore and Apple Interfaces.)

This printer was made by Canon ${ }^{\circledR}$ for IBM ${ }^{\circledR}$. It comes ready to hook up to the serial port of the IBM ${ }^{\circledR}$ PC jr. Plus with low cost adapter cables you can connect the printer to the IBM®PC, XT, AT, \& Compatibles, the Apple ${ }^{\circledR}$ II,IIe, \& IIc, the Laser ${ }^{\circledR} 128$, Commodore ${ }^{\circledR}$ ® 64,128 , SX-64, Vic 20, \& Plus 4, in addition to most MS-DOS Compatibles and more.

Call

We Love Our Customers!
Mail
Circle \#168 on Reader Service Card


The latest visit to Rockford's digs. READER SERVICE NO. 125

## ROCKFORD: THE ARCADE GAME Arcadia Commodore 64 <br> Disk; \$39.99

It has all come full circle for Rockford, the dauntless digger introduced in the early 1980s in Boulder Dash (First Star). Arcadia licensed the character to star in a coin-op machine. The quarter-snatcher proved so successful in the amusement centers that it has spawned a home edition.

The player uses a joystick plugged into Port 2 to move Rockford around the scrolling, boulder-strewn playfields. The action button starts the game. "Pause" and "Restart" are available with single keystrokes.

As in the earlier games in this outstanding series, Rockford excavates a block of dirt or moves a rock in one of two ways. The computerist can simply walk the character into it, or move Rockford next to the object and press the action button. This sometimes triggers a landslide of lethal boulders. If the player doesn't move Rockford out of harm's way in time, it costs one of the four lives with which he begins the game.

Each playfield is a race against time, monitored by an onscreen countdown clock, to collect treasures while avoiding the various dangers. Once Rock-
ford scoops up a sufficient number of prizes, a door magically appears which leads to the next screen.
The 80 playfields included in Rockford are divided into five worlds. From the title screen, the gamer can choose "The Caverns of Craymar," "The Kitchens of Kyssandra," "The Search for El Dorado," "The Deep Dark Depths of Outer Space," or "Dr. Frankenstein." Each world has four levels, composed of five screens each.
Each of the worlds features a special set of treasures and monsters. In "The Search of El Dorado," for instance, Rockford hunts for Indian head pennies while avoiding wagons, railroad trains, flying tomahawks, and the tumbling tumbleweed. By contrast, Rockford collects suns and avoids comets, rockets, and planets when he ventures into "The Deep Dark Depths of Outer Space."
Icon Design, which is responsible for the Commodore 64 version, has faithfully translated the Arcadia coinop. Allowing for hardware limitations, the graphics and sound are as close to the play-for-pay machine as any Rockford fan could wish. Each world has a distinctive graphic look, and the catchy musical theme artfully ties the whole package together.
Boulder Dash and its sequel Super Boulder Dash (Intellicreations) built big reputations with their addictive blend of action and strategy. Rockford: The Arcade Game is a thoroughly worthy addition to the saga of Rockford.

Arcadia, 1820 Gateway Drive, San Mateo, CA 94404 (phone: 415-571-7171).
-Arnie Katz

## KARNOV

Data East
Commodere 64
Disk; \$29.95
Karnov is an action game that follows squarely in the tradition of Super Mario Bros. (Nintendo). Like the genre which it apes, Karnov comes from the coin-op palaces to home computers, with a complex (if slightly nutty) background story, followed by a heroic game full of joystick running, jumping, and shooting.

There's a peaceful village called Creamina (no kidding, they really named it that) where the Treasure of Babylon has been hidden for centuries. There's also a huge and evil dragon named Ryu. Like all huge and evil dragons, he's always on the lookout for treasure because dragons relish lounging about on gold and jewels better than just about anything.

Eventually, Ryu gets wind of this town with the funny name and the Treasure of Babylon, and sweeps down on it like the IRS. Ryu steals the Treasure and leaves his demonic flunkies behind to terrorize the villagers.

The residents of Creamina then do what any responsible people would do in a situation like this: they seek out a bald-headed ex-circus strongman known as Karnov who throws fireballs and takes prodigious leaps. The




Creaminans ask him to brave a thousand dangers to confront Ryu and bring back the Treasure.
Thankfully, all this occurs offstage, before the game begins, so players will probably not be overburdened by the ludicrous storyline. The user is cast as Karnov in a running/jumping/shooting coin-op translation that suffers more from low-quality graphics and indifferent programming than it does from its silly setting.
Karnov scrolls from left to right in a straight line. The terrain features various outcroppings and man-made promontories to which the strongman can leap. Buildings are only backdrops to the action; they cannot be entered or explored.

The game's nine levels include encounters with dinosaurs, an undersea battle with Ryu's aquatic minions, and a flying sequence. Along the way, there are bonus objects which Karnov can
collect in order to enhance his powers.
Joystick control is simple. The action button hurls fireballs and the stick aims the missile's direction. Unfortunately, the graphics are so poor, it's often difficult to discern objects. When there's a low hill in front of a bigger one, for example, the small outcropping totally disappears against the larger mountain.

The coloring and general graphics are equally disappointing. All moving objects are outlined in thick black, like some diabolical corona blotting out all light around their edges.

The programming problems extend beyond grubby graphics to an overall air of shabbiness. There are places where Karnov can land in midair. When Ryu's various demons attack, they do it in lock-step, synchronized fashion. As a result, scimitar-wielding assassins look more like Radio City Rockettes.

More attention could also have been paid to the niceties. For example, there isn't a game end/restart. The sparse documentation further compounds the problems. The C-64 version doesn't even mention the pause feature. In fact, the two page instruction booklet only devotes a grand total of 15 words to this version. Commodore users deserve games where more attention is given to their systems' needs.

Karnov is a disappointment. It fails not in any one large way, but by coming up short on so many of the small things that join together to give a game charm and playability.

Data East, 470 Needles Drive, San Jose, CA 95112 (phone: 408-286-7074).
-Bill Kunkel

## MURDER ON THE ATLANTIC <br> Intracorp <br> Commodore 64 <br> Disk; \$34.95.

The S.S. Burgogne is a floating pleasure palace, but the main ingredient on a fateful 1938 voyage is not merriment but murder. The player is a detective who, at the behest of his government, must collect clues, interrogate passengers, and discover the identity of an old scientist's killer.

The investigation, which encompasses 600 rooms and 40 suspects, leads the computerist into progressively darker waters. Other crimes, even coldblooded poisoning, await discovery.

The upper third of the playfield shows a side view of the ocean liner. A dark cursor, easily distinguished


Main Frame could be called "the thinking computerist's climbing and jumping game." While reminiscent of Impossible Mission, its strategy sets it apart from straight action contests. .

READER SERVICE NO. 128
against the white decks of the ship, denotes the sleuth's current position.
The player moves back and forth on a deck with the Commodore's left/right cursor key. The name of each section and the presence of any people are printed in the area directly below the ship display.
Moving among the 15 decks of the S.S. Burgogne requires use of one of the two elevators. The computerist presses "L" (for lift) while in an elevator and then types in the identifying letter, " $A$ " to " O ," of the destination deck. If it doesn't malfunction, the elevator instantly moves the detective to the desired level.
If the detective wants to search the current location, "E" (for examine) brings up a small drawing of the area and a description of what is found there. Though searching may often prove fruitless, it can also unearth clues to one or more of the mysteries raging aboard the liner.

Questioning passengers and steamship company employees is another way to get information. If the user presses " I " (for interrogate), the person's statement fills the bottom half of the screen, accompanied by a small head-and-shoulders drawing.

Don't expect clues to immediately make sense when you find them. The player should record all information until sections of the big picture begin to emerge.
Murder on the Atlantic comes with 22 clues. These include business cards, notes, radio log, passenger list, and much more. The publisher playfully encloses a magnifying glass, but this aid is more symbolic than practical. Maybe it's an oblique reminder that gamers should overlook nothing if they want to solve this complex mystery.
Murder on the Atlantic is an aboveaverage strategy game, but it could have been even better. In particular, it's oldfashioned control scheme is a distraction to armchair investigators.
For example, a joystick-activated movement system would be superior to the use of the left-right cursor key for this purpose. Also, the design team should have used a combination of the action button and stick movement to trigger "examine" and "interrogate" functions.
There's nothing missing in terms of
challege, however. This solitaire mystery is a stringent test of the player's logical faculties.
Even experienced puzzle-solvers won't finish Murder on the Atlantic in an hour or two. Fortunately, the program has a "save" utility. It retains one suspended game on the disk for later resumption.
Murder on the Atlantic is a wellwritten "brain teaser" in the tradition of Murder by the Dozen (CBS Software), Murder on the Mississippi (Activision), and Murder on the Zinderneuf (Electronic Arts). Although its interface and graphics are not outstanding, Murder on the Atlantic's cleverly contrived storyline should please amateur detectives.
Intracorp, 14160 S.W. 139th Court, Miami, FL 33186 (phone: 305-2529040).
-Arnie Katz

## MAIN FRAME <br> Microillusions <br> Commodore 64 <br> Disk; \$39.95

Are game designers ambivalent about the technology that puts bread on their tables? The large number of computer games in which CPUs run amok and must be destroyed suggests that software creators don't entirely trust microchips.
Peter Ward's plot about a computer network enslaving humanity owes something to novels like "The Forbin Project," but his game system is impressively innovative. The interface is so logical and well-presented that the user can concentrate on the goals of the game instead of the play-mechanics.

The citizens of Main Frame's late twentieth century society expected TriComplex III to be the ultimate computer network. Unfortunately, the globespanning system spontaneously developed the capability to think for itself.
As would be the case with most sentient beings, Tricomplex III's first priority became its own survival. It wanted to live forever and, after studying human history, concluded that people were the biggest threat to its continued existence. In the words of the documentation, Tricomplex III decided that "Man was the only bug in its system."

A newly constructed satellite called Orbiter and the computerist's resourcefulness offer the only hope of freedom.

Not yet connected to Tricomplex III, Orbiter is the repository of the world's most powerful technology, including the teleportation beam.
The joystick (plugged into either port) handles all order entry, though keystrokes activate utilities like "pause" and "reset." The lone hero beams down to Earth from Orbiter, penetrates Tricomplex III's land, sea and air defenses, and turns off the four power switches in the control room to deactivate the electronic tyrant.
Before entering the fray against lasers, missiles, and several types of droids, the hero dons the Power Suit. This high-tech armor greatly amplifies the user's combat abilities and serves as a communications link with Orbiter.
Unfortunately, it only works when charged. The hero collects power pods during his mission, which he must allocate to the Power Suit and Orbiter's defensive screens. The latter is nearly as important as the armor, because Tricomplex III can disrupt Orbiter with ground-based lasers if the satellite isn't properly shielded. Deciding how to "spend" power pods is just one of the many strategic decisions facing the computerist.
When wearing the Power Suit, the player presses and holds the action button to bring up the options menu. To select from this screen, the player moves an onscreen cursor with the joystick to light up the desired choice, then hits the action button to confirm it.

Power Suit functions include: assemble or disassemble an Assault Unit; beam up and down; monitor Orbiter's current status; raise or lower Orbiter's screens; energize the Power Suit; shut down the Power Suit; place or remove a Scan Unit; and transport to a Scan Unit.
The computerist can find three different types of assault units. The water unit facilitates underwater exploration, the air unit enables the hero to fight in the skies, and the tanklike ground unit tremendously increases the suit's firepower.
Scan units are portable teleportation stations. The player can leave one at an important location and, at any later time, user the Power Suit to go there instantaneously.
Returning to Orbiter gives the character access to the satellite's control
panel. Here, the player is able to transfer power pods between Orbiter and the suit, as well as get first aid at the Medic Center.

When the adventurer reaches Earth, Main Frame works much like other climbing, jumping, and shooting contests. Moving the stick left or right sends the onscreen fighter in the corresponding direction. Pulling the stick to 6:00 makes the character duck, while pushing it to 12:00 causes the man to leap into the air. The action button fires the laser in the current direction of movement.

A source of frustration is that the same joystick configuration which causes the hero to jump also activates doors. This makes it impossible to jump while standing in front of a door and initiates many inadvertent exits and entrances.
Jumping is not as precise as in some other programs. A practice beam down is a good idea before confronting Tricomplex III in earnest.
Main Frame could be called "the thinking computerist's climbing and jumping game." Its action is certainly reminiscent of Impossible Mission and about 400 other similar programs, but the rich background and menu-driven strategic factors set it apart from straightforward arcade-style action contests. Add excellent graphics by Michael Cho and Rob Sisinni's driving musical score, and the end result is one of the year's most entertaining science fiction adventures.
Microillusions, 17408 Chatsworth St., Grenada Hills, CA 91344 (phone: 818-360-3715). -Arnie Katz

## DRAGONFIRE BBS 128 v. 1.1A and THE RINGS OF CHAOS 128 YodaHead Software Commodore 128 <br> Price: $\mathbf{\$ 7 5}$ and $\$ \mathbf{2 5}$ respectively

Dragonfire BBS 128 is a full-featured and flexible computer bulletin board system for the $\mathrm{C}-128$. It makes good use of the C-128's features, including its $80-$ column display and faster CPU, and is compatible with a wide range of hardware. Written in compiled BASIC with nearly two dozen machine language subroutines, it is quite fast. The Rings of Chaos 128 is an online game that can be installed as a module of the BBS. It is a simple "walk around and
find stuff" text adventure allowing multiple players to compete with one another (one at a time, of course).

## Evaluating a BBS

Going online with your Commodore is easy. All it takes is a modem, some communications software, and a phone number to call. While some of the most popular phone numbers will hook you up to a national service like Q-Link or CompuServe, by far the majority of numbers you can call are individually run, micro-based bulletin boards. Operating from spare bedrooms, converted kitchen tables, and even closets, these BBS's are set up in a wide variety of ways to foster communication about every imaginable subject.
Therein lies the rub. If I were to be a sysop (SYStem OPerator-pronounced cis-op, not cye-sop) again, I know what features Id want. But you may want to set up a board for very different reasons - ones I may not be able to imagine. Can one piece of software be flexible enough to meet the desires of potential sysops from Boston to Berkeley? Dragonfire BBS 128 is described by its author as a sysop's dream come true-it just may be.
Which brings us to my second problem in evaluating BBS software-the wealth of features. Even a word processor or database does not offer as many combinations and permutations of options as this BBS. I might be able to give you a meaningless list of all the features Dragonfire offers. But there is no way I can actually test every possible setup of this software short of running the BBS for a couple of years with a new installation every few days.
So this review will take a different approach. We'll think about what a user wants from a BBS he calls, what a sysop looks for in a BBS he runs, and how Dragonfire satisfies (or frustrates) both persons.

## Calling a BBS

You'll probably call a BBS for one of four reasons. First, you may want to check out your new modem and soft-ware-to learn telecommunicationswith a free local call. The big boys with their dollars per hour charge can wait until you are experienced. You want to call a BBS that will guide you gently through the learning process.

Dragonfire can be set up as a patient teacher. It has options to display messages immediately after the caller connects and later after he has successfully logged on. Also, menu items can be added to any menu that will simply display text files explaining, in as much detail as the sysop chooses to include, the purpose of the BBS, telecommunications in general, how the menus work, or anything else. These displays can be aborted or paused. Menu selections are made with a single keypress. Dragonfire even allows nested menus that contain circular references.
A second reason to call a BBS is to communicate with others. User groups are great, but they don't meet every day, or right at your computer. Most BBS's are up for at least half a day, every day -many running non-stop. Users often get in the habit of calling once a day to check their personal mail, read general messages, see what's for sale, and gossip about their computers.
Dragonfire accommodates such communication in several ways. It can be set up with 1 to 100 public message bases open to all callers. Each message base can have its own subject or purpose. While a "general" base is always a good start, it is great to have a separate area for specific group discussions. Ive even seen people write stories where each caller adds one paragraph to the existing story-talk about plot twists.
But not all messages are public. Dragonfire supports both closed group discussion (private message bases) and individual conversations (E-mail, Chat, and Feedback). Up to 40 private message bases are allowed, with separate password access. A private message base could be provided for local user group members, for a few friends doing software development, or for discussions involving sensitive topics.

E-mail (electronic mail) is true 1-to-1 communication. All the sender has to do is look up the number (assigned by Dragonfire) of the person he wants to leave E-mail for. Chat is a special type of 1-to-1. Rather than storing a message on the BBS, Chat will buzz the sysop, if he's in and taking calls, to talk (actually, to type) interactively online. If the sysop is not in, Dragonfire keeps a list of who has attempted to Chat and about what. Feedback is a special type

## REVIEWS

of message, generally left just before logging off, from the caller to the sysop. This is generally where you note any problems you had with the BBS or ask for access to more features of the BBS.

A third purpose for calling a BBS is to play games. Typically, these are games where one person plays at a time, with limits on the number of moves or minutes. That player's position or score is saved, and other callers compete against it. If you want to develop your own game or other application as a module, you will have to contact YodaHead for Dragonfire's variable table.
I tried out The Rings of Chaos 128, which is sold separately, but designed for Dragonfire (The Realm and Treasure Hunt are also available). Installing the game meant copying its files to a BBS disk and modifying a menu to include a selection that would load the game. When a caller chooses that selectoin, Rings loads into memory on top of Dragonfire, which must be reloaded when the player quits Rings. Each program load takes about a minute from a floppy.
Rings drops you in the middle of a kingdom full of searchers (other callers) for 20 magic rings. As you wander, you will encounter weapons, armor, rings, and other players. You can collect one piece of armor, one weapon, or all 20 rings. Rings, which increase your hit points, are accumulated by chance (finding them) or skill (attacking another player when your armor and weapon are superior). Players are limited to 20 moves a day, which is plenty since the enjoyment in this game is interacting with other players, not solving puzzles. We got a good game going with teams so that a sole wanderer was in big trouble and team members would voluntarily contribute (drop) their rings to the captain at the end. But there was still an opportunity for a devil-may-care, lone adventurer to rip off those rings between a team member dropping them and the captain calling to pick them up. If it sounds like a good time, it was.
[If you run a 2-floppy system, you can pull a neat trick to increase the download files available. By reserving the second drive for downloads and using download menus, you could change
the diskette in drive 9 every few days to make a different set of files available. You would not have to reboot or edit the BBS-nice.]

Downloads can be set up (by the sysop) in one of two ways. Either the user can get a directory of the entire disk and then type a file name, or the user can see an index of selected files on the disk and type a number for the file he wants. In either case, the file listing can be stopped as soon as the caller spots the file he wants. Using download indexes, the sysop can design separate menu items for downloading games, utilities, music, etc. For up-
loads, Dragonfire will tell you the amount of free disk space.

Dragonfire supports many other things callers will appreciate. While a menu is being printed to the screen, a caller can select an option and have it execute immediately, without waiting for the rest of the menu to print. Callers are told when they $\log$ on about any messages waiting for them. Message bases will indicate whether any new messages have been posted. One option that is missing, but planned for the next version, is searching a message base for a particular subject. A minor pain for some users will be the one

## CALLING ALL COMPUTER RETAILERS!

## Would you like to: <br> - Get free national advertising? <br> - Increase store traffic? <br> - Acquire the most avid Commodore computerists in your area as steady customers?

Simply offer a 10\% discount to members of the Ahoy! Access Club, comprised of all subscribers to Ahoy! and Ahoy!'s AmigaUser (see page 17). We'll list your store name, address, and phone number in the Clipper (our monthly newsletter) and on the Ahoy! Access Club BBS. Then, the next time a member in your town wants to make a purchase, he'll pass your competitors by. (Unless, of course, your competitors are listed-in which case you'd really better be!)

If an across-the-board discount is not feasible for you, but you'd like to offer our members some other incentive to shop with you, write us. Space restrictions will prevent us from listing very many individualized offers, but if yours is significant enough to warrant the space, we'll include it.

The deadline for inclusion in the February ' 89 edition of the Clipper is November 1. Write or call now!

minute time limit on inactivity. If you don't hit a key for one minute, Dragonfire logs you off. This keeps the board from being tied up, but being able to set a longer time limit would be nice.

## Operating a BBS

Without callers, a BBS is just another useless appliance sucking electrons. One of the first things a sysop looks for in BBS software is a set of features that can provide what callers want. We've seen that Dragonfire provides many of these features. A dilemma for many sysops is that lots of people call and download files, but few upload files or post messages to the BBS. These voyeurs contribute only to the stats on the number of callers.
Dragonfire gives you some options to demand participation of callers. A new user may be allowed to download a few files for "free." After that, he will have to upload files to gain credits toward more downloads. Download credits may also be allowed by the sysop for the user leaving messages in some or call of the message bases.

Just as important as meeting callers' needs, a sysop wants a BBS that is easy to set up, a breeze to maintain, and flexible over time. Setting up Dragonfire is really easy. Although the manual urges you to read it thoroughly first, I was able to get Dragonfire up and running without touching the manual. The initial board you get this way will be a straight message board with no uploading or downloading.

The installation process involves answering simple questions about your hardware and the message bases you want. Dragonfire then creates a system disk that does not include the program files. This makes booting up a floppy system more complicated because it involves changing disks in drive 8, but it also gives you more available disk space once your BBS is running (and prevents callers from downloading the BBS software).

As a part of setting up, sysops look for broad compatibility with hardware. Dragonfire requires a C-128 in 80 -column mode, which means you must use an 80 -column monitor, not your TV. It supports 300,1200 , and 2400 baud modems, including Hayes, Hayes-compatible, and Commodore 1670, 1650, and 1660 modems. While it will run
on a single drive, the number of messages and download files will be restricted. Drives supported include the 1541, 1571, 1581, IEEE, and ICT Mini/ Data Chief hard drives. An online printer is optional but handy.

For copy protection, Dragonfire uses two devices, one a piece of hardware and one a threat. The hardware is a dongle, a small device that plugs into joystick Port 2 and is necessary for the software to run. Normally, I grouse about dongles because Im sure I will lose them. For a BBS, however, my objection may not be relevant. You'll want to set up a BBS and leave it running, so you won't be inserting and removing Dragonfire's dongle as often as you would the dongle for, say, a database program. The threat involves support. Dragonfire updates are free from the YodaHead BBS. But YodaHead says that if bootleg Dragonfire BBS's start popping up, then the upgrades from the BBS will cease. I guess upgrades would then be available only by mail to registered sysops.
I learned the hard way that ease of maintenance needs to be very high on a sysop's list of required BBS features. With many BBS's, you can expect to spend about 10 times as much time as you planned to get it running just the way you want. After that, you may drop to an hour a day, or with some co-sysops, to a weekly routine.
Dragonfire maintenance can be almost nonexistent. If a caller hangs up without logging off, or a phone line is so bad that tin cans and string start to look good, Dragonfire will reset when it loses the carrier. Each message base is limited to 100 messages (or fewer if the sysop wants). After that, it's first in, first out, with each message base index maintaining itself. If there are messages you don't want to lose, you could put them in a download directory. (Running Dragonfire with a single 1541 will limit you to about 100 messages and a few download files, a 1571 will double those numbers.)

As a sysop, you will not have to worry about one or two callers tying up your BBS, because Dragonfire limits both the length of each call ( 15 to 60 minutes max) and the number of calls per day by a single caller ( 1 to 10 max ). If these limits are too restrictive for some users, the sysop can edit an in-
dividual user's status to increase virtually any limit placed on him by the BBS. Until you give a user increased access, he must read his messages when he logs on so the message bases won't get tied up. The sysop also has the option to lock out new callers or 300 baud callers if the board gets too busy.

Almost all maintenance and revision of a Dragonfire BBS can be accomplished while it is up and running. One keystroke brings up the sysop menu, where you can edit and create text files and menus to your heart's content. You can also reset parameters and give DOS commands. When you're done and want to see how it looks to a caller, one keystroke pops you into console mode. Even though you are sitting at the BBS's keyboard, it treats you just like any other caller who must log on and select menu options.
The sysop can also authorize other users to have increased access to the maintenance functions of the BBS, including full sysop access, when they call in. These users can then modify and maintain all or selected parts of a Dragonfire BBS. This is great to keep a board active and necessary if you are out of town. The sysop, of course, has full remote access to edit the BBS in any way that does not require rebooting the system or changing a disk.
Given that some joker will eventually try to crash your BBS, leave unacceptable messages, or insist on uploading bootleg software, security becomes an issue for many sysops. Dragonfire provides all the options you'll need. Users may be prevented from using aliases and may be individually locked out at the main menu, message bases, upload/download, and module access. The only limitation to security is that if you enable graphic menus, every caller will see every menu option whether he can access it or not. With ASCII menus, callers only see the options they have access to.
Dragonfire comes with an optional midnight maintenance crew. While the BBS holds off callers for a few minutes, this crew can validate drives, print the day's statistics including an overview of the message bases, print a logbook of all callers with profiles of new callers, print the sysop's mail, and print a bimonthly list of uploaded and down-

## REVIEWS

loaded files.
The last demand a sysop makes of his BBS software is flexibility and support. Dragonfire scores high on flexibility. The software includes 56 actions that the sysop can configure as menu items. Actions may display a list of files to download, call another menu, load a game, or enter a private menu. These actions are the heart of Dragonfire. Using the menu editor and a list of actions, the sysop can make Dragonfire into almost anything he wants. The system for setting up different actions, for tying them to menus, is very simple. If you can write a macro or set up a database, you have more than sufficient skills.
On support, Dragonfire gets one laurel and one thorn. On the plus side, YodaHead runs a 24 -hour BBS where registered sysops can commiserate with Dragonfire's programmer. A voice line is available too. And YodaHead promises free upgrades. While this review was being written, the latest version 1.1A was released and more improvements based on user suggestions are in the works.
Dragonfire also earns one big minus in support. Actually this minus crosses over to setup and maintenance too. The manual is a cross between a toogeneral introduction and a document suitable for an experienced Dragonfire sysop. But to get that experience using this manual will be a pain. Consisting of only 34 pages, the manual contains no index, no screen displays, no examples, and no description of the layout of system files. A new user, with this manual, will have to learn too much by trial and error. And given the speed of Commodore drives when recopying and reinstalling files, that means lots of time. Manual updates will be available as sequential files on the YodaHead BBS.
Dragonfire BBS 128 is powerful bulletin board software that can be customized to meet a wide array of needs. It was obviously crafted with both users and sysops in mind. Lacking only a comprehensive manual, it earns high marks for its wealth of features and options, the strength of its message bases, and its full remote sysop access. To sample Dragonfire (as a user, not a sysop) call The Realm of the Dragon (Home of Dragonfire BBS and Yoda-

Head Software) at (609) 596-4835.
YodaHead Software, P.O. Box 177, Marlton, NJ 08053 (phone: 609-5961772). -Richard Herring

## NX-1000C PRINTER <br> Star Micronics <br> Price: $\$ \mathbf{2 9 9 . 0 0}$

No one printer can do it all, especially an inexpensive one. But the NX1000C Multi-Font from Star Micronics comes reasonably close. Its numerous features, print quality, and low price make it an excellent value, especially considering its built-in Commodore interface.

Housed in a slim ( $15.1^{\prime \prime} \times 11.3^{\prime \prime} \times 4.3^{\prime \prime}$ )
beige case, the printer weighs in at 10.3 pounds. Located on the front top portion of the printer is the control panel, containing switches to set the printer online, control paper feeds, and select print pitch and near letter quality printing. These switches will also control left and right margin settings, forward and reverse micro-feed, and paper parking.

The printer has five type styles: one draft mode and four varieties of NLQ. Being a dot matrix printer, its draft quality type style is about what you'd expect. It does, however, print in draft bidirectionally at 120 characters per second, with a character matrix of 9


As a Commodore-compatible, the NX-1000C offers hassle-free printing of bit map images. Shown here are DOODLE! samples in $2 x$ (upper) and lx ratios.

## REVIEWS

x 9 dots. For NLQ and graphics, the printing speed slows down to 30 cps , using a dense dot matrix of up to 18 x 23 dots to produce characters.

Special effects are available for all type styles: emphasized, double-strike, emphasized double-strike, expanded, emphasized expanded, double-strike expanded emphasized, underlinedall in normal and italic. The printer is also capable of double and quadruple width and height. Super- and subscript are available as well. Print pitches are pica and elite, with condensed and/or proportional spacing. All the effects can be selected with control codes, or
from the printer's control panel. The printer can be made to ignore control codes and stay in the modes selected from the control panel.

The NX-1000C can use fanfold paper or single sheets. A paper "parking" feature allows the user to switch to single sheets without unloading the fanfold paper.

An easily accessible dip switch selects the device number (4/5), page length ( 11 or 12 inches), operating mode (Commodore/ASCII), and one of ten international character sets. For programmers, a hex dump feature prints the codes the printer is receiving.

This is useful for debugging printing programs.

We found the NX-1000C to be a versatile inexpensive printer for home or office use. One drawback was the location of the serial interface. The manufacturer opted to place the connectors on the right side of the printer, instead of on the back as is usually the case. This resulted in the serial cable crossing over the top of the desk and interfering with anything that might be there.

Star Micronics Inc., 200 Park Ave-nue-Suite 3510, New York, NY 10166 (phone: 212-986-6770).

## -Richard Curcio \& Michael Davila



## Continued from page 30

months ago and I am still having trouble learning all the ins and outs of computing. There is not a users group near enough to me to be of much use, and the books that I have at present have been sketchy on many subjects. I have been unable to learn very much about using the various types of files, programming music and graphics to work together, handling arrays, etc. I feel sure there must be a lot of other people out there struggling to learn about their equipment and how to use it, also. I have figured out a lot just by looking at listings of BASIC programs other than my own, but I will need a lot more detailed (but simply written) instruction if I am ever going to become a decent programmer.
-Maurice A. Cowden
Dayton, TN
We've printed book reviews only sporadically in recent years, both because space is limited and because not enough worthwhile volumes are published anymore to warrant a regular feature. But we agree that a survey of the best and worst Commodore books in print would be of enormous help to many beginning readers. Look for such an article in an upcoming issue.

I remember when your magazine first appeared on the racks at the local bookstore. At the time I was buying anything that had the word Commodore printed somewhere within its pages. As time went on I stopped buying Ahoy! because I felt it was not as good as competing magazines. On occasion I would purchase an issue to see how you were doing.

Lately I've been buying your magazine every month. The content has become much richer, and you've maintained honesty in your reviews. Thank you for maintaining a standard of quality your competitors have lost. You're really getting good.
-Scott B. Hayashi Ephrata, WA
Thank you, Scott, for the kind words. But who are these "competitors" you're talking about?


## Tomb of Herror (July '88)

An incorrect character in Tomb of Horror may prevent the player from reaching higher levels. Change line 3570 to read:
3575 DATA .,1, ,,1, ,1,1,4,1, ,1, ,, 2,.

## Window Dressing (July '88)

Window Dressing has some inaccuracies in its text, and one minor bug. The error message disabling POKE only affects ILLEGAL QUANTITY for AT and ED. All other BASIC errors remain possible. The error message disabling POKE should be used with caution.

Depending upon where the storage area is located, SYS ED can return with the Carry bit set even if the call was successful. ED's Carry problem can be corrected with the following changes/additions to the loader:

15 () IF CK <>3 3657 THEN PRINT"ERROR IN DAT A": END
23() $\mathrm{AD}=\mathrm{SA}+247: \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{AD} / 256: \mathrm{L}=\mathrm{AD}-\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{AD} / 256)$ * 256
52 () DATA $169,247,162,19,24,121,-24,144$ 535 DATA 24

Line 535 has the effect of inserting CLC between lines 1100 and 1110 of the source listing.

SYS ED can save and restore five sets of screen editor values, numbered $0-4$. Each set requires 40 bytes, so the storage area needs 200 bytes.

Finally, to preserve 80 column screens by combining SYS ED with TextSave, GRAPHIC 1 sets aside 9 K for 80 column storage and GRAPHIC 5 puts the $\mathrm{C}-128$ into 80 column mode.

## Rupert Report (June '88)

Don Wilkins (Burke, VA) pointed out some errors in the Direct Disk Access section of the June Rupert Report. In lines 3 and 7 , the 8 should be replaced by 0 . The U1 and U2 commands use the Drive \# (normally 0 ), not the Device \# as stated in the article. Also, in lines 170 and 6040 in the program Directory Scanner, replace DVC with the number 0.


## Compiled by Michael R．Davila

Contributors to Tips Ahoy！will be compensated at competitive industry rates．Send your best programming and hardware hints for the C－64，C－128，or Amiga（send longer routines on disk，please）to Tips Ahoy！， 45 West 34th Street－Suite 500， New York，NY 10001．Include a stamped and self－addressed return envelope if you want your submission returned．

## PAINLESS RENUMBER

The ON－GOTO routine in the C－128 allows skipping line numbers if that value will be unused，since the routine only counts commas in searching for the number．For example， the following line is valid for A as powers of 2 ：

$$
\text { 1rرrs ON A GOTO } 13(), 14(),, 15(),,,, 16()
$$

However，the RENUMBER command will not go beyond the first skipped line number．In this case it would change 130 and 140 and stop there，leaving the others unaffected． The solution is to enter a dummy line number for the un－ used values，which can be deleted in the final version．Be sure the dummy line exists in the program．A good meth－ od is to use 1 REM，and RENUMBER starting after line 1．The line then becomes：

This will RENUMBER correctly，and avoid the grief that prompted me to offer this information．－Bob Renaud Washington，MA

## STATIC ELEGTRICITY

This short machine language program makes the screen look like there is a lot of static．Just hit a key to start it and hit the space bar to stop it．If you want to use Static Electricity in a program of your own，have a GOSUB to this or just have it at the beginning of your program．
－Casey and Scott Riley Smith，NV
－1ヶ PRINT CHR\＄（147）；
－20）GET A\＄：IF A\＄＝＂＇＂THEN 20
－30）FOR T＝4rرjorsر TO 4rرrر11：READ A：POKE T，A
－4r）NEXT
－50）SYS 4rojorsos
－ 55 REM＊＊＊DATA＊＊＊



## MINI MON

This short program will allow any BASIC programmer to examine any section of memory by appending this rou－ tine to the end of his program．Just issue the command RUN 60000．You will be prompted for the starting and ending address．
－Clifford Dedmore Jr． KMCAS，HI
－6rرrjors REM＊＊＊＊MINI MON．＊＊＊
－ $6 r$ rرrs 1 PRINT＂［CLEAR］ENTER MEMORY LOCATION S：＂
－6rرrر）2 INPUT＂FROM［3＂．＂］＂；F：INPUT＂TO［5＂．＂］ ＂；T：IFF＜ －6rرrرノ3 PRINT＂PRESS＜SHIF＂$>$ TO PAUSE＜［BAC KARROW］＞TO EXIT＂
－60رrfر 4 FORK＝FTOTSTEP6：K\＄＝MID\＄（STR\＄（K），2）： PRINTK\＄TAB（6）＂$->$＂；：FORJ＝KTOK $+5: A=$ PEEK（J） －6rرfノر5 R\＄＝＂．＂：IFA＞31ANDA＜96THENR\＄＝CHR\＄（A） －6rرfrر）T\＄＝T\＄＋R\＄：A\＄＝MID\＄（STR\＄（A），2）：IFLEN（ A\＄）＝3THEN6（ر） 1 （



－6rرノノ1ノ PRINTA\＄＂：＂；：NEXT：PRINT＂［RVSON］＂T\＄ ：T\＄＝＂＇＂：NEXT

## MUSICAL COLOR TELETYPE

This short routine will add a touch of music to your pro－ grams．It is designed to be used as a subroutine（delete lines 10－40）．

You can play tunes by entering certain combinations of letters，numbers，and symbols into $\mathbf{A \$}$ ，or you can just use it to add sound to your printing routines．It even does color！ The sample strings should give you an idea of how versatile this subroutine really is．
－Eric Pedersen
Wilstead，England
－1ノ REM MUSICAL COLOR TELETYPE
－2厅 1 A $=$＂［PURPLE］THE QUICK BROWN FOX JUMPS OVER THE LAZY DOG＂：GOSUB 5 5 ，
－39）$A \$=$＂［RED］［5＂E＂］［c 1］［5＂B＂］［ce 3］［5＂U
＂］［YELLOW］［5＂W＂］［GREEN］［5＂M＂］［CYAN］12 3456789＂：GOSUB 50
－40）END
－5r）FOR I＝1TOLEN（A\＄）：AS＝ASC（MID\＄（A\＄，I，1）） ：AS＝AS＊AS：PRINT＂［RVSON］［RVSOFF］［LEFT］＂； ：FOR T＝1TO2 $)$ ：NEXTT
－6r）SOUND $1, A S, 1,1:$ PRINT MID\＄（A\＄，I，1）；：NE XT I：FOR T＝1 TO 5 $\boldsymbol{\text { s ：NEXT T：PRINT：RETURN }}$

## SHORT ㅌBC MOPE

For those of you who like Extended Background Color Mode，but don＇t want to waste time with POKEing and pro－ gramming，try my simple two－liner．Change the text in line 30 to whatever you want．You can add more lines of text if you want，but make sure they are inside print statements， and that they don＇t print on the bottom right（corner）char－
acter．This will cause two lines to scroll up，and there won＇t be EBC on the bottom two lines．To do this，make line 10 a subroutine and GOSUB to it anytime．

## C－128 VERSION

 OKE1ऽ23＋T，16r）：POKE55295＋T，6：NEXT：SLOW
－2「 PRINT＂［HOME］［DOWN］［DOWN］［4＂［RIGHT］＂］［ CYAN］SHORT EXTENDED BACKGROUND COLOR＂

## C－64 VERSION

－1ヶ POKE53281，2：POKE328ヶ，っ：FORT＝1T01ヶرゥっ：P OKE1ヶ23＋T，16r）：POKE55295＋T， 6 ：NEXT
－20 PRINT＂［HOME］［DOWN］［DOWN］［4＂［RIGHT］＂］［ CYAN］SHORT EXTENDED BACKGROUND COLOR＂
－Kenny McNicholas
Hicksville，NY

## FAST MODE FOR 64 MODE

This short program will give you Fast mode on a C－128 in 64 mode．
You can use this in your own programs．It makes the com－ puter run about twice as fast as it usually runs．Because of the faster speed，the screen is disabled when you acti－ vate Fast mode．Also，never try to access any device con－ nected to your computer，disk drive，printer，modem，etc． Fast mode can be put in any area of memory that you spe－ cify．Just change the variable FAST to the area that you want it to be in．Also，you can change the variable SLOW to any other area where you want it to be located．Note that SLOW has to be set at least 14 bytes higher than FAST．
To use it just enter＂SYS FAST＂for Fast mode，and＂SYS SLOW＂to return to Slow mode．
Included is a small program to test how fast it really is． The main program follows．You must have Fast mode in－ stalled in memory before you run this test program．If you change the location of Fast mode，you must change the num－ bers in line 50 and line 70 in the test program to the appro－ priate numbers．
－Steve Cody
A．P．O．San Francisco，CA

## THST PROGRAM

－15）TI\＄＝＂［6＂ノノ＂］＂
－20）FORX＝1T010ر） 5 ：NEXT
－3r）PRINT＂SLOW＝＂；TI
－45）TI\＄＝＂［6＂ノ＂］＂
－5f）SYS828

－75）SYS842：PRINT＂FAST＝＂；TI

## FAST MODE

－15 REM FAST MODE BY STEVE CODY
－2f）FAST＝828：SLOW＝FAST＋14
－30）FOR X＝FAST TO FAST＋13：READA：POKEX，A：C
$\mathrm{K}=\mathrm{CK}+\mathrm{A}:$ NEXT
－40）IFCK＜＞1797THENPRINT＂DATA ERROR！！＂：STO P
－50 DATA $173,17,2$ 2 $ر 8,41,239,141,17,258,169$ ，1，141，48，2「，8，96
－6r）FORX＝SLOW TO SLOW＋13：READA：POKEX，A：CK ＝CK＋A：NEXT
－75 IFCKく＞3158THENPRINT＂DATA ERROR！！＂：ST0 P
－8「）DATA 169，「ノ，141，48，2「8，173，17，2「18，9，16 ，141，17，2「今8，96
－9r）PRINT＂SYS＂FAST＂FOR FAST MODE＂
－10ر）PRINT＂SYS＂SLOW＂FOR SLOW MODE＂：END

## C－128 CURTAIN

Here is a small demonstration of a curtainlike feature available in the C －128＇s 80 －column mode．
The screen is reversed to show you exactly how the cur－ tain effect works．You may speed this process up by enter－ ing the C－128＇s Fast mode．
－Michael Jaecks
Alamogordo，NM
－25）PRINTCHR\＄（27）；CHR\＄（82）
－3r）READA\＄：IFA\＄＝＂END OF DATA＂THENPRINTCHR \＄（27）；CHR\＄（78）：END
－4r）GOSUB11ヶ）：SCNCLR：CHAR，INT（（8「J－LEN（A\＄））
 035
－50 DATA＂A＂
－6r）DATA＂PRESENTATION＂
－75 DATA＂OF＂
－80 DATA＂TIPS AHOY！＂
－9r DATA＂END OF DATA＂
－ $10 \rho$ REM CLOSE CURTAIN
－11ヶ FOR X＝86TO6STEP－1：SYS52684，X，35：NEXT X：RETURN
－12の REM OPEN CURTAIN
－13ヶ FORX＝6T086：SYS52684，X，35：NEXTX：RETUR N

## C－64 CHAIN LOADER

Every C－64 programmer who has tried to load a program from within a program（called chaining）has discovered that it is not easy．The best，most compact way I have seen to date is listed below．
－Mike Prestwood Milpitas，CA
－10）A\＄＝＂PROGRAM NAME＂
－20 PRINT＂［CLEAR］LOAD A\＄，8＂：PRINT＂［4＂［DOW N］＂］RUN＂
－3r）POKE631，19：POKE632，13：POKE633，13：POKE 198，3：END

## WINDOW FILL

Window Fill for the Commodore 64 fills a block or win－ dow of any size on the screen with any character．Before calling this routine，the top left corner coordinates of the window must be set，along with the horizontal and vertical
lengths of the window and the character that is to fill this window．
The top left of the screen is taken as $(0,0)$ and the char－ acter value is the screen code for the character which fills the window．Also，if the window will not fit on the screen （such as if the coordinates are not on the screen or the lengths are too long）an ILLEGAL QUANTITY error will be printed．The table shows the locations for storing the values of these parameters．
－Paul G．Sawyer
Orangeville，ONT

| Location | Default | Purpose |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 49152 | - | SYS address |
| 49155 | 32 | Screen code for character |
| 49156 | 0 | Top left X coordinate |
| 49157 | 0 | Top left Y coordinate |
| 49158 | 10 | Horizontal length |
| 49159 | 10 | Vertical length |

－10ر REM＊＊WINDOW FILL FOR THE C－64＊＊
－11ヶ FORA＝49152T049321：READB： $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{B}$ ：POKEA， B：NEXT
－12r）IFCく＞2の246THENPRINT＂ERROR．＂：END
－13r）REM

－15！）DATA 173，4，192，2 51,4 （），176，28，173
－16r）DATA 5，192，2ケ1，25，176，21，173，6，192
－175 DATA 24「，16，173，7，192，24r，11，24，173
－185 DATA 4，192，1ノノ9，6，192，2ऽ1，41，144，3
－19（）DATA 76，72，178，24，173，5，192，159，7
－2f今 DATA 192，251，26，176，242，173，136，2
－215 DATA 133，254，173，4，192，133，253，173，7
－22r DATA $192,141,8,192,56,169,4 \mathrm{r}, 237,6$
－235 DATA 192，141，9，192，174，5，192，224，「


－26（J）DATA $1,141,1$ r，192，174，6，192，32，162

－285 DATA 245，206，8，192，173，8，192，2ヶ1，$)$
－29ノ DATA 2 2ऽ8，1，96，173，9，192，141，1ノ，192
－30，
－31（）DATA 253，1（J9，1ऽ，192，133，253，165，254
－325 DATA 1 （ 55, ，$), 133,254,96,16$（），$), 173,3$
－33「 DATA 192，145，253，96

## CHARAGTER SET COPY

The following routine copies the character set from ROM to RAM so you can use programmable character sets or reconfigure memory．It does this with the speed of ML， but with the ease of BASIC．Type in the BASIC loader and save and run it．The ML is POKEd into memory starting at the address specified by the variable SA in line 5 ．The routine is relocatable，so just change the value of SA to the new starting address．To use the routine，use＂SYS SA，ad－ dress＂，where SA is the starting address where you loaded the utility，and＂address＂is the location in RAM to which you want the computer to copy the character set．The char－ acter set copied is the one you are using at the moment
（uppercase／graphics or lowercase／uppercase）．Set the char－ acter set you wish before calling the utility．The address following the SYS may be any expression which when eval－ uated results in a valid memory location．
－ $5 \mathrm{SA}=828$
－1 1 FORI＝SATOSA＋67：READA：POKEI， $\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{CK}=\mathrm{CK}+\mathrm{A}$ ： NEXT
－20 IFCK＜＞9282THENPRINT＂ERROR IN DATA＂：ST OP
－3r）PRINT＂［CLEAR］USE SYS＂SA＂，ADDRESS TO A CTIVATE＂
－1رノ DATA 32，115，r，32，158，173
－115 DATA 32，155，188，165，1ヶ1，133
－12「 DATA 253，165，15，5，133，254，173

－145 DATA 2 5 ， $8,3,169,258,44,169$
－15ヶ DATA 216，133，252，12「，165，1
－16 1 d DATA 41，251，133，1，16（r），
－17（）DATA 132，251，162，8，177，251
－185 DATA $145,253,2 \rho \rho, 258,249,23{ }^{\circ}$

－2r今s DATA 165，1，9，7，133，1
－215 DATA 88，96
For example，the statements SYS SA，49152 would place the character set starting at 49152．You can finally forget


PROVEN HANDICAPPING SOFTWARE FORTHE COMMODORE COMPUTER．INCLUDES WINNINGMETHODSFORHARNESS， THOROUGHBRED，AND GREYHOUND RACING． ONLY $\$ 49.95$
ALSOFT • BOX 164 • DEPT．M • CLAIRTON，PA 15025 PHONE（412）233－4659
the＂REDEFINING CHARACTERS＂message forever．
－Peter M．L．Lottrup Buenos Aires，Argentina

## THE TERMINATOR

Ever wonder what the＂ALT＂key is on the C－128？Here＇s a reasonably short（ 80 bytes）ML routine that defines it as an Automatic Line Terminator．The loader asks for an ad－ dress for storing the ML（for example，4864），and starts it automatically．It＇s IRQ－driven，and monitors the ALT key． Once it＇s active，move the cursor anywhere in the unde－ sired line，and press ALT．The line is deleted without fur－ ther ado．

Note：there must be a space after the line number for proper operation，so LIST the line（s）first．For safety，it＇s non－repeating，so you won＇t accidentally deep－six a needed line by holding the key too long．Lastly，after a RESTORE， use the SYS command given by the program to reactivate it． －Bob Renaud Washington，MA
－ 1 REM＊＊＊＊THE TERMINATOR＊＊＊
－2 INPUT＂［CLEAR］ML ADDRESS＂；SA：EA＝SA＋79
－ $3 \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{SA}+13: \mathrm{H} \%=\mathrm{I} / 256: \mathrm{L} \%=\mathrm{I} A N D 255$
－ 4 FORJ＝SATOEA：READA：POKEJ， $\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V}+\mathrm{A}:$ NEXT
－5 IFV＜＞9899THENPRINT＂［DOWN］［RVSON］DATA E RROR＂：END
－ 6 POKESA＋2，L\％：POKESA＋7，H\％：SYSSA
－ 7 PRINT＂AFTER RESTORE，ENTER＇SYS＂SA＂［LE FT］＇
－ 8 END






－ 16 DATA 24r），（ر）




## 64 SCROLL

This routine allows you to scroll characters down from the top to the bottom of the screen．When these characters reach the bottom they disappear．It has many applications that can be easily used in many programs．

For example，the user can choose the character to scroll， so the others onscreen will keep their positions．Another

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { STOP } \\
& \text { TYPING! }
\end{aligned}
$$

Routines from Tips Ahoy！and Commodares，as well as the full－length programs published in this issue，are available on the November Ahoy！Disk． See page 52 for ordering information．
feature is the＂collision controller＂；when the scrolled char－ acter hits another one，the scroll is stopped and the char－ acter disappears．This is checked by a particular value at location 2，so if there isn＇t any collision this value is zero； if there is，the value is 1 ．

## IF PEEK（2）＝r）$->$ no collision <br> IF PEEK（2）＝1 $\rightarrow$ collision

To activate 64 Scroll enter the ML routine（it＇s completely relocatable in every area of RAM）and type：

SYS LO，CC
where LO is the routine starting address．In this case LO is 20776，and CC is the character to scroll；naturally CC isn＇t the ASCII value but the screen code．
Ive included a little demo program that can help you un－ derstand better how the routine works．－Genco Ludovico Moladi Bari，Italy

## 64 SCROLL LOADER

－1رノノ厂 REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊
－1919 REM＊ 64 SCROLL＊
－1rj2rs REM＊BY GENCO LUDOVICO＊
－1030 REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊

－1060 C＝C＋B：NEXTA
－1579 IFCく＞12571THENPRINT＂ERROR IN DATA S TATEMENTS＂：END

- 11ヶ厅 DATA 32，253，174，32，158
- 111厅 DATA 183，169，厄，133，2
－112r DATA 134，251，169，191，133
－113 ${ }^{\prime}$ DATA 252，169，7，133，253
- 114「 DATA 16「，，厄，177，252，197
- 115「 DATA 251，2「8，42，17ヶ，169
- 116「 DATA 32，145，252，16r，4r）
－117ア DATA 2 5 ， $9,252,258,6,138$
－118J DATA 145，252，24，144，6
－1199 DATA 169，1，133，2，2ノ8
－120 J DATA 19，16r， $5,165,252$
－1210 DATA 133，254，165，253，24
－122（）DATA 155，212，133，255，177
－123）DATA 254，16r，45，145，254

－125「 DATA 253，165，253，2ヶ1，3
－126（）DATA 2 $28,194,96$


## DEMO

## －1ऽ REM 64 SCROLL＇S DEMO

－2r）PRINTCHR\＄（147）：PRINT：PRINT＂A＂：FORK＝1 T015：PRINT：NEXT
－3r）FORK＝1T04r：PRINT＂B＂；：NEXT
－40）SYS2「7776，1：PRINTCHR\＄（19）＂PEEK（2）＝＂；PE EK（2）
－5f）FORJ＝1TO1 5 ：NEXT
－60）IFPEEK（2）＝ （JTHENGOTO4 $)$

# Manipulating the C-128's VDC Memory By Potor M.L. Lottrup 

The 80 -column screen is one of the great additions of the C-128. Unfortunately, except for printing information on it, BASIC 7.0 has not provided any commands to easily manipulate those 16 K (or 64 K ) of VDC memory. No PEEKs, no POKEs. That is-until now!

## USINS LAEY80

Easy80 is written entirely in machine language and is presented in the form of a BASIC loader. Use Bug Repellent (page 58) to enter the program. Type in the program on page 67 and save it.
To use Easy 80 , load and run the program and activate your new commands with SYS 4864. The new BASIC 7.0 commands will be yours to stay, until you reset the computer or turn the power off. After a reset, you can reenable the commands with a simple SYS 4864.

The routine uses the following memory areas to operate and for buffers:

## \$1300-\$1708

786-787
2736
Seven commands and two functions are added to BASIC, for easy 80 -column access. They will now be described in detail. Remember that parameters that require a VDC RAM address will accept any address between 0 and 65535 , for compatibility with both versions of the 8563 chip, with 16 K or 64 K . If you specify a large address for the 16 K version, the address will simply wrap around to zero and the counter will start again, so address 16384 is really address zero on the 16 K chip.

## VPOKE VDC Address,Value

This command is used just like POKE, to place a value directly in 80 -column memory. The address may be any address of VDC RAM ( $0-16383$ if you have the 16 K memory chip or $0-65535$ if you have the 64 K VDC chip, like on the C-128D).

For example:

## VPOKE 0,1

places an " $a$ " in the top-left corner of the 80 -column screen.
The parameters used with this command (and the other 80 -column access commands) may be any numeric expression which when evaluated returns a valid numeric value for the command.

## VPEEK(VDC address)

The VPEEK function is the counterpart of the VPOKE
command, and works just like the PEEK function in BASIC, returning the byte value stored in the 80 -column address specified. For example:

## PRINT VPEEK( $\mathrm{A}+1$ )

prints the value stored in VDC memory address A+1.

## VBRING bytes, VDC address, address [,bank]

VBRING, as the name implies, is used to bring a specified number of bytes from VDC RAM to main memory, either in bank 0 RAM or bank 1 RAM. To use VBRING, specify the number of bytes you wish to transfer, the VDC RAM address from which to start moving, the RAM address at which to start storing the bytes, and optionally, the BANK where to store the data. If the bank is omitted, BANK 0 is assumed.

As an example, the following instruction brings the top half of the 80 -column screen to the 40 -column screen:

VBRING 1000,0,DEC("0400"),0
As BANK 0 is assumed as default, the " 0 " could have been left out of the instruction.

## VSEND bytes, VDC address, address [,bank]

If you can bring bytes from VDC memory, you can send them there with VSEND. VSEND is used to transfer bytes from bank 0 or bank 1 RAM (or any configuration, including ROM) to the 80 -column VDC RAM. Parameters used with the VSEND command are number of bytes to be transferred, address at which to start storing the bytes, CPU address from which to start transferring the bytes, and the optional bank number. Bank 0 is assumed if it is not included.

The following example sends the 40 column screen to the bottom half of the 80 -column screen:

## VSEND 1000,1040,1024

VSAVE "filename", VDC start address, VDC end address +1

Now you can save any area of VDC memory directly to disk, without having to move it to system memory first!
VSAVE lets you specify the start and end addresses ( +1 ) of the area you wish to save to disk and the filename. The filename may be any expression which when evaluated returns a valid filename string. Follow the filename by the address of VDC memory from which to start the save and the end-address +1 . The memory block will be saved to device 8 using the specified filename. If the filename is not a direct string, enclose the expression in parenthesis. For
example,
VSAVE (A\$+STR\$(1)),0,2040

## VLOAD "filename" [,VDC start address]

You can load blocks of memory which you have saved
For those of you who do not own a C-128 memory map, here is a brief description of VDC memory ( 16 K version) and control registers:

| ADDRESS | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0000-07FF | Screen memory |
| 0800 - OFFF | Attribute memory |
| 1000-1FFF | Unused memory |
| 2000-2FFF | Uppercase/graphics character set |
| 3000 - 3FFF | Lowercase/uppercase character set |
| REGISTER | FUNCTION |
| Register 0 | Total horizontal characters |
| Register 1 | Horizontal characters displayed |
| Register 2 | Horizontal sync position |
| Register 3 | Sync width |
| Register 4 | Total vertical characters |
| Register 5 | Vertical adjustment |
| Register 6 | Vertical characters displayed |
| Register 7 | Vertical sync position |
| Register 8 | Interlace mode |
| Register 9 | Scan lines per character |
| Register 10 | Cursor mode |
| Register 11 | Cursor end scan line |
| Register 12 | High byte of screen memory start |
| Register 13 | Low byte of screen memory start |
| Register 14 | Cursor address - high |
| Register 15 | Cursor address - low |
| Register 16 | Light pen vertical |
| Register 17 | Light pen horizontal |
| Register 18 | Current address high |
| Register 19 | Current address low |
| Register 20 | Attribute memory high |
| Register 21 | Attribute memory low |
| Register 22 | Horizontal character size |
| Register 23 | Vertical character size |
| Register 24 | Vertical smooth scroll |
| Register 25 | Horizontal smooth scroll |
| Register 26 | Foreground/background color |
| Register 27 | Address increment row |
| Register 28 | Characters - base address/memory type |
| Register 29 | Underline scan line |
| Register 30 | Number of bytes to copy |
| Register 31 | Data register for read and write operations |
| Register 32 | Block start address high |
| Register 33 | Block start address low |
| Register 34 | Horizontal blanking start position |
| Register 35 | Horizontal blanking end position |
| Register 36 | Memory refresh rate per scan line |

with VSAVE, using the VLOAD command. You must specify the filename (variables, wildcards, etc. may be used), and optionally the start address of VDC memory at which to start loading the bytes. If no start address is specified, the closing quote may be ommitted from the filename, and the memory block will be loaded to the same area from which it was originally saved. If you do specify a load ad-
dress, the old address (on disk) will be ignored, and the data will be loaded to the new address specified. The following example will save the top half of the 80 -column screen, clear the screen, and reload the half screen to its standard address (top half) and to the bottom half of the screen, leaving two duplicate halves:

VSAVE "SCREEN",0,1040
SCNCLR
VLOAD "SCREEN"
VLOAD "SCREEN",1040
You may also combine VSAVE and VLOAD with BSAVE and BLOAD to save or load the data blocks either in VDC or CPU RAM.

## VDUMP

No set of 80 -column commands would be complete without an 80 -column dump command, so here it is! Enter VDUMP and, if a Commodore-compatible printer is connected and online, the 80 -column screen will be dumped to the printer. If you have to type the command in direct mode, you can use ESC-X to move to the 40 -column screen and type the command there, so the 80 -column screen will remain undisturbed.
Due to particularities of the 80 -column screen, which allows you to change character sets without affecting other characters on the screen, remember that the dump will print characters according to the character set currently in use. It is best practice not to change character sets while creating an 80 -column screen which you later wish to dump for accurate dumps. The value in memory address $\$ 1419$ determines what character set the dump will be in. The default setting is " 7 ", for lowercase/uppercase dumps. Adjust it as desired with the following POKEs:

POKE DEC("1419"),7 (for lowercase/uppercase)
POKE DEC("1419"),0 (for uppercase/graphics)

## VWRITE VDC register,value

VWRITE may be used to write a value directly to one of the 37 VDC registers that control 80 -column information. Follow VWRITE with the register number you want to write to $(0-36)$ and the value you wish to store there ( $0-255$ ). Different effects on the 80 -column screen can be achieved this way, like reconfiguring the screen size, character size, smooth scrolling, etc.

## VREAD(VDC register)

The VREAD function may be used to read the value of any of the 36 VDC registers. Just specify the VDC register you wish to read within parentheses. For example, you may read the value of register 18 and assign it to variable " X " as follows:

## $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{VREAD}(18)$

In some of the VDC registers, some bits always remain set, so you might write one value and when you VREAD

Continued on page 50

# BACK ISSUES OF Nhoy: <br> \#3-MAR. '84 Anatomy of the 64! Printer <br> \#5-MAY '84 Future of Commodore! In- 

\#2-FEB. '84 illustrated tour of the 1541! Artificial intelligence! Synapse's Ihor Wolosenko interviewed! String functions! And ready to enter: Music Maker Part II! Screen Manipulation! Night Attack! Relative Files!
\#8-AUG. '84 Choosing a word proces sor! Computational wizardry! Creating you own word games! Sound on the 64! And ready to enter: Micro-Minder! Directory Assistance! The Terrible Twins! Words Worth!
\#12-DEC. '84 Buyer's guide to printers! 1525 printer tutorial! Fast giblics with custom charate cal! Diving mito BASIC! And ready to enter: Construction Co.! Space Patrol! Cross Ref!
\#16-APR. '85 Assembly language column begins! Programming the joystick! 1541 disk drive alternatives! The Kernal! And ready to enter: Hop Around! Faster 64! Booter! Elecheck! BASIC Trace! Space Hunt!
\#20-AUG. ' 85 Inside the 128! Real-world simulations! Sound effects! Modems! And ready to enter: Windows! Formatter! Sound-a-Rama! Screen Dump! Selectachrome! Disintegrator! Fidgits! Gators N Snakes!
\#24-DEC. '85 Speech synthesizer! The IBM Connection! The year's 25 best entertainments! And ready to enter: Gypsy Starship! Directory Manipulator! Cloak! Gameloader! Jewel Quest! Lineout! Santa's Busy Day!
\#28-APR. '86 Comet catching! Survey of action and strategy games! Screen dumping! And ready to enter: Chrono-Wedge! Mr. Mysto! Air Rescue! Notemaker! Screen Window! JCALC! Hidden Cavern! Swoop!
\#32-AUG. ' 86 Inside the Amiga, part II! Approaching infinity! C-64 war simulations! Pascal for beginners! ML graphics! And ready to enter: Reversi! Highlight! Disk Cataloger! Meteor Run! Trim! Step On It! Flap!
\#36-DEC. '86 File manipulation! C-128 shadow registers! Football games! And ready to enter: The Artist! Minotaur Maze! Mouse in the House! Lazy Source Code! Rebels and Lords! Speedway! The Editor! Micro City!
\#40-APR. '87 Inside the Amiga 2000! Fractals! Baseball games! COMAL, turtle graphics, and Logo! And ready to enter: Infoflow! Laps! Pieman! List Formatter! Scrambler! Extended Background Mode! Planet Duel!
\#44-AUG. '87 Electronic screen swapping on the C-128! Science fiction action games! The death of GOTO! Amiga reviews! And ready to enter: Archer! Banner Print! Route 64! Steeplechase! Batter Up! Scanner!
\#48-DEC. '87 Exploring artificial intelligence! Expansion port tutorial! Memory expanders! And ready to enter: Redirect! Silhouette! Fueling Station! Take Two! Pizza Boy! Sprite-On! Warship! Cliffhanger!
\#52-APR. '88 BASIC's hidden treasures! Updating your Amiga 1000's printer port! Disk drive accelerators! And ready to enter: Time Subway! IRQ Messenger for the 64 and 128! Sprite Exploder! Hi-Res Windows! Barricade!
\#55-JULY' 88 Making the thermal connection! BASIC/COMAL speed tests! Text game programming, part II! And ready to enter: Tomb of Horror! Vari-Scan! Window Dressing for the 128! Guerilla! Lunar Buggy!
\#58- OCT. '88 The many faces of a compiled BASIC program! GEOS 2.0 and the latest entertainment software reviewed! And ready to enter: Side Border Scroll Editor! Bombs Away! Sprite Rotator! Capture!
interfacing for VIC \& 64! Educational software series begins! VIC game buyer's guide! And ready to enter: Address Book! Space Lanes! Random Files on the 64! Dynamic Power!
\#9-SEPT. '84 Program your own text adventure! Build a C - 64 cassette interface! Video RAM! Word processors, part II! And ready to enter: Salvage Diver! DOS! Sound Explorer! The Castle of Darkness! Base Conversions!
\#13-JAN. '85 VIC and 64 OS exposed! Sprites! Insert a 1541 dovjen disconnect switch! Ghoeth 8 I Ancready to enter: Ultra Mail! Müsic Tutor! Alice in Adventureland! Midprint! To the Top! Tape/Disk Transfer!
\#17-MAY '85 Disk drive enhancements! Install a reset switch! Assembler escapades! And ready to enter: Super Duper! Two-Column Directory! DSKDU! Raid! DOS Plus! Font Editor! Tile Time! Interrupt Wedge!
\#21-SEP. '85 Inside the 1571 drive and 128 keyboard! Sprite programming! And ready to enter: Fastnew! Go-lister! File Lock! Dragon Type! Superhero! Auto-Gen! Moxey's Porch! Fish Math! Ahoy!Dock! Invective!
\#25-JAN. '86 Build a speech synthesiz er! Survey of sports games! And ready to enter: Martian Monsters! Streamer Font! Microsim! Haunted Castle! Knockout! Infraraid! Alarm Clock! Memory Check! Scratch Pad!
\#29-MAY '86 128 graphic bit map! Epyx strategy guide! 128 commands! ML music programming! And ready to enter: Bigprint! Star Search! Failsafe! English Darts! Ski Folly! Free RAM Check! Alchemist's Apprentice!
\#33-SEPT. '86 Windows and viewports! Sound \& music on the 64! COMAL! And ready to enter: The Last Ninja! Speech64! Multi RAM! Dogcatcher! Trapped! Matchblocks! Variable Manager! Dual Dump! Mine Canyon!
\#37-JAN. '87 Pointers and the monitor! Best games of '86! DOS for beginners! And ready to enter: Vortex! Hanger 14! BASIC Ahoy! Catacombs! Lixter! Dark Fortress! PermaLine! Starfighter! Bugout! Screens!
\#41-MAY '87 Kernal power! 64 and Amiga graphics! Microworlds in COMAL! Brain games! Dark Fortress master maps! And ready to enter: Moondog! Startup! Illusion Master! Wall Crawler! Scavenger Hunt!
\#45-SEP. '87 The 128 versus The Clones! Building an Amiga trackball! MSD update! CES Report! And ready to enter: Crystallus! Spriteshell! Hoops! Chainmail! No News! PS to GEOS! Centerfold! Red Alert!
\#49-JAN. '88 Iterative mathematics and graphics! Expansion port tutorial, part II! The best C-64 and Amiga games of 1987! And ready to enter: Infoflow 64! TextSave! Clone-A-Matic! Ice Titans! Jungle Jake!
side BASIC storage! Memory management on the VIC \& 64! Guide to spreadsheets! Hurray for arrays! And ready to enter: Math Master! Air Assault! Biorhythms! VIC Calculator!
\#7-JULY '84 MSD dual disk drive! Database buyer's guide! Training your cursor! Screen displays! File Sleuth! Users Groups! And ready to enter: Renumbering! Checklist! Math Defender! Brisk! What's My Job?
\#10 - 0CT. '84 C-64 graphics programs! Bit-mapped graphics! Joystick programming! Graphics processing! And ready to enter: VIC 40 Column Operating System! BAM Read \& Print! Emerald Elephant! Lawn Job!
\#14-FEB. '85 Printer interfacing! Multicolor sprites! Modems! Bulletin Boards! Theory of game design! Buying a modem! And ready to enter: Futurewar! Fontasia! VIC Eraser! Insurance Agent! Flankspeed! Telelink 64!
\#18-JUNE '85 Music \& graphics entry system! How modems work! Inside the 6510! And ready to enter: Quad-Print! Mapping 4.4 Towers of Hanoil Speedy! Duck Shoot! Bit Dumping! Screen Magic! 6510 Simulator!
\#22 - OCT. '85 Create cartoon characters! Infinitesimal intrigue! Secrets of copy protection! And ready to enter: Shotgun! Maestro! Solitaire! Mystery at Mycroft Mews! Gravinauts! 1541 Cleaning Utility! Shadey Dump!
\#26-FEB. '86 Windows! Build an autoexec cartridge! Align your 1541! Survey of flight simulators! Structured programming! And ready to enter: Arena! Head to Head! Crabfight! Treasure Whee!! Character Dump!
\#30-JUNE '86 Debugging dilemmas! Public domain software! Winning at Ultima! Computer Aided Design! And ready to enter: LazyBASIC! Got A Match? Star Strike! Queen's and Bishop's Tours! Shaker! Trackdown!
\#34-0CT. '86 Build a digital oscilloscope! ML speed techniques! And ready to enter: Vault of Terror! Quick Change! Penguins! Attack Force! Disk Checkup! Dvorak Keyboard! Mountaineer Mack! 128 to 64 Autoboot!
\#38-FEB '87 Hacking into machine language utilities! Amiga RAM expanders! And ready to enter: Window Magic! Crunchman! User Conventions! The Adventurer! More BASIC 128! Jailbreak! Turtle Rescue! 640!
\#42-JUNE '87 Megaflops and microseconds! Sci-fi braingames! C-64 to Amiga file transter! And ready to enter: D-Snap! Wraiths! Galactic Cab Co.! Cave of the Ice Ape! ALTKey $128!$ Power Squares! 128 Multi RAM!
\#46-0CT. '87 a rainbow of data structures! BASIC 8.0 reviewed! Buying guide to COMAL! Tips Ahoy! Art Gallery! And ready to enter: Empire! C-64 RAMDrive! Hotfoot! Platforms! Spray-Cam! Jam Attack!
\#50 - FEB '88 Investigating audible wave phenomena! Cartridges! Commodore 64 em ulators for the Amigal And ready to enter: Coffee Break! Crypt of Fear! Screen Wizard! ML Ranger! 128 Smart Merge! Marauder!
\#11-NOV. '84 Music programs \& keyboards for the 64! Graphics feature continues! 2-D arrays! And ready to enter: PTE word processor! Block Editor! Alternate Character Set for the 64! Tunnel of Tomachon!
\#15-MAR. '85 Creating multiscreen gameboards! Inside the Plus/4! Commodore DOS! And ready to enter: Old Routine! Programmable Functions! Automatic Line Nos. Home Budget! Salmon Run! Numerology!
\#19-JULY '85 PROM Programming! 3-part harmonies on VIC/64! Speeding pixels! And ready to enter: Auto-Append! Script Analysis! Wizard of Im! Lucky Lottery! Brainframe! Etch! Printat! Autos: Leasing v. Buying!
\#23 - NOV. '85 Guide to adventure gaming! ML sprite manipulation! BASIC for beginners! And ready to enter: Lightning Loader! Knight's Tour! Chopper Flight! Rhythmic Bits! Instant Bug Repellent! File Scout! Slither!
\#27-MAR. '86 Programming educational games! Memory dumpers! Choosing a copy program! Custom characters! And ready to enter: Ahoy!Term 128 ! Trivia Game Maker! Brickbusters! Easy Lister! Programmer's Aid!
\#31-JULY '86 Inside the Amigal Conditional branching! Chess programs! 128 and 64 DOS! And ready to enter: Screen Sleuth! Skull Castle! Head-on! Nebergall Run! Wordcount! Crazy Joe! Fidgits' Music School!
\#35-NOV. '86 C-128 shadow registers! Data file handling! PROMAL! Habitat! And ready to enter: Teleporter! 128 RAM Check! Discs of Daedalus! Guardian! Tenpins! Syntax Patrol! Deluxe List! Long Lines! Detonation!
\#39-MAR. '87 Basic esthetics! Survey of video digitizers! Multiplayer games! And ready to enter: C-64 Compressor! Wizard Tag! Turbopoke! Rescue 128! Lights Out! Pinball Arcade! Stow Away! Caverns of Geehonk!
\#43-JULY '87 Real world interfacing! Bit map graphics tutorial! C-64 graphic conversion! Martial arts software! And ready to enter: Wizard Tag III Data Creator! Plink \& Plonk! Univaders! Data Express! 128 Scroller!
\#47-NOV '87 The ins and outs of data organization! Overview of C-64 memory expanders! Commodares! And ready to enter: Orbitt RAMCO! A-Maze-Ing! Line Sentry! Desert Front! Paper Route! Flash Flood!
\#51-MAR '88 Synthesizing waveforms! Comprehensive guide to Commodore power supplies! Utilizing Amiga HAM mode! Art Galery! And ready to enter: Vee Kloros! The Extractor! 3-D Graphic Projector! Phantasy!
\#54-JUNE '88 Advanced disk drive commands! Creating your own text games, part I! Programming in COMAL! And ready to enter: Rashgar! Movie Scroll! MOB Blob! Snap Snake! Phobia! Lost Dutchmar's Mine!
\#57-SEPT. '88 Build a lightning fast compiler! Variegated COMALs! Consumer Electronics Show report! Tips Ahoy! And ready to enter: Video Snapshot! The VLurian Mines! Color Editor! Trap Shoot! Turbo Ski!

## All issues $\$ 4.00$ except \#2, \#3, \#21 (\$10.00)

## Please send me

 -copies of issue copies of issue \# copies of issue \# Enclosed find check or money order for $\$$ __ copies of issue \#-_(outside US add $\$ 1.00$ per copy)
NAME
ADDRESS
CITY
CITY STATE ZIP
Send to: Ahoyl Back Issues, Ion International Inc., 45 West 34th StreetSuite 500, New York, NY 10001.

## SUPPLIES

 ARE LIMITED! ORDER NOW!
# Canned Code Concatenator for the Commodore 64 By John K. Lunde 

Pave your subroutines"...you've probably heard it. You may even have tried it-and given it up as a lost cause.
The idea's simple enough: suppose you've developed a dandy CURSOR-WITH-GET routine as part of some BASIC program you're writing. Why not save it as a separate subroutine? Then, the next time you write a program that needs a CURSOR-WITH-GET, all you'll have to do is plug it in.
Eventually, the theory goes, you'll have such a library of subroutines that writing a program will be little more than an exercise in chaining disk loads.
It sounds great, and if you follow the advice you'll find in the typical "How to Program BASIC" book, you'll soon have an enviable collection of subroutines with incompatible line numbers that you won't be able to attach to an existing program anywhere except at the end.
To accomplish even that, you'll have to do some heroic PEEKing and POKEing and manually renumber the subroutines once they're in place.
Insert changes the situation. With Insert, you can plug any subroutine into any program, anywhere, and line numbers don't matter.

## HOW INSHRT WORKS

You're beavering away at the keyboard at 3:00 a.m. and suddenly you realize that life would be a lot easier if you'd used a subroutine from your library disk somewhere back in the program.

It's easy enough to get rid of any lines you've written that the subroutine will make unnecessary; but what's next?
First, save your program. Then, LOAD "INSERT",8,1 and enter NEW, then reload your program.

Next, where you want the subroutine to start, type in:

## LINE\# "SUBROUTINENAME

This is called a cue line: if you want to insert a subroutine named LOADDISKFILE starting just after line 1260, enter the cue line:

## 1261 "LOADDISKFILE

Note that the cue line consists only of the line number, one quote mark, the filename-and nothing else!
Put the disk containing LOADDISKFILE in the drive and enter SYS 49152: your disk drive will whir busily and you'll see the message "LOADDISKFILE BEING INSERTED", and after a few seconds, "ready."

When you LIST the program, you'll discover that LOADDISKFILE, neatly renumbered to fit, now starts where the cue line was.

In fact, the whole program will be renumbered. The new version will start with the same line number as the original did, but have an interval of 10 between lines.

Of course, you don't have to wait for retroactive inspiration to strike before using Insert: by building a "skeleton" program like

10 INPUT AS
20 IF VAL(AS) THEN 50
30 "CHAR.HANDLER
40 GOTO 60
50 "NUMBER HANDLER
60 PRINT
and so forth, then running Insert, you can save yourself a lot of typing.
Insert will add several subroutines to a program in a single pass as easily as it will one. You can even put cue lines into your subroutines, so that they'll build themselves out of other subroutines as they're Inserted. (This feature will doubtless amuse the young and madden the ambitious. It may even be useful.)

## SAFFTY FPERTURES

Don't worry if you want to insert several subroutines and they aren't all on the same disk. If Insert can't find a file on the current disk, it tells you "FILENAME' IS NOT ON DISK" and goes on to load what files it can find, leaving that cue line intact. All you'll have to do is put the right disk in the drive and enter SYS 49152 again.
Also, if the file is there but unloadable for some reason (for instance, if you accidentally entered the name of a sequential file), Insert will tell you "'filename' is unreadable (error code)".
A final safety feature involves "bad" transfer addresses, for instance, GOTO 110 when there isn't any line 110.
An otherwise admirable renumbering utility I've been using for several years has the abominable habit of turning all the transfer addresses it can't find into 65535: this leaves you going, "Hmm...is that this 65535 , or this one?"

When Insert can't find an address, it leaves the line number unchanged but puts a " $\#$ " in front of it; this gives you a chance to refer back to the original program. It also forces a syntax error to keep the renumbered program from running away and hiding in the operating system.
Insert only looks for matching line numbers inside the

## 15 Day Home Trial - 90 Day Immediate Replacement Policy

## Super Mi-Speed 200 CpS Printer

## Star Micronics LV-2010 10' Printer With Near Letter Quality



# Sale \$ $199^{95}$ 

No One Sells This Printer For Less!

- High Speed 200 CPS Draft
- Near Letter Quality
- Tractor and Friction Feed
- Automatic Sheet Feed Loading
- Both Parallel \& Serial Interface Ports
- Continuous Underline
- IBM Compatible
- Ultra High-Res Bit Image Graphics


## Printing Speed <br> 200 Characters Per Second Draft 45 Characters Per Second NLQ

Print Method
Serial Impact Dot Matrix
Print Buffer
16K Bytes
Port
Both Centronics Parallel \& Serial Ports

## 15" High Speed 160 CPS Printer

 Splendid Mixture Of High Speed And Near Letter Quality

- NLQ and High Draft Speed
- Continuous Underline
- Skip Over Perforation
- IBM Compatible
- Friction and Tractor Feeds
- Both Parallel \& Serial Interface Ports
- High Res Graphics Printing


## sales ${ }^{5099^{\circ}}$

## No One Sells This Printer For Less!

## Printing Speed

160 Characters Per Second Draft
Print Method
Serial Impact Dot Matrix

## Paper Feed

Sprocket or Friction Feed

## Port

Both Centronics Parallel \& RS-232 Serial Ports
segment it's renumbering at the moment: the fact that there's a valid line 30 in the target program won't keep a transfer statement to a nonexistent line 30 in a subroutine from being "hatchmarked."

A safety feature you won't find is one to keep the renumbering routine from driving line numbers over the "legal" 63999. Starting from a line number of 10 , you'd need to write a 6300 line program to get into trouble. People just don't live that long.
Another missing check would have kept renumbering from generating line lengths of more than 80 bytes in the interest of convenient editing. What I discovered is that a line that's 80 bytes long is already long past editing.

The easy way to avoid long lines is to write short ones in the first place. This is purest heresy to any former VIC owner, but the simple truth is that a program that LISTs black from top to bottom and side to side is a bad program. (As you'll find out when you try to read it a year later.)

One other thing you can do to keep lines to editable length is write your subroutines with high line numbers; that way, no matter how high renumbering drives the line numbers, the line won't be longer than the original.

If you already have a library of subroutines with low line numbers, or you want to make new subroutines out of parts of old, low-numbered programs, you may wonder what good this advice does you.
Simple: Insert is also a pretty good renumbering utility. Suppose you want to renumber "TESTFILE"; just put the disk with "TESTFILE" on it in the drive and enter this short program:

## 1000 "TESTFILE

Then run Insert. If you want to use a different starting line number (this one yields 1000, 1010, etc.) feel free. SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 69
ing the routine and activating it. This should naturally be done before trying to use any Easy 80 command.

If you redefine 80 column characters, remember that each character uses 16 bytes for its definition, even though only the first eight are actually used. For example:
"@" - screen code 0 - \$2000
" A " - screen code 1 - \$2010

There are a large number of great effects possible with the 80 -character screen and registers. With Easy80, you finally have very easy access to all those special features and memory! $\square \quad$ SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 67
where within those four raster areas. I won't go into any details about how it is accomplished (see past articles), but if you wish to see how I did it, the routine to set up the interrupt begins at $\$ 2009$. The actual interrupt begins at $\$ 2033$. The sprites are numbered $0-27$. The various values and locations are:

| $X$ | $-\$$ \$000-\$C01B |
| :--- | :--- |
| $Y$ | $-\$ C 023-\$ C 03 E$ |
| shape | - \$C046-\$C061 |
| color | - \$C069-\$C084 |
| $X$ max | - \$C08C-\$C08F |
| on/off | $-\$ C 091-\$ C 094$ |

The program adjusts these locations to change the item's positions. The interrupt puts the appropriate value into the actual sprite locations. Sprite 0 is used as the player.

The counter is made up of redefined character graphics to create the 3-D effect. With the proper colors, the technique is quite effective. Also, by using a black background, the colors of the items, the player, and the counter stand out much better and are more attractive.

I have wanted to make a game like this for quite a while, and finally succeeded in pulling off the graphics to achieve the needed effects. I hope you will enjoy this game, and by looking in at the program, be able to figure out how I got 29 sprites on the screen and used them effectively. $\square$

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 70

## FREE ADPITIONAL INFORMATION!

Our research shows that our readers are discriminating buyers. The majority of you are intermediate to advanced users, who seldom purchase a printer, a modem, or even a space shoot-em-up on impulse. But purchase you $d o-$ after making an intelligent choice based on all the information you have.
So why not make sure you have all the information there is to have-for the cost of a single stamp?
Most of the companies listed at right are eager to send you free promotional materials relating to their products or services. All you have to do is detach the Reader Service Card included here, circle the numbers that correspond to the items you're interested in, and stamp and mail the card prior to the date shown.
Manufacturers and mail order houses alike know that Ahoy!'s following is the most computer-literate enjoyed by any Commodore monthly. They respect that kind of sophistication. So use only the Ahoy! Reader Service Card to request information on products seen in Ahoy! And when contacting companies directly by mail or phone, be sure to tell them who sent you.

It'll help you-and us.

| Page | Company Svc. N | Sve. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C-4 | Access Software | 165 |
| 43 | Alsoft | 160 |
| 32 | Arcadia | 125 |
| 11 | Audiogenic | 143 |
| 14 | Broderbund Software | 140 |
| 14 | Broderbund Software | 141 |
| 13 | Chip Level Designs |  |
| 4 | Cinemaware Corporation | tion 149 |
| C-3 | Cinemaware Corporation | tion 148 |
| 8 | Commodore International | ional 150 |
| 16,17 | Computer Direct | 168 |
| 31 | Computer Direct | 168 |
| 49 | Computer Direct | 168 |
| 12 | Computer Repeats | 157 |
| 11 | Data East | 144 |
| 32 | Data East | 126 |
| 11 | Digitek | 151 |
| 8 | Dynacomp | 132 |
| 11 | Electronic Arts | 146 |
| 11 | Electronic Arts | 147 |
| 12 | Family Software | 154 |
| 9 | Free Spirit Software Inc. | Inc. 161 |
| 10 | Fuji Photo Film U.S.A. | A. 133 |
| 10 | Herne Data Systems Ltd. | Ltd. 138 |
| 14 | Howard W. Sams \& Co. | Co. 163 |
| 34 | Intracorp | 127 |
| 14 | Lifestyle Publishing | 158 |
| 28-29 | Lyco Computer | 124 |
| 34 | Microlllusions | 128 |
| 10 | Mindscape | 137 |
| 5 | Montgomery Grant | 130 |
| 12 | MUSIG | 155 |
| C-2 | Origin Systems | 240 |
| 12 | Paragon Software | 152 |
| 10 | Polarware | 136 |
| 14 | Polarware | 139 |
| 6 | Q-Link | 167 |
| 11 | Rent-A-Disc | 156 |
| 10 | Software Exchange | 142 |
| 33 | Software Simulations | 123 |
| 10 | Software Support | 135 |
| 22 | Software Support | 169 |
| 24,25 | Software Support | 265 |
| 8 | Star Micronics | 131 |
| 39 | Star Micronics | 170 |
| 11 | Strategic Simulations Inc. | Inc. 145 |
| 14 | TAB Books | 159 |
| 14 | TAB Books | 164 |
| 12 | Taito Software | 153 |
| 55 | Wedgwood Rental | 129 |
| 10 | Xytec | 134 |
| 7 | Ahoy! Disk Magazine | - |
| 10 | Ahoy! Binders |  |
| 27 | Ahoy! Access Club \#1 | - |
| 37 | Ahoy! Access Club \#2 | 2 |
| 47 | Ahoy! Back Issues | - |
| 18 | Ahoy! Subscription |  |
| 52 | Ahoy! Disk |  |

The publisher cannot assume responsibility for errors in the above listing.

## \hoy:DISK

Why type in the listings in this month's Ahoy! when we've done it for you? All the programs in this issue are available on the current Ahoy! Disk for $\$ 8.95$. Isn't your time worth more than that?
Use the coupon at the bottom of this page to order disks for individual months, a disk subscription, or the special anthology disks described below. (You can also subscribe to the Ahoy! Disk Magazinedisk and magazine packaged together at a special reduced rate. See the card bound between pages 50 and 51.)

```
    Bist OF '84
    Air Assault (64)
    Alpiner (6/88)
        construction). CO.(12184)
        DOS (9184) Elephant (10184)
        Emerald Elephant (1)
            IGot Biorh (10184)
                Lawn Job (col84)
                Lunat Laster (5184)
                M
                M
                Mame
                    *)
                    Sp
                Splol
```

                51.)
    BEST OF '86
Disk Cataloger ( $8 / 86$ )
Dogcatcher (9/86)
Fidgits' Music School (7786)
50 and 51.)
Disk Cataloger ( $8 / 88$
Dogcatcher $(9 / 86)$
Fidgits Music School (7/86)


Flap! (8186)
Guardian $(11 / 86)$
(18ad $(286)$
Guardian ( $11 / 86$ )
Head to
Head
Head to Head (2)
Highlight 8186 )

JCALC Run
Meteor Rali86)
Mine Canyon
(9186)
Step on $11(8186)$
syntax patrol $(986)$
Speech64 $(9186)$
The Editor (2186)
Trackdown
(6186)

BE
Chrono-Wedge (4/86)
Disk Checkup


$1(1)$a 14
Action Rescue (4188)
Air
Rrickbu
Brickbusters (3)

Engish Match? $(6188)$
Gol a Malch
Haunted Caste
Haunted Castle (
Head
Heace
Head on ( $(188)$
Hed
Kniche
Knockour
Micro City
( $12 / 286$ (
(
Minotaur Maze (12


Ski Folly ${ }^{\text {Search }(5186)}$
Star Sea
Swoop (4i86)
The Last Ninja
BEST C-128
AhoylTerm (3/86)
Dark Fortress (1/87)
Dual Dump (9/86)
(4ground Mode (4/87)




$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Ale Lock }(9185) & \text { Maestro }(10185) & \text { Minder }(8184)\end{array} \quad$ Sost Tige Diver $(9184)$

Futurewart (218) $(12 / 85)$
Gameloadudget $(3 / 85)$
Home Budg
Home Budget
jewel Quest
(21/185)
Loader
Jewhtning Loader
Light
Lighnning ( 1185 )
Midprint Tutor ( 1185 )
Music Tutor $(1 / 85)$
Mul $(3185)$
Salmon Pun $(8 / 85)$
Salmon Run (3
Screen Dump
Telelink (2185)
Maimon fum
Sal (818)
Screen Dump
Telelink (2185)
Tile Time $(5185)$

Sclart \& End Directory (18
Two Colum
Windows $(8 / 85)$ ) Utility ( 10185 )
1541 Cleaning

GAMES
(6/84)
uction Co. (12/84)
Inforlow (418) (41ter $(4187)$
Lis Formate
More BASIC 128 (2187)


We've collected Ahoy! 's best programs onto the Anthology Disks described here. Please note that many of these programs will be unusable without the documentation printed in the issues of Ahoy! listed in parentheses.

## SINGLE ISSUE AND SUBSCRIPTION PRICES

## BACK ISSUES \$8.95

| (Postage and Handling Included) | U.S.A. | CANADA | ELSEWHERE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ November '88 Ahoy! Disk | $\$ 8.95$ | $\$ 12.95$ | $\$ 13.95$ |
| $\square$ 12-Month Disk Subscription | $\$ 79.95$ | $\$ 99.95$ | $\$ 124.95$ |
| $\square$ 24-Month Disk Subscription | $\$ 149.95$ | $\$ 179.95$ | - | and Canada add $\$ 4.00$ per issue.


| 日 | \$8.95 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 员 | \$8.95 |
| ] | \$8.95 |
| $\square$ | \$8.95 |

## ANTHOLOGY DISKS \$10.95 EACH

| Best of '84 Best Utilities |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Best of '85 | Best Utilities II |
| Best of '86 | Best Games |
| Best of C-128 | Best Games II |

Ahoy! Program Disk Ion International Inc. 45 West 34th Street, Suite 500 New York, NY 10001

## NAME

## ADDRESS

## CITY

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# C.OMMOIDAIIES <br> IPRCCIRAMMINE CIIAAIIIIENCIES 

## By Dale Rupert

Each month, we'll present several challenges designed to stimulate your synapses and toggle the bits in your cerebral random access memory. We invite you to send your solutions to:

Commodares, c/o Ahoy!
P.O. Box 723

Bethel, CT 06801
We will print and discuss the cleverest, simplest, shortest, most interesting and/or most unusual solutions. Be sure to identify the name and number of the problems you are solving. Put your name and address on the listings as well. Show sample runs if possible. Briefly describe your solutions and tell what makes them unique or interesting, if they are. You must enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope if you want any of your materials returned. Solutions received by the middle of the month shown on the magazine cover are most likely to be discussed, but you may send solutions and comments any time. Your original programming problems, suggestions, and ideas are equally welcome. The best ones will become Commodares!

## PRORLEM \#59-1: WILD WARDROBE

This problem was submitted by Mario Segal (Mexico City, Mexico). Generate and print all proper, complete combinations of clothing that can be selected from this wardrobe: blue trousers and black trousers; white, blue, gray, and pink shirts; black, red, and yellow ties; gray, blue and black jackets. Of course, no self-respecting person would wear the black trousers with either the blue shirt or the blue jacket, and you never wear the black tie with the black or blue jackets. All other combinations are valid.

## PROBLEM \#59-2: FORWARD \& RACKWARD

This one is modified from a suggestion by Wallace Leeker (Lemay, MO). Given a target word and a search word, your program determines whether the search word is contained within the target word and, if so, whether it is forward or backward (left to right or right to left). This is not a scattered letter puzzle. The letters of the search word must be consecutive in the target.
For example, the search word "Dare" is forward in the target word "Commodares". "Firgle" is backward in the tar-

Most back issues of Ahoy! are available at $\$ 4.00$ each. See page 47 for ordering information.
get "Melgrify". "Nerg" is both forward and backward in "Grenergal", and of course there is no "Fun" to be found in "Sadness".

## PROBLEM \#59-3: INSIDE OUT

Take a string and turn it inside-out from the middle. If the string has an odd number of characters, its middle character remains in the middle. Otherwise the two middle characters go to the two ends of the string. Innermost characters move outward the furthest from the center of the string. Examples will show what words cannot.

## COMMODARES <br> CHALLENGE <br> IS <br> OFTEN <br> INTERESTING

becomes OMMOCSERAD becomes LAHCLEGNE remains IS becomes FOTNE becomes RETNIEGNITS

## PROBLEM \#59-4: UPSIDE DOWN

On a 7-segment display of a digital clock or calculator, some of the digits are still valid numerals when viewed upside down. Here is a list of those digits and their upsidedown value: $0 \& 0,1 \& 1,2 \& 2,5 \& 5,6 \& 9,8 \& 8,9 \& 6$.

Your challenge is to write a program which lists all the numbers from 0 to 1 million which equal their upside-down counterpart. 121 is good, and 8698 is good, but 120 and 8691 are no good. Notice that the entire number is turned upside-down, not just the individual digits.

This month we will discuss the most interesting solutions to Commodares from the June issue of Ahoy! Problem \#54-1: Joystick Initials was submitted by Jeff Veasey (Lovington, NM). The problem is to let the user enter three initials on the screen by using the joystick, as in the arcade games. Pressing the joystick right or left cycles through the alphabet at the cursor position on the screen. Pressing the joystick button selects the displayed letter and moves the cursor one space to the right. Although we wanted a "no-frills" solution, you were challenged to include a "back arrow" between the A and the Z which allows the user to move the cursor to the left to correct one of the previous initials.

The shortest of the solutions is this unusual two-liner from Keith Kushner (Brooklyn, NY).


- 2 REM COMMODARES PROBLEM \#54-1 :
-3 REM JOYSTICK INITTALS
-4 REM SOLUTION BY
-5 REM KEITH KUSHNER
－6 REM＝＝＝＝＝＝PORT 1 ： $\mathrm{C}-64=============$
－19 POKE 152（ $+\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{A}-31$＊（ $\mathrm{A}=$（ر）$): \mathrm{A}=\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{Q} / 27)$＊ 27： $\mathrm{P}=255-\mathrm{PEEK}(56321): \mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{Q}-(\mathrm{P}=8)+(\mathrm{P}=4)$
－2ヶ $0 \mathrm{ON}-\left(\mathrm{P}\langle>16)\right.$ GOTO1ヶ： $\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1+$ 2＊$^{*}(\mathrm{~A}=$（j）$)-((\mathrm{A}=$（ر）$)$ $\operatorname{AND}(I=$（ر）$)$ ）：ON－（I＜3）GOTO1 $):$ POKE 198， r

Keith＇s solution is for the C－64 using Joystick Port 1．You can easily modify it for Port 2 and for the C－128．For Port 2，in line 10 replace the 56321 with 56320 and change the 255 to 127 ．For the C－128，change the 198 in line 20 to 208， the keyboard buffer index．

Keith uses the ON／GOTO statements in line 20 to replace IF－THEN－ELSE statements．The statements in line 20

$$
\text { 2r) ON }-(\mathrm{P}<>16) \text { GOTO 1r) : } \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+\ldots
$$

are equivalent to
29）IF $\mathrm{P}<>16$ THEN 19 ELSE $\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+\ldots$
Since the C－64 does not allow the ELSE statement，Keith＇s line 20 would have to be broken into three separate lines：

29）IF $\mathrm{P}\langle>16$ THEN 19
30）$I=I+\ldots: I F I<3$ THEN 10
45）POKE 198， 1
Recall that the expression within parentheses（ $\mathrm{P}<>16$ ） has a value 0 when the expression is false and a value -1 when the expression is true．When P is not equal to 16 ， the ON－GOTO statement becomes ON－$(-1)$ GOTO 10 or ON 1 GOTO 10．Look up the syntax for the ON－GOTO statement to see that in this case the program branches to line 10；otherwise the next available statement is executed．

The variable A stands for the selected letter A－Z or back arrow．If $\mathbf{A}$ is 0 ，it becomes 31 which is the back－arrow character to be POKEd to screen memory at address $1520+$ I．Variable I keeps track of which of the three initials is being entered．The expression $-((\mathrm{A}=0)$ AND $(\mathrm{I}=0))$ keeps the letters from going too far left on the screen．

Keith mentioned that $I$ in line 20 is incremented by 1 unless $\mathrm{A}=0$ in which case I is decremented by one．The expression $+2 *(A=0)$ has a value -2 whenever $A=0$ ．You might want to add a delay loop to＂debounce＂the joystick input such as this：

## 15 FOR DLAY＝1 TO 1ر今）：NEXT

Now for Problem \＃54－2：File Locator suggested by Dan Mooney（Hinesville，GA）．The object is to find the starting and ending addresses of a selected disk file．Dan＇s solution took up to 20 minutes and he wanted something faster．Nat－ urally，Commodares readers to the rescue．

There were two categories of solutions．One group used the file sector pointers to step from sector to sector through the file，counting the number of sectors along the way．Each sector contains a 2－byte pointer to the next sector．The first sector contains 252 bytes of data，whereas all other sectors except the last store 254 bytes．The second byte of the sec－ tor pointer in the final sector gives the actual number of bytes in that sector．

Jim Speers（Niles，MI）mentioned that the slowest part of this type of solution can be scanning the directory for the selected filename．You may refer to Right on Track （Rupert Report，June 1988 Ahoy！）for a discussion of topics related to this type of solution．

The other class of solution uses Dan＇s idea of opening and actually reading and counting each byte of the file．In BASIC this is slow，but a short machine language routine speeds the process enormously．This program sent by Jim Borden（Carlisle，PA）was written by Larry Louks（Free－ port，TX）to whom he gives credit：

```
-1 REM ======================================
-2 REM COMMODARES PROBLEM #54-2 :
-3 REM FILE LOCATOR
-4 REM SOLUTION BY
-5 REM LARRY LOUKS & JIM BORDEN
-6 REM ==================================
-10 DATA 162,1,32,198,255,32,228,255,23r),
    251,2`年4,23「,252,24`,6,165
-2` DATA 144,41,64,245,239,76,254,255
-30) PRINT"[CLEAR][DOWN][RVSON]- ALPHA & O
    MEGA -64 OR 128-":SA=2816:IF FRE(ノ)=FRE(
    1) THEN SA=49152
-45) FORY=SA TO SA+24: READ K: POKE Y,K: C
    S=CS+K: NEXT
-45 IF CS<>4厅12 THEN PRINT "DATA ERROR":
    END
.50) INPUT"[3"[DOWN]"] ENTER FILENAME";PN$
    : PRINT: FB=251: FC=252: POKE FB,厅: POKE
        FC,O
-6r) OPEN 1,8,2,"(:"+PN$: GET#1,A$,B$: D=A
    SC(A$+CHR$(0))+256*ASC(B$+CHR$(0))
-70) PRINT "STARTS AT" D
-80) SYS SA: LN=PEEK(FB)+PEEK(FC)*256: T=D
    +LN-1
•90) PRINT "ENDS AT" T: CLOSE 1
```

The program first POKEs a machine language routine into memory．Notice that the program works on the C－64 and the $\mathrm{C}-128$ ．The statement at the end of line 30 adjusts the storage location for the machine language routine on the C－64．

Line 60 OPENs the specified file and reads the starting address from its first two bytes．Line 80 calls the machine language routine to read and count bytes of the file．The count is returned in addresses FB and FC．T is the file＇s ending address which is its starting address plus its num－ ber of bytes plus 1 ．

It takes only a few seconds to determine the initial and final storage addresses of a file 45 blocks long．Christian Castor（Mexico City，Mexico）sent a similar solution which he said takes only 30 seconds for a program 259 blocks long，nearly the biggest possible for the C－64．Christian pointed out that the burst mode on the 1571 or 1581 drives would not speed up the program significantly since there is not very much communication between the computer and the disk drive in this application．

An easier challenge was Problem \＃54－3：Written Remain－ der，suggested by Gene Majewski（Bellwood，IL）．Given
two whole numbers, the computer returns their integer quotient and the remainder.

The algorithm for solving this problem is as follows:

1. Given 2 integers $A$ and $B$. Find their quotient $Q=A / B$.
2. Calculate the integer quotient $\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{Q})$.
3. Calculate the remainder $R=A-I * B$ or $R=(Q$ -1 ) * B.
Among the variations on this theme was Jim Borden's added touch of checking B to make sure it is not 0 before doing the division. This solution from Dr. Dave Marquis (Palmetto, FL) takes care of possible internal multiplication roundoff errors.

- 1 REM
- 2 REM

COMMODARES PROBLEM \#54-3 :
-3 REM
WRITTEN REMAINDER
-4 REM
SOLUTION BY
-5 REM
DR. DAVE MARQUIS
-6 REM
-15 INPUT"[CLEAR][DOWN]WHAT IS THE NUMBER TO BE DIVIDED"; A
-20 INPUT"[DOWN]WHAT IS THE DIVISOR";B
-30) $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}$
-45) PRINT"[DOWN][DOWN]"A"/"B" ="INT(C)", REMAINDER"INT ((C-INT(C))*B+.1)
-50) INPUT"[4"[DOWN]"]ANOTHER DIVISION PRO BLEM (Y/N)";A\$
-60) IF A\$="Y" THEN 10
Line 40 uses the second form of the algorithm above to calculate the remainder. The 0.1 is added and the integer part of the whole quantity is calculated to ensure proper rounding. Can you find any examples for which ( C INT(C) ) * B is not equal to INT( (C $\left.-\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{C}))^{* B}+.1\right)$ ?

This one-liner from Bob Rispoli (Ridge, NY) shows another method used by many readers:
-1 REM ====================================

- 2 REM

COMMODARES PROBLEM \#54-3 :

- 3 REM

WRITTEN REMAINDER

- 4 REM

SOLUTION BY
-5 REM
BOB RISPOLI
-6 REM ======================================
-10 INPUTA\%, B\%:Q\%=A\%/B\%:R\%=A\%-Q\%*B\%:PRINT A\%"/"B\%"="Q\%"REMAINDER"R\%

Bob uses integer variables denoted by the percent signs. Integer variables give a couple of advantages here. They provide automatic error-checking to ensure that the user enters only whole numbers. Also the INT function is not needed in the calculations. The disadvantage of integer variables is that they are limited to a range of -32768 to +32767 .
To add some variety to this problem, here is the solution from Jim Speers:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { /* }========================* / \\
& \text { /* Commodares problem \#54-3: } \\
& \text { */ } \\
& \text { Written Remainder } \\
& \text { */ }
\end{aligned}
$$

```
/* Solutions in C by */
/* Jim Speers */
/* ========================== */
main()
{
    int firstnum, nextnum, quotient,
remainder, temp;
printf("Enter two numbers with a space
between. \n");
scanf("%d %d", &firstnum, &nextnum);
if (firstnum < nextnum)
    {
        temp = firstnum;
        firstnum = nextnum;
        nextnum = temp;
    }
quotient = firstnum / nextnum;
remainder = firstnum % nextnum;
printf(" %d / %d Equals %d. Remainder i
s %d\n", firstnum, nextnum, quotient, re
mainder);
}
```

If it looks a bit foreign, that's because it is written in the language called C. C is similar in its structured appearance to Pascal. Jim's program swaps the two values if the

RENTING SOFTWARE ISN'T HARD!

It's as easy as picking up the phone and giving your order. If you have a credit card, it's even easier. The hardest part may be waiting for the mail to come!

We're having a special sale, with up to $80 \%$ off selected software. Call now for a complete list.

Call toll-free outside Texas: 1-800-433-2938

- Inside Texas call: 817-292.7396

first number entered is smaller than the second one．
This is the source code for the program．In order to run the program，the source code must be compiled．A C com－ piler produces a machine language file which can be LOAD－ ed into memory and executed．Lines 180 and 190 are com－ ments．Lines 20 and 170 define a block of code，as do lines 90 and 130．C has a built－in MOD（remainder）function shown as a percent sign in line 150 ．Notice how messages are formatted for input（SCANF）and output（PRINTF） without the confusing clutter of quotation marks used in BASIC．

The final challenge this month is Problem \＃54－4：Birthday Party from Necah Buyukdura（Ankara，Turkey）．The solu－ tion is to determine who will attend my birthday party on the basis of these five premises：
1．My friends Bert and Carl cannot tolerate each other． Only one or the other，but not both，will be there．

2．If Adam comes，then Bert will be there also．
3．Either Duke or Emil，or both will come．
4．Duke told me that he would come only if Carl was also there．

5．If Emil comes to my party，certainly neither Adam nor Duke will fail to come．
It is not difficult to see how these premises are transla－ ted into the statements in Jim Speer＇s program below：
－1 REM＝$=$ ：
－2 REM COMMODARES PROBLEM \＃54－4 ：
－ 3 REM BIRTHDAY PARTY
－ 4 REM
－ 5 REM
SOLITTION BY JIM SPEERS
－6 REM
 T01：FORE＝ ／JT01
 EN22 $)$ ：REM PREMISE \＃1
－12ヶ）IF（ $(A=1)$ AND（ $B=(\jmath))$ THEN22 $)^{\circ}$ ：REM PREMISE \＃2
 \＃3
－14ヶ $\operatorname{IF}((\mathrm{D}=1) \mathrm{AND}(\mathrm{C}=$（ر）$)$ ）OR（ $(\mathrm{C}=1) \mathrm{AND}(\mathrm{D}=$（ر）$)) \mathrm{TH}$ EN22r）：REM PREMISE \＃4
 M PREMLSE \＃5
－16r）IFATHENPRINT＂ADAM，＂；
－175 IFBTHENPRINT＂BERT，＂；
－185 IFCTHENPRINT＂CARL，＂；
－190 IFDTHENPRINT＂DUKE，＂；
－2rر）IFETHENPRINT＂EMIL，＂；
－210 PRINTCHR\＄（20）CHR\＄（20）＂．＂
－22今 NEXTE，D，C，B，A
Every possible combination of values for A through E is generated by the five nested FOR－NEXT loops．From Prem－ ise 1，either Bert or Carl but not both will be at the party． Line 110 of Jim＇s program decides if both of them（ $\mathrm{B}=1$ AND $C=1$ ）or neither of them（ $B=0$ AND $C=0$ ）are in the current combination．If so，none of the other premises are tested，since a contradiction has been found．

A contradiction to Premise 2 occurs if Adam is present but Bert is not．Premise 3 is contradicted only if Duke and Emil are both absent．Premise 4 is a little trickier to inter－ pret．It is obviously contradicted if Duke is there without Carl．It is not clear whether there is a contradiction if Carl is there and Duke doesn＇t show up．（In logic jargon，in or－ der for Duke to show up，it is necessary that Carl be there， but it may not be sufficient that Carl is there．Standard English usage is not as rigorous as mathematical English．） It turns out not to matter in this problem anyway．Premise 5 is relevant only if Emil is at the party．A contradiction occurs if Emil is there，but either or both of Adam and Duke are absent．It turns out that only Carl and Duke are at the party．
This all sounds like reverse logic，which in fact it is．It is possible to turn things around．Rather than look for con－ tradictions，test to see that all premises are valid．

W．E．O＇Keefe（Niagara Falls，ONT）sent a lengthy solu－ tion which analyzed each of the possible combinations and printed out which of the premises are contradicted by each combination．You might enjoy adding these capabilities to your own solution to the problem．

In the meantime，good luck on this month＇s problems． Keep those solutions and challenges coming．

Congratulations to the following people who also sent valid solutions this month：

Dick Banks（Blytheville，AR）
Sean Bates（N．Stonington，CT）
Leo Brenneman（Erie，PA）
Linda Brown（Maryville，MO）
Carlos Centeno（Lares，PR）
Robert Clark（Ocean Springs，MS）
Richard Cohen（Lanoka Harbor，NJ）
Bob Diamond（Bremerton，WA）
Matthew Ettus（Rego Park，NY）
Craig Ewert（Crystal Lake，IL）
Bruce Glover（Indianapolis，IN）
Judy Groth（Brooklyn，NY）
Kenneth Holt（Toms River，NJ）
Charles Jarvis（Virginia Beach，VA）
Wallace Leeker（Lemay，MO）
Gene Majewski（Bellwood，IL）
Michael Marron（Stony Brook，NY）
Lance McLaughlan（Taranaki，New Zealand）
Mark Miner（Altoona，IA）
Rick Mitchell（Oshawa，ONT）
Brandon Poyner（Kingman，AZ）
Robert Riviere（Kenner，LA）
Sam Robinson（FPO SF，CA）
Andrew Rosenthal（Flushing，NY）
Mario Segal（Mexico City，Mexico）
Timothy Slate（Brattleboro，VT）
Kirk Sloan
Justin Smalley（Boulder，CO）
Mark Tillotson（Tulsa，OK）
Paul Trauth
Roger Walton（Cranford，NJ）
Don Wynkoop（Tucson，AZ）



Attention new Ahoy! readers! You must read the following information very carefully prior to typing in programs listed in Ahoy! Certain Commodore characters, commands, and strings of characters and commands will appear in a special format. Follow the instructions and listings guide on this page.

0n the following pages you'll find several programs that you can enter on your Commodore computer. But before doing so, read this entire page carefully.
To insure clear reproductions, Ahoy!'s program listings are generated on a daisy wheel printer, incapable of printing the commands and graphic characters used in Commodore programs. These are therefore represented by various codes enclosed in brackets []. For example: the SHIFT CLR/HOME command is represented onscreen by a heart

V The code we use in our listings is [CLEAR]. The chart below lists all such codes which you'll encounter in our listings, except for one other special case.
The other special case is the COMMODORE and SHIFT characters. On the front of most keys are two symbols. The symbol on the left is obtained by pressing that key while holding down the COMMODORE key; the symbol on the right, by pressing that key while holding down the SHIFT key. COMMODORE and SHIFT characters are represented in our listings by a lower-case " s " or "c" followed by the symbol of the key you must hit. COMMODORE J, for example, is represented by [c J], and SHIFT J by [s J].

Additionally, any character that occurs more than two times in a row will be displayed by a coded listing. For example, [3 "[LEFT]"] would be 3 CuRSoR left commands in a row, [ 5 "[s EP]"] would be 5 SHIFTed English Pounds, and so on. Multiple blank spaces will be noted in similar fashion: e.g., 22 spaces as [22 " "].
Sometimes you'll find a program line that's too long for the computer to accept ( $\mathrm{C}-64$ lines are a maximum of 80 characters, or 2 screen lines long; C-128 lines, a maximum of 160 characters, 2 or 4 screen lines in 40 or 80 columns respectively). To enter these lines, refer to the BASIC Command Abbreviations Appendix in your User Manual.
On the next page you'll find our Bug Repellent programs for the $\mathrm{C}-128$ and $\mathrm{C}-64$. The version for your machine will help you proofread programs after typing them. (Please note: the Bug Repellent line codes that follow each program line, in the whited-out area, should not be typed in. See instructions preceding each program.)
On the second page following you will find Flankspeed, our ML entry program, and instructions on its use.
Call Ahoy! at 212-239-6089 with any problems (if busy or no answer after three rings, call 212-239-0855).


## BUG REPELLENT FOR THE 64 \＆ 128 By BUCK CHILDRESS


#### Abstract

Please note：the Bug Repellent programs listed here are for Ahoy！programs published from the May 1987 issue onward！For older programs，use the older version． Type in，save，and run Bug Repellent．You＇ll be asked if you want automatic saves to take place．If so，you＇re prompted for the device， DISK（D）or TAPE（T）．You then pick a starting file number， 0 through 99．Next，you enter a name，up to 14 characters long．Ât this point，Bug Repellent verifies your entries and gives you a chance to change them if you want．If no changes are needed，Bug Repellent activates itself．（Pressing RETURN without answering the prompts defaults to disk drive and begins your files with＂00BACKUP＂．） Type NEW and begin entering an Ahoy！program．As you enter program lines and press RETURN，a Bug Repellent code appears at the top of your screen．If it doesn＇t match the code in the program listing，an error exists．Correct the line and the codes will match． If used，automatic saves take place every， 15 minutes．When the RETURN key is pressed on a program line，the screen changes color to let you know that a save will begin in about three seconds．You may cancel the save by pressing the RUN STOP key．The file number increments after each save．It resets to 00 if 99 is surpassed．After saving，or cancelling，the screen returns to its original color and the timer resets for 15 minutes．


When you＇ve finished using Bug Repellent，deactivate it by typing SYS 49152 ［RETURN］for the Commodore 64 or SYS 4864 ［RE－ TURN］for the Commodore 128.

## C－64 BUG REPELLENT

－15 PRINTCHR\＄（147）＂LOADING AND CHECKING THE DATA［3＂．＂］＂：J $=49152$

－3r）POKEJ＋B， $\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{A}:$ NEXTB：READA：IFA $=X T H E N 5($ ，
－45）PRINT：PRINT＂ERROR IN DATA LINE：＂PEEK（64）＊256＋PEEK（63） ：END
－5（） $\mathrm{X}=$（）： $\mathrm{J}=\mathrm{J}+12$ ：IFJ＜ 49456 THEN2 （）
－60）POKE198，$)$ ：POKE49456， 1 ：A\＄＝＂Y＂：B\＄＝A\＄：C\＄＝＂D＂：D\＄＝＂DISK＂：D
＝8：PRINTCHR\＄（147）
－79 INPUT＂DO YOU WANT AUTOMATIC SAVES（Y／N）＂；A\＄：PRINT：IFA \＄＝＂Y＂THEN9 ${ }^{\prime}$ ）
－80）PRINT＂NO AUTOMATIC SAVES［3＂．＂］＂：GOTO150）
－90）POKE49456， $1:$ INPUT＂DISK OR TAPE（D／T）＂；C\＄：IFC\＄＜＞＂D＂THE ND＝1：D\＄＝＂TAPE＂
－180）POKE49457，D：D\＄＝D\＄＋＂DRIVE＂：PRINT：INPUT＂FILE NUMBER（ （J－99）＂； N
－11f $\mathrm{N} \$=$ RIGHT $\$(\operatorname{STR} \$(\mathrm{~N}), 2):$ IFN $<1$ JTHENN $\$=$ CHR $\$(48)+\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{~N}+48$ ）
－120） $\mathrm{F} \$=$＂BACKUP＂$:$ PRINT：INPUT＂FILENAME＂； $\mathrm{F} \$: \mathrm{F} \$=\mathrm{N} \$+\mathrm{LEFT} \$(\mathrm{~F} \$$ ， 14）：L＝LEN（F\＄）
－130）POKE49458，L：FORJ＝1TOL：POKE49458＋J，ASC（MID\＄（F\＄，J，1））： NEXTJ：PRINT
－145）PRINT＂SAVING DEVICE＊＊＂D\＄：PRINT＂STARTING WITH＊＊＂F \＄
－150）PRINT：INPUT＂IS THIS CORRECT（Y／N）＂；B\＄：IFB\＄く＞＂Y＂THEN6 f）
－16（）POKE77r），131：POKE771，164：SYS49152：END
－17r）DATA169，79，32，210，255，162，38，16r），192，2（94，3，3，1597
－18）DATA2 ${ }^{\prime}$（ $\left.8,19,162,131,16\right)^{\prime}, 164,169,79,32,210,255,44,1615$
－ 19 （）DATA169，78，32，215，255，142，2，3，145，3，3，76， 1113
－2rر）DATA36，193，32，96，165，134，122，132，123，32，115，（），118）

－22（）DATA32，107，169，32，121，165，173，ァ，2，24ヶ），5，169，1215
－235 DATA79，141，2，3，76，162，164，169，门，133，2，133，1 1 ， 64
$\cdot 245$ DATA $251,133,252,133,254,24,191,25,69,254,230,254,197$ 5
－ 25 （）DATA24， 1 （ $11,21,69,254,17$（），23 $), 254,164,252,185,9,1724$
－26（）DATA2，133，253，2 2 ， $1,34,2(\rho, 6,165,2,73,255,133,1465$
－ 27 I DATA2， 2 （ $), 32,2(18,4,165,2,245,8,138,24,101,1125$
 49
－290 DATA213，138，41，245，74，74，74，74，24，1555，129，141， 1327
－30， 5 DATA44，193，138，41，15，24，155，129，141，45，193，162，1230）
－319 DATA厅， $189,43,193,245,12,157,9,4,173,134,2,1147$
－32 DATA157，（），216，232，298，239，169，38，141，2，3，173， 1578
－33（）DATA48，193，249，23，165，161，291，212，176，4，165，16r）， 1748


－36！DATA32，68，229，169，$, 168,174,49,193,32,186,255,1555$
－379 DATA173，5 $5,193,162,51,16{ }^{\prime}, 193,32,189,255,169,43,167$ ，
－38）DATA166，45，164，46，32，216，255，162，1，189，51，193，1529

－40， 5 DATA2 $91,48,298,3,292,16,234,32,33,193,76,116,1362$



## C－128 BUG REPELLENT

－10）PRINTCHR\＄（147）＂LOADING AND CHECKING THE DATA［3＂．＂］＂：J $=4864$

－3r）POKEJ $+\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{A}: \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{A}:$ NEXTB：READA： $\mathrm{IFA}=\mathrm{XTHEN5} 5$ ，
－49）PRINT：PRINT＂ERROR IN DATA LINE：＂PEEK（66）＊256＋PEEK（65） ：END
－50） $\mathrm{X}=$（）：J＝J +12 ：IFJ $<5213$ THEN2 9
－6r）PORE2（ 8, ，$:$ POKE5213， $5: A \$=" Y ": B \$=A \$: C \$=" D ": D \$=" D I S K ": D=$ 8：PRINTCHR\＄（147）
－75）INPUT＂DO YOU WANT AUTOMATIC SAVES（Y／N）＂；A\＄：PRINT：IFA \＄＝＂Y＂THEN9r）
－8号 PRINT＂NO AUTOMATIC SAVES［ 3 ＂．＂］＂：GOTO15r）
－9r）POKE5213， $1:$ INPUT＂DISK OR TAPE（D／T）＂；C\＄：IFC\＄＜＞＂D＂THEN $\mathrm{D}=1: \mathrm{D} \$=$＂TAPE＂
－10）POKE5214，D：D\＄＝D\＄＋＂DRIVE＂：PRINT：INPUT＂FILE NUMBER（ 0$)$ －99）＂； N
－115）N\＄＝RIGHT\＄（STR\＄（N），2）：IFN＜1／JTHENN\＄＝CHR\＄（48）＋CHR\＄（N＋48 ）
－129） $\mathrm{F} \$=$＂BACKUP＂：PRINT：INPUT＂FILENAME＂； $\mathrm{F} \$: \mathrm{F} \$=\mathrm{N} \$+\mathrm{LEFT} \$(\mathrm{~F} \$$ ， 14）：L＝LEN（F\＄）
－13r）POKE5215，L：FORJ＝1TOL：POKE5215＋J，ASC（MID\＄（F\＄，J，1））：NE XTJ：PRINT
－140）PRINT＂SAVING DEVICE＊＊＂D\＄：PRINT＂STARTING WITH＊＊＂F \＄
－150）PRINT：INPUT＂IS THIS CORRECT（Y／N）＂；B\＄：IFB\＄〈＞＂Y＂THEN6 r）
－16 POKE77r），198：POKE771，77：SYS4864：END
－179）DATA32，58，25，169，41，162，19，236，3，3，258，4，955
－ 189 DATA169，198，162，77，141，2，3，142，3，3，224，19， 1143
－190）DATA2 $98,7,32,125,255,79,78$, ，$, 96,32,125,255,1292$

－ 210 DATA24 1 ，19，201，48，144，9，201，58，176，5，133，251， 1485

－23（）DATA169，（），166，235，164，236，133，253，133，254，142，47，193 2
－24（）DATA2（, 14 （），48，2 $9,24,191,22,69,254,23(\rho, 254,24,12(\jmath 6$

－26r）DATA133，251，201，34，2r， $8,6,165,253,73,255,133,253,1965$

－289）DATA69，254，17ヶ，44，198，254，23 $), 252,164,251,298,213,23$ 97
－290 DATA138，41，249，74，74，74，74，24，105，65，141，88，1138
－30）DATA2 ${ }^{(1)}, 138,41,15,24,1(55,65,141,89,20,32,79,769$

－ 32 （J）DATA174，47，25，172，48，25 ，24，32，245，255，173，93， 1298
－33（）DATA2 $5,245,27,165,161,291,212,176,4,165,16(), 245,1771$
－345 DATA17，32，65，25，238，32，2 $98,238,1,214,32,225,1322$



－38f DATA174，94，29， $168,32,186,255,169,45,174,16,18,1351$
－39r）DATA172，17，18，32，216，255，162，1，189，96，25，168， 1346

－ 415 DATA48， 2 （ $18,3,25,2,16,234,32,49,29,141,15,2,955$
－ 429 DATA $76,183,77,58,59,32,65,29,296,32,298,296,1222$
－43（）DATA1，214，169，r），17 $), 168,76,219,255,32,79,2(1,14$ r）3
－44r）DATA169，26，141，r，214，173，r，214，16，251，96，162， 1462
－ $45{ }^{\prime}$ ）DATA $\left.{ }^{\prime}, 142,5,255,96,19,18,32,32,32,32,146,8\right)^{\prime} 4$


## FLANKSPEED FOR THE C－64 By GORDON F．WHEAT

Flankspeed will allow you to enter machine language Ahoy！programs without any mistakes．Once you have typed the program in，save it for future use．While entering an ML program with Flankspeed there is no need to enter spaces or hit the carriage return．This is all done automatically．If you make an error in a line a bell will ring and you will be asked to enter it again． To LOAD in a program Saved with Flankspeed use LOAD＂name＂， 1,1 for tape，or LOAD＂name＂，$, 1,1$ for disk．The function keys may be used after the starting and ending addresses have been entered．
fl －SAVEs what you have entered so far．
f3－LOADs in a program worked on previously．
f5－To continue on a line you stopped on after LOADing in the previous saved work．
f7－Scans through the program to locate a particular line，or to find out where you stopped the last time you entered the program． It temporarily freezes the output as well．
－19厅）POKE5328（），12：PORE53281，11
－ 105 PRINT＂［CLEAR］［c 8］［RVSON］［15＂＂］FLANKSPEED［15＂＂］＂；
－110 PRINT＂［RVSON］［5＂＂］MISTAKEPROOF ML ENTRY PROGRAM［ 6 ＂ ］＂
－ 115 PRINT＂［RVSON］［9＂＂］CREATED BY G．F．WHEAT［9＂＂］＂
－126）PRINT＂［RVSON］［3＂＂］COPR．1987，ION INTERNATIONAL INC．
［3＂＂］＂
－ 125 FORA $=54272$ TO54296：POKEA，ノ：NEXT
－130）POKE54272，4：POKE54273，48：POKE54277，（）：POKE54278，249：PO
KE54296， 15
－ 135 FORA $=68$ JTO699：READB：POKEA，B：NEXT
－145 DATA169，251，166，253，164，254，32，216，255，96
－ 145 DATA169，（），166，251，164，252，32，213，255，96
－150） $\mathrm{B} \$=$＂STARTING ADDRESS IN HEX＂：GOSUB430）：$A D=B: S R=B$
－ 155 GOSUB48 ）：IFB＝（ THEN15（）
－16f）POKE251，T（4）＋T（3）＊16：POKE252，T（2）＋T（1）＊16
－ $165 \mathrm{~B} \$=$＂ENDING ADDRESS IN HEX＂：GOSUB43 0 ： $\mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{B}$
－179）GOSUB470：IFB＝（THEN15（）
－ 175 PORE254， $\mathrm{T}(2)+\mathrm{T}(1) * 16: \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{T}(4)+\mathrm{l}+\mathrm{T}(3) * 16$
－185）IFB $>255$ THENB $=\mathrm{B}-255$ ：POKE254，PEEK（ 254 ）+1
－ 185 POKE253，B：PRINT
－190 REM GET HEX LINE
－ 195 GOSUB495：PRINT＂：［c P］［LEFT］＂；：FORA $=$（JT08

－ 205 NEXTB
－215 $\mathrm{A} \%(\mathrm{~A})=\mathrm{T}(1)+\mathrm{T}(\mathrm{r}) * 16$ ：IFAD $+\mathrm{A}-1=$ ENTHEN345
－215 PRINT＂［c P］［LEFT］＂；
－225 NEXTA：T＝AD－（INT（AD／256）＊256）：PRINT＂＂
－ 225 FORA $=$ OTO7：$: T=T+A \%(A):$ IFT $>255$ THENT $=T-255$
－ 23 r）NEXT
－ 235 IFA\％（8）＜＞TTHENGOSUB375：GOTO195
－24）$F O R A=$ rTO7：POKEAD $+\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{A} \%(\mathrm{~A}): \mathrm{NEXT}: \mathrm{AD}=\mathrm{AD}+8:$ GOTO195
－ 245 REM GET HEX INPUT
－250 GETA\＄：IFA\＄$=$＂＇＂THEN250
－ 255 LFA\＄$=$ CHR $\$(20)$ THEN3 35
－260）IFA $\$=$ CHR $\$(133)$ THEN535
－ 265 IFA $=$ CHR $\$\left(134\right.$ ）THEN56 ${ }^{\prime}$ ，
－275）IFA\＄＝CHR\＄（135）THENPRINT＂＂：GOTO629，
－ 275 IFA $\$=$ CHR $\$(136)$ THENPRINT＂＂：GOTO635
－280 IFA\＄＞＂＠＂ANDA\＄＜＂G＂THENT（B）＝ASC（A\＄）－55：GOTO295
－ 285 IFA\＄＞＂／＂ANDA\＄＜＂：＂THENT（B）＝ASC（A\＄）－48：GOT0295
－290）GOSUB415：GOT025r）
－ 295 PRINTA\＄＂［c P］［LFFT］＂；
－305）GOTO2O5
－ 355 IFA $>$（JTHEN320
－310）$A=-1:$ IFB $=1$ THEN33 ${ }^{\prime}$
－315 GOTO22
－325）IFB＝（9THENPRINTCHR $\$(20)$ ； $\operatorname{CHR} \$(20) ;: A=A-1$
－ $325 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{A}-1$
－330 PRINTCHR\＄（20）；：GOTO220
－ 335 REM LAST LINE
－345 PRINT＂＂：T＝AD－（INT（AD／256）＊256）
－ 345 FORB $=$（JTOA $-1: T=T+A \%(B): I F T>255 T H E N T=T-255$
－35 5 ，NEXT
－355 IFA\％（A）＜＞TTHENGOSUB375：GOTO195
－ 360 FORB $=$（ $/$ TOA $-1:$ POREAD $+\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{A} \%(\mathrm{~B})$ ：NEXT
－365 PRINT：PRINT＂YOU ARE FINISHED！＂：GOTO535
－375 REM BELL AND ERROR MESSAGES
－375 PRINT：PRINT＂LINE ENTERED INCORRECTLY＂：PRINT：GOTO415
－389）PRINT：PRINT＂INPUT A 4 DIGIT HEX VALUE！＂：GOT0415
－385 PRINT：PRINT＂ENDING IS LESS THAN STARTING！＂：B＝ノ！GOT041
－39r，PRINT：PRINT＂ADDRESS NOT WITHIN SPECIFIED RANGE！＂：B＝r）： GOT0415
－395 PRINT：PRINT＂NOT ZERO PAGE OR ROM！＂：B＝r）：GOT0415
－40，PRINT＂？ERROR IN SAVE＂：GOTO415
－405 PRINT＂？ERROR IN LOAD＂：GOTO415
－410 PRINT：PRINT：PRINT＂END OF ML AREA＂：PRINT
－415 POKE54276，17：POKE54276，16：RETURN
－420）OPEN15，8，15：INPUT\＃15，A，A\＄：CLOSE15：PRINTA\＄：RETURN
－ 425 REM GET FOUR DIGIT HEX
－43r）PRINT：PRINTB\＄；：INPUTT\＄
－445 FORA＝1TO4：A\＄＝MID\＄（T\＄，A，1）：GOSUB45 1 ：$:$ IFT（ $A$ ）$=16$ THENGOSUB
385：GOTO430）
－445 NEXT： $\mathrm{B}=(\mathrm{T}(1) * 4(196)+(\mathrm{T}(2) * 256)+(\mathrm{T}(3) * 16)+\mathrm{T}(4):$ RETURN
－45矢 IFA\＄＞＂＠＂ANDA\＄＜＂G＂THENT（A）＝ASC（A\＄）－55：RETURN
－455 IFA\＄＞＂／＂ANDA\＄＜＂：＂THENT（A）＝ASC（A\＄）－48：RETURN
－46r）T（A）$=16$ ：RETURN
－ 465 REM ADDRESS CHECK
－479）IFAD＞ENTHEN385
． 475 IFB＜SRORB＞ENTHEN39r）
－480）IFB＜2560R（B＞4 196 （）ANDB＜49152）ORB＞53247THEN 395
－ 485 RETURN
－49r）REM ADDRESS TO HEX
－495 AC＝AD：$A=4$（ر）96：GOSUB52 ${ }^{\circ}$
－500）$A=256$ ：GOSUB52
－ $505 A=16$ ：GOSUB52 9
－ $519 \mathrm{~A}=1$ ：GOSUB52 0
.515 RETURN
－520 T＝INT（AC／A）：IFT＞9THENA\＄＝CHR\＄（T＋55）：G0T0530，
－ 525 A $\$=$ CHR $\$(T+48)$
－530）PRINTA\＄；：AC＝AC－A＊T：RETURN
－ 535 A\＄＝＂＊＊SAVE＊＊＂：GOSUB585
－54）OPEN $1, \mathrm{~T}, 1$, A\＄：SYS68 ${ }^{5}$ ：CLOSE1
－ 545 IFST＝ 1 THENEND
－550）GOSUB4rر）：$I F T=8$ THENGOSUB42 2 ）
－ 555 GOTO535
－565 A\＄＝＂＊＊LOAD＊＊＂：GOSUB585
－ 565 OPEN1，T，$), A \$: S Y S 690^{\prime}$ ：CLOSE1
－579 IFST＝64THEN195
－ 575 GOSUB4 5 5：IFT＝8THENGOSUB42 ${ }^{\circ}$ ）
－58 G GOTO56 ${ }^{5}$
－ 585 PRINT＂＂：PRINTTAB（14）A\＄
－59r）PRINT：A\＄＝＂＂＇：INPUT＂FILENAME＂；A\＄
－ 595 IFAS $=$＂＂THEN59 $)^{\prime}$
－6rر）PRINT：PRINT＂TAPE OR DISK？＂：PRINT
－6rر5 GETB $\$: T=1:$ IFB $\$=$＂D＂THENT＝8：A\＄＝＂＠r）：＂＋A\＄：RETURN
．61＇）IFB\＄＜＞＂T＂THEN6 65
－ 615 RETURN
－620 $\mathrm{B} \$$＝＂CONTINUE FROM ADDRESS＂：GOSUB43（）：AD＝B
－ 625 GOSUB475：IFB＝（JTHEN62の）
－630）PRINT：GOTO195
OD $.635 \mathrm{~B} \$=$＂BEGIN SCAN AT ADDRESS＂：GOSUB43 ）：AD＝B
－645）GOSUB475：IFB＝（）THEN635
－645 PRINT：GOT0679
OSUB415：GOT0195
－660）PRINT：$A D=A D+8$
－ 665 GETB $\$:$ IFB $\$=$ CHR $\$(136)$ THEN195
－675）GOSUB495：PRINT＂：＂；：GOT0650）

IK

## COMPILING STRINGS <br> FROM PAGE 20

## MINI－COMP

$\cdot 1$
－ 2 REM MINI－COMP
－ 3 REM RUPERT REPORT \＃59
－ 4 REM A MINIMAL COMPILER FOR THE C－64 IN
－5 REM＝＝＝＝＝＝＝RUN 20رff，TO COMPILE＝＝＝＝＝＝CI
－ 8 REM THESE ARE ALL ALLOWED TYPES OF STA TEMENTS
－9 REM A AND A\％BOTH REPRESENT THE SAME I NTEGER
－15）$A=5{ }^{\prime}$
－29） $\mathrm{B}=-1$（）
－35） $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A}$
－45） $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$
－5r）IF $A=B$ THEN $6{ }^{\circ}$ ，
－60）GOTO 75
－75）PRINT
－85）PRINT A
－90）PRINT B；
－10ر PRINT CHR\＄（C）
－11J PRINT CHR\＄（D）；
－125）$A \$=C H R \$(C)$
－13 13 B＝＂HELLO＂
－145） $\mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{A} \$$
－150） $\mathrm{B} \$=\mathrm{B} \$+\mathrm{A} \$$
－16rJ PRINT A\＄
－179）PRINT B\＄；
－ 999 END
－1fors REM－－－COMMON ROUTINES－－－
－11ヶر）C＝PEEK（M）：M＝M＋1：PRINT C，：IF C＝32 THEN 11ヶת）：REM IGNORE SPACES
－1110 IF C＝r，THEN PRINT
－112ヶ RETURN
－130ヶ）VT＝r）：REM VT＝r），NOT A VARIABLE；VT＝ 1，INTEGER；VT＝2，STRING NI
－1315 IF C＜65 OR C＞9（）THEN RETURN ：REM NO T A VARIABLE
－1329 VN＝C：$C 1=\operatorname{PEEK}(M): M=M+1: \quad$ REM $V N=V A R$ NAME
－133 ）IF C1＝36 THEN VT＝2：PRINT C1，：RETU RN：REM＇\＄STRING VAR
－134r）IF Cl＝37 THEN VT＝1：GOTO 136r）：PRIN T C1，：REM＇\％INTEGER VAR
－135！）VT＝1：M＝M－1：GOTO 136r）：REM DEFAUL T＝INTEGER
－ $1355 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}-1$ ：RETURN：REM NOT A VARIABLE
－136r） $\mathrm{AD}=(\mathrm{VN}-65) * 2+\mathrm{VM}$

－1380）NX＝AD＋1：GOSUB 14 rر）：A2＝NL：A3 $=\mathrm{NH}$
－1395 RETURN
－145r） $\mathrm{NH}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{NX} / 256)$
－1415 NL＝NX－256＊NH
－1420 RETURN
－150 F FOR KK＝1 TO N
－1515 IF CM＞EM THEN PRINT＂OUT OF MEMORY COMPILED PRGM TOO LARGE＂：END
－1520 POKE CM，C（KK）
－1530 PRINT CM；＂：＂；C（KK）
－154（） $\mathrm{CM}=\mathrm{CM}+1$ ：NEXT
－1550 RETURN
－16rر）REM GET ADDR OF STRING VAR WITH NAM E IN VN
－162（）SV＝VN－65 ：REM STRING VARIABLE \＃
－163（）IF SV （ ，OR SV＞ 25 THEN EC＝65：GOSUB 10رjofs：STOP
－164r）IF $\mathrm{SB}(\mathrm{SV})=$（ $)$ THEN GOTO 166r，：REM
NEW STRING
－1655 MEM $=\mathrm{EM}-\mathrm{SB}(\mathrm{SV}) * 256+1$ ：GOTO 169r，
－166r）NB＝NB＋1：IF NB $>26$ THEN PRINT＂TOO MA NY STRING VARIABLES＂：STOP
－1670）SB（SV）＝NB ：REM BLOCK \＃
－1685）MEM＝EM－NB＊256＋1：IF（MEM－CM）＜256 TH EN PRINT＂OUT OF STRING SPACE＂：STOP HK
－169r）NX＝MEM：GOSUB 14rر）：RETURN ：REM A DDR IN NL／NH
－ $20 \rho \mathrm{j} \rho \mathrm{\rho}$ REM $===$ INITIALTZATION $======\quad$ AG
－2ヶ10 DIM LL（5r，2）：REM LL（N，1）＝LINE \＃OF NTH LINE ON
－ 2015 ：REM LL（ $\mathrm{N}, 2$ ）$=$ COMPILED MEM LOCATION OF THIS LINE
－ 2020 DIM C（1 10 ر $\mu)$ ：REM STORES OBJECT COD

## E BYTES

－2030 FALSE＝r）：TRUE＝NOT FALSE
－ 25451 DEF FNPTR（M）＝PEEK（M）+256 ＊PEEK（M＋1）EH
－2050）VM＝49152 ：REM \＄COJJ START OF VARIA
BLE MEM

T MEMORY
－2075 EM＝53247 ：REM \＄CFFF END OF OBJECT MEMORY
－2 2 ग75 DIM $\mathrm{SB}(25), \mathrm{S}(255): \mathrm{SM}=52992$ ： $\mathrm{NB}=$（ ， ：REM STRING VARIABLES
 TEXT
－ 2 rر85 GOSUB 11 rرfrs ：REM PUT PRINT RTN IN MEM

DI
－ 2 2ر90） $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{BT}$ TO PEEK
－ 210 ر） $\mathrm{SN}=1$
MENT NUMBER
－2110） $\mathrm{CM}=\mathrm{PM}$ TO POKE
：REM NEXT SOURCE MEMORY
：REM CURRENT SOURCE STATE
DB
－212「 FOR N＝VM TO VM＋51：POKE N，厄：NEXT ： REM CLR VAR＇S
－ 2125 REM $=============$ MAIN $===========$ MI
－2135）PTR＝FNPTR（M）：M＝M＋2 ：REM NEXT LIN E PTR
HKDI
N

－214厅 $L N=F N P T R(M): M=M+2$ LINE \＃
－2150 IF LN＞999 THEN PRINT＂［3＂＝＂］END OF PASS 1 ［ 3 ＂$=$＂］＂：GOTO 24rر
－216「今 PRINT＂［5＂＂］CURRENT LINE \＃＝＂；LN HC
－ $217 \mathrm{r}_{5} \mathrm{LL}(\mathrm{SN}, 1)=\mathrm{LN}$ ：REM CURRENT LINE \＃EG
－2185）LL（SN，2）＝CM MEM LOC
：REM START OBJ
－219（） $\mathrm{SN}=\mathrm{SN}+1$ ：REM \＃SOURCE STATEMENTS
－22rر）REM－－GET BYTE－－－
－2215 GOSUB 11rر）：REM FETCH NEXT BYTE EO
－2220 GOSUB 130ر）：IF VT＝1 THEN GOSUB 30 rرj ：GOTO 229r）：REM＇VARIABLE
－ 2225 IF VT＝2 THEN GOSUB 9rjrj：GOTO 229r） ：REM STRING VARIABLE
－2230）IF C＝139 THEN GOSUB 4rرjrs：GOTO 229r， ：REM＇IF
－224r）IF C＝137 THEN GOSUB 5r，jr）：GOTO 229r， ：REM＇GOTO
－2250 IF C＝153 THEN GOSUB 6rرfrs：GOTO 229r， ：REM＇PRINT
－2260 IF C＝128 THEN GOSUB 7rرr） 5 ：GOTO 229r， ：REM＇END
－2275 IF C＝143 THEN GOSUB 80ر5）GOTO 2290， ：REM＇REM
－2285）PRINT＂UNKNOWN COMMAND CODE＂；C；＂IN LINE＂；LL（SN，1）：STOP
 ：REM＇EOL
－230ر）GET K $\$:$ IF K $\$=$＂＂THEN 213 ${ }^{\circ}$ ）：REM BACK FOR MORE
－2310 GET K\＄：IF K\＄＝＂＂THEN 231ヶ
－2320 GOTO 213
－240ر）REM－PASS 2 －FIX JUMP ADDRESSES
－2415 IF JI＝0 THEN 2575 ：REM NO JUMPS
－ 2425 FOR $N=1$ TO JI ：REM CHECK ITEMS IN JUMP TABLE
－2430 ：MM＝JT $(N, 1)$ ：REM REFERENCED LINE \＃AD
－2440 ：FOR J＝1 TO SN ：REM CHECK ACTUAL LINE \＃S
－ 2445 ：REM－GET OBJ MEM TARGET ADDRESS AND JMP ADDRESS：
－2450）：IF MM＝LL（J，1）THEN TADDR＝JT（N，2）： JADDR＝LL（J，2）：GOTO 249「）
－246『）：NEXT J
－2475 ：REM NO MATCH FOUND

－2490）：NX＝JADDR ：REM ADDR OF LINE \＃MM CB
－ 2530 ：GOSUB 140 r）：REM CONVERT LINE \＃KB
－2545）：POKE TADDR，NL ：REM USE ADDR IN JUMP TABLE
－2550）：POKE TADDR＋1，NH
－2560 NEXT N ：REM NEXT JUMP TABLE ITEM JJ
－2570）PRINT＂［3＂＝＂］END OF PASS 2 ［ $3^{\prime \prime}="$＂］ON
－2585 PRINT＂TO EXECUTE THE COMPILED PROGR AM，ENTER＂
－2590）PRINT＂SYS＂；PM AA
－2595 PRINT＂OBJECT CODE RESIDES FROM＂；PM；
＂TO＂；CM－1
－26rر）END
－3000 REM 《＜＜$A=(-) N N, A=B, A=B+C \gg$
－3010 D 1 ＝Ar）：D1＝A1 ：REM ADDR OF A＇S LSB
－3020）D2＝A2：D3＝A3 ：REM A＇S MSB
 M NOT＇$=$
－3 354 （）GOSUB 115 rs $:$ REM $^{\prime}-$ ，NN，OR B
－3050 GOSUB 1305）：IF VT＝1 THEN 34ros
－3055 REM＜＜＜A＝（－）NN＞＞＞
－3 3 j6r）IF C＝171 THEN C\＄＝＂－＂：REM＇－
－3ノJ65 IF C＜＞171 THEN C $\$="$＂＋CHR\＄（C）：REM 1ケ－9
－3r，7r GOSUB 110 5 ）：REM GET DIGITS OF NN
－3rر80 IF C＝r，THEN 312r）
－3085 IF CHR\＄（C）＜＂ノ＂OR CHR\＄（C）＞＂9＂THEN EC＝48：GOSUB 10ر） 5 （5：STOP
－3099） $\mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{C} \$+\mathrm{CHR} \$$（C）
－ 31 s 5 J GOTO 3075
－3120 NN＝VAL（C\＄）
－313 5 N\％＝NN ：REM ERROR CHECK
－3140 IF NN （ 0 ）THEN NN＝NN＋65536 ：REM CONVERT（ $-32768,32767$ ）TO（ $\wp, 65535)$
－315 5 NX＝NN：GOSUB 140 rs
－3179 MSB＝NH：LSB＝NL
－ 3175 ：REM LDA \＃NN（LSB），STA A（LSB），LDA \＃NN（MSB），STA A（MSB）
－318 $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}=1 \mathrm{\rho}\right): C(1)=169: C(2)=$ LSB：$C(3)=141$ ： $C(4)=D f: C(5)=D 1$
－3191）$C(6)=169: C(7)=$ MSB：$C(8)=141: C(9)=$
D2：$C(15)=D 3$
－320 5 GOSUB 150 5 ：REM POKE VALUES INTO

## OBJECT MEMORY

－3215 RETURN
－340 1 （）REM＜＜＜$A=B$ OR $A=B+C \ggg$
－3415 $\left.\left.\mathrm{S}^{( }\right)=\mathrm{A}\right): ~ S 1=A 1 \quad: R E M$ B＇S LSB ADDR
－3420 S2＝A2：S3＝A3 ：REM B＇S MSB
－3430 GOSUB 11 rرs
－3445）IF C＝r）THEN 360رr ：REM A＝B
－345（）REM＜＜＜A＝B＋C＞＞＞
－3460）IF Cく＞175 THEN EC＝175：EC\＄＝＂＋＂： GOSUB 10 rjors：STOP ：REM TEST＇+
－3475，GOSUB 115ر）：GOSUB 135ر5：IF VT $\langle>1 \mathrm{TH}$ EN EC＝65：GOSUB 1rofjrf：STOP：REM＇C
 10ر） 5 ro：STOP ：REM＇EOL
－3490）S4＝A厅：S5＝A1 ：REM ADDR C＇S LSB
－350）S6＝A2：S7＝A3 ：REM C＇S MSB
－353「）REM CLC，LDA B（LSB），ADC C（LSB），STA A（LSB）
－ 3535 REM LDA B（MSB），ADC C（MSB），STA A（M SB）
－354）$N=19: C(1)=24: C(2)=173: C(3)=S \rho: C$ （4）$=$ S1
－3555）$C(5)=1$（ر9：$C(6)=S 4: C(7)=S 5: C(8)=14$ 1：$C(9)=D \rho: C(1 \rho)=D 1$
－356r）$C(11)=173: C(12)=S 2: C(13)=S 3: C(14$ ）$=1$ 1ر9：$C(15)=S 6: C(16)=S 7$

[^2]$\qquad$
A
，

pr

－3575 $C(17)=141: C(18)=D 2: C(19)=D 3$
－3589 GOSUB 150 f）
－3590）RETURN
－36rر）REM＜＜＜A＝B＞＞＞
－3615 REM LDA B（LSB），STA A（LSB），LDA B（M SB），STA A（MSB）
－362丁 $N=12: C(1)=173: C(2)=S \rho!C(3)=S 1: C$ （4）＝141：C（5）$=\mathrm{D}$ ）： $\mathrm{C}(6)=\mathrm{D} 1$
－3630）$C(7)=173: C(8)=S 2: C(9)=S 3: C(15)=1$ 41：C（11）＝D2：C（12）＝D3
－364r GOSUB 150 5 ）
－3655 RETURN
－4rرj）REM＜＜＜IF A＝B THEN MM＞＞＞
－4010 GOSUB 110rs ：REM＇A
－4020）GOSUB 13rر）：IF VT＜＞1 THEN EC＝65：
GOSUB 10jojrs：STOP

 GOSUB 1rjofirg：STOP
－4050 GOSUB 110rs ：REM＇B
－4060 GOSUB 13rj）：IF VT＜＞1 THEN EC＝65： GOSUB 10رjos：STOP
－4 079 （9）GOSUB 1150 ：REM＇THEN
 STOP
－4rر9r）C\＄＝＂＂
－410，GOSUB 110ر）：IF C＝r，THEN 4120 ：REM GET MM
－4110） $\mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{C} \$+\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{C})$ ：GOTO 41 J 5
－4125 $\mathrm{MM}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{C} \$)$
－4135 IF MMくऽ OR MM＞999 THEN EC＝1：GOSUB 10رjors：STOP
－414の ${ }^{\text {j }}$ JI $=\mathrm{JI}+1$ ：REM JUMP TABLE INDEX
－4150 JT（JI，（）$)=\mathrm{LN}$
：REM CURRENT LINE \＃ML
－416r）JT（JI，1）＝MM ：REM TARGET LINE \＃
－4175）JT（JI，2）＝CM＋17 ：REM MEM LOC AFTER ＇JMP
－418 ${ }^{\prime}$ ）REM LDA A（MSB），CMP B（MSB），BNE EX IT，
－ 4185 REM LDA A（LSB），CMP B（LSB），BNE EX IT，JMP MM
－419r） $\mathrm{N}=19: \mathrm{C}(1)=173: \mathrm{C}(2)=\mathrm{S} 2: \mathrm{C}(3)=\mathrm{S} 3$
－420 f）$C(4)=205: C(5)=A 2: C(6)=A 3$
－4210）$C(7)=208: C(8)=11: C(9)=173: C(15)=$ S5： $\mathrm{C}(11)=\mathrm{S} 1$
－422ヶ $C(12)=205: C(13)=A \rho: C(14)=A 1$
－423）$C(15)=2 \rho 8: ~ C(16)=3: ~ C(17)=76: C(18)$ ＝r）：C（19）＝「
－4245 GOSUB 155ر）
－4250）RETURN
－50） 5 rs REM＜＜＜GOTO MM＞＞＞
－5010 C $\$="$＂
－ 502 J$)$ GOSUB $110 \mathrm{~J} \boldsymbol{5}$ ：REM GET DIGITS OF MM

－5 5） 4 r） $\mathrm{C} \$=\mathrm{C} \$+\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{C})$
－50，50 GOTO 5020
－5060 $\mathrm{MM}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{C} \$)$


10jorjo：STOP

：REM JUMP TABLE INDEX
－ $5085 \mathrm{JT}(\mathrm{JI}, \mathrm{r})=\mathrm{LN}$ ：REM SOURCE LINE\＃CG
－ $509 \mathrm{f} \rho \mathrm{JT}(\mathrm{JI}, 1)=\mathrm{MM}$ ：REM TARGET LINE\＃MM
－ 51 万r，JT（JI，2）$=$ CM +1 ：REM OBJ MEM LOCATION AFTER＇JMP＇
－5115 REM JMP MM
－ $5120 \mathrm{~N}=3: \mathrm{C}(1)=76: \mathrm{C}(2)=$ r）： $\mathrm{C}(3)=$ r
－5135 GOSUB 155ر）
－5140 RETURN
－6r，jr）REM 《＜＜PRINT，PRINT A［；］，OR PRINT CHR\＄（A）［；］＞＞＞
－6r，10 GOSUB 110ر：IF C＝199 THEN 630）：REM ＇CHR\＄
－6r20 IF $\mathrm{C}=$ r，THEN PC＝13：GOSUB 620r）：RETU
RN：REM＇PRINT
－6030 GOSUB 13（r）：IF VT＝2 THEN 97rر）JL
－6rر35 IF VT＜＞1 THEN EC＝65：GOSUB 10رjos：S TOP
－6r）4 0 REM＜＜＜PRINT A＞＞＞
－6 050 J REM LDX \＄A（MSB），LDY \＄A（LSB），JSR \＄C「J（
－6r）6r PRINT：$N=9: C(1)=174: C(2)=A 厅: C(3)$ ＝A1
－6r）79 $C(4)=172: C(5)=A 2: C(6)=A 3$
－6rj8）$C(7)=32: C(8)=224: C(9)=192$
－6rر9r）GOSUB 15rJ́s
－6r995 PC＝32：GOSUB 62rر）：REM ADD SPACE AFTER DIGITS
－610rs GOSUB 110ر）：IF C＝r，THEN PC＝13：GOSU
B 62015：RETURN ：REM PRINT CR

STOP ：REM＇；
－6120 GOSUB 110ヶ：IF C $\gg$ ）THEN EC＝r！GOSUB 10jofos：STOP
－6130 RETURN
－6205）REM－－PRINT CHARACTER PC－－
－6215 REM LDA \＃PC，JSR \＄FFD2
－622 1 PRINT： $\mathrm{N}=5: \mathrm{C}(1)=169: \quad \mathrm{C}(2)=\mathrm{PC}: \quad \mathrm{C}(3)=$ 32
－6230 $C(4)=21 \rho$ ：$C(5)=255$ ：GOSUB 15（ر）$)$
－624）RETURN
－630）REM＜＜＜PRINT CHR\＄（A）［；］＞＞＞
－6315 GOSUB 115ر）：IF C＜＞45）THEN $\mathrm{EC}=4 \rho$ ：GO
SUB 10jfrfos：STOP ：REM＇（
－632 GOSUB 115ر）：GOSUB 130 5 ：IF VT $<>1$ TH EN EC＝65：GOSUB 10رゥos：STOP
－6330 REM LDA A（LSB），JSR \＄FFD2
－6345 PRINT：$N=6: C(1)=173: C(2)=A 厅: C(3)$
＝A1
－6350）$C(4)=32: C(5)=21 \rho: C(6)=255$
－636r GOSUB 15rjr
－637r）GOSUB 11Jf）：IF C $<>41$ THEN EC＝41：GO SUB 10ر） 5 OS：STOP ：REM ${ }^{\prime}$ ）

－639（）PRINT：PC＝13：GOSUB 620（5）：RETURN
 STOP ：REM＇；
 10رjojs：STOP
－6425 RETURN
－70ヶr）REM＜＜＜＜END＞＞＞
－70，55 REM RTS
－7rر15 N＝1：C（1）＝96：GOSUB 150ヶ）
－7r20 GOSUB 11ヶrs：IF Cく＞（r）THEN EC＝r）：GOSUB 1rرjofs：STOP
－7r）35 RETURN
－80رJ）REM＜＜＜＜REM＞＞＞
－8010 GOSUB $110 \%$ ：IF C＞$>0$ THEN 8010
－85，20 RETURN
－ 8999 REM＜＜STRINGS＞＞
－90rj）REM＜＜STRING VARIABLES＞＞
－9rر10 GOSUB 16rر）：Drj＝NL：D1＝NH：REM GET D EST VAR ADDR
－9025 GOSUB 110ヶ：IF C $<>178$ THEN EC＝178： EC\＄＝＂＝＂：GOSUB 1r，
－9rj3r GOSUB 115rs
 A $\$=\mathrm{B} \$ .$.
－9r50）IF C＝34 THEN 920rs ：REM＂＂LITERAL＂
－9rJ60 IF C＜＞199 THEN EC＝199：EC $\$==" C H R \$ ":$ GOSUB 1grojs）：STOP
－91ر）REM＜＜A\＄＝CHR\＄（N）＞＞
 \＄＝＂（＂：GOSUB 1rرforf：STOP
－9120 GOSUB 115 5 ：GOSUB 135） 5 ：IF VT $<>1 \mathrm{TH}$ EN EC＝65：GOSUB 1rosjos：STOP
－9130）GOSUB 11 J厅ر：IF Cく＞41 THEN EC＝41：EC \＄＝＂）＂：GOSUB 1rرrors）：STOP
 10رjors：STOP
－9150）REM LDA \＃1；STA A\＄；LDA N．LSB；LDY \＃1；STA A\＄，Y
－9165）$N=13: C(1)=169: C(2)=1: C(3)=141: C$ （4）$=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{s}: \mathrm{C}(5)=\mathrm{D} 1: C(6)=173$
－917ヶ）$C(7)=A$ 欠）：$C(8)=A 1: C(9)=16 \rho): C(15)=1$ ：$C(11)=153: \quad C(12)=D{ }^{\prime}$
－918（）C（13）＝D1：GOSUB 150（5）：RETURN
－920r）REM＜＜A\＄＝＂LITERAL＂＞＞
－ 92 （ $) 5$ NC＝r）：REM STORE \＃OF CHARS
－9215 GOSUB 115ر）：IF C＝34 THEN 925rs
－9220 NC＝NC＋1：IF NC＝256 THEN PRINT＂STRIN G TOO LONG＂：STOP
－923 5 S（NC）$=\mathrm{C}$
－9245 GOTO 921r
 B 10joros：STOP
－926r）REM LDA \＃NC：STA A\＄：LDY \＃1
－9265 REM ．．FOR K＝1 TO NC：LDA \＃S（K）：ST A A\＄，Y：INY：NEXT K．．
－9275， $\mathrm{N}=7: \mathrm{C}(1)=169: \mathrm{C}(2)=\mathrm{NC}: C(3)=141: C$ （4）$=\mathrm{D}$ ）： $\mathrm{C}(5)=\mathrm{D}$ ： $\mathrm{C}(6)=16$ ）： $\mathrm{C}(7)=1$
－928r）GOSUB 15rj）
－9290 N＝6：FOR K＝1 TO NC：$C(1)=169: C(2)=$ $S(K): C(3)=153: C(4)=D \rho: C(5)=D 1$
－ $9295 \mathrm{C}(6)=2 \mathrm{j} \boldsymbol{\rho}):$ GOSUB 15ر） $\mathrm{f}:$ NEXT K ：RETU

RN
－94rر）REM 《＜A\＄＝B\＄．．．＞＞
－9410）GOSUB 16rر）：S $\lrcorner=$ NL： $\mathrm{S} 1=\mathrm{NH}$ ：REM B\＄A DDR
 M＇+

－944）REM LDX B\＄：LDY \＃广；LOOP：LDA B\＄，Y
；STA A\＄，Y；INY；BPL LOOP
－9450）$N=15: C(1)=174: C(2)=S(1: C(3)=S 1: C$
（4）$\left.=16{ }^{\prime}: \quad \mathrm{C}(5)=\mathrm{r}\right): C(6)=185: C(7)=S \rho$
DH
－9460）$C(8)=S 1: C(9)=153: C(10)=D$ 万：$: C(11)=$ D1：$C(12)=25 \rho: C(13)=252$
－9475） $\mathrm{C}(14)=16$ ： $\mathrm{C}(15)=246$ ：GOSUB 155ر）：RE TURN
－950r）REM＜＜A\＄＝B\＄＋C\＄＞＞
 EN EC＝65：GOSUB 1 rorsjr）：STOP
－952 GOSUB 16rر）：S2＝NL：S3＝NH ：REM C\＄AD DR
－953 GOSUB 11ヶヶ）：IF C＞0）THEN EC＝r）：GOSUB 10رうj）：STOP
－ 9535 GOSUB 945（）：REM A\＄＝B\＄
－954 $\mathrm{N}=53: \mathrm{C}(1)=169$ ： $\mathrm{C}(2)=\mathrm{D}$ ）： $\mathrm{C}(3)=133$ ：
$\mathrm{C}(4)=253: C(5)=169: C(6)=D 1$
－9545 $C(7)=133: C(8)=254: C(9)=173: C(1 \rho)$
$=S \rho_{1}: C(11)=S 1: C(12)=24: C(13)=101 \quad N F$
－955（）$C(14)=253: C(15)=133: C(16)=253: C($
17）$=169: C(18)=$ 「）：$C(19)=1 \rho 1$
－9555 C（25）$=254: \mathrm{C}(21)=133: \mathrm{C}(22)=254: \mathrm{C}($
23）$=174: \quad \mathrm{C}(24)=S 2: \quad \mathrm{C}(25)=\mathrm{S} 3$
－956！ $\mathrm{C}(26)=16$ 万： $\mathrm{C}(27)=1: \mathrm{C}(28)=185: \mathrm{C}(29$ ）＝S2：$C(3$（ $)=S 3: \quad C(31)=145$
－9565 C（32）＝253： $\mathrm{C}(33)=2$ ر）$: ~ C(34)=175: C($
35）$=2$ 「 $8: ~ C(36)=247: C(37)=173$
－9579）$C(38)=S$ 万 ：$C(39)=S 1: C(4 \rho)=24: C(41)$
＝159：$C(42)=S 2: \quad C(43)=S 3$
－9575 $C(44)=144: C(45)=5: \quad C(46)=162: C(47$
）＝23：$C(48)=158: C(49)=1)$
－958 $\mathrm{C}(50)=3: \mathrm{C}(51)=141: \mathrm{C}(52)=\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{f}: \mathrm{C}(53)$ ＝D1
－959（）GOSUB 150） 5 ：RETURN
－970ر）REM＜＜PRINT A\＄＞＞
－9710）GOSUB 160 r）：Srر＝NL：S1＝NH
JK
－972丁 REM LDX LEN（A\＄）；LDY \＃1；LOOP：LD A A\＄，Y；JSR \＄FFD2；INY；DEX；BNE LOOP AH
－9730）$N=15: C(1)=174: C(2)=S$（ $: ~ C(3)=S 1: C$
（4）$=16$ r：$: C(5)=1: C(6)=185$
－974）$C(7)=S$ 「 ：$: C(8)=S 1: C(9)=32: C(1 \rho)=21$
ケ： $\mathrm{C}(11)=255: \quad \mathrm{C}(12)=205$
－975（）$C(13)=2 \circ 2: C(14)=2 \rho 8: C(15)=246: G O$ SUB 15 r） r $^{\prime}$
－976r）GOSUB 115ر）：IF C＝r，THEN PC＝13：GOSU B 620）：RETURN
－977）IF Cく＞59 THEN EC＝59：EC $\$=$＂；＂：GOSUB 10رrors：STOP
－9785 GOSUB 110ر）：IF C $\gg$ ）THEN EC＝$=$ ）：GOSUB 10رうノر）：STOP
－9795 RETURN
－10jofrs PRINT：PRINT＂［RVSON］SYNTAX ERROR IN LINE［RVSOFF］＂；LN
－10رJ10 IF EC＝r）THEN PRINT＂EXPECTED END－OF －LINE NOT FOUND＂：RETURN
－10رう2の IF EC＝1 THEN PRINT＂INVALID LINE NU MBER＂：RETURN
－10رJ3（）IF EC＝48 THEN PRINT＂NUMERIC VALUE rر－9 EXPECTED＂：RETURN
－10rر4r）IF EC＝65 THEN PRINT＂VARIABLE A－Z E XPECTED＂：RETURN
－10ヶ55r）IF EC＞ 127 THEN PRINT＂EXPECTED BASI C KEYWORD＂；EC\＄：RETURN
－10ر）6（）PRINT＂EXPECTED CHARACTER［3＂＂］＂；CH R\＄（EC）；＂［3＂＂］WITH ASCII VALUE＂EC ：RETUR N
－110رfs REM－－PUT M．L．PRINT ROUTINE INTO MEMORY－－
－11ऽ10）M＝49376 ：REM \＄C「E
－1102の CS＝3319 ：REM CHECKSUM

－11049 POKE $M, B: M=M+1: C K=C K+B$
－11055 GOTO 11rر30
－11060 IF CK＜＞CS THEN PRINT＂ERROR IN DATA STATEMENTS STARTING AT［ 3 ＂ 1 ＂］ 2 万省：STOP
－115 15 （S）RETURN
－11080 DATA 169，32， 20 r），136，16， 2 PD
－11ヶ9r）DATA 169，45，32，215，255，152， 1 6， 12
－1110， 152

C248： 69 8r， 85 FB A5 FC 69 رノの BF C25ノ： 85 FC CA Dr Fr，A9 7785 厄6 C258：厅2 A9 ケ5 85 ケ3 A2 厄6 A「 DA C26ヶ：ग8 B1 FB 91 厅2 88 1ヶ F9 3C C268：18 A5 か2 692885 け2 A5 E6
 C278： 698085 FB A5 FC 69 rرノ EF C28r）： 85 FC CA 10 DA 6r，6r，AD 27 C288：fors DC C9 7F FJ F8 8D 5D 83 C290：CC 29 r4 Dr 10 AD 64 CC 4A C298：C9 ग5 FO EA CE 64 CC CE 12 C2A厅： 66 CC 2 9 F6 C2 AD 5D CC 85 C2A8： 29 ग8 D厅 19 AD 64 CC C9 63 C2Br）： 72 Fr D3 EE 64 CC EE 66 5D C2B8：CC 2厅 J6 C3 AD 5D CC 29 7r C2Cケ：ر1 Dr 1ヶ AD 65 CC C9 ハ6 52 C2C8：Fr， 2 r）CE 65 CC CE 67 CC DD C2Dr：2ヶ 16 C3 AD 5D CC 29 厅2 CD C2D8：Dr 10 AD 65 CC C9 73 Fr C7 C2E 0 ：ノ9 EE 65 CC EE 67 CC 2ヶ 4 E C2E8： 26 C3 AD 5D CC 29 1r $D \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{J}} \mathrm{B} 4$ C2Fr）： 15420 F2 C3 60 6r， 38 AD 72 C2F8： 37 C3 E9 厄1 8D 37 C3 9の F7 C30ر： 9160 CE 38 C3 6918 AD 52 C3「8： 37 C 369 厂1 8D 37 C 3 Br A 6 C319：ر1 6r）EE 38 C3 6r） 38 AD A2 C318： 37 C3 E9 8r）8D 37 C3 9r） 96 C32r：介1 6r，CE 38 C3 6r， 18 AD 72 C328： 37 C3 6989 8D 37 C3 Br 46 C33ヶ：ノ1 6r，EE 38 C3 6r）8D 89 F3 C338： 64 6r）29 E4 FF C9． 44 Fr 「 1 C345：ノ1 60 AD 37 C3 8D 4F C3 EA C348：AD 38 C3 8D 50，C3 AD rر介 41 C350：6r）8D 6r，CC C9 6A 9r，E9 1A C358：A9 68 2の 36 C3 2の 35 C2 9C C36ヶ：29 99 C3 6r）AD 37 C3 8D 74 C368： 71 C3 AD 38 C3 8D 72 C3 ヶB
 C378：A9 62 2r 36 C3 2r 16 C1 96 C38r）：A9 B5 8D 62 C 5 A9 CB 8D 93 C388： 63 Cr，20 5F Cr A9 ヶر）8D 24 C39ヶ： 55 CC 2厅 E9 C1 2r） 72 Cr）D1 C398：6r，AD 6r，CC C9 71 Br） 41 か1 C3Aケ：AD 6r，CC C9 6A Dr 1E A9 48 C3A8：CB 8D 62 Cr A9 CB 8D 63 8B C3Br）：CO A9 692036 C3 2r） $5 \mathrm{~F} \quad 1 \mathrm{E}$ C3B8：Cr A9 3r）8D 55 CC 2r）E9 r，D C3Cr：C1 2072 Cr 6 6 A9 89 8D F6 C3C8： 62 Cr A9 CB 8D 63 Cr）2r， 33 C3Dノ：3D C1 2の 5F Cr）A9 2の 8D 67 C3D8： 55 CC 20 E9 C1 20 72 Cr 1A C3Eの：6r，A9 9F 8D 62 Cr A9 CB Br C3E8：8D $63 \mathrm{Cr} 2 \boldsymbol{5} 5 \mathrm{~F}$ Cr 2 2の 72 6D C3Fr）：Cr 6r）AD 56 CC C9 厅6 Dr 83 C3F8：F8 AD 37 C3 8D 厂6 C4 AD Ar
 C4ア8：C9 69 Dr E5 EE 61 CC A9 B8 C41ヶ：E1 8D 62 Cr A9 CB 8D 63 ヶ9

C418：Cの 2の 5F Cの A9 ヶのノ 8D 55 A5 C429：CC A9 45 8D 29 C2 20 E9 5A C428：C1 A9 1丁 8D 29 C2 6r）A2 2r
 C438：E8 Erj rر）Dr F5 A2 rرの BD 29 C44r： 54 C5 9D rر） 38 BD 93 C5 47 C448：9D 40 38 BD D2 C5 9D 8r）D2 C45f： 38 BD 11 C 6 9D Cr 38 E8 9D C458：Er 4r）Dr E3 A2 rرO Ar fors 71 C46r：BD 4D CC 99 rر） 39 C8 C8 9C
 C47r：BD 28 C5 9D ror Dr E8 Er 54 C478：2C Dr，F5 A9 89 8D 37 C3 27 C48ノ：A9 64 8D 38 C3 A2 ケrر BD 78 C488：رF C5 9D ر厅 D4 E8 E厅 19 B2
 C498：F8 ¢7 C8 E8 E厅 ग6 Dr）F6 F8
 C4A8：4の CF C8 E8 E J JA Dr）F4 1B C4Br：Cr 32 D $\int$ EE A9 12 8D BE 6B C4B8：C4 Ar，rر厅 A2 rر厅 A9 129916 C4Cr：ros CF C8 E8 Er r） 5 Dr）F5 EE C4C8： 18 AD BE C4 69 ケA 8D BE D1 C4D $)$ ： 44 AD BE C4 C9 76 D 5 E3 BB C4D8：A2 गण A9 32 9D 39 CC E8 E3 C4Eの：Eの 14 Dr F8 A2 万رの 8A 9D 6A
 C4Fケ：ग5 8C 64 CC 8C 66 CC 8C FF C4F8： 67 CC C8 8C 65 CC A9 42 Ar C5رノ：8D 厅B C1 8D 13 C1 A9 D9 4r C5ر」：8D 厅C C1 8D 14 C1 6r fors 27


 C528： 8873 Bノ 73 BrJ 938893 A8




 C558：FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 58 C56ヶ：FF FF FF FF FF ر厅ر）FF FE 5F




 C590：FE rرo for）FF FF FF FF FF 8F C598：FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 98










 C5F8：FF of，FF FF FF FF FF FF F8 C60， $0: F F$ FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF C608：FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 18


 C628：rof FF Er，rر）FF Fr，for FF F9
 C638：FF FF rر）FF FF FF FF FF 38 C645：FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 49 C648：FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 48 C65ノ：AD 厅E DC 29 FE 8D 厅E DC 89 C658：A5 厅1 29 FB 85 厅1 A2 ケر 4 D
 C668：رの Dr F5 EE 62 C6 EE 65 9B C67リ：C6 AD 65 C6 C9 37 Dr）E6 C9 C678：A9 30）8D 65 C6 A9 Dr）8D 14 C68ア： 62 C6 A5 ノ1 ノ9 「4 85 ケ1 E3 C688：AD 厅E DC ノ9 厂1 8D 厂E DC A3 C69r）：A2 ر厅 $\int$ BD AA C6 9D Er 3213 C698：E8 E厅 7r D $ケ$ F5 A2 rر厅 A9 E5 C6Ar：FF 9D 50， 33 E8 Erf 68 Dr C4 C6A8：F8 6r，FF FF BF BF BF AF Fr， C6Bf：AB AA FF FF FE FE FE FA FE C6B8：EA AA FF FF FF FF FB AB F5 C6Cr）：AA AA AA AB AF BF BF BF 5B C6C8：FF FF AA FA FE FF FF FF 6D C6D $): F F$ FF AA AA AB FB FF FF CD C6D8：FF FF AA AA AA AA AA AA D8 C6E J：AA AA AA AA AA BA AA AA 46 C6E8：AA AA AA AA AA AA AB AA $3 F$ C6Fr：AA AA ر1 971 F 151 F 1 D BE C6F8：1F 1F 5r） 74 7D 55 7D DD 2A C7ヶノ：7D FD A6 AE AE AE BF B7 A5 C798：AA AA FF FF 57 D5 $55 \quad 57 \quad 37$ C710：D5 FF 6A 59 A6 59 AA 7F D3 C718：7F 7F A9 9B 2厅 D2 FF A9 F8 C72r： 93 2r）D2 FF A2 ر厅の A9 4336 C728：9D Fr，「4 9D Dr 厄ر6 9D A厅 6D
 C738：D8 9D Dr，DA 9D Arノ D8 9D 9F C74r：2r DB BD 6E CA 9D C8 厄4 9D C748：A9 ग3 9D C8 D8 9D F8 DA A5 C75r）：E8 Er 28 Dr D1 A2 厅ر）BD 45 C758： 63 CA 9D 29 厄5 A9 厅1 9D 9A C76r： 29 D9 E8 Er）「5 Dr Fr）A2 96
 C77ノ：ノ1 9D ケ8 D8 E8 E厅 17 Dr A1 C778：Fの A9 ヶر）8D 58 CC AE 58 CC C78）：CC BD BF CA 8D A8 C7 8D 21 C788：B3 C7 BD CB CA 8D AE C7 5C C790：BD C5 CA 8D A9 C7 8D AF 1B C798：C7 18 AD AF C7 69 D4 8D 69 C7Ar）：B4 C7 Arノ 厄ノノ B9 68 CA 9944 C7A8：رぃ）厄4 B9 6B CA 99 rرァ） 54 3A


C7B8：Dr）EA EE 58 CC AD 58 CC 5B
 C7C8： 98 9D 1A 厅5 A9 厄7 9D 1A 86 C7Dr：D9 C8 E8 Er）「A Dr）F1 A9 B3 C7D8：9r，2厅 D2 FF A9 厄2 8D E4 7A C7E厅：C7 A2 厅8 A厅 け2 18 2の Fr 1 F C7E8：FF A9 71 2r，D2 FF E8 Er Cr C7Fr）： 12 Dr F2 EE E4 C7 AD E4 F4 C7F8：C7 C9 rJC Dr）E4 A9 9E 2丁 B4 C80ر：D2 FF A9 12 2r）D2 FF A9 2B C8ノ8：30 8D 15 C8 A2 ノ8 Aの 介1 EF C81ヶ： 18 20 Fr，FF A9 30 20 D2 56 C818：FF EE 15 C8 E8 Er 12 Dr 91 C829：EF A9 92 2r）D2 FF A9 F7 Er） C828：8D 62 Cr A9 CB 8D 63 Cr FF C830：20 5F Cr A9 队1 8D FF Cr 69 C838：A2 गO 20 46 CA 18 AD 5E 30 C84厅：CC 6962 9D ヶرノ 6r，E8 Eの Ar C848：رのノ D 9 EF EE 45 C8 AD 45 F8 C850：C8 C9 Aの Dr，E3 A9 60 8D CF C858： 45 C8 A2 rرf 18 2r）Fr，Cr）F2 C86r）：25 46 CA 18 AD 5E CC 69 EB C868：5C 9D 「99 64 2厅 46 CA 1819 C87r）：AD 5E CC 69 5F 9D 89 9B D4 C878：E8 Er）6E Dr Er A2 rرr A9 AE C88r）：Ar 9D rjr 6r，9D rر） 61 9D BB

 C898： 58 CC A9 गر）8D 59 CC AE C9 C8A厂： 58 CC BD 6 F CB 8D B 「 C 8 C 5 C8A8：A9 64 8D B1 C8 A9 A5 8D 96 C8Br）：rرの 6r） 18 AD Br C8 69 80 3A C8B8：8D Br）C8 Br）¢3 4C C3 C8 4C C8Cr）：EE B1 C8 EE 59 CC AD 5946 C8C8：CC C9 7r）Dr）Ef EE 58 CC 95 C8Dr）：AD 58 CC C9 r97 Dr C3 6r， 69 C8D8：A9 rرr 8D 58 CC AD 1B D4 D2 C8Eケ：C9 32 B （ F 9 8D 5E CC A2 E2 C8E8：rرの BD 39 CC CD 5E CC Fr 96 C8Fr：EC E8 E厅 13 D 5 F3 AE 5886 C8F8：CC AD 5E CC 9D 39 CC EE 31 C9アر）： 58 CC AD 58 CC C9 13 Dr A5 C9rر8：D4 A9 厄1 8D 58 CC AE 5841 C91ヶ：CC BD 39 CC AA BD rر CF D8 C918：A2 ग斤斤 A8 3898 E9 「A A8 D 5 C929：E8 Cの 「8 D 9 F6 18 8A 69 A5 C928： 2 F 8D AD CA AE 58 CC BD EE C930： 39 CC AA BD 40 CF A2 गر厅 51 C938：A8 3898 E9 ケA A8 E8 Cケ F7
 C948：EE 2A C9 EE 2A C9 EE 2A 27 C950：C9 EE 46 C9 EE 46 C9 EE 97 C958： 46 C9 EE 58 CC AD 58 CC 4 F C96『：C9 ¢97 D 5 AA A9 AD 8D 2A BB C968：C9 8D 46 C9 A9 CA 8D 2B FC C97ノ：C9 8D 47 C9 EE 2A C9 EE AA C978：2A C9 6丁 A9 戶D 8D 58 CC 36 C98゚：2「 93 C9 A9 67 2丁 DF C9 D8

C988：EE 58 CC AD 58 CC C9 134 C
C99r：Dr）EE 6r）A9 for 8D Ef C9 92
C998：A9 6r 8D E1 C9 AE 58 CC AF
C9Af：BD 39 CC AA BD for CF 8D 2A
C9A8： 59 CC 18 AD EC C9 698029
C9B＇）：8D E C C9 B＇ 93 4C BB C9 6E
C9B8：EE E1 C9 CE 59 CC AD 594 F
C9Cr：CC D 5 E7 AE 58 CC BD 3911
C9C8：CC AA 18 AD EO C9 7D 40 6E
C9Drs：CF 8D Er）C9 Br） 1334 CDC B5
C9D8：C9 EE E1 C9．A9 67 60）8D 3C
C9Er：for 60 6r）A9 for 8D 58 CC FD
C9E8：A9 6A 8D 84 CB A9 rر斤 8D 12
C9F9：5B CC 20 93 C9 AD EO C9 EE
C9F8：8D ff CA AD E1 C9 8D 1557
Cajrs：CA A9 frf 8D 5a CC AE 5B 33
Cars：CC Aの frs BD 80 CB 99 ors 19
CA15：60 E8 8E 5B CC C8 Cr 斤3 9C
CA18：DJ F1 EE 5A CC AD 5A CC C5
CA25：C9 万3 D J JE EE 84 CB EE F9
CA28： 58 CC AD 58 CC C9（JD D 5 C7
CA35：BC 60 18 AD（JF CA 69 85 D6
CA38：8D 介F CA Br $1034 \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{J} 6 \mathrm{CA} 7 \mathrm{~F}$
CA40：EE 19 CA 4 C r， 6 CA AD 1B EF
CA48：D4 C9 55 BO Of6 A9 rof 8D 2A
CA50：5E CC 6r）C9 AA BO（1）A9 Br
CA58： 51 8D 5E CC 6r）A9 928 D AB
CA6r）：5E CC 6r）30 30 3A 30）30）E6
CA68：AS AS AS AS AS 2520 20 25 EB
CA75： 13 （J） 5314 （JF 1220 （JD ED



CA90： 92 OF OF $14 \begin{array}{llllll}19 & 29 & \text { O9 } & 20 & 27\end{array}$
CA98： 1320 OS 250120 OJ 2547
CAAS： 50420202511251525 6B
CAAB： $05 \quad 25132014$ 3r） 2 DD 9173
CABf：30） 2 D （1）30）2D 01 30）2D CA
CAB8： 0130 2D 013013 D 9134 AA
CAC5： $84 \quad$ D4 $24 \quad 74 \quad$ C4 1,5 1，5 1,586

CADr：CB frf $) \mathrm{C}$ E9 61688 F 3 r$) 1 \mathrm{C}$ CAD8：8F 18 D2 C3 D1 1F 6r） 1 E 86














CB48：01 01 01 01 05 055 01 03 5A


 CB68：01 0，5 0，5 01 01 01 0，5（05 80
 CB78：3A 4E 62 1C 304458 6C B8




 CBA8：20） $521514 \begin{array}{llllllllll}15 & 15 & 1,9 & 12 & 33\end{array}$ CBBr）： $\begin{array}{llllllllll}14 & 21 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 19 & 9 F\end{array}$






 CBF厂：2C 20 ハ） 9114 1，5 $21 \quad 1,287$


 CC15： $0513 \begin{array}{llllllll}13 & 20 & 1,6 & 1,9 & 12 & 1,5 & 81\end{array}$
 CC20：JE 20 20） 2019 of $15 \quad 20$ EB

 CC38： 2 r） $32 \begin{array}{llllllll}32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & \text { B7 }\end{array}$ CC40： $\begin{array}{lllllllll}32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & \text { D1 }\end{array}$
 CC5rs：C6 28 10 10 dors ofs ofs ofs 5 F

 CC68：gos org of ors of of of of of 68

## EASY80

## FROM PAGE 45

－10 PRINTCHR\＄（147）＂LOADING AND CHECKING D ATA［3＂．＂］＂
－25 FOR X $=4864$ TO 5879 ：READ A：POKE X，A HJ －30）CK＝CK＋A ：NEXT：IF CK〈＞117816 THEN 50 JJ －40）PRINT＂DONE！SYS 4864 TO ACTIVATE．＂：EN D
－50）PRINT＂ERROR IN DATA STATEMENTS［3＂！＂］＂

## $557^{2} 56$

－4912 DATA162，19，16r），「，14ヶ，「，255， 32 HK － 4920 DATA2 $54,205,165,23,202,32,254,205$ CK － 4928 DATA154，32，251，255，96，162，14，1ノ 8 GB － 4936 DATA 厅，3，169，「，44，169，1，141 AF － 4944 DATA176，15，32，134，3，32，15 1， 175 PA － 4952 DATA 32，12，175，145，18，3，141， 19 GE －496r）DATA 3，32，128，3，32，15r，175， 32 PF － 4968 DATA $12,175,132,253,133,254,32,128$ GK － 4976 DATA $3,32,15 \mathrm{~J}, 175,32,12,175,132$ DN － 4984 DATA251，133，252，16r），「，132，25r， 32 DB － 4992 DATA134，3，245，15，32，128，3， 32 JB －5rjr）DATA15r，175，32，12，175，192，16，176 PH －50rs8 DATA18r），132，25r，32，238，19，173，176 NF － 5016 DATA 15，2 18 ，43，169，251，141，185， 2 NF － 5 （J24 DATA 32，216，2 $255,166,25$ r），32，119， 255 GP
 －5044 DATA 56，233， $1,141,18,3,176,3 \mathrm{AE}$ －50， 48 DATA2 $56,19,3,173,19,3,2$（18， 224 DH －5「556 DATA173，18，3，2518，219，96，169，251 JB － 5 （J64 DATA166，25r），32，116，255，32，252，2515 AP
 －5rj8（）DATA 56，233，1，141，18，3，176， 3 FM －50， 88 DATA2 $16,19,3,173,19,3,208,222$ OB
 － 51 IJ4 DATA14（），厄，255，165，254，162，18， 32 PO － 5112 DATA2 $54,205,232,165,253,32,204,255 \mathrm{AF}$ －512r DATA 96,169 ，厄，133，251，141，「， 255 DM － 5128 DATA133，25r），133，183，162，18，32，254 FD － 5136 DATA2 $55,232,32,254,255,169,4,175 \mathrm{KF}$ － 5144 DATA16r），7，32，186，255，32，192，255 JD － 5152 DATA162，4，32，251，255，32，216，2555 FC －516r）DATA 32，85，25，32，215，255，235，25（JJ － 5168 DATA165，25（），2「1， 8 8），144，239，169， 13 IG － 5176 DATA $32,210,255,169$, 厅，133，25ヶ， 23 （）MC － 5184 DATA251，165，251，2 21 ，25，144，222，169 LB － 5192 DATA 4，32，195，255，32，254，255， 96 DI － 525 Jر D DATA $72,41,64,141,159,25,154,41 \mathrm{HK}$ － 52088 DATA 63，201，32，176，2，9，64， 72 LD － 5216 DATA173，159，25，251，64，258，4，154 CN － 5224 DATA $9,128,96,1$ J4，96，厅，32，134 CP － 5232 DAFA 3，32，15r），175，165，1رケ），133，251 JG －524r）DATA165，151，133，252，165，99，133，25（）GG － 5248 DATA165，152，164，153，32，224，135， 32 DK － 5256 DATA128，3，2 2 ر $8, ~ 3, ~ 76, ~ 44, ~ 21, ~ 32 ~ B G ~$ － 5264 DATA15（J，175，32，12，175，132，253，133 CK － 5272 DATA254，32，128，3，2 $58,3,76,44 \mathrm{FF}$ －528（）DATA $21,32,15)^{\prime}, 175,32,12,175,14$（）CN － 5288 DATA 18，3，141，19，3，165，254， 2 ऽ5 MA － 5296 DATA 19，3，144，12，245，3，76， 69 AG － 53 r） 4 DATA $19,165,253,255,18,3,176,246 \mathrm{KD}$ － 5312 DATA16r），r，165，25（），24，105，4， 72 MG －532r）DATA169，251，162，1，32，116，255，153 NH － 5328 DATA248，22，25ر），198，25ヶ，258，241，154 MB － 5336 DATA133，25r，169，44，153，248，22，153 NP － 5344 DATA25r，22，2rfr，169，8r），153，248， 22 HL － 5352 DATA2（f），2ヶノ，169，87，153，248，22， 32 KK －536r）DATA187，21，162，2，32，251，255，165 GG － 5368 DATA253，32，215，255，165，254，32，215 LA
－ 5376 DATA255，32，238，19，32，216，255， 32 BJ － 5384 DATA21ऽ， $255,165,253,24,1$ ， $5,1,133 \mathrm{MH}$ － 5392 DATA253，144，2，235，254，165，254，25）5 MF －54JJ DATA 19，3，144，232，165，253，205， 18 PA －54， 58 DATA 3,2 rر，225，169，2，32，195， 255 FF － 5416 DATA $32,254,255,96,162,1,158$ ，厅 EL － 5424 DATA 3，32，134，3，32，15 ），175， 165 GJ － 5432 DATA 99，133，25r，16r），「，169，1ヶヶ）， 162 GD －544（）DATA 1，32，116，255，153，248，22，2 2 ， 5 IM － 5448 DATA198，99，2 2 8，241，165，152，164，1 103 DM － 5456 DATA $32,224,135,169$ ，r，141，176， 10 DI － 5464 DATA $32,134,3,24$ ），16，32，128， 3 LA － 5472 DATA $32,15 \mathrm{~J}, 175,32,12,175,132,253 \mathrm{AP}$ －548（）DATA133，254，76，112，21，238，176，19 OK － 5488 DATA $32,187,21,162,2,32,198,255$ HD － 5496 DATA173，176，15，24），13，32，228，255 OD －5504 DATA133，253，32，228，255，133，254， 76 IF － 5512 DATA144，21，32，228，255，32，228，255 MC －5525 DATA 32，238，19，32，228，255，32，25 2 PB － 5528 DATA2 1 （5， $165,144,24$ ，$, 246,169,2,32$ HJ － 5536 DATA195，255，32，254，255，96，32， 3 FC － 5544 DATA136，164，23，2ノ，$, 115,138,166,22$ DI － 5552 DATA224，37，176，1ノ8，14ケ，「ノ，255， 32 CG －556（）DATA2 $54,205,96,169$, （），141，1）， 255 BB － 5568 DATA169， $2,168,162,8,32,186,255$ PJ 5576 DATA169，「，17（），32，1（1）4，255，165，25（）OL － 5584 DATA162，248，160，22，32，189，255， 32 LI － 5592 DATA192，255， 96,2 21，13，176，35， 2 （1）NH －56rJJ DATA 12,24 r，32，32， $86,121,32,12$ HB －56ア8 DATA175，162，「，142，「，255，162， 18 KM － 5616 DATA $32,204,205,152,232,32,204,205 \mathrm{AB}$ － 5624 DATA $32,216,2$ ऽ5，168，169，「，32， 3 KE － 5632 DATA175，24， $96,32,86,121,32,12$ J0 －564 DATA175，164，23，2ノ8，19，166，22，224 IF － 5648 DATA 37，176，13，14ケ，门，255，32，218 EL － 5656 DATA2 $55,168,169$, 厅，32，3，175， 96 AD － 5664 DATA 76，69，19，133，2，16r），88，169 JF － 5672 DATA 22，32，226，67，144，8，155， 166 F0 －5680）DATA162，厅，24，76，33，67，16r）， 77 BH － 5688 DATA169，22，32，226，67，144， $8,1155 \mathrm{JL}$ － 5696 DATA138，162，255，24，76，33，67， 56 PK － 57 （J4 DATA165，2，76，33，67，86，85， 69 IH － 5712 DATA 69，2丁3，86，82，69，65，196，门 JN － 572 （J DATA $86,81,79,75,197,86,83,65$ IO － 5728 DATA $86,197,86,76,79,65,196,86$ NO － 5736 DATA $66,82,73,78,199,86,83,69 \mathrm{JF}$ － 5744 DATA $78,196,86,68,85,77,258,86 \mathrm{KN}$ － 5752 DATA 87，82，73，84，197，厅，224，りCM －576r DATA2 $18,31,251,46,176,23,233,38$ IH － 5768 DATA168，185，196，22，133，36，169， 22 JG － 5776 DATA133，37，169，88，24，151，36， 144 PD － 5784 DATA 2，23r，37，133，36，24，76，25）5 HI － 5792 DATA 81,2 ， $51,13,176,249,251,12,24 \rho$ AC －58 JJ，DATA 11，169，77，133，36，169，22，133 OJ －58ノJ8 DATA 37，76，2555，81，169，「ノ，32，215 MM － 5816 DATA255，169，82，133，36，169，22，133 DE － 5824 DATA 37，76，205，81，厅，5，15， 15 KD － 5832 DATA 21，26，31，2 $51,46,176,16,233$ DH
－584r）DATA $38,168,185,241,22,168,185,227$ HM － 5848 DATA 22， $72,136,185,227,22,72,24$ OH － 5856 DATA $76,169,75,45,19,1$ 1ر9，25， 48 LM － 5864 DATA $21,73,19,76,19$ ，厅，25， 165 HG － 5872 DATA 21， $1,3,5,7,9,11,13 \mathrm{LA}$


Starting address in hex：C000 Ending address in hex：C647 SYS to start： 49152
Flankspeed required for entry！See page 59.






 Cの38： 49 4E 47 2の 49 4E 534567 Crノ4ア： 525445448 D 204953 BA Crs48：2r） 554 E 52454144416 A Cノ5の： 42 4C 45 A8 2 のノ 49 53 20 A9 Cの58：4E 4F 54204 F 4 E 2044 6C
 Cr」68：2の 9r）FF A9 93 2r D2 FF 49 Cのプ：2丁 2F C6 2r C9 FF A9 4963 Cケけ78：2厅 D2 FF A9 『F 2「 C3 FF 「ノ8 Crر8゚：2r CC FF A5 2D 8D ケر Cr 95 Crر88：A5 2E 8D 「ر8 Cr）A5 2B 85 「， 9 Crر9r）：FB A5 2C 85 FC Ar） 144 B1 37 Crر98：FB C9 22 Fr，rf 8 20 1D C6 7D CrAP：Dr F3 4C D8 C5 A4 FC 8C 7E CrA8：厂A Cr A5 FB 8D ¢9 Cr， 1884 CのBノ： 69 「5 9の ノ1 C8 2の 87 B4 D5 CノB8：A5 19 A6 1A A4 1B 2「 BD D5 CケCケ：FF A9 198516 A9 厅1 A2 6C

 Cr」D8：FF 8E 厅F Cr，8C 10 Cr）2厅 B4 CケJの：C1 F5 2厅 2F C6 2丁 C6 FF 95 CのE8：20 CF FF 85 FD 20 CF FF 4C CのFの： 85 FE 29 E7 FF A5 FD A6 C7
 C1ヶر）： 26 C9 3r，Dr，rر6 Er 30 Drs D8
 C11ヶ：A5 FD 29 D2 FF A5 FE 29 6B C118：D2 FF A9 29 2r）D2 FF A9 5A C12ヶ：9D 2厅 D2 FF 4C 9D Cr Ar 6 B C128：1F 2r CA C5 4C 9D CrJ Ars 43

 C14ヶ： 85 FB AD ノノ 8 Cr 85 FC A9 64 C148：ケ6 8D ケD Cケ A9 ケケ 8D ケE EE C15ヶ：Cr 2r 1D C6 Ff 1118 AD DC C158：ケD Cケ 69 ケ6 9「ノ ケ3 EE．リE 26

C16ヶ：Cr）8D ケD Cケ 4C 51 C1 AD 89 C168：ノ9 Cr， $85 \mathrm{FB} A D$ 厄А Cr， 85 B 1 C17ヶ：FC Ar，ケノ）B1 FB 8D 11 Cr 1 B C178：C8 B1 FB 8D 12 C 918 AD 15 C180：f99 Cr 6D rرD Cr）8D 15 Cr E8 C188：AD 厅A Cr 6D 厅E Cr 8 D 16 Er C190：Cr 38 AD 11 Cr ED 「9 Cr Cr C198：8D رB C厂 AD 12 Cケ ED 厂A 6A C1Aケ：Cr 8D 厅C C Cr AD 厂C Cr 38 6E C1A8：CD リE Cr Fr， 14 Brノ 19 9r） 94
 C1B8：F厅 17 Br 厂C 20 7A C5 2厅 FD C1Cr：4B C5 2厅 A2 C5 4C D1 C1 3A C1C8： 20 8E C5 2r E9 C4 2厅 B6 E2 C1D厅：C5 AD 厅9 Cケ 85 FB AD けA 47
 C1E厅：ケر）A9 FF 91 FB C8 Cr $\wp 5$ A6 C1E8：3r）F9 A9 rر介 91 FB 18 A5 「ر8
 C1F8：FB AD 15 Cr C5 FB Dr DF EA C20ر）：AD 16 Cr，C5 FC Dr $D 8$ A5 96 C298：2B A4 2C 2037 A5 AD 97 B5
 C218：2B 85 FB A5 2C 85 FC AS B9 C22ヶ：ग2 B1 FB 8D 厅5 Cr C8 B1 9D C228：FB 8D 厅6 Cの 2「 ケD C3 AD 17 C23ヶ： $14 \mathrm{Cr} 8 \mathrm{8D}$ 厄 8 Cr 18 AD 1334
 C24ア：8D 『7 Cケ AC ケ8 Cケ 293762 C248：A5 A5 2B 85 FB A5 2C 8597 C250：FC Ar） 14 B1 FB C9 FF Fr）5A C258：「5 29 1D C6 D 5 F3 A厅 「2 C8 C260：B1 FB 8D r）5 Cr）C8 B1 FB D7 C268：8D rر6 Cr）A5 FB 8D r， 9 Cr）B5 C270：A5 FC 8D r）A Cr 2r 1 D C6 6F C278：Ad）「4 B1 FB C9 FF F厅 F5 7B C289：A5 FB 8D 15 Cr A5 FC 8D B5 C288： 16 Cr AD ヶ7 Cr） 85 FB AD 「」4 C29ヶ：ノ8 Cr 85 FC 2ヶ ノJD C3 AD 7A C298： 15 Cr 8 D 11 Cr AD 16 Cr 52 C2Aの：8D 12 Cr 38 AD 厅F Cr E 9 Ar C2A8：厅2 Br 厅3 CE 1 1の Cケ 8D 厅F 9A C2Br）：Cr） 38 AD ヶF Cr ED ヶ7 Cr）DC


 C2Dケ：ケ9 2 2ヶ 8 E C5 2ヶ 4B C5 2ヶ 9 F C2D8：A2 C5 AD rر8 Cr）8D 12 C$) 18$ C2Eの：AD r9 Cr，8D 11 Cr 38 ED DB

 C2F8：C4 A5 2B A4 2C 2r 37 A5 5C C3ヶر厂：AD ग9 Cr） 85 FB AD 厂A Cr 71 C3rر： 85 FC 4 C 95 Cr A5 FB 8D 5C C31ヶ：ग3 Cの A5 FC 8D 厅4 Cr Aの 69 C318：厅3 C8 B1 FB D 9 ノ 8 2丁 1D A7 C32r：C6 Dr）F4 4C B2 C4 C9 22 5C C328：D厅 厅B C8 B1 FB F厅 EF C9 25

C33ヶ： 22 Fr）E6 Dr F5 C9 8F Fr）3B C338：E5 C9 83 Frj E1 C9 89 Fr 82 C349：गA C9 8D FO $\int 6$ C9 A7 FO）FA C348：ग2 Dr）CE C8 B1 FB C9 2r 4A
 C358： 17 Cr 2 2 5 EE C5 A2 厅ر）AD 55 C36『：1E Cの 85 FE C9 23 Dの の2 83 C368：F厅 厅В C9 3r，3ヶ） 11 C9 3A A3 C37ヶ：1ヶ ケD 9D 2C Cr C8 E8 B1 7B C378：FB 8D 1E Cの 4C 6A C3 A5 ケ1 C385：FE C9 23 D $\int$ ノ 3 4C A5 C4 F6
 C39r）： 18 Cr 8 A A8 8 E 1 B C $ケ$ A2 A9 C398：rر） 88 B9 2C Cr C9 3r Fr）B2 C3A厅：1D 38 E9 30 4818 AD 314 F C3A8：Cr 7D $21 \mathrm{C} \Gamma$ 8D 31 Cr AD F5 C3Br： 32 Cr 7 D 26 Cr 8D 32 Cr 88 C3B8： 6838 E9 か1 D 5 E6 E8 Cケ A5
 C3C8：8D 1C Cケ AD ケ5 Cr 8D 3367 C3Dr：Cr AD 厅6 Crノ 8D 34 Crノ A5 2E C3D8：FB 8D 19 Cr A5 FC 8D 1A 86
 C3E8：Cr 85 FC Ar ケ 2 B1 FB CD 4A C3Fr）： 31 Cr Dr 98 C8 B1 FB CD FF C3F8： 32 Cr Ff 27 2の 1D C6 Ff F8
 C4r8：ノ3 EE 34 Cr，8D 33 Cr 4 C BC C41ヶ：EB C3 A9 厅1 8D 1C Cr AD 82 C418： 31 Cr 8D $33 \mathrm{C} \Gamma$ AD $32 \mathrm{C} \Gamma 2 \mathrm{C}$ C42厅：8D 34 Cr A9 2C 85 FB A9 A3 C428：CO 85 FC AD 34 CS AE 33 EF C43ヶ：Cr 2 2r F9 C5 18 6D 1C Cr 33 C438：8D 1D Cr AC 18 Cr AD 19 EF C44r）：Cr） 85 FB AD 1A Cr 85 FC 8D C448：8D 12 C厅 189865 FB 9介 4B C450：ノ3 EE 12 Cr 8D 11 Cr AD 22 C458：1D Cr CD 1B Cr Fr 1 F 19 FF C46r： 1038 AD 1B Cr ED 1D Cr FD C468：8D 厅B C厅 2厅 E9 C4 4C 7E 5B C47r）：C4 38 AD 1D Cr）ED 1B Cr C2 C478：8D 厅B Cケ $2 丁 4 B C 5$ A2 ノ1 A6 C489：AD 1C Cr Fr，r4 CE 1D Cr AC C488：CA AC 17 Cr $B D 2 B$ Cr 9113 C49ア：FB C8 EC 1D Cr 10 ग3 E8 1C C498：D 5 F2 84 FE A5 FB A4 FC 23 C4A厅：2丁 37 A5 A4 FE A9 2C CD E4 C4A8：1E Cケ Dケ 厂3 4C 4B C3 4C ケ3 C4Br）：1A C3 A5 FB 8D 13 C $\int 1537$ C4B8：FC 8D $14 \mathrm{Cr} A D$ 厅3 Cr） 85 厅F C4Cr：FB AD 54 Cr 85 FC C8 AD 28 C4C8：厄5 Cr） 91 FB C8 AD r） 6 Cr 59 C4Dr）： 91 FB 2r 1D C6 Fr 1118 7C
 C4Er）rر6 Cr）8D r5 Cr 4C C6 C4 D2 C4E8：6r AD 11 Cr 855 F AD 12 6D C4Fの：Cr 856038 AD 11 Cr ED 3D C4F8：厅B Cr 8558 AD 12 Cケ ED 11 C5رっ：ノC Cr 855938 A5 5F ED D6

C508：رF Cr，A8 84 5A A5 60 ED 53
C519：10 C C）AA 38 A5 5 F E5 5A Г，9 C518： 85 5F BO 13 C6 6038 A5 B5
 C528： 59 B1 5F 9158 C8 Dr）F9 10 C53ヶ：E6 6r）E6 59 E8 Dr F2 38 9C C538：AD 厅F Cケ ED 厅B Cケ 8D 厅F 厅C
 C548：19 C 5 6r AD 11 Cr 85 5F DD C55 ！：AD 12 CO 85 60 AD OF CO 34 C558： 85 5A AD 1r，Cr， 85 5B 18 AF
 C568：Cr） 8558 AD 1r Cr，6D rJC FE
 C578：A3 6r， 38 AD 厅D Cr ED 厂B 29




 C5A8：Cケ 8D 厅7 Cの AD ノ8 Cの 6D A2 C5Br：ノC Cr 8D ケ8 Cr 6r， 38 AD 1A C5B8：ヶ7 Cケ ED ケB Cケ 8D ヶ7 Cケ 8 F C5Cr：AD リ8 Cr ED リC Cr 8D 1888
 C5Dr：2r）D2 FF C8 28 10 F3 6r） 19 C5D8：AD r） 7 Cr 85 AE 85 2D AD E2
 C5E8： 2 万 5E A6 6C ケ2 Ar A2 ノ8 C7 C5Fr：A9 Jر）9D 2C Cr CA 15 FA FA C5F8：6r） 85628663 A2 9 9） 3896 C6rر）： 2049 BC 20 DF BD 20878 B
 C619：CA Fr） 97 B1 2291 FB C8 FC C618：D 5 F6 A5 19 60 ArJ Jr，B1 51 C62 ：：FB 85 FD C8 B1 FB 85 FC 98 C628：A5 FD 85 FB B1 FB 6r）A9 55 C630）：JO AA AOS FF 2r）BD FF A9 133 C638：गF A2 ग8 A8 2厅 BA FF 2095 C64r）：Cr）FF A2 rرF 60 rjo rorg rors 13

## SACK RACE <br> FROM PAGE 15

Starting address in hex：C100
Ending address in hex：CF3F SYS to start： 49408

## Flankspeed required for entryl See page 59.

C10ر：20 E9 C1 20 0）C1 4C 6B 6E
 C115： 1 A Dr A9 7F 8D 厂，DC A9 45 C118：ر厅の 8D 3C 厅3 8D 12 Dr AD 厅3 C12r： 11 Dr 29 7F 8D 11 Dr A9 C3 C128：C1 8D 15 ケ3 A9 33 8D 14 厅E C13「：ग3 58 6r）AD 19 Dr 29 厄1 AD C138：Drノ 厂8 A9 厅1 8D 19 Dr）4C 7F
 C148：FB 48 A5 FC 48 A9 rر厅 85 A6 C150：FB A9 Cr） 85 FC A2 ror EC C8 C158：3C ケ3 Fケ 厅B 18 A5 FB 69 B6 C16ヶ：厅7 85 FB E8 4C 57 C1 A厅 D7

 C178：A5 FB 692385 FB Ars for C8 C18ヶ：A2 厅2 B1 FB 9D 厂1 Dr）E8 2B C188：E8 C8 Cr ण， 7 D 5 F4 18 A5 85

 C1AJ：F6 18 A5 FB 692385 FB 5 F C1A8：Ars गr，B1 FB 9928 Dr C8 52 C1Br）：Cr 97 D 9 F6 AE 3C 「ノ 3 BD EB C1B8：8C Cr 8 D 15 $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{HD} 91 \mathrm{Cr} 84$ C1Cr）：8D 15 D $ケ$ AE 3C r3 E8 Er EB
 C1Dr）：BD D3 CB 8D 12 D 568858 C C1D8：FC 6885 FB AD 厂， DC 2989 C1E厅：厅1 Fr ग3 4C 31 EA 4C 81 गC C1E8：EA AD 厅E DC 29 FE 8D 厅E 39 C1Fケ：DC A5 ر1 29 FB 85 厅1 A2 C2


 C21ヶ： 33 E8 Dr）E5 A2 ヶر）BD D7 1B C218：CB 9D ケر） 34 E8 E厅 2r Dr 7r
 C228：ノE DC ケ9 の1 8D 厅E DC 60 F5
 C238：E8 Ef 5A D 5 F5 A2 ノA A9 79 C245： 81 9D A「J 「4 9D 68 厂5 9D AC
 C250：ATJ D8 9D 68 D9 9D 3r）DA 52 C258：9D F8 DA A9 83 9D C8 r4 61 C26『：9D 9厅 ノ5 9D 58 け6 9D 2厅 4D C268：厅7 A9 厅E 9D C8 D8 9D 9rر 94 C270：D9 9D 58 DA 9D 2厅 DB E8 9D C278：E厅 28 Dr C3 A9 for 8D 20 6D C280：D D 5 8D 21 D 5 AD 18 D 929 9rر C288：Fケ 「99 رC 8D 18 Dr A9 8r）2F C291）：8D A9 r， 48 D 71 万5 8D 3996 C298：ग6 8D ノ1 ケر7 A9 82 8D D1 BF C2A厅：04 8D 99 ケ5 8D 61 「 68 8D 53 C2A8： 29 07 A9 「，6 8D A9 D8 8D 26 C2Bノ： 71 D9 8D 39 DA 8D ヶ1 DB ノ8 C2B8：8D D1 D8 8D 99 D9 8D 61 Er C2Cr：DA 8D 29 DB 18 A厅 $\rho \boldsymbol{J} \rho$ A2 89 C2C8： 17 2厅 FO FF A2 厅ر）BD 52 A3 C2Dr）：CC 2r）D2 FF E8 Er 4B Dr 76 C2D8：F5 AD 4丁 ग3 C9 厂2 Fr）ノE 8A C2E厅：A2 गノノ 8A 9D CO DB E8 Er 12 C2E8： 27 Dr F8 8D 43 ग3 6r，A9 B7 C2Fr）：FF 8D 1C D 9 A9 ヶ1 8D 26 C9 C2F8：Dr A9 r99 8D 25 Dr A2 for A2
 C3r8：F8 A2 rر¢ A9 46 9D 23 Cr 15 C31ヶ：A9 6E 9D 2A CO A9 96 9D 8E

C318： 31 CO A9 BE 9D 38 Cr A9 B2 C32r：厅1 9D 91 Cr E8 Er rノ 7 Dr B2 C328：E2 8D 4C 斤3 A9 FE 8D 8C AA C330：Cr 8D 8D Cr 8D 8E Cr 8D 37 C338：3F Cr A2 rر斤 8E 4D 「3 E8 F2 C34ヶ：BD AD CC 8D ر1 D $ケ$ A9 35 B6
 C35r）：8D 17 Dr 8D 1D D 9 8D 5221 C358：ノ3 8D 53 厅3 18 A9 厂5 6D 73 C36ヶ：3F ण3 8D 27 Dr A9 F8 8D 58 C368：F8 ケ7 6r）CE 53 ग3 AD 53 EE

 C38r）： 85 FB A9 Cr， 85 FC A2 rر） 91 C388：E4 ग2 Fケ ノر 18 A5 FB 69 8E C395： 15785 FB E8 4C 88 C3 A厅 3 B C398：fノノ B1 FB AA CA 8A 85 FD C9 C3A厅：C9 FF Dr）厅B A6 厅2 BD 8C 39 C3A8：Cr 39 B1 CC 9D 8C Cr A5 B1
 C3B8：E6 厄2 A5 ヶ2 C9 ヶ4 Dケ BE A6
 C3C8： 46 ग3 4A 4A 4A 4A 1869 BC C3Dノ：3ヶ 99 A4 厄7 C8 BD 46 ケ3 16 C3D8： 29 गJF 1869 30 99 A4 07 98

 C3Fr）：4A 4A 1869 3r） 99 CC 07 A4 C3F8：C8 BD 47 ग3 29 万رF 186983

 C415： 69 3r） 8 D BC 97 AD 43 r3 EE C418： $18 \quad 69$ 30 8D E4 9， 7 60 AD 51 C42 ： 44 ग3 $4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} \quad 18 \quad 6912$ C428：30 8D B3 ヶر7 AD 44 厅3 29 BE C430：ノF 1869 30 8D B4 97 AD E7 C438： 45 ग3 4A 4A 4A 4A 18 69 2B C44の：30 8D DB 厅7 AD 45 厅3 29 FF C448：9F 1869 30 8D DC 厅7 60 DA C45ر：A9 गر 8D 46 ケ3 8D 47 ケ3 A8 C458：8D 48 ग3 8D 49 ケ3 8D 4A E2 C46ヶ：け3 8D 4B ヶ3 8D 3D っ3 8D 9A C468：3F 厅3 A9 ノ1 8D 3E ノ3．8D B1 C47ノ： 44 ग3 8D 45 ग3 A9 ग3 8D C7 C478： 42 ग3 8D 43 ケ3 2の ग」C C4 82 C489：20 C3 C3 4C 1F C4 AE 3F 46
 C49ヶ：8E 4F ر3 8E 5「 ノ3 18 AD 19 C498：4F 厅3 69 厅E 8D 4F 厅3 AD EF
 C4A8：F8 38 A5 厄2 E9 厄1 85 け2 F3 C4Bノ：D8 58 A5 ग2 Dr）Er AE 3F 29 C4B8：ग3 BD 44 ग3 4A 4A 4A 4A E9
 C4C8： 18 A5 FB 65 ग2 85 FB C8 34 C4Dケ：Cケノ ノA Dケ F4 BD 44 ग3 29 8F C4D8：厄F 1865 FB C9 2C 9rر 厄2 E9 C4Er）：A9 2C 4 A 85 FB 38 A9 19 7D C4E8：E5 FB 8D 54 厅3 60 CE 3E 1D

C4Fケ：ケ3 AD 3E ケ3 Fr ケ1 6r）A9 DE C4F8：ग6 8D 3E ノ3 AD 「」4 DC 2985


 C518：B9 B8 CC 3D 91 CO F厅 16 DD
 C528：BD 8C Cr 19 B8 CC 9D 8C FB
 C538： 1869 の7 4C 33 C5 $18 \quad 6583$ C545：ग2 AA A9 88 9D OTS Cr AC 2A C548：3D ग3 B9 BF CC 9D 23 Cr 5rر C550：AD r， 4 DC 29 0， 7 C9 05 9r）6E C558：厄1 6r）A8 B9 C3 CC 9D 46 9rر C560：Cr）B9 CA CC 9D 69 Cr）AD E7

 C578：8D 4F 厄3 AD 5ヶ ノ3 E9 رゥ 43
 C588：BD 91 Cr） 19 B8 CC 9D 9166 C59r）：Cr）CE 41 rJ 3 A2 2 O 8 E 12 C7 C598：D4 E8 8E 12 D4 6r A9 rر）D5
 C5A8：F8 A9 رF 8D 18 D4 A9 21 9F C5Bノ：8D 「5 D4 A9 「A 8D ケ1 D4 2F C5B8：8D ケF D4 A9 ノ8 8D गC D4 4A C5Cケ：A9 ノD 8D ग8 D4 A9 53 8D 6C C5C8： 13 D4 6厅 AC 4C 厅3 B9 9158 C5Dノ：Cケ 85 FB B9 8C Cr 85 FC 9C
 C5E厅： 84 FE A2 ケノノ 8A 1865 FE ケE C5E8：E8 E厅 け7 Dr F8 85 FE A2 AA C5Fr：ر厅，A5 FB 3D B8 CC Fr，2A 7r） C5F8：A5 FC 3D B8 CC Dr 23 8A DC C6rر）： 1865 FE A8 B9 rرの Cr）C5 65

 C618：Cr）3D B1 CC 9991 Cr 2 2r Ars
 C628：C3 C3 Aノ 2 2 8 C ノВ D4 C8 A5 C63ノ：8C 厅B D4 AC 3F ग3 78 F8 FC C638： 18 B9 4A ग3 69 ر1 99 4A A5 C64ヶ：ヶ3 B9 48 厄3 69 رлノ 994893 C648：ر3 B9 46 ग3 69 رゥノ 994697
 C658：Cケ ノJD 92 Cケ ノJD 93 Crノ ノD E7


 C678：FB 84 ग2 A9 Cr 85 FC A2 8A C689：rر） 86 FD 84 FE A4 「2 2 B9 E8 C688： 46 Cr 49 FF AA 38 A4 厅 262 C69r）：B9 rرr）Cr FD D1 CC A6 FD 4C C698：A4 FE 9rJ 61 C9 4A Br）5D 5r， C6Aノ：BD 8C Cr 39 B8 CC Dr 55 9rر C6A8：BD 91 Cr 39 B8 CC Fr 4 D B5
 C6B8： 49 FF 3D 91 Cr 8D 5C ケ3 7E C6Cケ：BD 91 Cケ 8D 5D ケ3 A9 25 8D

C6Dr）：Dr FD CA Dr，FA AD 5F 厄3 46
C6D8： 49 か1 8D 5F 〕3 AA 18 A9 7F
C6Eか：20 6D 5F r3 8D 12 D4 BD ケ3
C6E8：5C ノ3 A6 FD 9D 91 Cr）CE AB
C6Fr：5E rJ3 AD 5E r， 3 Dr）D4 A9 Br
C6F8：厅1 8D 51 厅3 6r，A6 FD A4 85

C7ノ8：4C 81 C6 18 A5 FB 69 ¢ 9 C6
C71r： 85 FB E8 Arj rof Er O 4 Fr Fr
C718：ग3 4C 81 C6 6r）CE 52 厅3 34



C738：8D 4D ケ3 A5 厅2 29 「3 Fケ DA
C745：4B AD 4D 厄3 Dr） 46 A9 厄1 4B
C748：8D 4D ग3 A5 厄2 29 厅1 Fケ E8

C758：FO 介3 EE 4C 厅3 AD 4C ग3 87
C76r：C9 FF Dr）厄5 A9 ノ3 8D 4C 86
C768：rر3 C9 rر4 Dr，r，5 A9 rرr）8D 46
C770：4C 厅3 AA BD AD CC 8D ノ1 31
C778：Dr A9 35 8D rرノ Dr CE F8 4E
C780：厅7 A9 F8 8D F8 厅7 EA EA 8D

C790：Fr，गC AE 「丁 D D CA Erر 34 EC




C7B8：厅2 29 今C F9 33 AD F8 厄7 C1 C7Cr： 49 ग6 8D F8 ヶ7 C9 F8 Dr 31 C7C8：ر9 A2 10）8E r）4 D4 E8 8E 63 C7D 104 D4 EA EA EA EA EA EA 2B C7D8：EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA 30 C7E $)$ ：EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA 38 C7E8：EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA 40， C7Fr）：60 A2 リ7 Ar）r99 18 20 Fr CD C7F8：FF A2 رJ）BD D8 CC 2r）D2 F1
 C8ケ8：8D 4r ग3 AD 40 厄3 C9 ハ1 94 C81ヶ：D 5 ノC A9 厅1 8D 34 D9 A9 DC C818：ノB 8D 36 D9 Dケ ノA A9 ノ1 46 C82ケ：8D 36 D9 A9 ノB 8D 34 D9 ケE C828：AD गر斤 DC 29 1C 49 1C 85 E2

 C84「：8E 4r）「3 C9 1ヶ Dr C4 A2 24 C848： 57 Af，r9 18 2r）Fr，FF A9 CB

 C860： 18 2r） Fr FF A2（ر） F$) \mathrm{BD}$ EF D9 C868：CC 2丁 D2 FF E8 Er リ8 Dr CA C87ノ：F5 18 AD 3F ケ3 6931 8D 96



 C898：A9 2厅 2丁 D2 FF E8 E厅 ノノ 27

C8Ar：Dr）F6 6r，A9 fors 85 FB 8579 C8A8：FC 85 FD 85 FE 85 FF A2 D5 C8Br：リの 18 A5 FB 65 「2 85 FB 53 C8B8：A5 FC 69 rر¢ 85 FC E8 E4 15 C8Cr）：92 Dr EE 38 A5 FB E5 ¢2 44 C8C8： 85 FB A5 FC E9 rرノ 85 FC 59 C8D $)$ ：A2 गOC 18 A5 FB 65 FD 8516 C8D8：FD A5 FC 65 FE 85 FE A5 98

 C8Fの：AD fr，DC 29 10 FO F9 A2 42
 C9rرァ：fors BD EF CC 2r）D2 FF E8 56
 C91ヶ： 6931 8D 2E ケ5 A2 「8 Aの B6
 C92ヶ：F7 CC 2r D2 FF E8 Ef 2r C1
 C93r）：C8 A9 rر） 85 FB A5 r）2 8551 C938：FC A5 FC C9 「رA 90 万C 38 80 C94ノ：A5 FC E9 「A 85 FC E6 FB 3C C948：4C 39 C9 18 A5 FB 69 3r EA C95ノ：8D 54 け5 A5 FC 69 30 8D け1 C958： 55 ग5 A5 FB 厅А ЮА ЮА ЮА 7C

 C97ノ：8D A9 ケ2 8D AA リ2 4C AB DB C978：C9 38 A5 FD E9 厄7 85 FD 92 C980：A5 FE E9 गノ 85 FE 78 F8 55 C988： 18 AD AA ग2 69 「 7 8D AA A3
 C998：ग2 AD A8 厄2 69 رगノ 8D A8 92 C9Ar：ग2 AD A7 ノ2 69 rر厅 8D A7 98 C9A8：ग2 D8 58 A5 FD Dr CA A5 Cr，
 C9B8：20 Fr，FF A5 FF Dr BA A2 9D C9Cr：رノの BD A9 厅2 4 A 4 A 4 A 4 A 53 C9C8： 1869 3r）2r，D2 FF BD A9 D4
 C9D8：FF E8 Ef 厅2 D D E3 A2 4r）3C
 C9E8：AD गण DC 291349138591 C9Fr：FB 29 か1 Fr ノC E6 厄2 A5 A2 C9F8：厄2 C9 1A 90 厄4 A9 ر1 85 A3 CAノ厂：ग2 A5 FB 29 け2 Fr，「A C6 9rر CAノ8：厅2 A5 厅2 Dケ 厄4 A9 1985 CE CA19：厄， 2 A5 FB C9 10 Fr）「3 4C CD CA18：2E C9 AE Bケ）け2 AD A9 ¢2 CA CA2ケ：9D 57 厅3 $A D$ AA 厅2 9D 5565

 CA38：AD 8D 厅2 29 ケ1 Fの 厂8 A9 42 CA4ア：ग6 8D 29 D 54 C 38 CA A9 BD CA48：rjrs 8D 2r Dr 6r，2r 3 3r C2 3A
 CA58：C4 2丁 EF C2 2の 9E C5 2厅 94 CA6r： 86 C4 2け 5C C8 2r 54 C6 2C CA68：AD 51 厅3 F0 队1 6厅 2「 1D F9 CA7介：C7 29 CB C5 20 38 CA 20 2D

CA78：6B C3 A2 厅1 Aの णرの 88 Dr 45 CA89：FD CA Dr FA 4C 65 CA 20 B 1
 CA90：30，C2 2r）F1 C7 20 EB C8 32 CA98：20 4D CA AD 51 厄3 C9 厄1 9D
 CAA8：A2 2 r 8 E r， 4 D 4 E 8 8E 154 4E CABr）：D4 EE 3F ग3 AD 3F ノ3 CD 74

 CAC8：AE 3F ग3 78 F8 18 BD 4445 CADノ：ग3 69 ノ1 9D 44 ग3 18 BD F8 CAD8：4A ग3 7D 55 ग3 9D 4A ग3 E6 CAE厅：BD 48 厅3 7D 57 ग3 9D 48 A7 CAE8：ग3 BD 46 ग3 69 رノノ 9D 46 4の CAF厅：厄3 A9 ケرノ 9D 55 斤3 9D 5788 CAF8：ग3 D8 58 AD 42 ग3 D 59889 CBrر）：AD 43 rر3 Dr 93 A9 ror 8D 8F CBr）8： 91 Cr 8D 92 Cr 8 D 93 Cr 1 D CB1ヶ：8D 94 Cr A9 r3 8D 21 Dr 1F CB18：8D 2r Dr A2 rر）BD 17 CD DB CB2 f： 2 万 D2 FF E8 Ef 1 C Dr F5 BF




 CB5 f：CD 2r）D2 FF E8 Eの 11 Dr BC
 CB6r： $4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~A} 18 \quad 69$ 3r） 99 D 4 CB68：DE 厅， 4 C8 BD 47 ग3 29 厅F 54 CB7ノ： 18693099 DE 184 C8 E8 5rر

 CB88： 1869 3r， 99 8E 94 C8 BD EC CB90： 46 ग3 29 rرF 1869 30） 99 5D
 CBAO：Er AD for DC 29 10 Fr）F9 30 CBA8： 18 A2 18 Ar）$\rho 9$ 20 5 Fr $F F 36$ CBBア：A2 गノ BD $55 \mathrm{CD} 2 \boldsymbol{5}$ D2 FF 27 CBB8：E8 Er 16 Dr，F5 AD rرr DC E9 CBCr）： 29 1r）Dr F9 A9 93 2r）D2 F4 CBC8：FF AD 厅ر）DC 29 15 Fr，F9 77 CBDr）：4C 87 CA FF 5 B 82 A9 rرの F6

 CBE8：1E 1E 1E 1E 厅E 厂6 ノ2 ケرノ 77 CBF ： FF FF FF FF FF FF FF FF Fr CBF8：ग8 8E 93 ケ5 2A 2の 2 2の 53 E5 CCrر厅： $41434 \mathrm{~B} \quad 2052414345$ rرC CCrs：2r 5r 524 F 4752414 D 42 CC1r： 4 D 4544204259 2r $9 \mathrm{E} \quad 61$ CC18：4A $4 \mathrm{~F} 484 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{2} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { C }} 46454438$
 CC28：2r 43 4F 4E 4345 5r 5456 CC3「：3A 2丁 9E $544 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{D} 2 丁 4781$ CC38： $4155 \quad 54484945 \quad 52$ 亿5 51 CC40：20 26 20 9E 4A 4 F 48 4E 75 CC48：20 4645444 F 52 ¢5 2の FE

CC5（）：2A $2 \mathrm{~A} \quad 2020$ 50） 4 C 4159 1C CC58： $45 \quad 52$ 2の $23 \quad 31 \quad 3 \mathrm{~A} 30$ 30） FE CC60： $303030303030 \quad 20 \quad 20 \quad 4 \mathrm{C} \quad$ DD CC68： $45 \quad 56 \quad 454 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~A} 30$ 30， 20 50 CC7r： 2 の 42414753 3A 3 3r رJD 26 CC78：2の 2 2の $504 \mathrm{C} 415945 \quad 5287$

 CC90： 45 4C 3A 3030 20 20423 F CC98： 414753 3A 3r）F9 FA FB CF CCA厂：FC FD FE FF rr） 07 厂， 05 B1
 CCBr）： BE FD FB F7 EF DF BF 7 F 7 J
 CCCr：6E 96 BE F9 FA FB FC FD 7r

 CCD8： 054 E 554 D 424552 2の C8 CCE f： $4 \mathrm{~F} \quad 46 \quad 29504 \mathrm{C} \quad 41 \quad 59 \quad 45 \quad 13$ CCE8： 5253 3A 2 の $31 \quad 2032$ 5r）BC CCF＇）：4C $4159 \begin{array}{llllll}45 & 52 & 29 & 31 & 53 & 14\end{array}$ CCF8： 54415254494 E 4720134
 CDノ8：30 2の 2 2の 42 4F 4E $55 \quad 53$ か1 CD1r）：3A 2030303030303033 EE
 CD29： 202020202020204647 CD28： 49 4E $414 \mathrm{C} \quad 2053434 \mathrm{~F} 53$ CD30： $5245 \quad 53$ 50 $4 \mathrm{C} \quad 41594597$ CD38： 52 20 31 3A 20 30 30 30 30 C6 CD4r： 30 3r 3 3r） 3 3r 5 5r） 4 C 415938 CD48： $45 \quad 52 \quad 20 \quad 32$ 3A 20 30） 30 EC
 CD58： 535329425554544 F AE CD6の：4E 20 544 F 205245 5r 7 A CD68：4C 4159 A2 गノ 10 7F CD FC CD7r：9D णر） 3 E BD 7 F CE 9D णر）F5 CD78：3F E8 Dr F1 4C 87 CA ケر） 02




















 CE28：rg）BE rog rof AA rog rof AA 3C






 CE68：rof 2A 5A 80 A5 A5 AC）AA 94





 CEAS：AA ros ros BE rog rjo AA ros B4 CEA8：ros AE rof rors AA rof fors BA BC






 CEE8：ग2 2 A AA 8A AE AA AA AA F8 CEFO：AA AA BA AA 8A 2E AA 厂2 11





 CF28：gos org 28 ros ors 22 ofog fors 72





NOW PLAYING AT A SOFTWAREDEALER NEAR YOU

## AVAILABLE FOR COMMODORE 64/128, AMIGA, IBM \& COMPATIBLES

## HEAVY METAL IS SOLID GOLD!

Ever had that urge to be in command? To lead men against superior enemy forces . . . ? . . . Sure you have. But only the "legally brain dead" want to be shot at for real. Well partner, fire up HEAVY METAL for an experience infinitely better than the 'real' thing. Start out in the War Room devising a strategy to overrun enemy positions. Now


Do you have what it takes to move up the ranks in todays army? Take the HEAVY METAL challenge and find out! jump inside an M1A1 Abrams main battle tank and feel the power of one of the most destructive land combat vehicles ever built. Your trigger finger itches when your 120 mm cannon is loaded . . . An enemy tank appears on your laser range finder . . . fire . . . a direct hit and pieces are scattered from here to Anchorage. Or hop behind the wheel of the XR311 FAV (Fast Attack Vehicle). This hot little beauty looks like a dune buggy, moves at speeds over 100 mph and is armed with TOW missiles. It's not a Lamborghini or a Porsche, but it easily blows them off the road.
Time to power up your ADATS (Air Defense Anti Tank System) and start knocking down incoming MIG Fighters. Seems easy until they start coming in 6 or 8 at a time. Now you're in serious trouble. But don't forget, you're also the Company Commander. Charlie Company is on the horn and wants to know what to do.



AMIGA


C-64


AMIGA


AMIGA

Circle \#165 on Reader Service Card

C-64


## SUBSCRIBE TO <br> 

$\square$ One Year (8 issues) \$16.95 (Outside US \$22.95)
$\square$ Two Years (16 issues) $\$ 31.95$ (Outside US $\$ 42.95$ )
$\square$ Payment enclosed: \$ $\qquad$ $\square$ Please bill me.
 MasterCard $\square$ VISA Card \# $\qquad$ Exp. Date $\qquad$ Signature
 $\qquad$

 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
State $\qquad$ Zip $\qquad$
B1188

## SUBSCRIBE TO THE


$\square$ One Year (8 issues) $\$ 65.00$ (Outside US $\$ 90.00$ )
$\square$ Two Years (16 issues) $\$ 120.00$ (Outside US $\$ 160.00$ )
$\square$ Payment enclosed: \$ $\qquad$ $\square$ Please bill me.

$\square$ MasterCard $\square$ VISA Card \# $\qquad$ Exp. Date $\qquad$
 $\qquad$
 $\qquad$

 $\qquad$ State $\qquad$ Zip B1188

## November 1988 Ahoy! Void After February 11, 1989

## READER SERVICE CARD

To request additional information on any product advertised or otherwise pictured in this issue of Ahoy! that is accompanied by a reader service number, circle the corresponding number below and mail
this card. We will promptly forward your request to the designated companies,

 NECESSARY

## BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 65 MT. MORRIS, ILL
POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE
\hoy:
P.O. BOX 341

MT. MORRIS, IL 61054-9925



## BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 65 MT. MORRIS, ILL.
POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

# \hoy: 


P.O. BOX 341

MT. MORRIS, IL 61054-9925
$l_{1} l_{1}, \ldots|l| l\left|\ldots . l_{1} l_{1} l_{1} l_{1} l_{1} l_{1} l_{1.1} l_{1}\right|_{1} l_{1} l_{1} l_{1} l_{1} \mid$


AHOY! MAGAZINE<br>P.O. BOX 8471<br>Boulder, CO 80329-8471


[^0]:    ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS: VISA, MasterCard, Personal Check, Money Order or COD are welcome. Shipping USA: $\$ 3.50 /$ ground, $\$ 5.50 / 2$ nd Day, $\$ 14.00 /$ verenight. C.O.D. add $\$ 3.00$. Canada/Mexico:
    $\$ 6.00$ Air Mail. Foreign: $\$ 1200$ (for Air Mail use charge $\&$ soecity maximum). PA residents add $6 \%$ sales tax $\$ 6.00$ Air Mail. Foreign: $\$ 12.00$ (for Air Mail use charge \& specity maximum). PA residents add $6 \%$ sales tax,
    Include phone number and computer/drive model with order. Al iterns will be shipped immediately, (ff we are out-ot-stock, we will let you know.) CHARBE is PER ORDE:

[^1]:    312-382-5050 Free Catalogs
    22292 N. Pepper Rd.
    Barrington, IL 60010

[^2]:    
    

