





YOU'LL FLIP FOR
FLIGHT SIMULATORS
AND
SPORTS
GAMES
C-64 SOFTWARE SURVEYS





When you can solve disk drive alignment problems

in 60 minutes with the CSM program.

Disk drive alignment problems? Drive out of alignment again? Tired of waiting two weeks or more to get your drive fixed??

WE HAVE THE ANSWER!!

With the 1541 DISK DRIVE ALIGNMENT PROGRAM you can align the drive yourself in an hour or so. Not only that, you can do it at home AND no special equipment is required. Anyone with average mechanical skills can do it!!

Read What Compute!'s Gazette had to say. (Oct., 1984)

"... with 1541 Disk Drive Alignment from CSM Software, you can fix it [the disk drive] yourself in an hour or so and the program will pay for itself the first time you use it...No technical expertise is required to accomplish the alignment procedures, and the manual accompanying the program thoroughly describes the procedures.'

1541 DISK DRIVE ALIGNMENT PROGRAM - VERSION 2.0 - \$44.95 plus shipping

CARTRIDGE BACKER V2.0

IMPROVED AND UPDATED!!

The best cartridge - to disk backup system is now even better. The software has been enhanced to back up many more cartridges and disk programs. Cartridges will run from the disk as-is and do not require any ROM or RAM expansion boards. VERSION 2.0 software update is available to ALL prior purchasers of CARTRIDGE BACKER and CARTRIDGE CRACKER (from BEAR).

Complete system (includes software and expansion board) -

\$54.95 plus shipping

Software update only (call for details) -

\$14.00 plus shipping

PROGRAM PROTECTION MANUAL FOR THE C-64 VOLUME II

Not just a third edition - a new and up-to-date manual covering the latest advances in program protection. Over 275 pages of valuable information. Topics include:

- ENCRYPTION AND DECRYPTION
- UNDOCUMENTED OPCODES
- GCR RECORDING
- CUSTOM DOS ROUTINES
- · CARTRIDGES AND EPROMS
- PROTECTING YOUR OWN SOFTWARE
- . TIPS FROM EXPERTS ON PROTECTION, BACKUP & MORE
- DISK INCLUDED

\$34.95 plus shipping

* * NEW PRODUCT * * **EPROM PROGRAMMERS HANDBOOK**

Finally, a reference book written for the average user. Until now EPROM programming was simply too difficult for most people. The EPROM PRO-GRAMMERS HANDBOOK will take the mystery out of putting your favorite programs on cartridge. Learn to create your own cartridges and customize your computer and disk drive. Discover the power of programming your own EPROMs.

- Covers beginning thru advanced topics.
 Simplifies EPROM programming so that anyone can do it.
- Perfect companion for the PROMENADE and other EPROM programmers.
- · Create your own auto-start cartridges, custom KERNAL, modified DOS and specialized EPROMs.
- · Put many programs on a single cartridge with MENU-MAKER.
- · Disk includes ready-to-use routines and helpful utilities.

\$32.95 plus shipping

PROGRAM PROTECTION MANUAL FOR THE C-64 VOLUME I

- · A MUST FOR BEGINNERS
- THE PERFECT INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAM PROTECTION
- DISK INCLUDED

\$29.95 plus shipping

VISA AND MASTERCARD ACCEPTED

Shipping \$3.50 per item in U.S.; foreign orders extra

SNAPSHOT 64

SNAPSHOT 64 is a unique and exciting utility that virtually takes a picture of your computer's memory. SNAPSHOT 64 then saves that 'snapshot' to disk and automatically creates an auto-boot loader for the program. Once saved to disk the program may be restarted at the exact same point at which it was interrupted!!!

SNAPSHOT 64 is the perfect answer for those looking for the ultimate backup utility. Think of it, being able to stop most any program after the protection check and then being able to resume the program at the same point, totally bypassing the protection check.

- . MOST EFFECTIVE UTILITY OF ITS KIND. EVEN MORE EFFECTIVE THAN THOSE UTILITIES THAT CLAIM TO "COPY ALL MEMORY-RESIDENT SOFTWARE"
- INVISIBLE TO SOFTWARE CANNOT BE DETECTED
- SNAPSHOT FILES RUN BY THEMSELVES THE BACKUP COPY WILL RUN AS-IS, WITHOUT THE SNAPSHOT CARTRIDGE
- · WORKS MUCH FASTER THAN OTHER SIMILAR UTILITIES
- EASY TO USE NO COMPLICATED INSTRUCTIONS - EVEN A CHILD CAN DO IT
- SNAPSHOT FILES ARE COMPATIBLE WITH FAST LOAD UTILITIES
- SNAPSHOT FILES WILL LOAD FROM ALL COMMODORE COMPATIBLE DISK DRIVES
- STORE MANY DIFFERENT SNAPSHOTed FILES ON A SINGLE DISK
- FULLY SELF-CONTAINED ON CARTRIDGE NO DISK TO HASSLE WITH
- EXCLUSIVE FEATURE: THE CODE INSPECTOR - ALLOWS MOST PROGRAMS TO BE STOPPED, EXAMINED, MODIFIED AND RESUMED WHILE STILL IN MEMORY!!
- NO PARAMETERS NEEDED AS OFTEN REQUIRED BY OTHER UTILITIES
- · COMPLETE AND THOROUGH MANUAL IS INCLUDED
- SOLD FOR ARCHIVAL PURPOSES ONLY
- · RAVE REVIEWS IN: INFO 64, MIDNIGHT GAZETTE & PROGRAM PROTECTION NEWSLETTER

SNAPSHOT 64TM \$49.95 + \$3.50 SHIPPING

Cx is a registered trademark of Commodore Business Machines, Inc.

Available through your local software dealer or call:

CSM SOFTWARE, INC.

POST OFFICE BOX 563, CROWN POINT IN. 46307, PHONE (219) 663-4335

Reader Service No. 165



CONTENTS

DEPARTMENTS

ting

hen

and ader

the

d!!!

for

ıtili-

any

and

pro-

ND

MS

ND

A View from the Bridgeof the February issue of Ahoy!	
Scuttlebuttnew products for the 64, 128, Amiga, VIC.	. 1
Art Gallerya chiaroscuro collection of reader graphics.	1.
Reviewssoftware, hardware, firmware, and s'more.	5
Commodaresprogramming posers for the plucky.	7
Tips Ahoy!hints, tips, and complete short utilities.	8
Flotsamit's the Great Adventure Game Debate-round one?	9
Program Listingsan assortment of ready-to-enter software.	9

FEATURES

Little Windows by Orson Scott Card*	18
ELMAC: The Computer Teaches Itself by Dale Rupert**	34
Entertainment Software Section	4
Turnkey 64: Build an AUTO-EXEC Cartridge by Don Lewis***	53
Commodore Roots: Memory Magic by Mark Andrews****	73
Cadet's Column: Structured Programming by Cheryl Peterson****	**77
Aligning the 1541 Disk Drive by Greg Granville*****	83

*Includes programs: Extended Background and Windows for the C-64 **Includes program: ELMAC Plays NIM for the C-64 ***Includes program: Turnkey 64 for the C-64 ****Includes program: MOVECHRS for the C-64 *****Includes program: Compuphobia for the C-64

******Includes program: 1541 Alignment Check for the C-64

PROGRAMS

Treasure Wheel for the C-64 by Bob Blackmer	
Character Dump for the C-64 by James C. Sanders	46
Crabfight for the C-64 by Buck Childress	69
Head to Head for the C-64 by Doug Smoak	72
Arena for the C-64 by Bob Tedesco	92
Bug Repellents for the VIC & 64 by Kleinert and Barron	98
Flankspeed for the C-64 by Gordon F. Wheat	98

Cover art by James Regan; art inside screens by Tom Cushwa, Javier Romero

Publisher Michael Schneider

> Editor David Allikas

Art Director JoAnn Case

Managing Editor Michael Davila

> Senior Editor Tim Moriarty

Technical Editors David Barron **Bob Lloret**

Consulting Editors Ben Bova Morton Kevelson Dale Rupert

Entertainment Editor Arnie Katz

Production Director Melissa Held

Art Production Christopher Carter Mark Kammerer Victoria Green

Bulletin Board SYSOP B.W. Behling

> **Editorial Assistant** Tim Little

Circulation Director W. Charles Squires

Advertising Director Lynne Dominick

Director of Promotion Joyce K. Fuchs

> Controller Dan Tunick

Managing Director Richard Stevens

Advertising Representative JE Publishers' Representative 6855 Santa Monica Blvd., Suite 200 Los Angeles, CA 90038 (213)467-2266 Boston (617)437-7628 Dallas (214)660-2253

New York (212)724-7767 Chicago (312)445-2489 Denver (303)595-4331

San Francisco (415)864-3252

ISSUE NO. 26

FEBRUARY 1986

Ahoy! (#8750-4383) is published monthly by Ion International Inc., 45 W. 34th St., Suite 407, New York, NY, 10001. Subscription rate: 12 issues for \$21.95. 24 issues for \$41.75 (Canada \$29.25 and \$54.25 respectively). Second class postage paid at New York, NY 10001 and additional mailing offices. 2 1986 by Ion International Inc. All rights reserved. a under Universal International and Pan American Copyright conventions. Reproduction of editorial or pictorial content in any manner is prohibited. No responsibility can be accepted for unsolicited material. Postmaster, send address changes to Ahoy!, 45 W. 34th Street, Suite 407, New York, NY 10001. Direct all address changes or matters concerning your subscription to Ahoy!, P.O. Box #341, Mt. Morris, IL 61054. All editorial inquiries and software and hardware to be reviewed should be sent to Ahoy!, 45 W. 34th St., Suite 407, New York, NY 10001.

CALL TOLL FREE 1-800-631-1003

COMPUTER

of AMERICA MAIL ORDER, LTD.

D

DE



(**x** commodore 128 PERSONAL COMPUTER

Including: Shipping, Handling and Insurance No Extra Charges



1571 DISC DRIVE

•Including: Shipping, Handling a Insurance — No Extra Charges



(*commodore 1902 MONITOR



MEMOREX SPECIAL **WORK STATION**

Regular Price . . 500 Factory Rebate

YOUR COST •20 Disks •Disk Case



DISKET

\$ 895 \$1195 \$1195 \$ 895* \$ 895

After \$3 Rebate



Xetec - Super Graphics Jr.

INTERFACES

Teleys Turboprint GT Prints Enhanced \$5995 Graphics . . Call for Price Cardco G+ Call for Price Microworld. \$6995 Xetec - Super Graphics Sr. \$4995

JANUARY IS COMPUTER SOFTWA

BUSINESS SOFTWARE FOR 128 COMMODORE COMPUTER

MICROSOFT **MULTI PLANNER** PROGRAMMER'S BASIC TOOL KIT







YOUR CHOICE

Kronis Rift - Lucas Games Eidolon - Lucas Games Ballblazer - Lucas Games Rescue Fractalus - Lucas

Games Fastload Wintergames Hot Wheels

\$1995

Temple of Asphai Trilogy Jet Combat Simulator GI Joe Summer Games I or II Barbie Baseball

CBS





Sesame Street Letter-Go-Round	\$19.99
Big Bird's Fun House	\$19.99
The Sea Voyager	\$24.99
Weather Tamers	
Movie Musical Madness	
Success w/Decimals (Add./Subt.) D-T .	
Success w/Decimals (Mult./Div.) D-T	
Success w/Fractions (Add./Subt.) D-T	
Success w/Fractions (Mult./Div.) D-T	\$14.99
Ducks Ahoy	
Ernie's Magic Shapes	
Murder by the Dozen	\$23 99
Astro-Grover	
SPECIAL LIMITED SUPPLY — SI	
GROUPING	FECIAL

Commodore



Assembler D	\$27.95
Easy Finance I, II, III, IV-D	\$19.95
Easy Calc-D	\$64.95
Easy Script-D	
Easy Spell-D	\$19.95
Logo-D	\$49.95
The Manager-D	\$37.95
General Ledger	\$37.95
Accts. RecD	\$37.95
Accts. PayD	
Magic Desk-D	\$52.95
Silent Butler	\$24.95
Sky Travel	
STAR MARKET MARK WHITE SECTION	

IN NEW YORK STATE CALL TOLL FREE 1-800-221-2760 or 516-349-1020

03

\$5995 for Price for Price \$4495 \$6995 \$4995

\$27.95 \$19.95 \$64.95 \$39.95 \$19.95 \$49.95 \$37.95 \$37.95 \$37.95

HOLIDAY 5





13" COLOR COMPOSITE **MONITOR** •Cables Included •1 Yr. Mfr. Warranty



CMS

DISTRIBUTOR PRICES ARE NOW ACCESSIBLE!

FOR 128 Commodore PERSONAL COMPUTER SPREAD SHEET BOOK PACKAGE

GEMINI STAR 10X

POWER TYPE



MODEMS

\$6495 Mighty Mo Commodore 1660 NEW Call for Price Commodore 1670 **Call for Price**



OYSTICKS

Professional Joystick •2 Fire Buttons •Contoured Handle •Lifetime Guarantee •Comparable to 3-Way

WICO JOYSTICKS

The Boss

The Bat

3-Way

AND MORE!



Pet Person (Little F	People)	\$24.88
Fast Trax		\$24.88
Hacker		\$14.88
Alcazar		\$14.88
Countdown to Shut		

ACCESS



Neutral Zone D-T			 		.\$20.95
Spritemaster D-T					\$20.95
Beachhead D-T					\$20.95
Master Composer	D		 1710	 	\$23.95

Fleet System 2
The Largest Spell Checker
Available For Your Computer 90,000 Words on C-64/128 70,000 Words on Atari





WE'RE PROUD OF OUR PRICES — SATISFACTION GUARANTEED



Alloy! Number One in Commodore Coverage!*

Ahoy!

Ion International \$2.50 ★★★★

Monthly publication devoted to Commodore computing. Ahoyl seems to fluctuate from issue to issue, but seems recently to be pulling ahead of Run and Computel's Gazette in content and style. Of the 3 'big names,' I would recommend this one most. (—B.D.)

Computel's Gazette

Compute Publications \$2.95 ***+

for: C-64

Slick monthly publication with coverage of Commodore's VIC-20, 64, Plus/4, and newer computers. Emphasis is on type-in games and occasional utilities. Reviews are generally candy-coated but reasonably current. Well-illustrated and laid-out. Goes with the flow, avoiding controversy and originality. Features a good selection of advertising. (—B.D.)

RUN

CW Communications

\$2.95

for: C-64, C-128

This slick monthly Commodore magazine is chock-full of ads, lots of color and photos, occasional decent articles. Reviews are often out of date and, worse, not to be trusted. What can you say about a supposedly knowledgeable publication that prints shameless gushing praise for a turkey like the PLUS/4 month after month. Best features: MAGIC column, and STRASMA's 'Commodore Clinic.' (—B.D.)

In its September-October '85 issue, INFO (formerly INFO 64) Magazine reviewed all the major Commodore-specific publications. None received a higher rating than Ahoy!

Our review is reprinted here. In the interest of fairness, we've also reprinted the reviews of the other two members of the 'Big Three—all three reviews word-for-word, exactly as they appeared in *INFO* Magazine.

We thank INFO Publisher Benn Dunnington for covering our segment of the marketplace in his usual hard-hitting style. And we'll try to stop fluctuating!

^{*}Source: INFO Magazine, September-October '85

VIEW FROM THE BRIDGE

y now the ad on the facing page has snagged your eye, and you know the story behind the banner headline on this month's cover. We invite our readers to share our joy in being rated number one by *INFO* Magazine, the highly-respected *Consumer Reports* of the Commodore marketplace.

But gloating didn't get us where we are—and it won't keep us there. Let's get on to what we're doing to remain the leading independent Commodore magazine.

By now many of you have dropped in on *Ahoy!'s Port of Call*, our program on the PlayNET system. Each Thursday night at 10 p.m., Commodore users around the country gather to talk about their favorite subject. B.W. Behling chairs the weekly sessions, usually with one or more *Ahoy!* writers or editors as guests. You must be a PlayNET subscriber to attend. If you're not, the advertisements on pages 58 and 59 will tell you how to become one free with a subscription to *Ahoy!* If you don't have a modem, you'll find out on those same pages how to obtain one free!

Speaking of subscribing to *Ahoy!*, you'll note that the rates listed in our contents page indicia have gone up. But the insert card elsewhere in this issue reflects the old prices. Fact is, we printed hundreds of thousands of those cards before we knew our subscription prices would be rising. You can take advantage of our mistake by subscribing now at the old rate. We must emphasize the word "now."

ssue,

the

ters.

rea-

ality.

onal

out

the

3.D.)

spe-

two

ine.

-hit-

And now—the contents of the February '86 issue of Ahoy!:
One of our most original construction projects to date,
Don Lewis' Turnkey 64 teaches you to build an AUTOEXEC cartridge for instant execution of a specified program upon power-up. A program for use with the cartridge is also provided. (Turn to page 53.)

And while you're in a hardware hacking mood, Greg Granville's *Aligning the 1541 Disk Drive* will enable you to deal with the universal malady of Commodore users. Greg also provides a program for determining if your 1541 is out of kilter. (Turn to page 83.)

Arnie Katz and crew present not one but two complete software surveys in this month's *Entertainment Software Section*—of flight simulators and individual sports competitions. Also provided are full-length reviews of *The Fourth Protocol*, *Decision in the Desert*, *Lode Runner's Rescue*, *On Track Model Car Racing*, *Law of the West*, and *Dave Winfield's Batter Up!* (Turn to page 41.)

Orson Scott Card's *Creating Your Own Games* returns with an explanation of *Little Windows*, or how to incorporate multiple windows into your C-64 game screens. (Turn to page 18.)

You never know what Dale Rupert will cover next—and, frankly, neither do we until the *Rupert Report* lands on our desk each month. This time he turns your 64 into

an Elementary Learning Machine – *ELMAC* for short. (Turn to page 34.)

In an expanded installment of *Commodore Roots*, Mark Andrews tutors assembly language students on *Memory Magic*—including how to copy your 64's built-in character set from ROM into RAM. Why, you ask? So that next month you can turn the character set into custom-designed text or graphics! (Turn to page 73.)

Beginning BASIC programmers are directed to this month's *Cadet's Column* for one of the more valuable lessons they'll ever learn—on structured programming. Additionally, Cheryl Peterson provides *Compuphobia*, a program you'll learn from and have fun with at the same time. (Turn to page 77.)

We're especially proud of this month's complement of ready-to-enter games—four of the finest ever to share an issue of *Ahoy!*:

Treasure Wheel by regular contributor Bob Blackmer simulates the TV game show of almost-the-same name. (Turn to page 31.)

Head to Head provides true two-player action as you and your opponent race to solve twin computer-generated mazes. (Turn to page 72.)

In *Arena* you wield a propellerlike spinner against fast-moving geometric shapes. (Turn to page 92.)

Crabfight combines two crustacea, a clam, and a pair of octopi in one of the wittiest games we've seen in some time. (Turn to page 69.)

There's much more inside, including *Reviews* of Cardco's *S'MORE* cartridge, InfoDesign's *Edge* series, and other hardware and software (turn to page 57); a megadose of frustration in *Commodares* (turn to page 77); *Tips Ahoy!*, providing the best programming hints and short routines available from the Commodore community (turn to page 87); and the *Scuttlebutt* on all the latest releases for Commodore computers (turn to page 8).

A number of readers have called or written to ask what the extent of *Ahoy!*'s Amiga coverage will be. Our answer: it depends on the extent of Amiga's success. We're far more interested in servicing the readers we have now than in running the risk of losing them by courting new ones—which is what would happen if we diluted our present Commodore 64, 128, and VIC 20 coverage to include the Amiga. While we will be reporting on Amiga releases in *Scuttlebutt*, we won't be publishing Amiga programs or articles until we're convinced that a reasonable portion of our audience and potential audience are using them. As we write these words in early December, it's clear that that's not yet the case.

Until it is, we hope you enjoy the undiluted Commodore 64, 128, and VIC 20 coverage in this issue of the leading independent Commodore magazine!

SCUTTLEBUTT

1541 CONTROLLER • CUSTOM CIRCUIT BOARDS • GAMES FROM FIRST STAR, SUBLOGIC, ELECTRONIC ARTS • C-128 BOOKS • INVOICER • FUNCTION KEY DEFINER • TAX PROGRAMS • MIDI SEQUENCER • DISK ORGANIZER • FREEWARE AND PD LIBRARIES • TALKING TERMINAL

SPOILS OF VICTORY

Victory Software is distributing its entire software line as freeware, encouraging user groups to copy and distribute the programs among members and non-members. Those who like what they get are asked to send a small donation to help perpetuate the service. Volumes I, II, and III, each containing 8-10 game and home utility programs, should be coming to a user group near you, or else may be purchased from Victory for \$7.00 per disk (\$5.00 without instructions).

Victory Software, 50 South Valley Road B-2, Paoli, PA 19301.

HOLY SCROLLER

Sunday School Master Writer holds 800 people records on a single disk, enabling church record keepers to input attendance and visit data and print basic people data, quarter roll sheets, birthday reports, address labels, and attendance reports. Attendance can be added up and averaged over consecutive Sundays. The documentation includes suggested forms to be used for communication between the church school office and the class. For the 64: \$99.95.

UHL Research Associates, Inc., 7926 Berner St., Long Beach, CA 90808 (phone: 213-493-1955).

TELECOM NEWS

Welwyn Currah's *Intelligent Talking Terminal* (\$29.95), used in combination with the Voice Messenger (see December '85 *Ahoy!*), lets C-64 users receive modem-transmitted data verbally. Used alone, it serves as a silent telecommunications program that offers 80-column operation, capture and display of hi-res characters, redefinition of all keys to send text



Receive data silently or verbally. READER SERVICE NO. 201

strings, change colors, or perform other functions, autologon, automatic formatting, and other features. The program is compatible with sequential word processors, and can be customized to suit the user's needs.

Welwyn Currah, 104 W. Fourth Street, Royal Oak, MI 48067 (phone: 617-353-1143).

CompuServe has opened branch offices in Phoenix and Washington, D.C., bringing to 30 its number of offices nationwide. The Phoenix office

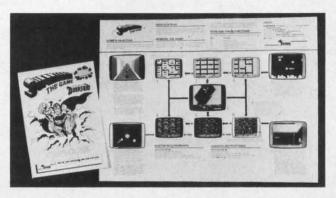
is located at Suite E-104, 11221 N. 28th Drive, Phoenix, AZ 85029 (phone: 602-863-1404); the Washington office at Suite 700, 1655 N. Fort Meyer Drive, Arlington, VA (phone: 703-528-3393).

NEW GAME RELEASES

Ultimately, you knew there would be an Ultima IV: Quest of the Avatar, made available through Electronic Arts. The program, which fills both sides of two disks, incorporates a terrain 16 times larger than prior games in the series, interaction with hundreds of non-player characters, new monsters, spells, and challenges, and an improved user interface with numerous menu-driven sections, including automatic help features for player status, weapons, armor, and magic. The Commodore 64/128 version, scheduled for release in the first quarter of '86, will retail for \$64.00.

Electronic Arts, 2755 Campus Drive, San Mateo, CA 94403 (phone: 415-571-7171).

Superman—The Game, the first release in First Star's Super Powers Software Collection, pits the Man of Steel against Darkseid, a villain with powers that threaten the entire universe. The archfiend employs the Omega Effect to teleport citizens of



Superman—The Game divides Metropolis into sections. Players must qualify to travel from screen to screen.

READER
SERVICE NO. 202

Orderin - m/c). dents a handlin allow 2 over \$1 Interna

vice Ce

"IT DON'T GET NO BETTER THAN THIS"

EPYX	BRODERBUND	DISKS
Summer Games23.95	Print Shop27.95	Guaranteed Error Free
Summer Games II23.95	P/S Library 1, 2,&316.95 ea.	Generic No Label
Winter Games23.95	Whistlers Bros18.95	Pack of 25 w/sleeves18.75
Pitstop II23.95	Karateka18.95	
Eldolon	Music Shop27.95	Maxell MD 1D
Rescue on Fractalus23.95	Bank St. Writer29.97	Drive Head Cleaning Kit11.95
Fast Load23.95	Stealth	STRATEGIC SIM
Koronis Rift23.95		
Ball Blazer23.95	ACTIVISION	Carrier Force35.95
Greatest Football Game23.95	Slot Car Construction21.95	Computer Baseball23.95
Multiplan 64/12840.95	Cross Ctry Road Race19.95	Computer Quarterback23.95
Progtool Kit24.95	Master of the Lamps19.95	Field of Fire23.95
1 Togloof Nit	On Track Racing19.95	Kampgreuf35.95
INFOCOM		Mech Brigade35.95
	Countdown to Shutdown19.95	Operation Mkt. Garden29.95
Wishbringer21.95		Germany 198535.95
Enchanter21.95	Gamemaker24.95	
Zork 1-2-3	BATTERIES INCLUDED	MISC.
Suspect		Spy vs Spy18.95
Witness21.95	Home Pack29.95	Spy vs Spy II18.95
Sorcerer23.95	Consultant36.95	Tapper27.95
Cuthroats21.95	Paper Clip 64/12836.95	Doodle23.95
Infidel23.95	P/C w/Spell 64/12849.95	States and Traits27.95
Spellbreaker27.95	MIODO I FACILE	Typing Tutor III24.95
ALL INVISICLUES6.00	MICRO LEAGUE	Body Transparent27.95
ACCESS	Microleague Baseball29.95	I am the 6418.95
	Managers Disk29.95	CompuServe Starter22.95
Beachead II21.95	Team Disks14.95	Superbase 64 V.2
Raid over Moscow23.95		Superbase 128 56.95
OIEDDA	MICROPROSE	Practicalc 6418.95
SIERRA	Crusade in Europe24.95	Practifile 6418.95
Wiztype21.95	F-15 Strike Eagle21.95	Tax Advantage '85Call
Champ Boxing21.95	Kennedy Approach21.95	Sargon III29.95
Stunt Flyer16.95	Silent Service21.95	Koala Printer
Homeword29.95	Acro Jet21.95	Super ScriptCall
Homeword w speller40.95	GunshipCall	Super Bowl Sunday19.95
Ultima II35.95	Decision in Desert24.95	Kung FU19.95
	Decision in Desert24.55	Karate Champ21.95
RIBBONS	TIMEWORKS	C-64 Koala Pads42.95
MPS 8036.95		Flight Sim. II
SG10-15	Data Manager II29.95	FI. Sim. Scenery
	Data Mgr. II 12842.95	Intl. Hockey
Oki 82,92,83,932.35	Electronic Checkbook16.95	
Oki 182, 1929.75	Money Manager16.95	Halley Project
1526	Evelyn Wood Reading29.95	Ultima III
Legend 880, 1080, 8086.50	SwiftCalc 128 w/Sideways42.95	Ultima IV39.95
Epson FX, RX, MX, LX 804.50	Word Writer 12842.95	Superman19.95
Epson FX, RX, MX, 1006.50	Swift Calc w/Sideways 6429.95	COMPLETE LINE OF
Epson 85	Sideways19.95	APPLE & IBM SOFTWARE
Epson 185	Word Writer w/Speller29.95	ATTEC & IBM OOT THATE
Brother 15,25,354.99	40001405	ACCESSORIES & DISKS
Juki 6000,61002.50	ACCOLADE	
15256.75	Flight Night19.95	Disk Notchers 6.50
Banana	Dam Busters19.95	Disk Mailers
MPS 8016.75		Drive and Printer
	Hard Ball19.95	O-bles (see sife length)
Axiom Elite 5 LCD7.99		Cables (specify length)1.20
Axiom Elite 5 LCD	Law of the West	Cables (specify length)1.20 per foot (6 ft. min.)

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL COMPUTER PRODUCTS

P.O. Box 1758, STATEN ISLAND, NY 10314 PHONE ORDERS 718-351-1864

Ordering Info: In stock items shipped within 24 hrs. for prepaid orders (cert. chk. - visa - m/c). C.O.D. orders accepted please add \$4.00 must be cash or cert. chk. only. NYS residents add 8¼% sales tax. Visa & Master Card add 4%. All orders add 3.50 shipping and handling. International Orders add \$5.00 \$ S & H. School inquiries invited. Personal checks allow 2 wks. for clearance. Availability and pricing subject to change without notice. Orders over \$150.00 receive free shipping in continental U.S. Make all checks payable to: American International Computer Products. Defective Mdse: Handled by authorized Warranty Service Center in your area. Hardware special subject to availability.

TRY OUR GREAT EXPRESS SERVICE

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER

FREE 1541 Disk Drive Cleaning Program
With Every Order

SUPER HARDWARE PACKAGE

C-128 Computer 1571 Disk Drive Super Epson Compatible NLQ PRINTER

\$685.00 S & H Included PRINTER INTERFACE ADD. \$44.95

Metropolis to his underground lair where he can try to wrest the secret of the Anti-Life formula from them. Against him, Superman pits his powers of flight, super strength, heat vision, and super breath. Players can assume the roles of hero and villain and compete against each other or play solo against the artificial intelligence-aided computer. For the C-64; \$29.95.

If you purchase the program and send in the proof-of-purchase along with the coupon available at your dealer and \$2.99, you'll receive a Super Powers Digital Watch valued at more than \$10.00.

First Star Software Inc., 18 East 41st Street, New York, NY 10017 (phone: 212-532-4666).

Battle for Midway puts the C-64 user in command of the United States Pacific Fleet just following the December 7, 1941 attack on Pearl Harbor. Previously available in Europe, it is now available in the US from BCI for \$9.99.

BCI Software, P.O. Box 730, Ring-



Reader Service No. 184



SubLOGIC's 68000-based software development team takes time out from their work on third-generation flight simulators to pose for the camera. Bless you boys.

wood, NJ 07456 (phone: 201-835-7300).

Epyx Sports Preview enables C-64 owners to sample The World's Greatest Baseball Game, Winter Games, The World's Greatest Football Game, Summer Games, and Summer Games II for \$3.50 (\$4.00 in Canada). A \$3.50 rebate is offered for any Epyx sports game purchased before February 15, 1986.

Epyx Computer Software, 1043 Kiel Court, Sunnyvale, CA 94089 (phone: 408-745-0700).

SubLOGIC has enhanced its Flight Simulator (see The Digital Blue Yonder, page 41) for 68000-based computers, including the Amiga. Improvements include the choice of flying a Cessna 182 or a Lear Jet (by mouse or keyboard), pull-down menus for setting time or season and cloud layers by pointing a mousecontrolled cursor, multiple 3D windows for watching two or more views simultaneously, and control tower and spotter plane views in addition to the original nine. Each window can be individually adjusted for the best viewing angle, from wide-angle (1X) to super-telephoto (4000X).

SubLOGIC Corporation, 713 Edgebrook Drive, Champaign, IL 61820 (phone: 217-359-8482; orders 800-637-4983 except in IL, AK, and HI).

PD SOFTWARE

64 GOLD, a library of public domain Commodore 64 programs encompassing games, word processing, extended utilities, communications, and education has been made available for \$5.00 each by the Blackship Group. A free catalog can be obtained by writing 64 GOLD, 3219

Folsom Street, San Francisco, CA 94110 (phone: 800-431-6249; in CA 415-550-0512).

BOOKS

The Command Post reprint booklet combines all the material that ran in Commander magazine's Commodore ham radio communications column of the same name from September 1983 through June 1984. Besides teaching basic interfacing techniques for amateur radio applications and other control situations and reviewing hardware and software, program listings are provided for morse code send and receive, radio-teletype send and receive, duplicate checking and program exchange over the air. Price is \$9.95 plus \$2.50 shipping in US and Canada; overseas orders plus \$5.00 (full amount by international money order).

QSKY Publishing, P.O. Box 3042, Springfield, IL 62708.

More available details on C-128 Internals (\$19.95), preannounced in November's Scuttlebutt: the volume includes information on using interrupts, assembly language programming and Kernal routines, the Z-80 processor and the boot ROM, peripherals and the ports, programming for sound and music, the various graphics modes, and the memory management unit, the input/output ports, and using the 80-column chip for 640 X 200 point resolution, smooth scrolling, copying blocks in screen memory, character length and width management, and getting more than 25 lines on the screen.

Abacus Software, P.O. Box 7211, Grand Rapids, MI 49510 (phone: 616-241-5510).

The Commodore 128 Mode: An Inside View explores the computer's 16 memory banks, with information on bank switching, programming with the built-in monitor, BASIC 7.0 tokens and graphic and sound commands, and disk storage on the 1541 and 1571. Also included are demonstration programs and an instructive memory map.

lop-

kes

ok-

10-

ol-

m-

les

ies

nd

m

nd

ce JS

us

al

in

Microcomscribe, 8982 Stimson Ct., San Diego, CA 92129 (phone: 619-484-3884 or 578-4588).

Locating Computer Programs (\$17.00) guides the micro user to over 300 sources of software information. including directories, books of programs, reviews, databases, and national software-sharing organizations.

Garland Publishing, 136 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10016 (phone: 212-686-7492).

Understanding Computer Science Applications (\$14.95) provides a selfpaced course on how computers are used to solve problems. Covered are serial, parallel, and network communications, distributed processing, modeling and simulation of systems, graphics, and future applications. Each chapter ends with a summary and quiz.

Texas Instruments Incorporated, P.O. Box 225474, MS/8218, Dallas, TX 75265 (phone: 214-997-3955).

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS

Tiger's Tales teaches kindergarteners through second graders reading comprehension, vocabulary, and problem-solving skills as they join tabby on a series of adventures, helping to decide how each story will proceed. The Words section that accompanies each of the five stories lets children match up unfamiliar words used in the stories with pictures. The C-64 program can be used in conjunction with Koala's Muppet Learning Keys. Price of the disk plus one backup and teacher's guide is \$59; lab package (10 disks plus teacher's guide) is \$177.

Sunburst Communications, Inc., 39 Washington Ave., Pleasantville, NY 10570 (phone: 800-431-1934; in NY, AK, and Canada call 914-769-5030 collect for orders).



A self-paced, textbook-style course. READER SERVICE NO. 204

PLANNING CODE

Zip helps managers plan projects by selecting the best mix of objectives that can be accomplished with the resources available, asking "what if" questions and determining their effect on a project, defining objectives and the activities and resources needed to

achieve them, tracking and managing project costs, and more. Price of the complete C-64 package is \$99.95 plus \$10.00 shipping, \$29.95 plus \$10.00 for the documentation only, or \$79.95 plus \$5.00 for the disks only.

Lawco Ltd., P.O. Box 2009, Manteca, CA 95336 (phone: 209-239-6006).

PROBLEM PROGRAM

Everyone you know butts into your affairs anyway. So why not let your 64 do it? Creative Problem Solving (\$29.95) evaluates personal, financial, and business problems by weighing user-entered input and producing a printed analysis of the factors involved. The output shows the best solution to the problem, but can also be utilized as a list of pros and cons. A printer is necessary.

Harvsoft, Box 725, Kenmore, NY 14217 (phone: 716-877-3510).

MOVIE MAKER REMAKE

Electronic Arts has reintroduced Movie Maker (formerly available

BACKUP PROTECTED SOFTWARE FAST with COPY II 64/128TM

From the team who brought you COPY II PLUS (Apple), COPY II PC (IBM) and COPY II MAC (Macintosh) comes a revolutionary new copy program for the Commodore 64 and 128 computers.

- Copies most* protected software automatically.
- Copies even protected disks in just 2 minutes (single drive).
- Copies even protected disks in just 1 minute (dual drive).
- Maximum of four disk swaps on a single drive.
- Includes fast loader, 12 second format.

Requires a Commodore 64 or 128 computer with one or two 1541 or 1571 drives.

ENTRAL POINT Software, Inc.

9700 SW Capitol Hwy., *100 Portland, OR 97219

503/244-5782

M-F, 8-5:30, W. Coast Time CHECK, COD WELCOME

plus \$3 s/h (\$8 overseas)

*We update Copy II 64 regularly to handle new protections; you as a registered owner may update at any time at a

This product is provided for the purpose of enabling you to make archival copies only

Reader Service No. 160

from Reston Publishing), enhanced with over 100 new drawings and three animated movies by Gahan Wilson. These and the other seven built-in movies can be customized or studied as tutorials. The program permits users to create animated tracks, or characters, of up to 300 frames in length, and to combine up to six such tracks in a single animated sequence. The sequences can be chained together for automatic playback, or a VCR can be used to combine them into featurelength animated productions. A library of built-in tones and sound effects is included, allowing the creation of different sound tracks for each movie. For the C-64; \$32.95.

Electronic Arts, 2755 Campus Drive, San Mateo, CA 94403 (phone: 415-571-7171).

ANTI-STATIC PRODUCTS

The Static Buster line of static control products has been expanded to include Anti-Stat Cleaner (reduces glare, static, and dust buildup while leaving an invisible conductive film) and Anti-Stat Wipes, both designed to work with the Static Potential Equalizer.

Lamb's Information Systems, 301 N. Main St., Pueblo, CO 81003 (phone: 1-800-STATIC-1).

NEW DISK MARKERS

Red, blue, and green Diskribe markers have been added to the original gold and silver, allowing users to color-code a broader range of disks. The markers are designed to write directly on the disk jacket. Price is \$2.50 each.

Sanford Corporation, 2740 Washington Blvd., Bellwood, IL 60104.

MACH 128

Designed for use with the C-128 or C-64, the *Mach 128 Enhancement Package* (\$49.95) will speed 1541 or 1571 loads by up to five times, provide 40- and 80-column screen dumps, and make DOS enhancements available on the C-64 and in all three 128 modes: 40-column, 80-column, and C-64.

A mode selection switch on the cartridge allows the user to choose either native 128 or C-64 emulation mode. A reset switch allows for warm starts.



Static Buster
Anti-Stat Wipes
are treated, lintfree cloths used
to apply Static
Buster Anti-Stat
Cleaner or for
everyday dusting.
Both work with
the Static Potential Equalizer
as a total system.
READER
SERVICE NO. 205

The cartridge plugs into the expansion port of either machine and may be left in at all times. Upon power up, the cartridge senses whether a 1541 or 1571 drive is connected to the system and which mode the computer is in, then engages or disengages the drive speed routines dependent on the hardware configuration.

Included in the package is a disk containing a BASIC +4K program, two monitors, a disk organizers and catalog program, and other utilities.

Access Software, Inc., 2561 South 1560 West, Woods Cross, UT 84087 (phone: 801-298-9077).

DISKORGANIZER

Diskorganizer (\$29.95) allows C-64 users to sort and rearrange the disk directory of any unprotected disk to meet specifications, and write the new directory to the disk. A screen editor permits changing the header, scratching, scratchproofing, and renaming files, writing files to another disk, marking off sections of the disk for easy reading and independent sorting, positioning individual files anywhere in the directory, and printing copies of revised directories.

The G.A.S.S. Company, 970 Copeland, North Bay, ONT P1B 3E4 (phone: 705-474-9602).

SENTENCE GENERATOR

Sort of a computerized Mad-Lib book, *Creative Writer* (\$29.95) generates an infinite number of random, gramatically correct sentences. Suggested uses are simulation of famous authors and tailor-made abuse for politicians and friends.

The G.A.S.S. Company, 970 Copeland, North Bay, ONT PIB 3E4 (phone: 705-474-9602).

TAX PROGRAMS

Two programs for taxpayers from Northland Accounting:

Bookkeeper's Aid complies with all IRS record keeping requirements in keeping the small business tax records straight. The program is menudriven, with all data input assisted by screen prompts. 300 user-defined account classifications are available, and all sorting and calculating is performed independent of the disk or tape drive. The program will work with most serial printers to generate a complete report of all records by record number and sorted by account. On disk or tape for the VIC 20 with 16K, the C-64, or the Plus/4; \$34.95.

Revised once again to incorporate all the latest tax laws, *Taxaid* will prepare any IRS form 1040 and print the results to screen or paper. The user can make changes and revisions at any time during data entry. Calculations are automatic and all tax tables, including income tax averaging, are built-in. On disk or tape for the VIC 20 with 16K, the C-64, or the Plus/4; \$39.95.

Northland Accounting, Inc., 606 Second Avenue, Two Harbors, MN 55616 (phone: 218-834-3600).

CUSTOM BOARDS

New custom circuit boards for the C-64 and 128 from Micro R & D:

The MW-611 universal I/O board plugs into the C-64/128 expansion port, providing for 16 channels of analog inupt and from 14 to 16 dis-

crete outputs as well as an additional analog output. All outputs are programmable through BASIC, individually or in groups. Diode suppression is provided to protext the output from inductive kickbacks. Other features include an EPROM socket for custom programs, A/D and D/A converters, and a 16-pin footprint for experimental circuits.

The MW-150 is a terminal breakout board for any analog/digital conversion board, featuring circuitry for using a thermocouple amplifier with cold junction compensation to produce an amplified output signal from a thermocouple input. The device senses the junction temperature on the board using a temperature-sensitive amplifier and provides internal compensation. Also included are circuits for RC noise filtering and scaling voltages down using a voltage divider circuit.

E4

om

all

in

ec-

by

le,

er-

or

rk

ite

by

int.

th 5.

all

re

lts

Micro R&D has enhanced their MW-350 Graphics Printer Interface (see February '85 *Ahoy!*) to include a 4K buffer and a revised operating ROM that provides for switch settings for eight popular printer brands.

Micro R&D Inc., 3333 S. Wadsworth A-104, Lakewood, CO 80227 (phone: 303-985-4077 or 1473).

GRAPHICS DISKS

Broderbund and Springboard have enhanced their popular C-64 graphics programs with new supplementary art disks.

The Print Shop Graphics Library Disk 3 (\$24.95) provides 120 new designs, symbols, and pictures, including international symbols, dozens of business icons, 15 new Christmas graphics, and graphics representing myth and fantasy, the seasons of the year, animals, and miscellaneous designs.

Broderbund Software, Inc., 17 Paul Drive, San Rafael, CA 94903-2101 (phone: 415-479-1170).

The Clip Art Collection, Volume 1 (\$29.95) adds 600 pieces of art to the 600 original pieces provided with The Newsroom, Springboard's \$49.95 newspaper-making program for the Commodore 64 and 128.

Springboard Software, Inc., 7808

Creekridge Circle, Minneapolis, MN 55435 (phone: 612-944-3915).

1541 CONTROL

The 1541 Control (\$34.95) mounts on top of the drive, allowing the user to change the device number, increase disk storage by 100%, and reset the computer, disk drive, or entire system. Installation is facilitated by an illustrated manual.

Micro Fabrication Systems, P.O. Box 1114, Delaware, OH 43015.

INVOICING PROGRAM

The Invoicer (\$59.95), which lets C-64 owners produce bills on blank paper or preprinted forms, features batch or real time processing, user-defined smart keys, automatic letterhead formatting, sales tax calculation, line extension and totaling, built-in audit controls, and daily sales reporting with optional user-defined item subtotals. Tax, taxable sales, and nontaxable sales are automatically tracked. Statistical data such as average invoice amount can also be generated.

MiccaSoft, 406 Windsor Lane, New Braunfels, TX 78130 (phone: 512-629-4341).

FUNCTION KEY DEFINER

Screen Dump, Etc. (\$24.95) defines the C-64's eight function keys for different tasks. Besides enabling you to print a C-64 screen of any resolution or combination of resolutions to a dot-addressable printer, the program will let you save screens to and load screens from disk, display screen memory allocations, perform decimal/hex conversion, and get HELP. One key is user-definable. All function key routines can be performed at any time, even during program execution.

IRQ, Inc., P.O. Box 457, St. Charles, MO 63302.

MIDI SEQUENCER

Two C-64 MIDI products from Dr. T's Music Software (requiring a Model-T, Sequential 242 or 64-compatible, Passport, or Passport-compatible MIDI interface):

The Keyboard Controlled Sequencer (\$125.00) can be used as a 16track tape recorder, capable of re-



1541 Control: change device #, reset. READER SERVICE NO. 206

cording and playing back on any or all of the 16 MIDI channels. Included is a flexible set of options for structuring music, real-time control of up to 35 independent sequences from the computer keyboard, and an editing system that displays up to 22 notes onscreen at a time and lets the composer change the timing, dynamics, pitch, or MIDI channel. Music can be recorded in three ways: in real-time from the synthesizer keyboard, one note at a time from the computer keyboard, or as sequences of evenly spaced notes entered from the synthesizer keyboard using the STEP-TIME function.

The DX Patch Librarian (\$75.00), originally intended for creating and storing patches for Yamaha DX7 synthesizers, has been modified to permit programming of TX and 8-16 expansion modules without a DX7. It allows the C-64 user to attach a keyboard controller or external sequencer to the MIDI-in of the computer to easily hear his TX sounds.

Dr. T's Music Software, 66 Louise Road, Chestnut Hill, MA 02167 (phone: 617-244-6954).

TALKING TYPING TUTOR

The latest of the Tymac Talkies, software-generated talking games, *Type-Snyper* teaches typing through 16 different exercises, with lessons ranging from proper finger placement to increasing speed and accuracy. Gameplay consists of an attack helicopter dropping bundles of words and letters that must be "destroyed" by typing them before they reach the city. Exercises are automatically adjusted to emphasize areas needing extra help. For the 64; \$39.95.

Tymac Controls Corporation, 127 Main Street, Franklin, NJ 07416 (phone: 201-827-4050).

COMMODORE PRINTER

Hattori Seiko's SP-1000VC dot matrix printer (\$270.00) offers Commodore compatibility, bidirectional printing with logic-seeking, adjustable tractor and friction feed, a variety of print character sets, automatic paper loading, and right/left margin set functions.

Hattori Seiko Computer Peripherals, IIII MacArthur Boulevard, Mahwah, NJ 07430 (phone: 201-529-5730).

BASIC TOOLKIT

The BASIC Toolkit provides more than 100 new BASIC commands, allowing Commodore 64 and 128 programmers to add high-speed assembly language operations to their application programs. In addition to enhancing BASIC, the Toolkit boosts the Commodore operating system, with features like a directory listing command, straightforward disk command syntax, and a LOAD/SAVE function for graphics, sprites, and character sets. Built in is the Vorpal Fast Loader, Epyx's own rapid disk-loading enhancement for the 1541 and 1571 disk drives.

Users may print disk catalogs, text files, and program listings in BASIC. Commands are provided for sophisticated printing utilities, as well as for incorporating joystick functions into programs.

Special graphics commands facilitate the development of application programs for home or business-use graphics. Graphics like those found in many commercially available games are made possible for users with artistic talent.

Each command is documented in a *Toolkit* manual that includes demo and utility programs plus a command reference card. Retail price of the program will range from \$34.95 to \$44.95.

Epyx, Inc., 1043 Kiel Court, Sunnyvale, CA 94089 (phone: 408-745-0700).

GRAPHICS INTEGRATOR

From the makers of Flexidraw, the Graphics Integrator will convert picture files from one graphics package for use in another. Conversion can be made from hi-res to hi-res, hi-res to Flexidraw format, multicolor to multicolor, or multicolor to hi-res (with some conversion loss). Word processor compatible output with packages having an external file input capability allows the integration of text and pictures. The program can also be used to create self-running slide shows in hi-res, generate stand-alone picture files that can be entered as BASIC, and print pictures from graphics programs not currently supporting printer drivers.

Inkwell Systems, P.O. Box 85152 MB290, San Diego, CA 92138 (phone: 619-268-8792).

PRINTER ACCESSORIES

Via its two easy-to-install ROM chips, the Special Edition Kit for the Star Micronics SG-IOC printer eliminates hardware selection of print functions and offers software accessibility of print modes such as near letter quality, italic, super- and subscript, density bit image graphics, and underlining. Star distributors will offer the kit free of charge to all SG-IOC owners and purchasers.

Star Micronics Inc., 200 Park Avenue, Suite 3510, New York, NY 10166 (phone: 212-986-6770).

A Plug 'N Print Kit designed for the Amiga will allow users to print all 4096 of the Amiga's screen colors with the Okimate 20 printer. Included is interface module, data cable, color and black ribbons, and paper. For a limited time, kits will include a disk that demonstrates the picture capabilities of the Amiga's 512K model, as well as the Okimate's text font and the Amiga's graphics font capabilities. The kit will retail for \$99. (The Okimate 20 sells for \$169.)

Okidata, 532 Fellowship Road, Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054 (phone: 609-235-2600).

SUNCOM PRODUCTS

Two new computer accessories from Suncom:

The Notcher (\$9.95) punches a hole on jackets of single-sided diskettes in the place occupied by the write-protect notch on a double-sided disk. While not intended to render the disk's second side useful for primary data storage, it will provide the user with a means of manufacturing backup or duplicate copies of important data disks.

The Wet System Disk Head Cleaner (\$7.95) removes particle matter, smoke residue, dust, and corrosion that build up on disk heads after extended periods of use.

Suncom Incorporated, 260 Holbrook Drive, Wheeling, IL 60090 (phone: 312-459-8000).



The SP-1000VC, Hattori Seiko's first entry in the North American printer market, has a built-in Commodore interface and a two-year warranty.

LIFE

sup-

5152

2138

DM

the

im-

rint es-

ear ubics, will

G-

ve-166

for int ol-Inca-

painthe ga's te's ont 99.

es

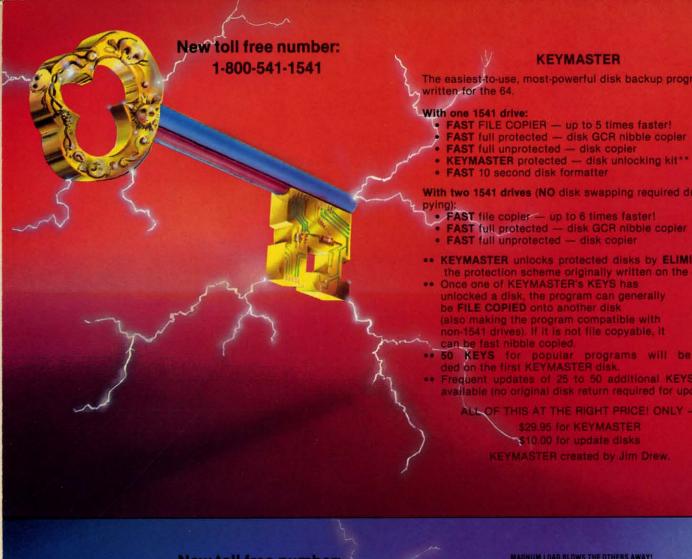
ed

гу

nt

Steven Distasio's (Valhalla, NY) images in last month's Art
Gallery were so striking that we've devoted this month's entire installment to high-resolution black and white DOODLE!
—five of them by Mr. Distasio, all rendered with Last month's contributions, all demonstrating the and, like last month's contributions, all demonstrating the maximum resolution of the 64's 320 X 200 pixel hi-res House, Life Form, Hobbit House, Dungeon #1, Bird of Prey (top), Life Form, thand corner and Dungeon #2 (below). In the lower right hand c. Hulin and Dungeon AFB, Hooked by Michael C. Hulin is another hi-res DOODLE!, Alaska).





KEYMASTER

The easiest-to-use, most-powerful disk backup program ever

- FAST FILE COPIER up to 5 times faster!
- FAST full protected disk GCR nibble copier

- FAST 10 second disk formatter

With two 1541 drives (NO disk swapping required during co-

- - · FAST full unprotected disk copier
- •• KEYMASTER unlocks protected disks by ELIMINATING the protection scheme originally written on the disk.
- Once one of KEYMASTER's KEYS has unlocked a disk, the program can generally be FILE COPIED onto another disk (also making the program compatible with
- can be fast nibble copied.

 50 KEYS for popular programs will be provided on the first KEYMASTER disk.
- Frequent updates of 25 to 50 additional KEYS will be available (no original disk return required for updates!).

ALL OF THIS AT THE RIGHT PRICE! ONLY -\$29.95 for KEYMASTER

KEYMASTER created by Jim Drew.

New toll free number: 1-800-541-1541

MAGNUM LOAD BLOWS THE OTHERS AWAY!

ATTENTION 1541 AND MSD OWNERS!

- Operating system) ROM chip for your Commodore 64 or 128 computer, high-speed verify, disk drive no-head-rattle routine (1541 drive) and a BASIC D drive) have replaced the Datasette tape routines, disk may be loaded and run by pressing only two keys (SHIFT/RUN), ridge-style fast loaders, no ports are tied up at the rear of your computer, et during loading and there is no wear-and-tear on the game port, ence and performance, MAGNUM LOAD is installed DIRECTLY in the circuit ket has already been provided to make the operation easy, but occasionally required. be required. A ur 1541 disk drive "1571 speed."

The chart below compares ACTUAL MEASURED loading times.

PROGRAM		REGULAR LOAD	MACH 5	FAST LOAD	MAGNUM LOAD
Pitstop II (EPYX)	- ?	144 sec	43 sec	41 sec	31 sec
Music Shop (BRODERBUND)	2	105 sec	105 sec*	105 sec*	21 sec
Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy (INFOCOM)	7	70 sec	70 sec*		68 sec*
On-field Football (GAMESTAR)	?	159 sec	66 sec	63 sec	56 sec
EASY FINANCE I (COMMODORE)	2	58 sec	13 sec	13 sec	11 sec

- = Will not fast load defaulted back to regular load.
 = Falled to load at all.

	THE PERSONNEL WINDOW ROTHERS TO THE PERSON OF THE PERSON O	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
VERSION	APPLICATION	PRICE
A	C64 computer and one 1541 drive	\$24.95
В	C64 and one MSD drive (single or dual)	\$24.95
C	C64, one 1541 drive AND one MSD drive (switchable)	\$29.95
D.	C128 computer and one 1541 drive***	\$24.95
E	C128 and one MSD drive (single or dual)***	\$24.95

28 & CP/M modes. Cartridge versions MUST be UNPLUGGED to

ORDER THE VERSION YOU NEED NOW!

MAGNUM LOAD created by Jim Draw

C64, C128, 1541, 1571-and Datasette TM Commodore, MSD TM Micro Systems Development, MACH 5 TM ACCESS; FAST LOAD TM EPYX, STAR DOS TM Star Point

/ Gwww.commodore.ca

hardy most disk

TH

even

Beca feel [

m ever

TING

Shadow is a new and revolutionary piece of hardware that is used to duplicate even the most protected software. Fitting inside the disk drive (no soldering required), SHADOW takes complete control of all functions giving near 100% copies.

Being the best utility available today, it will even copy the other copy programs.

Because of the Shadow's unique abilities, we feel DOS protection is a thing of the past.



Shadow a disk while it loads, then read an exact list of:

- Track, sector, ID, check sum, drive status
- High and low track limits Density use on each track Half tracks that are used

- Command recorder shows commands that were sent to 1541 while program was loading
- RAM recorder records custom DOS

- Shadow-scan any disk, then read exact list of:

 Valid tracks, half tracks, partial tracks and
- Sync mark link, header block links and data block links
- Track to track synchronization

Exclusive snap shot recorder will give you an exact copy of the 1541 RAM and can be viewed, saved or printed. Plus many more features included.

*Requires Shadow

P.O. Box 1080 • Battle Ground, Washington 98604

Highly sophisticated and integrated piece of hardware that turns you 1541 into something you've always wanted.

Track and sector display

Drive reset switch

- Device number change
- Half track indicator
 Abnormal bit density indicator
 Shadow on-off indicator

The Shadow display will give you an accurate display of precisely what track you are accessing during a normal load even if the program does a read past track 35.

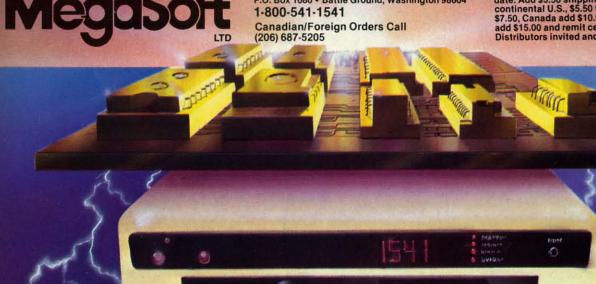
*Requires Shadow



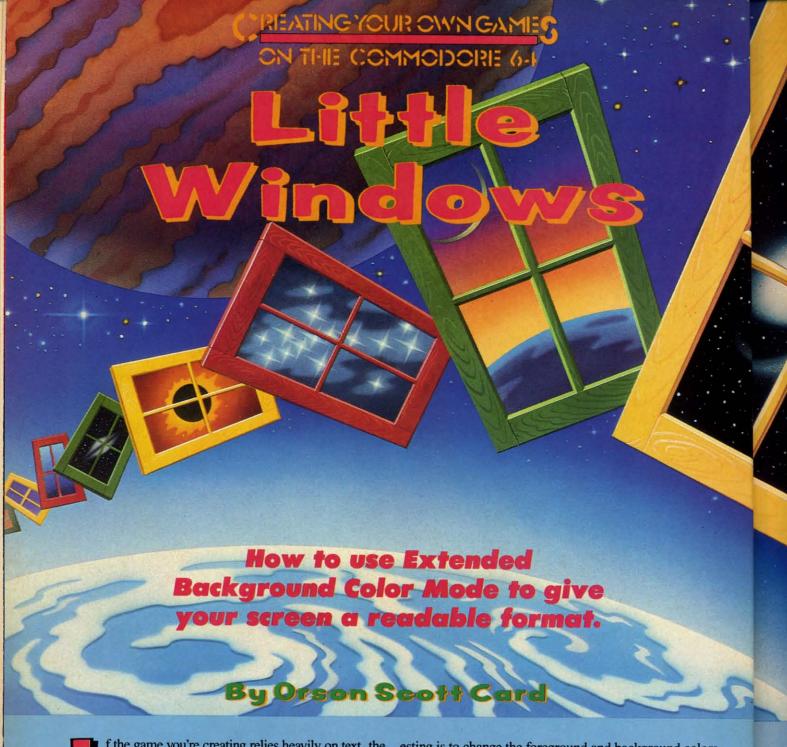
Order by phone 24 hrs./7 days or send cashier's check/money order payable to Megasoft. Visa, MasterCard include card number and expiration date. Add \$3.50 shipping/handling for continental U.S., \$5.50 for UPS air. CODs add \$7.50, Canada add \$10.00. Other foreign orders add \$15.00 and remit certified U.S. funds only. Distributors invited and supported.

Chwara - commodore.ca





Reader Service No. 200



f the game you're creating relies heavily on text, the screen can get pretty boring. Of course, Infocom has shown us that if the story of the game is interesting enough, even plain vanilla text-only screens can keep our interest.

Remember, though, that the screen display isn't designed merely for entertainment. It is also your chief tool for *communicating* with the player.

By carefully designing the screen format, you can enhance the screen's ability to convey information clearly and quickly. If it also makes the screen more interesting—well, who can complain about that?

DEFINING WINDOWS

The most obvious way to make the screen more inter-

esting is to change the foreground and background colors—and get rid of that boring light blue on dark blue. The foreground color (the color of the letters) can be changed by PRINTing one of the color-change characters (QUOTE, then SHIFT-1 through SHIFT-8 or COMMODORE-1 through COMMODORE-8). The background color is changed by POKEing a value from 0 to 15 into location 53281. And to change the border color, POKE a number from 0 to 15 into location 53280.

Another way to snazz up the display is to design a new character font, so we don't have to look at the same old letter shapes. We've gone through that process in detail in earlier columns—a year ago, if I remember correctly.

The trouble with both these changes is that as often as not they *interfere* with communication. Most char-





acter fonts don't improve the clarity of the letters; nine times out of ten, they make the letters even harder to read, which very quickly becomes far more annoying than the boredom of the regular character set.

And changing the colors is interesting for the first few moments—but there aren't many foreground-background color combinations that have the right contrast to be readable for the long hours that the player will want to play your game.

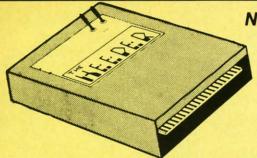
What will make your screen more interesting and improve its usefulness is to divide the screen into "windows"—sections of the screen used for the same purpose all through the game.

For instance, if you were creating an adventure game, you might reserve a small area – a single line at the bot-

tom, for instance—that constantly displayed the elapsed time, the character's strength and health, and how much electricity his flashlight had left. The player could glance at that screen line any time he wanted the information, without having to use up a command finding it out.

You could use another window to give the name of the room he is in and any other characters who are in there with him. A third window could contain a constant list of what he's carrying. The fourth—and largest—window would then contain the traditional command-and-response information that all adventures seem to have.

The result would be a very pleasing visual design: four distinct screen areas, each used to convey a particular kind of information, so the player could look at the same place every time.



NEW FOR C-64 and C-128 THE KEEPER

ONLY \$3995

Revolutionary new technology enables virtual storage of 8192 bytes of high speed RAM. With write protect and in/out switches, the KEEPER adds new dimensions to your computing capability. Designed for the Commodore C-64 and C-128.

GRAPHIC LABEL MAKER

Give your labels the professional touch. With Hi Rez Graphics make your own design or use

one our 60 premade labels with easy to use on screen editor. You can insert up to three lines of text then choose the picture you want to put on the left hand side of the label. Then you

can print out as many labels as you want. This has got to be the neatest label program out

ALBERT STAR THEK

. Make Auto-Start Cartridges of Your Own Programs

Built-in Software Mkes Use EASY

Copy BASIC or Machine Language Programs

 Instant Program Recall · May Be Used Over and Over

· Guaranteed for 1 Year

MASTER LOCK

Here, at last, is a program that will protect your software programs from unauthorized duplicating. 1 to 1 million copies can be protected, fast and easy

- . Specially designed for the C-64 and 1541 Disk Drive.
- Completely encrypts and protects your programs
- Fully compatible with almost all machine language and basic programs can even support chained programs.
- · Contains a special feature which protects your program from being 'broken.
- Incorporates all the latest techniques in program encryption and protection.
- Each system has been specially prepared and is unique from all other systems only you are able to make working duplicates of your own protected programs.
- · Simple and easy to use entirely menu drive with prompts.
- · Will stop virtually all software copiers from duplicating your programs.
- · Fast and reliable protection routine does not take away any useable space from your disk - all 664 blocks are available for use.
- . Easy to follow step by step instructions are included on the disk.
- A must for all programmers who do not want their programs to be in public domain!

Even the "nibblers" can't copy them. Not even *Disk Maker, *Mister Nibbles, *Copy II, *Ultra Byte or *Fast Hackem. The time to protect you disk is only 5 (five) seconds and each Master Lock makes a different protection scheme. Only.

*Disk MakerTM, Basix *Mister NibblesTM, Full Circle

*Copy IITM, Central Point Software
*Ultra ByteTM, Ultra Byte

*Fast HackemTM, Basement Boys Software

there and it's only \$2495









*Now works with Print Shop

*Also available — the x-rated Graphic package for the 64 and your print shop. There's 60 Hi Rex pictures

\$2495

1541 M.A.S.H.

Now you can service your own 1541 disk drive using 1541 M.A.S.H. Save big bucks on repair bills. Rate the performance of your drive. Test and adjust RPM's. Test and adjust head alignment. Step by step instructions that anyone can follow. Pays for itself the first time you use it to adjust a misbehaving drive. No knowledge of electronics is necessary. All you needs is a screwdriver and 20 minutes.

DISK TRACKER

Now you can log all of your disks into a neat filing system. Automatically record disk names

and program titles. Allows you to quickly scan what you've got. Sorts titles; prints jacket covers; store up to 1600 disk directories on one disk. Search quickly through your entire disk

collection for a misplaced program. Works with one drive or two. Fast, easy operation. This

NOW ONLY \$1995

ONLY \$1995

TOOL BOX

This disk has over 100 routines, some of them are routines for protection, smooth scrolling modem routines, and sound and color routines; bootmaker, paddle and joystick; read terminal, auto dial, auto answer. They can easily be incorporated into all of your programs. It is also fully documented. With this disk alone you could build your own program. This disk has a lot of tricks that are used in commercial software.

\$1995

\$2995

SWIFTERM AND MODEM This is the best package anywhere!

SWIFTERM:

is absolutely the easiest terminal program available anywhere.

- Works with the 1660, and Westridge Modem
- · New printer and midwestern protocal · Printer dump
- DOS commands access from menu

. Auto dial (with auto redial)

- · 29K storage buffer
- · Save to disk
- · Standard ASCII up/down loading
- · 300/1200 Baud

This is an excellent easy to use program for a very reasonable price.

THE MODEM:

Auto dial, auto answer, 300 Baud modem that is 100% compatible with Commadors 1650 modem, so all our software will run with it.

ALL THIS FOR ONLY \$3596

So why buy just another terminal program when you can get a modem, too!?

300/1200 BAUD

THE XXXXXXXXXX

X-RATED GRAPHICS LIBRARY

Your Print Show May Never Be The Same!

X-Rated Graphics guaranteed to spice up your special letterheads, greeting cards, signs and banners! Everything from mild to Look Out Nelly! 60 Erotic additions to heat up your print shop graphics library, plus 5 ribald Screen Magic additions! \$2495

Print Shop is a trademark of Broderbund

program is a must for everyone!

GRAPHICS & GAME DISK

X-Rated adventure like you have never seen before. Complete with graphic simulations

Modem for the C-64 With Swifterm \$16900 Plus: X-Rated Cartoons

\$24⁹⁵

HAVE WE GOT A MESSAGE . . . FOR YOU!

Message ... is a unique graphics integration package which allows you to continuously display hiresolution and multicolor files. Up to 12 files may be stored in memory and displayed from 1 to 59

Message . . . can use Print Shop 'Screen Magic' files, Flexidraw files, Doodle!, Koala Painter, and more! Message . . . even comes with a 'Screen Maker' program to create your own message files! Use Message ... for advertising displays, titles for home videos, art shows, etc. ... Message ... even plays background music to accompany displays and you can create your own music files with the 'Music Maker' program

Also included are 'Graphic Aids' utilities for conversion of different file types, including conversion of Koala Painter files to Doodle! or Print Shop!

The price for all this? Just \$1995 including shipping and handling *Actual number of files dependent on file complexit

cartridge blanked (socket ha Rather th compare

MAGNUM The tape high-spee

• Transla Makes
 (SID, V

1. Will 2. Will 3. Dire

· Can be routine · Can be exami Printer

You no le

 Rewrit Featu

 Notati • Handy equiva

progra

SOI

If you're this is th method: unprote plus sin writing, more! T

C-64 Bo

This ma

· Su Beginne for profe

without searche been er hardwa

Track Tr

Enc Per 2 to mus CAL Prog

Www.commodore.ca

MAGNUM LOAD

MAGNUM LOAD is a new replacement KERNAL (operating system) ROM chip for your Com modor 65 or 128 computer that will load and verify programs up to 6 times faster than before The tape routines have been removed from the old chip and in their place have been put a high-speed loader, high-speed verify, and disk driver no-head-rattle routine. Unlike the older cartridge fast loaders, no ports are tied up at the rear of the computer, the screen is not blanked during loading and there is no wear-and-tear on the expansion port. For maximum convenience and performance, the chip is installed directly in the circuit board. Generally a socket has already been provided to make the operation easy, but occasionally some soldering may be required. Now you can give your 1541 disk drive "1571 speed."

Rather than give you more exagerated claims about how many times faster our ROM chip is compared to the slower cartridge versions, a comparison chart is supplied listing MEASURED loading times

Jim Drew	Star-	Reg.	Mach	Fast	MAGNUM
Program	Dos	Load	5	Load	LOAD
Pitstop II	?	144 sec.	43 sec.	41 sec.	31 sec.
Music Shop	?	105 sec.	105 sec.*	105*	21 sec.
Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy	?	70 sec.	70 sec.*	N.G.**	68 sec.
On-field Football	?	149 sec.	66 sec.	63 sec.	56 sec.
EASY FINANCE I	?	58 sec.	13 sec.	13 sec.	11 sec.
				and the second	

\$**24**⁹⁵

For 1541 or MSD Version

for Combo Version

*Will not fast load - defaulted back to regular load

**Failed to load at all

D-CODER

- · Translates any machine language program into easy-to-ready English descriptions with complete explanations of each command.
- Makes complete notations of all important memory locations accessed by the program (SID, VIC, MOS, KERNAL, etc.)
- · Gives you three ways of accessing programs:
- 1. Will read and list programs from DISK
- 2. Will read and list programs from MEMORY
- 3. Direct user input (from magazines, etc.)
- . Can be used to locate and examine any machine language program's protection routines!
- · Can be used to easily break apart machine language programs for study and
- · Printer option for complete hard copy listings!

You no longer need to be an EGGHEAD to read Machine Language.

N-CODER

THE PERFECT COMPANION PROGRAM TO D-CODER!

Allows you to easily make changes in machine language programs . . . right on the disk!

- . Rewrite ability allows code to be altered and then rewritten directly to the disk!
- Features sector-by-sector scrolling assembly language display of machine language
- · Notation of ASCII text equivalents for easy spotting of embedded text strings!
- Handy reference display of all assembly language commands and their ML numerical equivalents!
- Byte splitter for easy splitting of decimal addresses into low byte-high byte format!

SOFTWARE PROTECTION HANDBOOK Third Edition! Now Available!

If you're **tired** of being harassed by **protected software** and too many **copy** programs, then this is the book for you! This 224 page manual covers the gamut from legalities to protection methods to step-by-step back up procedures. Now you can learn both how to protect and unprotect software! The techniques covered include copying cartridges to tape or disk, tape protection, and disk protection. Disk protection covers error numbers 20, 21, 22, 23, 27 and 29 plus single track formatting, header modification, header swapping, half track reading and writing, reading and modified bit densities, formatting illegal track/sectors, sync writing and more! The Third edition explains, tells how to detect and how to write them with included software.

\$1995 US C-64 Book Only \$2996 US

Book & Disk of all Programs...

*Shipping: \$2.00

This manual does not condone piracy

'TRACK TRAP' The 1541 Disk Expander! Supplement to the Software Protection Handbook

The most unusual and innovative protection analysis tool for the Commodore yet! - Not For Beginners — This system expands your 1541 drive giving capability otherwise only possible for professional disk duplication equipment. Now you can create or analyze exotic forms of disk protection. 'D.O.S. Kings' Take Note!' — Entire tracks of data can be read and written without regard to 'standard' sync and format. You are not longer limited to sector by sector searches. Whole track readouts reveal hidden data even when all or most of the sectors have been erased. Uncovers and writes data under errors, pulse coded sync or data, hidden data and access codes, multiple track densities and more! This supplemental manual covers the complete implementation of the track trap system including necessary software and hardware documentation.

Track Trap disk expanded manual

5995 US

Top Secret Stuff I and Top Secret Stuff II Programed by Jim Drew

Are both collections of 20 programs per diskette (that works out to about \$1.00 per program!) that help you explore and enhance your Commodore 64 and/or 128 and 1541 disk drive. Now you can unlock many secrets formerly known only to top machine language programmers by using these sophisticated "tools." If you have ever been curious about the inner workings of your computer system, now is your chance to dig in and find answers with the help of these programs. These collections of programs have gotten rave reviews from actual users, and we are sure that you, too, will be pleased.

The programs include on each diskette are listed below

TOP SECRET STUFF I

The Dock (view/repair disk contents) Sync Checker (diskette) Imbedded Track Number Creator Disk Manipulation System 3 Minute Copy (backup program)
Diskette Matcher (compare sectors) Unscratch A File (recover file) View BAM (block allocation map) 1541 Read/Write Test

1/2 Track Reader Header Reader (display disk header) Sync Maker

Device Number Change (disk drive) Electronic Arts Backup Drive Mon (disk drive m/1 monitor) Diskette File Log (start-end address) Write-Protect Sensor Test Repair A Track (recover data) Fast Format (10 seconds) 1/2 Track Formatter

\$1995

TOP SECRET STUFF II

RAM Test (test Computer RAM)
Copy \$A000-\$FFFF (under ROMS) Display G.C.R. (All sector data) Un-Write Protect (diskette)

Unnew Program Wedge - \$8000 Smooth Scroll (messages up screen)

Koala Dump (koala pad screen dump) Disk Manipulation System Disk Eraser (20 second clean wipe) Split Screen (TWO screen colors)

Disk Protection System (stops copies) Write Protect (diskette) Boot Maker (autobook BASIC programs)

Wedge - \$COOO Diskmatcher II (high speed version) No Drive Rattle (on reading errors) 3 Times Disk Drive Head Speed

Monitor Test (check video monitor)

\$1995

WAR GAMES AUTODIALER

- 1. Auto Dial will automatically dial a set of numbers you choose
- 2. Review Numbers will review numbers that were answered by a computer
- 3. Save Numbers will save numbers where a computer answered
- 4. Hardcopy of Numbers will print out list of numbers where a com
- 5. LOAD Numbers will load in numbers to continue where it left off.
- 6. Continue will pick up dialing where it was interrupted.

\$29⁹⁵

- 300/1200 Band
- Remote access for sysop
- 2 levels of security for up and down load
- 7 rooms (read and write) with 4 security levels
- Secret highest level
- · Open chalk board
- Auto message cycling
- · Printer option

Plus the only BBS with all three (3) proticals X modem, new printer and midwest term, so anyone can up/down

Don't be fooled by cheap imitations. This is the most comprehensive system available anywhere. Now at a new low price



Enclose Cashiers Check, Money Order or Personal Check. Allow 14 days for delivery. 2 to 7 days for phone orders. Canada orders must be in U.S. Dollars. VISA - MASTER CARD - C.O.D.

\$2.00 S & H on all orders

Software Submissions Invited



MegaSoft Limited

P.O. Box 1080, Battle Ground, Washington 98604

Phone 800-541-1541 • BBS 206-687-5205. After Hours Computer to Computer Ordering.

Reader Service No. 171

d RAM to your

and Over

n or use ee lines hen you ram out

495

jacket re disk n. This 95

195

files

1 to 59

SNAPSHOT 64

SNAPSHOT 64 is a unique and exciting utility that virtually takes a picture of your computer's memory. SNAPSHOT 64 then saves that 'snapshot' to disk and automatically creates an auto-boot loader for the program. Once saved to disk the program may be restarted at the exact same point at which it was interrupted!!!

SNAPSHOT 64 is the perfect answer for those looking for the ultimate backup utility. Think of it, being able to stop most any program after the protection check and then being able to resume the program at the same point, totally bypassing the protection check.

- MOST EFFECTIVE UTILITY OF ITS KIND EVEN MORE EFFECTIVE THAN THOSE UTILITIES THAT CLAIM TO "COPY ALL MEMORY-RESIDENT SOFTWARE"
- INVISIBLE TO SOFTWARE CANNOT BE DETECTED
- SNAPSHOT FILES RUN BY THEMSELVES THE BACKUP COPY WILL RUN AS-IS, WITHOUT THE SNAPSHOT CARTRIDGE
- WORKS MUCH FASTER THAN OTHER SIMILAR UTILITIES
- EASY TO USE NO COMPLICATED INSTRUCTIONS EVEN A CHILD CAN DO IT
- SNAPSHOT FILES ARE COMPATIBLE WITH FAST LOAD UTILITIES
- SNAPSHOT FILES WILL LOAD FROM ALL COMMODORE COMPATIBLE DISK DRIVES
- STORE MANY DIFFERENT SNAPSHOTED FILES ON A SINGLE DISK
- FULLY SELF-CONTAINED ON CARTRIDGE NO DISK TO HASSLE WITH
- EXCLUSIVE FEATURE: THE CODE INSPECTOR ALLOWS MOST PROGRAMS TO BE STOPPED, EXAMINED, MODIFIED AND RESUMED WHILE STILL IN MEMORY!!
- NO PARAMETERS NEEDED AS OFTEN REQUIRED BY OTHER UTILITIES
- COMPLETE AND THOROUGH MANUAL IS INCLUDED
- SOLD FOR ARCHIVAL PURPOSES ONLY
- RAVE REVIEWS IN: INFO 64, MIDNIGHT GAZETTE & PROGRAM PROTECTION NEWSLETTER

SNAPSHOT 64_{TM}
REASONABLY PRICED AT \$49.95 + \$3.50 SHIPPING
U.S. ONLY

IN STOCK NOW — FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY CALL OR WRITE:

CSM SOFTWARE, INC.

POST OFFICE BOX 563, CROWN POINT IN. 46307, PHONE (219) 663-4335

Visa and Master Cards Accepted Dealer Inquires Invited

All CSM products are available from your local dealer

Reader Service No. 166

HOW TO CREATE WINDOWS

On big computers with window-oriented operating systems, the windows are used to show what's going on in several different programs running at the same time. Each program has its own video output, which it PRINTs into its own screen memory. Then the operating system copies that screen memory into that program's window in the main video memory.

It is possible on the 64 to do much the same thing. You could reserve 4K of memory, each K a separate pseudo-screen display. Then an interrupt routine would constantly copy the information from each pseudo-screen memory into a particular portion of regular screen memory at 1024.

When you POKE location 648 with the page number of one of the pseudo-screen memories, BASIC writes to that page. The interrupt program automatically copies what it finds there and puts it into a particular area of real screen memory at 1024. When BASIC is writing to screen 1, the CLEAR character will clear the whole 1K pseudo-screen memory; but in real screen memory, only screen 1 window will be cleared. BASIC never knows the difference.

But this uses up an awful lot of 6510 processing time, just copying one portion of memory into another portion, over and over. There are simpler ways.

For instance, as long as your windows are nothing but horizontal strips across the screen, with no vertical window boundaries, you could separate the windows by using scanline interrupts. You'll remember from last month that a scanline interrupt is a machine language program that executes whenever the TV raster scan reaches a particular line of the screen display. During that interrupt, your routine tells the computer to start finding screen memory in a different location.

You can do that as many times as you like on the screen. Furthermore, you can also make other changes—the background can be different, for instance, or the border can change colors—and those changes will also stay in effect until the next scanline interrupt.

That's what I did with the *Gypsy Pilot* program in the December *Ahoy!* Most of the screen showed screen memory located at 32K, which contained a field of stars (periods and asterisks). But the last two lines of the screen showed screen memory located at 35K, which held the strings showing fuel and supply levels.

(What I was really after, however, was a side effect: Since the sprite shape pointers are the last eight bytes of the IK block that contains screen memory, when that scanline interrupt changed screen memory, it also allowed me to have the sprite shape pointers point to different shapes. In other words, below that scan line, my sprites changed shape. It happened that the shape block that those pointers pointed to consisted of nothing but zeroes. The result? The sprites all disappeared from that scanline on down!)

There is, however, another way to have many of the benefits of windows without all the machine language programming. And that is by using the Extended Background Color Mode built into the VIC-II video chip.

EXTENDED BACKGROUND COLOR MODE

In regular text mode, the character set consists of 2K of ROM. The first 512 bytes contain the shapes of all the regular capital letters, the numbers, and the punctuation marks. The second 512 bytes contain all the graphics characters. The third 512 bytes contain exactly the same letters, numbers, and punctuation marks as the first block—only reversed, with the letter taking the background color and the background taking the foreground color. The fourth 512-byte block is identical to the second, with its graphics characters, except that it is also reversed.

In other words, all the letters, numbers, and punctuation marks you use to communicate with the player during an all-text game are contained in the first quarter of character memory.

That means that with only 64 different screen character codes, screen memory could point to every single one of the letters, numbers, and punctuation marks you need. Yet there are four times that many possible screen codes—256 of them.

Ordinarily, screen codes (*not* ASCII codes) 0 to 63 point to the alphanumeric characters; screen codes 64 to 127 point to the graphics characters; screen codes 128 to 191 point to the reversed alphanumeric characters; and screen codes 192 to 255 point to the reversed graphics characters.

In bitwise terms, that means that the two high bits of each screen code decide which 512-byte block of character memory that shape will be drawn from.

In Extended Background Color Mode, however, *all* the character shapes are taken from the first 512-byte block—from the alphanumeric characters. An *A*, a reversed *A*, a shifted *A*, and a reversed-and-shifted *A* all have exactly the same shape: *A*.

Now that those two high bits don't have anything to do with choosing which block of character memory will be used, the VIC-II chip uses those high bits for something else: choosing a different background color.

A regular, unshifted, unreversed A will have the normal background color wherever you PRINT it on the screen. Its background color is selected by the number (from 0 to 15) at location 53281. (This is background color 0, and the A in screen memory has its two high bits set to 00.)

A shifted A, however, gets its background color from the number in location 53282. (This is background color 1, and the A in screen memory has its two high bits set to 01, for a value of 64 added to the screen code for A, which is 1.)

A reversed but unshifted A gets its background color from the number in location 53283. (This is background color 2, and the A in screen memory has its two high bits set to 10, for a value of 128 added to the screen code for A.)

And a reversed and shifted A gets its background col-Continued on page 95

COMMODORE 64 COMPUTER

(Order Now)

- C128 Disks 79° ea.*
- Paperback Writer 64 \$34.95
- Commodore Graphics Printer \$99.95
- 13" Zenith Color Monitor \$139.95

CALL BEFORE YOU ORDER

COMMODORE 64 COMPUTER \$139.95

You pay only \$139.95 when you order the powerful 84K COMMODORE 64 COMPUTER! LESS the value of the SPECIAL SOFTWARE DISCOUNT COUPON we pack with your computer that allows you to SAVE OVER \$250 off software sale prices!! With only \$100 of savings applied, your net computer cost is \$39.95!

* C128 DOUBLE SIDED DISKS 79' EA.

Get these 51/4" Double Sided Floppy Disks specially designed for the Commodore 128 Computer (1571 Disk Drive). 100% Certified. Lifetime Warranty. Automatic Lint Cleaning Liner included. 1 Box of 10 -\$9.90 (99° ea.). 5 Boxes of 10 - \$44.50 (89° ea.). 10 Boxes of 10 · \$79.00 (79' ea.).

13" ZENITH COLOR MONITOR \$139.95

You pay only \$139.95 when you order this 13" ZENITH COLOR MONITOR. LESS the value of the SPECIAL SOFTWARE DISCOUNT COUPON we pack with your monitor that allows you to save over \$250 off software sale prices!! With only \$100 of savings applied, your net color monitor cost is only \$39.95. (16 Colors).

80 COLUMN **COMMODORE GRAPHICS PRINTER \$99.95**

You pay only \$99.95 when you order the 803 Commodore Graphics Printer, 60 CPS. Dot Matrix, Bi-Directional, Prints 8½" full size paper, Plug in direct interface included! LESS the value of the SPECIAL interface included! LESS the value of the SPECIAL
SOFTWARE DISCOUNT COUPON we pack with your
printer that allows you to SAVE OVER \$250 off
software sale prices!! With only \$100 of savings
applied your net printer cost is ZERO!

4 SLOT EXPANDER & 80 COLUMN BOARD \$59.95

Now you program 80 COLUMNS on the screen at one time! Converts your Commodore 64 to 80 COLUMNS when you plug in the 80 COLUMN EXPANSION BOARD!! PLUS 4 slot expander! *Limited Quantities*

80 COLUMNS IN COLOR PAPERBACK WRITER 64 WORD PROCESSOR \$39.95

This PAPERBACK WRITER 64 WORD PROCESSOR is the finest available for the COMMODORE 64 computer! The ULTIMATE FOR PROFESSIONAL Word Processing. DISPLAYS 40 or 80 COLUMNS IN COLOR or black and white! Simple to operate, powerful text editing, complete cursor and insert/delete key controls line and paragraph insertion, automatic deletion, centering, margin settings and output to all printers! List \$99.00. **SALE \$39.95**. Coupon \$29.95.

COMMODORE 64 SYSTEM SALE

Deal 1 Commodore 64 Com. 803 Printer

Deal 2 Commodore 64 Com. 1541 Disk Drive Com. 1541 Disk Drive 13" Zenith Color Monitor

\$407

\$457

PLUS FREE \$49.95 Oil Barons **Adventure Program**

SPECIAL SOFTWARE COUPON

We pack a SPECIAL SOFTWARE DISCOUNT COUPON with every COMMODORE 64 COMPUTER, DISK DRIVE, PRINTER, or MONITOR we sell! This coupon allows you to SAVE OVER \$250 OFF SALE PRICES!!

(Examples)

PROFESSIONAL SOFTWARE **COMMODORE 64**

Name	List	Sale	Coupon
Paperback Writer 64	\$99.00	\$39.95	529.95
Paperback Database 64	\$69.00	\$34.95	524 95
Paperback Dictionary	524.95	514.95	\$10.00
The Print Shop	544.95	\$27 95	\$26.95
Halley's Project	\$39.95	\$25.95	\$24.95
Practicals (spread sheet)	\$59.95	\$19.95	\$14.95
Programmers Reference Guide	\$24.95	\$16.95	\$12.50
Nine Princes in Amber	\$32.95	\$24.95	521 95
Super Bowl Sunday	\$30.00	\$19.95	\$17.95
Flip & File Disk Filer	524.95	\$14.95	512 95
Deluxe Tape Cassete (plus FREE game)	\$89.00	\$44.95	534.95
Pro Joystick	\$19.95	\$12.95	510.00
Computer Care Kit	\$44.95	\$29.95	\$24.95
Dust Cover	\$ 8.95	\$ 6.95	\$ 4.60
Injured Engine	\$39.95	\$27.95	\$24.95
Pitstop II (Epyx)	\$39.95	\$22.95	\$19.95
Music Calc	\$59.95	\$14.95	\$12.95
File Writer (by Codewriter)	\$39.95	\$29.95	\$24.95

(See over 100 coupon items in our catalog)

Write or call for Sample SPECIAL SOFTWARE COUPON!

ATTENTION

Computer Clubs

We Offer Big Volume Discounts CALL TODAY!

PROTECTO WARRANTY

All Protecto's products carry a minimum 90 day warranty. If anything fails within 90 days from the date of purchase, simply send your product to us via United Parcel Service prepaid. We will IMMEDIATELY send you a replacement at no charge via United Parcel Service prepaid. This warranty proves once again that We Love Our Customers.

C128 COMMODORE



Plus FREE \$69.95 Timeworks Wordprocessor.

- 340K 1571 Disk Drive \$259.00
- Voice Synthesizer \$39.95
- 12" Amber Monitor \$59.95

PRICES MAY BE LOWER

C128 COMMODORE COMPUTER \$289.00

We expect a limited supply for Christmas. We will ship on a first order basis. This all-new revolutionary 128K computer uses all Commodore 64 software and accessories plus all CPM programs formatted for the disk drive. Plus FREE \$69.95 Timeworks Wordprocessor. List \$349.00. SALE \$289.00.

340K 1571 COMMODORE DISK DRIVE \$259.00

Double Sided, Single Disk Drive for C-128 allows you to use C-128 mode plus CPM mode. 17 times faster than 1541, plus runs all 1541 formats. List \$349.00. Sale \$259.00.

SUPER AUTO DIAL MODEM \$29.95

Easy to use. Just plug into your Commodore 64 computer and you're ready to transmit and receive messages. Easier to use than dialing your telephone, just push one key on your computer! Includes exclusive easy to use program for up and down loading to printer and disk drives. **Best in U.S.A.** List \$99.00. **SALE \$29.95.** Coupon \$24.95.

VOICE SYNTHESIZER \$39.95

For Commodore-64 computers. Just plug it in and you can program words and sentences, adjust volume and pitch, make talking adventure games, sound action games and customized talkies!! FOR ONLY \$19.95 you can add TEXT TO SPEECH, just type a word and hear your computer talk — ADD SOUND TO "ZORK", SCOTT ADAMS AND OTHER ADVENTURE GAMES!! (Disk or tape.) List \$89.00. SALE \$39.95

12" AMBER MONITOR \$59.95

Your choice of green or amber screen monitor, top quality, 80 columns x 24 lines, easy to read, anti-glare! PLUS \$9.95 for connecting cable. Com-64 or VIC-20. List \$159.00. **SALE \$59.95**.

PRINTER/TYPEWRITER COMBINATION \$249.95

"JUKI" Superb letter quality, daisy wheel printer/typewriter combination. Two machines in one — just a flick of the switch. 12" extra large carriage, relocate key, drop in cassette ribbon! (90 day warranty) centronics parallel or RS232 serial port built in (Specify). List \$349.00. SALE \$249.95. (Ltd. Qty.)

13" RGB & COMPOSITE COLOR MONITOR \$259.95

Must be used to get 80 columns in color with 80 column computers (C128 - IBM - Apple). (Add \$14.50 shipping) List \$399.00. SALE \$259.95.

- LOWEST PRICES 15 DAY FREE TRIAL
- BEST SERVICE IN U.S.A. . ONE DAY EXPRESS MAIL

PHONE ORDERS

- 8 p.m. Weekdays 12 noon Saturdays 8 a.m.
- 90 DAY FREE REPLACEMENT WARRANTY
- OVER 500 PROGRAMS FREE CATALOGS

Add \$10.00 for shipping, handling and insurance. Illinois residents please add 6% tax, Add \$20.00 for CANADA, PUERTO RICO, HAWAII, ALASKA, APO-FPO orders. Canadian orders must be in U.S. dollars. WE DO NOT EXPORT TO OTHER COUNTRIES EXCEPT CANADA. Enclose Cashiers Check, Money Order or Personal Check, Allow 14 days for delivery, 2 to 7 days for phone orders, 1 day express mail! VISA MASTER CARD C.O.D. No C.O.D. to Canada, APO-FPO

PROTECTO

We Love Our Customers Box 550, Barrington, Illinois 60010

312/382-5244 to order

Cwww.commodore.ca

10" C Tract

stand contin resolu under lower subsc comp paral List \$

10" (

Bi-di

List \$

comb Com and o 96 t dens print (nea valu (Cen List

> S 10"

List

Tra the hig dov sett a *1

has

Co

ORE

00

orks

WER

vill ship ry 128K re and for the eworks

259.00 ws you faster

ore 64 receive phone, ncludes down

and you me and action 1.95 you and hear SCOTT

or, top 1. antin-64 or

wheel in one arriage. Tol and day ort built . Qty.)

59.95

NTY

GIANT PRINTER SALE!!

List \$399.00 10" Printer

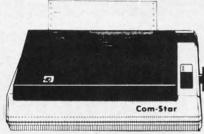
\$16900

1 Year Warranty

Premium Quality

List \$599.00

10" Comstar 10X — This Bi-directional Tractor/Friction Printer prints standard sheet 8½"x11" paper and continuous forms or labels. High resolution bit image graphics, underlining, horizontal tab setting, true lower descenders, with super scripts and subscripts, prints standard pica, compressed, expanded, block graphics, etc. Fantastic value. (Centronics parallel interface.)
List \$399.00. Sale \$169.00.



15½" Comstar 15X — Has all the features of the 10" Comstar 10X plus a wider 15½" carriage and more powerful electronics to handle large ledger business forms! (Better than FX-100). The 15½" Comstar 15X also prints on standard size paper and continuous forms and labels. Fantastic value. (Centronics parallel interface.) List \$599.00. Sale \$239.00.

List \$499.00

10" Printer

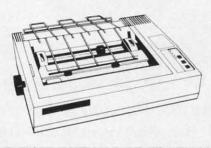
\$19900

10" Comstar 160 + High Speed — This Bi-directional Tractor/Friction Printer combines the above features of the 10" Comstar 10X with speed (150-170 cps) and durability. Plus you get a 2K buffer, 96 user definable characters, super density bit image graphics, and square print pins for clearer, more legible print (near letter quality). This is the best value for a rugged dependable printer. (Centronics parallel interface.) List \$499.00. Sale \$199.00.

1 Year Warranty

150-170 CPS

High Speed



15½" Comstar 160 + High Speed — This Bi-directional Tractor/Friction Printer has all the features of the 10" Comstar 160 + High Speed plus a wider 15½" carriage and the heavy duty electronics required for today's business loads. You can use large ledger business forms as well as standard sheets and continuous forms and labels. This is the best wide carriage printer in the U.S.A. (Centronics parallel interface.) List \$699.00. Sale \$289.00.

List \$599.00

10" Printer

\$25900

10" Comstar 2000 — The ultimate printer has arrived! This Bi-directional Tractor/Friction Printer gives you all the features of the Comstar 160 plus higher speed (165-185 cps), 256 downloadable characters, proportional setting, external dark printing mode and a *lifetime printhead warranty. PLUS ...

Lifetime warranty*

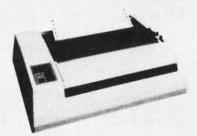
165-185 CPS

High Speed & Letter Quality

List \$599.00

10" Printer

\$25900



With the flip of a switch you can go into the letter quality mode which makes all your printing look like it came off a typewriter. Turn in term papers, do articles or just print programs. Have the best of letter quality and speed in one package. Fantastic printer (Centronics parallel interface.)
List \$599.00. Sale \$259.00.

• 15 Day Free Trial — 1 Year Immediate Replacement Warranty
Parallel Interfaces

Commodore-64, VIC 20 - \$39.00

Atari - \$59.00

Apple II, II +, IIe - \$59.00

Add \$10.00 (\$14.50 for 15 \(\frac{15}{2} \) Printers) for shipping, handling and insurance. Illinois residents please add 6% tax. Add \$20.00 for CANADA. PUERTO RICO, HAWAII, ALASKA, APO-FPO orders. Canadian orders must be in U.S. dollars. WE DO NOT EXPORT TO OTHER COUNTRIES, EXCEPT CANADA.

Enclose Cashiers Check, Money Order or Personal Check. Allow 14 days for delivery, 2 to 7 days for phone orders, 1 day express mail!

VISA — MASTER CARD — C.O.D. No C.O.D. to Canada, APO-FPO

Reader Service No. 176

PROTECTO

We Love Our Customers 22292 N. Pepper Rd., Barrington, Illinois 60010

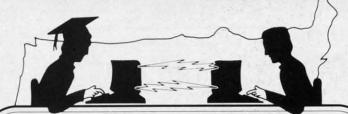
312/382-5244 to order

Commodore 64



List \$99.00

Coupon \$24.95



Telecommunications

Lowest Price In the U.S.A.

Commodore 64

List \$99.00

Coupon \$24.95

FOR CHILDREN-ADULTS-BUSINESS

Complete Auto Dial Telecommunications Package

"The only telecommunications package you will ever need."

(Exclusive Easy To Use Features)

MEMBERSHIP

• Only Good Color Graphic Database Service in the U.S.A. (C-64) Viewtron Software Plus First Hour FREE (See the Protecto Software Catalog On-Line) \$9.95 value

- 300 Baud Modem
 Auto Dial
 Auto Answer
 Upload & Download **Reach Out and Access Someone**
 - Educational courses
 - Financial Information
 - · Banking at Home
- Popular Games
- News Updates and Information
- · Electronic Shopping
- Research and Reference Materials

The Complete Telecommunications Package offers you all this plus ...

- · Auto Log-on
- Dialing from Keyboard
- · On-line Clock
- Capture and Display High Resolution Characters
- Download Text, Program or Data Files
- Stores on Disk Downloaded Files
- Reads Files from Disk and Uploads Text or Program Files
- Select Any Protocol (access almost any computer or modem)
- Plus Much, Much More

List \$99.00

95 Coupon \$24.95

We are so sure this is the only telecommunications package you will need we will give you 15 days Free Trial. Viewtron Membership sold separately — \$9.95.

Add \$3.00 for shipping handling and insurance. Illinois residents please add 6% tax. Add \$6.00 for CANADA, PUERTO RICO HAWAII ALASKA. APO-FPO orders. Canadian orders must be in U.S. dollars. WE DO NOT EXPORT TO OTHER COUNTRIES EXCEPT CANADA

Enclose Cashiers Check Money Order or Personal Check. Allow 14 days for delivery. 2 to 7 days for phone orders. 1 day express mail 1. VISA MASTER CARD COD

No C.O.D. to Canada APO-FPO

PROTECT

We Love Our Customers 22292 N. Pepper Rd., Barrington, Illinois 60010

312/382-5244 to order

Reader Service No. 176

Www.commodore.ca

Нο

Excel & 5

True achie desig integ proce video Zenit drive circui prefe adjus and b uniqu featu color

> black Cons Qual

mond mate displ

crisp char read perm retai a sin of da light

adjus brigh

S

light

Con

e 64

24.95

alue

em)

95

rial.

3" Zenith Complete Color Monitor Sale

Composite Sound

Home Computers

QUANTITIES

Video Games

Excellent Color Reproduction & Special "Green Screen Only" Option

True color reproduction is Sale achieved by a Zenith designed state-of-the-art integrated circuit chip that processes the composite video signal. A custom Zenith analog RGB direct drive gain control integrated circuit allows userpreference for the adjustment of picture drive and black level. Zenith's unique "Green Screen Only" feature eliminates all other colors so that monochromatic text material may be easily displayed in green on the black face screen.

Constant Intensity Character Definition Quality

Quality circuitry design generates crisp lines, pure colors, and sharp character definition for easy-toread displays. DC-coupling permits the video display to retain its color balance from a single dot to a full screen of data. Even when room lighting changes, a "special light sensor" automatically adjusts the display brightness.

List \$499.00

Sale \$139.95

ZVM 131-Accessible by **Many Popular Systems**

The ZVM 131 is designed to interface with most personal computers. VCRs, video discs, video games and modular TV tuners that have either composite video or RGB direct drive outputs.

Compatibility Chart

Computer	Interfaces Via	
Apple II	Composite	
Aplus 3000	RGB	
Apple III	RGB	
IBM PC	RGB	
Commodore 128	RGB/Composite	
Commodore 64	Composite	
Commodore Vic-20	Composite	
TI 99/4	Composite	
Atari 800	Composite	
Atari 1200	Composite	
Atari 1400	Composite	

RGB Cable — \$19.95 Composite — \$9.95 C128, Aplus 3000 (Specify)

1077

Commodore, Aplus 3000, Atari (Specify)

The ZVM 131 Sound Of Quality

The output sound level is externally regulated by a user-adjustment volume control. Use the Zenith quality sound system to monitor the modern audio capabilities of the computer generation.

Easy-To-Reach Front Access Controls

ZVM 131's 13" diagonal display screen can exhibit impressive graphics and intensely clear copy. Easyto-reach front access user controls (picture, black level, color level, tint, sharpness, audio volume, background noise control) make display adjustment simple and fast. An LED power on indicator notifies the user when the monitor is operable.

Multiple Monitors On A Single Computer

The composite video "loop-thru" feature permits a single composite video source to drive several monitors at the same time. This allows easy display possibilities for multiple viewers in business and educational applications. No more crowding around a single terminal. Everyone enjoys a clear, unobstructed view of important data.

Connection Cables

This Is The Best Value Of The Century Add \$17.50 for shipping, handling and insurance. Illinois residents please add 6% tax. Add \$35.00 for CANADA, PUERTO RICO, HAWAII.

ALASKA, APO-FPO orders. Canadian orders must be in U.S. dollars. WE DO NOT EXPORT TO OTHER COUNTRIES EXCEPT CANADA. Enclose Cashiers Check, Money Order or Personal Check, Allow 14 days for delivery, 2 to 7 days for phone orders, 1 day express mail! VISA - MASTER CARD - C.O.D.

No C.O.D. to Canada, APO-FPO

Reader Service No. 176

ROTECTO

We Love Our Customers

22292 N. Pepper Rd., Barrington, Illinois 60010

312/382-5244 to order

FLOPPY DISKS SALE *59° ea. **Economy Model or C-128 Cadillac Quality**

We have the lowest prices!

*ECONOMY DISKS

For use with Commodore 64, Atari, Apple.

Good quality 51/4" single sided double density with hub rings.

100 Qty.

59° ea.

Total Price

\$59.00

Box w/ sleeves

10 Qty.

Total Price

CC

Cor

☆ C-128 Computer Disk

CADILLAC QUALITY (Double Sided, Double Density) • Each disk certified • Free replacement lifetime warranty

Specifically designed for use with C-128

· Works with IBM PC Automatic dust remover

For those who want cadillac quality we have the C-128 Floppy Disk. Used by professionals because they can rely on C-128 Disks to store important data and programs without fear of loss! Each C-128 disk is 100% certified (an exclusive process) plus each disk carries an exclusive FREE REPLACEMENT LIFETIME WARRANTY. With C-128 disks you can have the peace of mind without the frustration of program loss after hours spent in program development.

100% CERTIFICATION TEST

Some floppy disk manufactures only sample test on a batch basis the disks they sell, and then claim they are certified. Each C-128 disk is individually checked so you will never experience data or program loss during your lifetime!

FREE REPLACEMENT LIFETIME WARRANTY

We are so sure of C-128 Disks that we give you a free replacement warranty against failure to perform due to faulty materials or workmanship for as long as you own your C-128 disk.

AUTOMATIC DUST REMOVER

Just like a record needle, disk drive heads must travel hundreds of miles over disk surfaces. Unlike other floppy disks the C-128 smooth surface finish saves disk drive head wear during the life of the disk. (A rough surface will grind your disk drive head like sandpaper). The lint free automatic CLEANING LINER makes sure the disk-killers (dust & dirt) are being constantly cleaned while the disk is being C-128 Disks are definitely the Cadillac disk in the world

Just to prove it even further, we are offering these super LOW INTRODUCTORY PRICES

10 Boxes of 10 — \$79.00 (79° ea.) 5 Boxes of 10 — \$44.50 (89° ea.) 1 Box of 10 — \$9.90 (99° ea.)

All disks come with hub rings and sleeves in an attractive package.

DISK DRIVE CLEANER \$19.95

Everyone Needs A Disk Drive Doctor

FACTS

- 60% of all drive downtime is directly related to poorly maintained drives.
- · Drives should be cleaned each week regardless of use.
- Drives are sensitive to smoke, dust & all micro particles.
- · Systematic operator performed maintenance is the best way of ensuring error free use of your computer system.

NEW RSI-SMARTCARE HEAD CLEANING KIT WITH FREE LIBRARY CASE!

Improper maintenance can cause costly read/write errors on your disk drive. Regular cleaning of heads is essential for maintaining high quality operation and eliminating expensive downtime and repairs. The RSI-Smartcare Dry Process Head Cleaning Kit provides proper maintenance without the mess. Simply insert the seconds. This kit contains 1-open ended disk jacket and 2 cleaning pads, good for a total of 30 cleanings. Applicable for both single and double sided drives.

List \$29.95. Sale \$19.95. Coupon \$12.95.



RSI-COMPLETE PERSONAL COMPUTER CARE KIT!

The RSI Complete Personal Computer Care Kit contains everything you need to properly maintain your computer system. This easy to use kit makes necessary computer care quick and inexpensive. In one convenient package you will get all the necessary products: 51/4" Dry Process Head Cleaning Disk (Good for 15 cleaning disk into the drive and activate for 30 thorough cleanings); Anti-Static Spray (Eliminates static build-up. For use on carpets, clothes, paper, glass, hard surfaces, and other material); Screen-Terminal Cleaner (Removes smoke, dust, and other contaminants on computer screens and keyboards); Lint-Free Cloths (Non-scratch, non-abrasive, used for cleaning and applying sprays to computers); Foam-Covered Swabs (use to clean those hard to reach places such as keyboards, etc.). GREAT VALUE FOR THE MONEY!! List \$44.95. Sale \$29.95. Coupon \$24.95.

Add \$3.00 for shipping, handling and insurance. Illinois residents please add 6% tax. Add \$6.00 for CANADA, PUERTO RICO, HAWAII, ALASKA, APO-FPO orders. Canadian orders must be in U.S. dollars. WE DO NOT EXPORT TO OTHER COUNTRIES, EXCEPT CANADA.

Enclose Cashiers Check, Money Order or Personal Check. Allow 14 days for delivery. 2 to 7 days for phone orders, 1 day express mail! VISA - MASTER CARD - C.O.D.

No C.O.D. to Canada, APO-FPO.

ROTEC

We Love Our Customers 22292 N. Pepper Rd., Barrington, Illinois 60010

312/382-5244 to order

Reader Service No. 176



PLUS FREE \$69.95 Word Processor

09



IMITED QUANTITIES

Deal 1 Commodore 64 Com. 1541 Disk Drive

Com. 803 Printer \$407

PLUS FREE \$49.95 Oil Barrons Adventure Deal 2

C commodore

Commodore 64 1541 Disk Drive 13" Zenith Color Monitor

\$457

PLUS FREE \$49.95 Dil Barrons Adventure



Commodore C128 Computer \$289.00 *

> C128 1571 Disk Drive \$259.00 *

SUPER OFFER C128 COMPUTER SUPER OFFER FREE WORD PROCESSOR COUPON

(Expires 4-1-86)

CM

To Introduce you to the C128 computer we are offering you the finest word processor made, Word Writer II with Spell Checker by Timeworks. When you apply the \$69.95 value word processor to your purchase price of the C128 at \$289.00 **your net cost is only \$219.05.**(1 Coupon per family)

C128 Word Writer with 85,000 word Spell Checker — An 80 column professional word processing system that includes a spelling checker and a built in calculator. Easy to use because of the full screen format, you can view the document on your screen as it will appear when printed. Pull-down menus mean that the user doesn't have to memorize commands. You press a key to activate a Word Writer feature and the program guides you through its proper use with logical and easy-to-follow prompts. The program has been designed to interface with Timework's Data Manager 2, a database program and Swiftcalc, a spreadsheet. Contains all the features you'll need for everyday word processing, plus more sophisticated features such as document chaining, form letter printout, page separations, horizontal and vertical scrolling and much more. (Disk) List \$69.95.

- Commodore C128 Computer \$289.00. This all-new revolutionary 128K computer uses Commodore 64 computer software, CPM Software, plus new advanced C-128 software. You pay only \$289 for the C128 computer! Less the value of the Special Software Discount Coupon (see page 14 of our 64 page catalog) we pack with your computer that allows you to Save Over \$250 off software sale prices!! With only \$100 of savings applied your net computer cost is \$189.00. PLUS FREE \$69.95 Word Processor. **
- 340K 1571 Commodore Disk Drive \$259.00. Double Sided, Single Disk Drive for C-128 allows you to use C-128 mode plus CPM mode. 17 times faster than the 1541, plus runs Commodore 64 software. You pay only \$259.00 for the 340K 1571 Commodore Disk Drive. Less the value of the Special Software Discount Coupon (see page 14 of our 64 page catalog) we pack with your Disk Drive that allows you to Save Over \$250 off software sale prices! With only \$100 of savings applied your net Disk Drive cost is only \$159.00.

Add \$10.00 for shipping, handling and insurance. Illinois residents please add 6% tax. Add \$20.00 for CANADA, PUERTO RICO, HAWAII, ALASKA, APO-FPO orders. Canadian orders must be in U.S. dollars. WE DO NOT EXPORT TO OTHER COUNTRIES, EXCEPT CANADA.

Enclose Cashiers Check, Money Order or Personal Check, Allow 14 days for delivery, 2 to 7 days for phone orders, 1 day express mail!

VISA — MASTER CARD — C.O.D.

No C.O.D. to Canada, APO-FPO.

PROTECTO

We Love Our Customers
22292 N. Pepper Rd., Barrington, Illinois 60010

312/382-5244 to order

Reader Service No. 176

MUST LIQUIDATE At Far Below Dealer Cost! TOTAL Personal Computer System



Sorry, we're not permitted to PRINT the famous brand-name. BUT, we CAN "tell all" if you call us TOLL FREE: 1-800-328-0609!

THE COMPUTER

Snap-on computer keyboard! 64K RAM, 20K ROM. Fullsize typewriter keyboard. Upper and lower case letters, numerals, symbols, reverse characters. 2 cursor control keys, 4 function keys, programmable to 8. Music synthesizer with 3 independent voices, each with 9 octave range. Input/output ports accommodate... user, serial, ROM cartridge, joysticks, external monitor, phone modem.

Built-in disk drive! Intelligent high speed unit with 5½" floppy disk recorder. 170K formatted data storage; 35 tracks. 16K ROM. Uses single sided, single density disk. Serial interface. Second serial port to chain second drive or printer.

Built-in color monitor! Displays 40 columns x 25 lines of text on 5" screen. High resolution. 320 x 200 pixels. 16 background, character colors.

Built-in ROM cartridge port! Insert ROM program cartridge. Multitude of subjects available in stores across the nation!

Original List Price\$995.00
Liquidation Priced At Only

Item H-916-63631-00 Ship, handling: \$20.00

THE PRINTER

Print method: Bi-directional impact dot matrix.

Character matrix: 6 x 7 dot matrix.

Characters: Upper and lower case letters, numerals and symbols. All PET graphic characters.

Graphics: 7 vertical dots — maximum 480 columns. Dot addressable.

Character codes: CBM ASCII code.

Print speed: 60 characters per second.

Maximum columns: 80 columns.

Character spacing: 10 characters per inch.

Line feed spacing: 6 lines per inch in character mode or 8 lines per inch selectable. 9 lines per inch in graphics mode.

Line feed speed: 5 lines per second in character mode. 7.5 lines per second in graphics mode.

Paper feed: Friction feed.

Paper width: 4.5" to 8.5" width.

Multiple copies: Original plus maximum of two copies.

Dimensions: 13"W x 8"D x 3¼"H. Wt.: 6½ lbs. Power:

120V AC. 60 Hz.

Mfr. List: \$124.95

Liquidation Price.

Compatible with above Computer System (Not included in package price.)

Original List Price: \$200.00

Liquidation Priced At 119

64K MODEM (Factory New/First Quality)
Limited 90-Day Factory Warranty.

Item H-916-63831-00 Ship, handling: \$7.00

Item H-916-63646-00 S/H: \$4.00

THE SOFTWARE

"Easy Script" One of the most powerful word processors at any price! Cut re-typing, create documents from standard paragraphs, do personalized letters, see and change a document before it is printed. Instruction manual has extensive training section that simplifies use ... even for someone who has never used a computer or word processor before!

"The Manager" A sophisticated database manager for business or home use. Business uses: accounts payable/receivable, inventory, appointments, task manager. Home uses: mailing lists, home inventory, recipes, collection organizer, investment tracking, checkbook balancing. School uses: research article index, gradebook.

Mfr. Sug. Retail: \$73.98
Liquidation Price

Item H-916-64011-03 Ship, handling: \$3.00

BUY INDIVIDUAL UNITS OR GET THIS ULTRA-FAMOUS SYSTEM AT ONE LOW PACKAGE PRICE!

TOTAL Personal Computer System available at FAR BELOW dealer cost!

Original List Price \$1,293.00

TOTAL PACKAGE PRICE.....

§488

Item H-916-64011-02 Ship, handling: \$24.00



JOYSTICKS (Set of 2)

Mfr. List: \$59.90 pr.

Liquidation Price .

Credit card members can order by phone, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Toll-Free: 1-800-328-0609



Your check is welcome! No delays when you pay by check!

Item H-916-63622-01 S/H: \$4.00 pr.

C.O.M.B. Direct Marketing Corp.
Authorized Liquidator
14605 28th Ave. N.

Mpls., MN 55441-3397

SEND ME THE ITEMS I HAVE LISTED BELOW
Sales outside continental U.S. are subject to special
conditions. Please call or write to inquire.

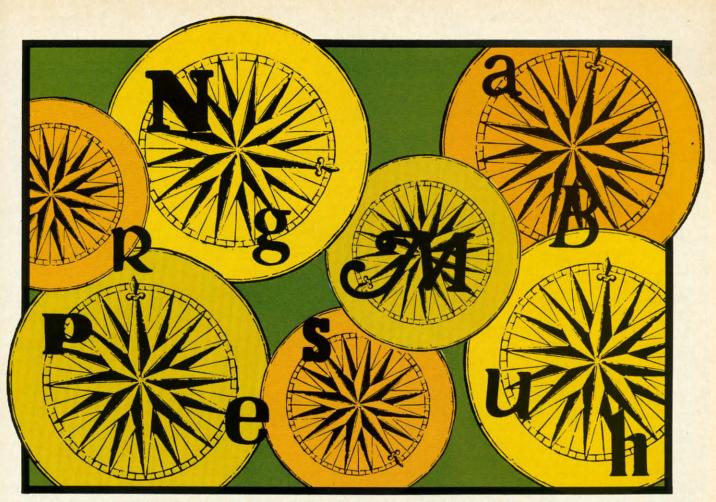
Item No.	#	Item	Price	S/H
Victoria de la compansión de la compansi				
		TOTA	L	

.O.M.B. Direct Marketing Corp.	Item H-916
4605 28th Ave. N./Minneapolis, MN 5544	1-3397

Send the items indicated at left. (Minnesota residents add 6% sales tax. Please allow 3-4 weeks delivery. Sorry, no C.O.D.)

My check or money order is enclosed. (No delays in processing orders paid by check, thanks to TeleCheck.)

Exp
ZIP



TREASURE WHEEL

For the C-64 By Bob Blackmer

game loosely based on a popular television game show. Players take turns spinning the wheel for point values, then guessing letters, while trying to solve the puzzle. The puzzle can be from five different categories: person, place, thing, phrase, or title.

All information pertinent to the game is displayed on the game screen. At the top of the screen is the puzzle which uses dashes to show the blank puzzle. Near the lower left the category for the current puzzle is displayed. At the lower right is the total points each player has accumulated in the current game. At the upper right is the used letter board that shows all letters that have been selected in the game.

When your turn begins you press f1 to spin the wneel or f3 to solve the puzzle. If you select f1 the wheel will spin and come to rest on a point value (if you're lucky!). You then select a letter. If the letter is in the puzzle you receive the point value each time it appears in the puzzle and you take another turn, with the option of spinning or solving. If the letter you select is not the puzzle, play goes to the other player. If your spin results in LOSE

A TURN, the turn also goes to the other player. If your spin lands on TILT you lose more than just your turn: all points scored in the current game are wiped out.

If you opt to solve the puzzle by pressing f3, the cursor will appear just below the puzzle. You must type the puzzle exactly, including spaces, to be correct. If you are correct you get 100 points plus your point total and the other player scores zero.

Running totals of games won and total points is seen after each game. The program keeps track of games in ten game sets. You also have the option of quitting after each game. The winner of the last game played goes first in the following game.

Be sure to turn the volume up, as sound is used for the spin of the wheel, when you TILT or LOSE A TURN, and for correct or incorrect responses.

After playing for awhile, your familiarity with the puzzles will justify changing them. Replace data statements with your own puzzles under each category. But remember to have a total of 20 puzzles per category, so use the REM statements to assist in organizing them.

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 107

Trusted Software and

Language Software

For Commodore Computers

ADA TRAINING COURSE

Teaches you the language of the future. Comprehensive subset of language. Includes: editor; syntax checker, compiler; assembler; disassembler, handbook. \$39.95



ASSEMBLER/MONITOR

Macro assembler and extended monitor. Supports all standard functions plus floating point constants. Monitor supports bank switching, quick trace, single step, more. \$39.95



BASIC COMPILER

Compiles complete BASIC language into either fast 6510 machine language and/or compact speedcode. Supports overlays and many extended BASIC commands.

C-64 \$39.95
C-128 \$59.95



SUPER PASCAL

Full Pascal supports graphics, sprites, file management, more. Supports pointers, dynamic memory management, machine language. Compiles to fast 6510 machine code. C-64 \$59.95 C-128 \$59.95



FORTH LANGUAGE

Based on Forth 79 (+ parts of '83). Supports hires graphics and sound synthesizer. Full screen editor, programming tools, assembler, samples, handbook. \$39.95



MASTER

Professional development package for serious applications. Indexed file system, full screen & printer management, programmer's aid, multiprecision math, royalty-free runtime, more. \$39.95



VIDEO BASIC

Add 50+ graphic, sound and utility commands to your programs with this super development package. Free distribution of RUNTIME version - no royalties! \$39.95



XREF-128 & XREF-64 BASIC cross-reference

Indispensible tool for BASIC programmers. Finds all references to variables, constants & line numbers. Sorts in alphabetical order. C-64 \$17.95 C-128 \$17.95



Reference Books



ANATOMY OF C-64 Insider's guide to the '64 internals. Graphics, sound, I/O, kernal, memory maps, and much more. Complete commented ROM listings. 300pp \$19.95

ANATOMY OF 1541 DRIVE Best handbook on this drive, exemple and built Eiled with many examples programs and writes. Fully commented 1541 ROMARTORS. 500+pp \$19.95

MACHINE LANGUAGE FOR C-64 Learn 6510 code & write fast programs. Many samples and listings for complete assembler, monitor and simulator. 200pp \$14.95

GRAPHICS BOOK FOR C-64 Best reference, covers basic and advanced graphics, Spriles, Hires, Multicolor, 30-graphics, IRQ, CAD, projections, curves, more. 350pp \$19.95

TRICKS & TIPS FOR C-64 Collection of easy-to-use techniques: advanced graphics, improved data input, enhanced BASIC, CP/M, data handling and more. 275pp \$19.95

1541 REPAIR & MAINTENANCE Handbook on the drive's hardware. Includes schematics & techniques to keep 1541 running. Align drive w/ & w/o scope. Large handbook size. \$19.95

IDEA

progr

and

OPT

ADVANCED MACHINE LANGUAGE Subjects not covered elsewhere: video controller, interrupts, timers, VO, extensions to BASIC. Tips for the serious programmer. 210pp \$14.95

PRINTER BOOK C-64/VIC-20 Understand Commodore, Epson compatible printers & 1520 plotter. Utilities, screen dump, 3D-plot, commented MPS-801 ROM listings. 330pp \$19.95

SCIENCE/ENGINEERING ON C-64 Indepth introduction to computers in science. Some topics covered are chemistry, physics, astronomy, electronics & others. 350pp \$19.95

CASSETTE BOOK C-64/VIC-20 Make your cassette run faster than a disk drivel Cassette data-base, disk to tape backup, tape to disk, FastTape operating system. 225pp \$14.95

Productivity Tools

TECHNICAL ANALYSIS SYSTEM

A sophisticated charting and technical analysis system for serious investors. By charting and analyzing the past history of a stock, TAS can help pinpoint trends & patterns and predict a stock's future. TAS lets you enter trading data from the keyboard or directly from online financial services. \$59.95



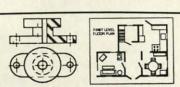
PERSONAL PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Complete portfolio management system for the individual or professional investor. Allows investors to easily manage their portfolios, obtain up-to-the minute quotes & news, and perform selected analysis. \$39.95



CADPAK

A deluxe graphics design and drawing package. Use with or without an optional lightpen to create highly-detailed designs. With dimensioning, scaling, text, rotation, object libraries, hardcopy and more. \$39.95



DATAMAT

Powerful, easy-to-use data management package using menu selections. Free-form design, 50 fields/record, 2000 records/disk. Sort on multiple fields in any combination. Complete selection and formatting for printing reports. \$39.95



Authoritative Books

From Abacus Software ...a name you can count on



IDEAS FOR USE ON C-64 Themes: auto expenses, calculator, recipe file, stock lists, diet planner, window advertising, others. Includes all program listings. 200pp \$12.95

COMPILER BOOK C-64/C-128 All you need to know about compilers: how they work, creating your own and generating the final machine code. 300pp \$19.95

Adventure Gamewriter's Handbook A step-by-step guide to designing and writing your own adventure games. Adventure game generator & four example games. 200pp \$14.95

PEEKS & POKES FOR THE C-64 Includes in-depth explanations of PEEK, POKE, USR, and other BASIC commands. Learn the "inside" tricks about your '64. 200pp \$14.95

OPTIONAL DISKETTES FOR BOOKS For your convenience, the programs contained in each of our books are available on diskette. All program thoroughly tested & error-free. Specify title of book when ordering. \$14.95 each

C-128 INTERNALS Detailed guide presents the 128's operating system, explains the graphics chips, Memory Management Unit, and commented listing of Kernal. 500+pp \$19.95

1571 INTERNALS Insiders' guide for novice and advanced users. Covers sequential & relative files, and direct access commands. Describes important DOS routines. Commented DOS listings. 500+pp \$19.95

C-128 TRICKS & TIPS Chock full of info for everyone. Covers 80 column hi-res graphics, windowing, memory layout, Kernal routines, sprites and more. 300 pp \$19.95

CP/M ON THE C-128 Essential guide to using CP/M on your 128. Simple explanations of the operating system, memory usage, CP/M utility programs, submit files and more. \$19.95

COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN on your C-128 or 64. Create a CAD system using programs provided. Covers 3D objects & rotation, MACROS, hatching, zooming, mirroring, line widths, dashed lines, more.300 pages \$19.95

Special Feature



For school or software development, choose SUPER C. SUPER C's powerful screen editor is full-functioned with horizontal and vertical scrolling, copy and search/replace for easy editing. Source files may be up to 41K.

The SUPER C compiler is fast and creates link files. Up to seven separate modules may be linked into a ready-to-run object program. To maintain C's portability, SUPER C supports the Kernighan & Ritchie standard (without bit fields), making it very complete. SUPER C also includes a complete I/O library.

Other features of the SUPER C package:

- · convenient hexadecimal and octal input
- error file listed to diskette
- supports conditional compiling
- complete strings and arrays
 full mathematical functions

C-64 \$79.95 C-128 \$79.95

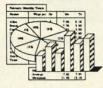
XPER

Capture your information on XPER's knowledge base and let this first *expert* system for Commodore computers help you make important decisions. Large capacity. Complete with editing & reporting. \$59.95



POWERPLAN

One of the most powerful spreadsheets with integrated graphics for your Commodore computer. Includes menu or keyword selections, online help screens, field protection, windowing, trig functions and more. Power-Graph lets you create integrated graphs and charts from your spreadsheet data. \$39.95



QUICKCOPY V2.0

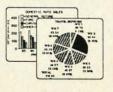
Back up your valuable data with the fastest disk copier we've seen to date. Copies an entire disk in two and a half minutes on two drives or three and a half on one. \$19.95



CHARTPAK

Make professional-quality pie, bar and line charts, and graphics from your data. Includes statistical functions. Accepts data from CalcResult and MultiPlan. C-128 has 3X the resolution of the C-64 version. Outputs to most printers.

C-64 \$39.95
C-128 \$39.95



Reader Service No. 157

Ordering Information

Abacus Software







P.O Box 7211 Grand Rapids, Michigan 49510

For Postage and handling include \$4.00 per order. Foreign order's include \$10.00 per item. Money order and checks in U.S. Dollars only. MasterCard, VISA and American Express accected. Michigan residents please include 4% sales tax.

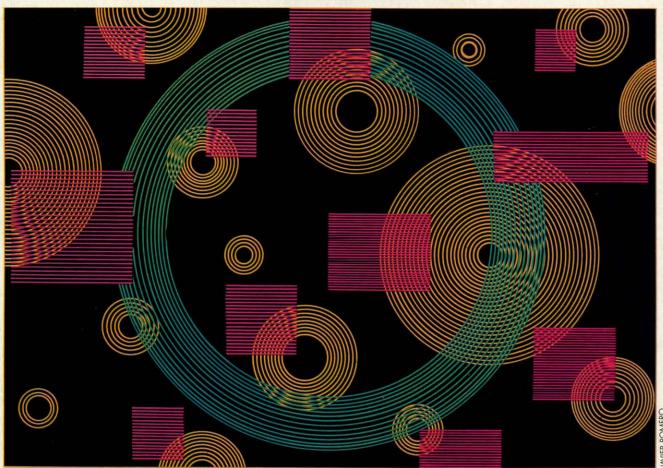
For fast service call (616) 241-5510 Telex 709-101

For free catalog, please return this coupon or a copy to: Abacus Software, P.O. Box 7211, Grand Rapids, MI 49510

PHONE: (616) 241-5510

Name	
Address	
City	
CityState	Zip

DUPERT REPORT



The Computer Teaches Itself

BY DALE RUPERT

fter a few thousand quick games with itself, NIM player. ELMAC is certainly not the world's fastest learner. Perhaps after studying the structure of ELMAC you will be able to modify its cerebral organization to improve its playing habits and or punished in the past. After playing enough games, its learning ability.

ELMAC is an acronym for Elementary Learning Machine. The program of which ELMAC is comprised plays a simple game called NIM. ELMAC keeps track of each of its moves throughout the game. At the end of the game, if ELMAC won, each move is rewarded, and if ELMAC lost, the last move ELMAC made is punished.

Each move that ELMAC makes is chosen randomly. ELMAC had become a fairly competent. Some moves are more likely to be randomly selected than others. The probability of a particular move being selected depends upon the current board layout and the number of times in which that move has been rewarded ELMAC's probability of randomly choosing a good move is very high and its probability of picking a poor move is very low or zero.

> At first this concept of learning by modifying probabilities may seem almost trivial. Further thought may convince you that perhaps this is indeed somewhat analogous to the way that you learn something new.

C-64 and C-128* OWNERS:





Now YOU too can get the "Software Edge!"

Do you know the full contents of all your Disks in your Software Library?

Stop playing "Hide-and-Seek" with your Disk software! Let your Commodore 64™ "memory" do all the work for you. Easy Manual and Program Menu-Screens make everyone a "pro" in 1 day!

Here's a small "PEEK" at SOME of the FULLY-INTEGRATED POWER of PRODUCTIVITY at your fingertips. . .

MASTERDISK®:

- a SORTED Master Catalog of ALL your Disks (even those un-listable "protected" Directories: Names, ID's, File info, etc.)
- Search + List any File/Disk/ID in seconds, automatically, in any of SEVEN WAYS.
- Transfer ML-Programs or Files from Disk to Disk (CATEGORIZE your software)
- Stop disaster before it strikes: change duplicate ID's fast, without total re-copy.
- Restore accidentally-scratched files in a flash, with VERIFICATION that they're OK.
- Works with 1 or 2 Single Disk Drives (1541, MSD, etc.) with or without Printer (Commodore or ASCII).
- Handy-Reference Card for HEX/ASCII/ BINARY-TO-DECIMAL VALUE TRANSLA-TION + FORMULAS, included FREE.

- "Son of MASTERDISK®" . . . same power, but with
 - same power, but with Dual Drive Speed!
- Same Catalog Features as MASTERDISK®
- · Same Disk repair functions, too
- For all C-64 & C-128* systems with Dual Disk Drives (4040, MSD, etc.)
- Utilizes all Dual Drive functions for maximum speed and ease of use
- FREE Handy Reference Card for HEX/ASCII/ Binary to Decimal Translation + Formulas
- Experience FULLY-INTEGRATED POWER for just \$29.95 (U.S.A.), \$39.95 (Canada)

All this + MUCH MORE, for just \$34.95. (U.S.A.), \$45.95 (Canada)

*MASTERDISK® and MASTERDUAL® are also compatible with the NEW C-128 (in C-64 Mode)!

Don't MESS with anything LESS! OUR CUSTOMERS WRITE:

"Been meaning to write and let you know how much I've enjoyed it . . . So, let me say that MASTERDISK is EXCELLENT." — Middletown, NY

"... just the thing I need." — APO, NY (Germany)

"Hope to get my [MASTERDISK] yesterday." - Maple Grove, MN

"I am impressed with your product and would like to be able to endorse it for TPUG." - Ontario, Canada

"... nothing else even comes close!" - Burlington, IA

We ship within 24 hours! Send Money Order or Check to:

INTEGRATED-SOFTWARE SYSTEMS

P.O. Box 1801, Ames, IA 50010 VISA/M.C./C.O.D., CALL (515) 233-2992 9 am - 9 pm (Central Time) Mon.-Fri. Add \$3 Shipping/plus \$2 Foreign, C.O.D. IA Residents add 4% Sales Tax.

IN CANADA: Cricket Distribution Co.,

P.O. Box 953, Cobourg, Ontario, Canada K9A 4W4 VISA/M.C./C.O.D., CALL (416) 372-3692 9 am - 6 pm (Eastern Time) Mon.-Fri. Add \$3 Shipping/plus \$2 C.O.D. Ontario Residents add 7% Sales Tax

Whether you have tens or hundreds of disks, now YOU can be the MASTER of your TOTAL Software Library!

Reader Service No. 168

HEURISTIC OR ALGORITHMIC?

It should be clear from the outset that ELMAC is not programmed to be a good NIM player. It is possible to write a program which is a perfect NIM player. That is not the intent of this article or of the accompanying program.

ELMAC is a heuristic NIM player as opposed to an algorithmic NIM player. The heuristic player is able to adapt and to improve. In essence it learns from its mistakes. The algorithmic player uses a prescribed formula (or algorithm) for determining its moves. The two concepts are certainly not mutually exclusive. A playing algorithm for example might include some heuristic rules, and the heuristic player's moves are generally rewarded or punished according to some algorithm.

The game of NIM involves two players who take turns removing sticks (or other objects) from the playing board. Initially there are three rows containing three, four, and five sticks respectively. Each player in turn takes one or more sticks from any one row. The last player to take a stick is the winner. A game might look like this:

First player: 5 4 1 Second player: 0 First player: 0 1 1 0 Second player: 0 1 0 First player: 0 0

Initially the board configuration is 3 4 5. The first player removed three sticks from the first row, leaving the board with none in the first row, four in the second row, and five in the third row (0 4 5). Each board display shows the number of sticks in each row *after* the named player has made a move.

The second player took four sticks from the third row leaving 0 4 1. The first player then removed three sticks from the second row. The second player took the remaining stick from the third row. The first player then removed the last stick on the board, thereby winning the game.

There are many variations on this game, including differing numbers of sticks and rows and even whether the last stick drawn belongs to the winner or the loser. Martin Gardner discusses the game of NIM and algorithms for winning it in *The Scientific American Book of Mathematical Puzzles & Diversions* (Simon & Schuster, 1959). Martin Gardner also describes elementary learning machines in *The Unexpected Hanging and Other Mathematical Diversions* (Simon and Schuster, 1969). The machines which Mr. Gardner describes were built by readers of *Scientific American* in the early 1960s from match boxes and colored beads. Both books are high recommended reading.

HERE'S ELMAC!

The program which implements ELMAC may be used in several different ways. (Refer to ELMAC Plays NIM on page 105). The easiest way to begin is to select the mode in which the computer plays against itself. Simply press C at the opening screen. In this mode, ELMAC

randomly selects its moves from lists of moves which have been weighted by rewards and punishments. EL-MAC's opponent simply picks a move at random, with each legal move equally likely to be selected.

The statistics displayed at the top of the screen show EL-MAC's win/loss record, as well as its current and longest winning streaks. After a few hundred games, ELMAC usually has a winning average significantly greater than 50%.

Once ELMAC has become smart enough, you might enjoy playing against it. Press any key to interrupt the current mode of play, and the opening menu appears. Press P when you are ready to play against ELMAC. The first player is chosen at random. If ELMAC went first, the screen displays the current board layout after its move, otherwise the initial rows of three, four, and five are shown. You are prompted to select the row and the number of items to be removed from that row. Only legal moves are accepted.

At the end of the game, the winner is announced. You may press any key and ELMAC's statistics will be updated before proceeding into the next game. If you want to allow ELMAC to pick up some more intelligence on its own, simply press M instead of a row number or an item number. You will be returned to the menu where you may select C.

"So cle

ELMAC's intelligence consists of an array of valid moves for every possible board configuration called the "move array." You may save the move array to disk at any time during the game by pressing a key to stop the game and then selecting S. You must specify a filename. It must be different from any other filename on the disk.

You may also load a move array from disk at any time. Essentially this provides a brain transplant for ELMAC. Press any key to interrupt the game then select L. You must specify the filename of a move array which was previously saved with the S command.

ELMAC creates a move array initially with all legal moves having equal probabilities. You may look at the move array at any time by pressing any key to stop the game and then selecting D. Each board configuration and the associated move probabilities are scrolled. We will discuss the format of this array shortly. Pressing any key during the scrolling causes it to stop. You are asked if you want to save this array, just as if the S key had been selected.

Do not be discouraged by the length of the program. There are many comments throughout the program. Any REM statement which is preceded by a colon need not be typed (although REMarks will be very useful if you make any modifications to this program!). The program is written in a reasonably modular form so that you may easily understand and change it.

ELMAC'S STRUCTURE

The data structure to implement ELMAC is somewhat complex. Perhaps the easiest way to understand it is to look at some specific examples.

The move array is dimensioned with DIM A(3,4,5,12). The first three subscripts correspond to the numbers of

THE Premier Word Processing Package - CREATIVE COMPUTING

"PaperClip is easy to use, yet offers the advanced features of programs designed for the IBM PC. These include: block move, copy, delete, macros, automatic page numbering, headers, footers, underlining, boldface, super and subscripts, variable character pitch, and custom character sets. The editing screen can be set up to 130 columns wide, & text can be scrolled in any direction. A preview mode displays formatted text exactly as it will appear on the printed page. You may further define your own formatting parameters, including margins, line lengths, page length and spacing.

PaperClip contains over 30 printer files for all the current major models. The documentation is excellent and the disk itself unprotected, though keyed through a joystick port. This means you can make as many back-up copies as you like, but can use the program only when the key is inserted." - CREATIVE COMPUTING

"PaperClip is one of the easiest of the professional word processors to use, with a sensible manual and plenty of aids for the accident-prone."-COMPUTING NOW

"a "must have" in an ideal software library"-ELECTRONIC LEARNING

"PaperClip is the Cadillac of word processors"-OMNI "...best professional word processor available"-RUN

"an excellent full-featured word processor"-THE BOOK OF COMMODORE SOFTWARE "hard to beat" ACE

"So clearly superior, ... State-of-the-art word processing"-ANTIC "... most powerful of packages"-COMMODORE MAGAZINE

"So far as we are concerned, PaperClip is the top word processor running on a micro computer."

-HOME APPLICATIONS FOR THE C-64

"exceptional word processing"-INPUT "many features...easy to use"-ATARI EXPLORER

"You'll find yourself growing spoiled."-FAMILY COMPUTING "PaperClip is a logical evolutionary step forward."-AHOY

"A superb word processor,...the most sophisticated to date!"-COMPUTE "the ultimate word processor..."-ANALOG

"...does exactly what it was intended to do...and more" - COMMODORE MAGAZINE

"An excellent word processor,...well designed...many advanced features!"-INFOWORLD

"...facts attest to its excellence!"-FAMILY COMPUTING

"You will not find a word processing package superior to this one!"-CREATIVE COMPUTING



"The #I Best Selling Word Processing Package"*

-BILLBOARD'S COMPUTER SOFTWARE CHARTS!

Available for Commodore 64, Pet, all Atari home computers, and new enhanced 128K versions for Apple II/e/c, Atari 130XE and Commodore 128. New in 1986: Paperclip Elite for IBM MS DOS, Amiga and Atari ST.



30 Mural Street Richmond Hill, Ontario L4B 1B5 Canada (416) 881-9941 Telex: 06-986-266

ith

est

ht

he

st, e,

re

nal

ou p-

nt on

an re

id

ne

"The Energized Software Company!"

WRITE TO US FOR FULL COLOR CATALOG of our products for Commodore, Atari, MacIntosh, Apple and IBM systems.

FOR TECHNICAL SUPPORT OR PRODUCT INFORMATION PLEASE PHONE (416) 881-9816

1985 BATTERIES INCLUDED MACINTOSH APPLE, ATARI, COMMODORE AND IBM ARE REGISTERED TRADEMARKS RESPECTIVELY OF APPLE COMPUTERS INC. ATARLING COMMODORE BUSINESS MACHINES INC. AND IBM BUSINESS MACHINES INC *as compiled from national retail store sales reports for week ending January 5, 1985

Reader Service No. 208



17875 Sky Park North,

USA 92714

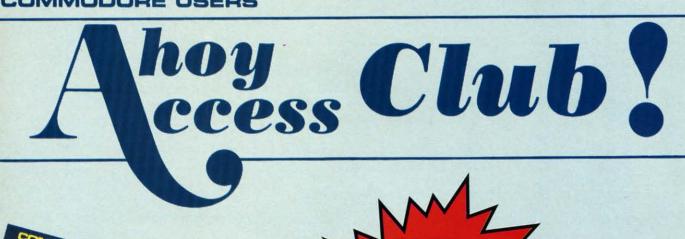
(416) 881-9816

Suite P, Irvine, California

... Announcing

THE COMMODORE USERS

MORE PROGRAMS THAN EVER BEFORE!





An incredible offer from the publishers of Ahoy!...The Ahoy! Access Club. The Ahoy! Access Club offers members: discounts, rebates, coupons on products and services for your Commodore, a Commodore calendar of events, and much, much more! Members will also receive "The Clipper," an exclusive bi-monthly news bulletin. But the best thing about the Ahoy! Access Club is that it's FREE! to all Ahoy! subscribers. Subscribe today! and along with your first issue of Ahoy! you'll receive your official Ahoy! Access Club membership card...your ticket to super savings and bonuses you can only get from Ahoy! Don't miss out on this fantastic offer. The Ahoy! Access Club...if you own a Commodore - this club is for you!

THE COMMODORE MAGAZINE THAT OFFERS YOU MORE

www.commodore.ca

sticks in each row for every board layout. The fourth subscript represents the probability of each move being made from that board configuration.

Consider the initial values of A(1,3,2,1) through A(1,3,2,12):

1 0 0 - 1 1 1 0 - 1 1 0 0 0

(The -'s are placed between A(1,3,2,3) and A(1,3,2,4) as well as between A(1,3,2,7) and A(1,3,2,8) to help with this discussion.) When the board has one stick in the first row, three sticks in the second row, and two sticks in the third row (1,3,2), ELMAC chooses its next move from the values listed above.

The first three elements of the array correspond to removing one, two, and three sticks respectively from the first row. The next four elements of the array correspond to the probability of taking one, two, three, and four sticks from the second row. Similarly, the probabilities of removing one through five sticks from the third row are represented by the last five elements of the move array.

The first element, A(1,3,2,1), has a value of one, indicating that it is possible to remove one stick from the first row. Notice that the second and third elements, A(1,3,2,2) and A(1,3,2,3), are zero. This means that the probability of taking two or three sticks from the first row is zero. That's to be expected since there is currently only one stick in the first row.

The next group of four elements (1 1 1 0) shows that it is possible to remove either one, two, or three sticks, but not four, from the second row. The final group (1 1 0 0 0) indicates that there is an equal probability of removing either one or two sticks from the third row, and no probability of taking three, four, or five sticks. Again this is reasonable, since these array elements correspond to a board with only two sticks left in the third row.

One other element of the move array tallies the total number of move probabilities for each particular board layout. In the example above, that element is A(1,3,2,0). Its value is initially six, which is the sum of the twelve probabilities listed above for this board configuration.

Let's assume the board configuration is 1 3 2, and that it is ELMAC's move. ELMAC looks at the total move count in A(1,3,2,0) which is six (refer to line 560 of the program). ELMAC selects a random number between one and six, say four. Lines 620 through 660 determine what type of move that is.

Recall that the twelve elements of A(1,3,2,P) for P equal 1 through 12 are

1 0 0 - 1 1 1 0 - 1 1 0 0 0

ELMAC picked four, and the fourth value of one in the list is the third element in the second group, A(1,3,2,6). Consequently ELMAC removes three sticks from the second row. (If you are not totally confused, you are a genius!)

If ELMAC eventually wins this game, the value of A(1,3,2,6) will be incremented by one. Likewise A(1,3,2,0)

will be incremented. Now A(1,3,2,P) for P equal to 0 through 12 has values:

7-1 0 0-1 1 2 0-1 1 0 0 0

The next time that ELMAC makes a move from this board configuration, it will pick a random number from one to seven. It then steps through the twelve moves, tallying probabilities until it reaches a count of seven. It should be clear that if ELMAC selects a random value of four or five, it will make the same move it made last time. In other words, ELMAC is twice as likely to choose move A(1,3,2,6) as it is to choose any of the other possible moves. That is exactly how ELMAC learns through rewards.

To see how bad moves are punished, consider the board configuration 2 0 0, that is, only two sticks remain in the first row. If this is the first time ELMAC has seen this particular board, the move array A(2,0,0,P) for P equal to 0 through 12 appears as

ELMAC can remove either one or two sticks from the first row, and both moves are equally likely.

Obviously taking both sticks is the only intelligent move, but ELMAC isn't very bright yet. If ELMAC takes only



Reader Service No. 185

one stick from the row, the other player removes the remaining stick, and ELMAC loses the game. In that case, such a foolish last move by ELMAC is punished by reducing its probability to zero. That means that A(2,0,0,1) is now set to zero.

The next time ELMAC sees the board 2 0 0, its only possible move is A(2,0,0,2). It takes both sticks from the first row. ELMAC wins the game and A(2,0,0,2) is incremented. With the program as it is currently written, only ELMAC's final move of a losing game is punished. Once a move's probability has been reduced to zero, that move is never made again.

The array M() is updated with every move ELMAC makes. Its structure is fairly straightforward. M(MN,1), M(MN,2), and M(MN,3) represent rows one, two, and three at the time of ELMAC's MNth move. M(MN,0) stores the type of move (from 1 to 12) that ELMAC made.

For example, assume the board had two sticks in the first and third rows and three sticks in the second row when ELMAC made its second move. M(2,1), M(2,2), and M(2,3) have values 2,3,2 respectively, representing the board configuration. If ELMAC removed two sticks from the third row, M(2,0) equals 9. (Recall that move values 1 to 3 correspond to taking 1 through 3 sticks from the first row, values 4 through 7 represent the removal of 1 through 4 sticks from the second row, and values 8 through 12 represent taking 1 through 5 sticks from the third row, respectively.)

At the end of each game, if ELMAC won, M() is used in lines 1150 through 1200 to reward each move. The last move made by ELMAC is always kept in the variable MV, and the last board configuration is stored in X0, Y0, and Z0 for rows one, two, and three in lines 710. Lines 1040 through 1060 punish ELMAC's last move if it lost.

TODAY NIM, TOMORROW THE WORLD

After you have learned to play NIM, see if the way you learned is not somewhat analogous to the way EL-MAC learns. Typically you will first remember and avoid moves near the end of the game which are fatal, just as ELMAC does.

There are many possibilities for your own exploration into this concept of learning machines. I suggest saving ELMAC's move arrays after various numbers of games. I saved the move array after one thousand and ten thousand games, calling them ELMAC.1K and ELMAC.10K respectively. It is interesting to study the move array (use the D command) to see how bad moves are eliminated and probabilities of good moves are enhanced.

The D command scrolls all elements of the move array. The first three numbers displayed in reverse video are the board configuration. The first number in the next line is the total count of move probabilities. The next twelve numbers are the individual move probabilities. One interesting characteristic to look for in the move array is the opening move A(3,4,5,-). A perfect algorithmic machine will remove two sticks from the first row

to guarantee a win. Consequently A(3,4,5,2) should eventually become the only allowable opening move for EL-MAC to make. The resulting board configuration is 1 4 5.

You might investigate other methods of reward and punishment. Perhaps later moves in a winning game should be rewarded more (or less) than earlier moves. Perhaps more than just the last move should be punished.

It is possible to find a far more efficient data structure than I have used here. Martin Gardner mentioned that one of his readers built a NIM-playing machine from only 18 match boxes (for three rows of three objects each). That learning machine supposedly played an excellent game of NIM after only 30 games. ELMAC's move array represents 120 match boxes, and it plays a lousy game even after 300 rounds.

It would be handy to have a graphical display of EL-MAC's winning record. When ELMAC plays the random computer, it is really a waste of time to show both players' moves. A graph of number of games versus number of wins would probably be more informative.

si

ELMAC's data structure should be readily adaptable to other games such as tic-tac-toe or four-by-four checkers. The Commodore 64 does not have enough memory to store the move array for tic-tac-toe as implemented in ELMAC. Some clever programming, and taking advantage of the symmetries and rotations of the board, should make a tic-tac-toe program possible.

If ELMAC has no valid moves for a particular board configuration, it resigns. After 15,000 games, it had no possible moves when faced with two sticks in each of two rows. Indeed, a perfect player would beat ELMAC under these conditions, but since ELMAC doesn't necessarily play against perfect players, perhaps an element of "oh what the heck" should be added to ELMAC. Let ELMAC make a valid random move even if the move array says there are no winning moves available.

The situation is similar to the old joke mentioned by Martin Gardner in which two chess-playing computers were face to face. After the one computer moved its first piece, the second computer furiously thought for a while, and then simply resigned. Eventually it seems that EL-MAC would have just one valid opening move, and if its opponent made that move first, ELMAC would call it quits.

There are many interesting, intriguing, and entertaining aspects to this idea of machines that teach themselves. Hopefully ELMAC will encourage you to explore. I would enjoy hearing about what you discover.

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 105

KIDS AMERICA

Ahoy! is pleased to congratulate

Jens Palm (Croton-on-Hudson, NY) Bhuvanesh Frininison (Buffalo, NY) Annise Winger (Henrietta, NY)

winners of subscriptions to *Ahoy!* courtesy of the Kids America radio program. Check your local AM and FM listings for time and station.

THIS ISSUE— TWO COMMODORE SOFTWARE SURVEYS!

THE DIGITAL BLUE YONDER

Flight Simulation on the C-64

By Bill Kunkel and Arnie Katz

"Flying by the seat of your pants" is an old aviation expression. It refers to situations in which circumstances force a pilot to navigate by instinct alone, without the aid of instruments. Today, that phrase could just as easily refer to the armchair aviators who regularly patrol the electronic skies in front of their Commodore home computers.

Flight simulators have come into their own over the past two years. Such games satisfy the current taste for strategy, while they provide the type of real-time excitement which once made action games so popular. Users who drop in at the Commodore Aerodrome can earn their wings in anything from a Cessna to a Strike Eagle. There are helicopters, biplanes, and even a space shuttle waiting for gamers with the will to take the throttle.

Early Flights

Flight simulation programs have been available for the Commodore 64 from the very first. The pioneering titles which are still on the market show their age, but may interest some ardent aviators.

IFR Flight Simulator (Academy) puts the user inside a Cessna 172RG. Unfortunately, the design strikes a poor balance between instruments and scenery. The principle display is almost entirely filled by gauges, the artificial horizon, and similar navigational devices, while the pilot must squint through a window no larger than the airspeed indicator to see what's happening outside. IFR Flight



No, we didn't print it upside down-it's Sierra's Stunt Flyer.

READER SERVICE NO. 143

Simulator replicates the physics of flight, but not the experience of sitting in the cockpit of a small plane.

Solo Flight (MicroProse) and Flight Path 737 (Artworx), two other early entries, are fun despite limited graphics. Both are simple take-off-and-land simulations which emphasize actually flying an aircraft. Good

as far as they go, Solo Flight and Flight Path 737 are primitive by current standards. However, the latter title comes on cassette, which makes it the only choice for Commodore owners who do not have disk drives.

If the boom in Commodore 64 flight simulators can be traced to one event, it's the publication of the C-64

PERSONAL BEST

A Guide to Individual Sports Games on the C-64

By Bill Kunkel and Arnie Katz



Summer Games demands good timing. READER SERVICE NO. 144

Okay, sports fans, get out those wrist bands, clean up that old pair of track flats, and tie a rolled up bandana around your head. It's time for some one-on-one sports action. Whether played against another human video athlete or versus the computer, events like track and field, golf, and tennis offer some of the hottest competition in computer gaming.

The Olympics have become this best-known arena for individual athletics, thanks to satellite telecasts. Not surprisingly, the quadrennial event has inspired several computer programs.

Decathlon (Activision) was the first title which simulated track and field. It includes all of the 10 events which comprise the greatest challenge in the world of sport: 100m dash, long jump,

www.commodore.ca



Flight Simulator II features full onscreen instrumentation, variable weather conditions, realistic avionic systems, and choice of day, dusk, or night flying.

READER
SERVICE NO. 145

THE DIGITAL BLUE YONDER Flight Simulation on the C-64

edition of *Flight Simulator II* (Sub-LOGIC). Bruce Artwick's design, based on a program developed for the IBM PC, created a sensation when it made its debut, and it's still a pretty fantastic disk. *Flight Simulator II* is one of the all-time best-selling entertainment programs, and dominated the Billboard list for more than a year.

Flight Simulator II's biggest attraction is its astonishing completeness. It features full on-screen instrumentation, a choice of day/dusk/night flying, variable weather conditions, realistic avionic systems and a flying range which spans the entire continent.

The simulation is based on the Piper 181 Cherokee Archer, a small single-engine plane with non-retractable landing gear. The scenery disk packaged with the program generates the proper out-the-window visuals for landings and take offs at any of 80 airports in the New York, Chicago, Seattle and Los Angeles areas. SubLOGIC promises more scenery disks for those who



Jet Combat Simulator: four modes. READER SERVICE NO. 146

want to visit other places.

As a bonus, Flight Simulator II includes a "World War I Ace" mode. This variation streamlines the playmechanic of the primary program and applies it to biplane flight, circa 1917. The changes reduce the accuracy of the simulation, but provide a lot more excitement. Skillful flying is still crucial, but a would-be ace must also demonstrate deadeye marksmanship against the enemy.

The scenery disk adds familiar landmarks such as the Statue of Liberty to the out-the-cockpit-window view. The accurately placed landmarks are attractively rendered, and the overall graphics are surprisingly good for a program which must assign so much memory to simulation elements.

Flight Simulator II does a fine job of recreating the dynamics of piloting on the home computer screen, but apart from the "World War I Ace" mini-game, it is essentially a purist's approach to the subject. Following it onto computer store shelves are several titles which immerse the com-



Super Huey: ideal for two players. READER SERVICE NO. 147

PERSONAL BEST

A Guide to Individual Sports Games

400m, shot put, 110m hurdles, 1500m, javelin, discus, pole vault and high jump.

The player manipulates the joystick to direct the onscreen decathlete. Most of the events require the gamer to jiggle the stick rapidly to make the character on the screen move faster. You'll really need those wristbands with this disk.

Summer Games (Epyx) demands pinpoint timing rather than manic joysticking. The user must execute a precisely timed sequence of stick movements to put the onscreen athlete through his paces.

Summer Games simulates swimming, diving, gymnastics, and skeet shooting, as well as a trio of track and field contests. The electronic Olympian can practice single events or run the gauntlet of all eight. The disk retains a record of high scores which the player can access through the program's main menu.

puterist in more intense scenarios than zipping through the friendly skies from New York's LaGuardia to Chicago's O'Hare.

The skies are considerably less friendly in *F-15 Strike Eagle* (Micro-Prose). This solitaire program places the user in the cockpit of a modern jet fighter which must complete missions right out of today's scariest newspaper headlines.

Although *F-I5 Strike Eagle* makes extensive use of the keyboard as an input device, the joystick controls the most important functions. The computer pilot can climb, descend, bank, drop bombs, and fire the machine gun without touching a key.

F-15 Strike Eagle casts the gamer as a combat flyer. The missions send this lightning-fast aircraft to places like the Persian Gulf and Haiphong Harbor. Invariably, these strongholds are protected by hostile MIGs which are more than willing to engage in combat.

The visuals are decent, if unexceptional. Several types of ground installations are presented, which gives some visual variety to the bombing runs.

F-15 Strike Eagle is more concerned with stimulation than simu-

SOFTWARE SECTION

This solid simulation comes in very fancy dress. The graphics are outstanding, and the animated torch-lighting is one of the most impressive openings in entertainment software.

10m.

mp. tick

ete.

ım-

ake

ast-

nds

nds

nic

e a

ick

th-

m-

eet

nd

ip-

un

ch

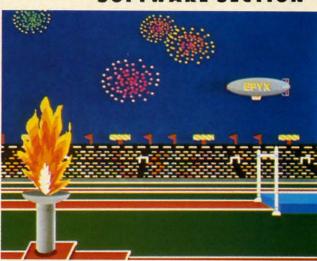
The success of Summer Games prompted Epyx to release a sequel, Summer Games II. It features an array of eight somewhat more exotic events, including the difficult triple jump, bicycling, kayaking, fencing, and even equestrian jumping.

Each event has its own theme music, and the graphics are, if anything, better than in the original. Judges' scorecards appear on the screen at the conclusion of each round of competition to rate the performance.

Summer Games II can be linked to its predecessor to create a mammoth 16-event program. Its newly created closing ceremony is the perfect ending.

Fans of Olympic simulations might like to augment the Epyx events with S-Games (Michael Crick, 2845 140th

Summer Games II can be linked with its predecessor to form one 16-event program. II's events are more unusual ones, including kayaking, fencing, and the triple jump. READER SERVICE NO. 148



Ave. NE, Belleview, WA 98005). In addition to the more conventional events—100m sprint, 110m hurdles, and diving—*S-Games* includes a couple of truly unique competitions which are not available on any other title: archery and weightlifting.

A new publisher has updated and rereleased this contest, originally known as *HES-Games*. Crick led the original design team, 3-2-1 Software, which developed the program, and he has upgraded it intelligently and effectively.

While the track events use the joystick-jiggle play-mechanic, the approach to archery and pumping iron is more reminiscent of *Summer Games*' control system. In the archery

lation. Its exciting combat scenarios more than compensate for any technical imperfections.

Fans of this type of air action will also enjoy *Jet Combat Simulator* (Epyx), written by Digital Integration. This program, which utilizes joystick and keyboard input, focuses on realistically duplicating flight procedures and problems.

Jet Combat Simulator, like F-15 Strike Eagle, uses the McDonnell Douglas F-15 as its main aircraft. The disk includes four separate modes: landing practice, flight training, airto-air combat practice and actual combat. The user can vary the difficulty by pre-program factors such as blind landings, crosswinds-turbulence and the skill level of the computer-directed enemy.

Several programs which nominally fit into this category stress action. Mig Alley Ace (MicroProse) and Hellcat Ace (MicroProse) are short on aeronautical verisimilitude, but are as exciting to play as any arcade game.

Stunt Flyer (Sierra) represents a third type of airplane simulation, the "air circus." This disk, a creation of the French design group Nice Ideas,

involves more than just preventing the craft from digging a hole in the runway. The accent is on performing fancy aerobatics.

Stunt Flyer puts the pilot inside the most maneuverable of all stunt planes, the Pitts Special. Although the game is quite detailed, it eschews factors like "torque," which would do little more than complicate the already demanding test. The aerodynamics of trick flying are the main event.

Stunt Flyer has three separate programs: airshow, training, and competition. The airshow provides an external view of a computer-guided plane which performs any of 20 stunts on command. Training allows the user to fly freestyle or attempt a specific stunt, then view an external-perspective replay. A digital wing-walker who feels comfortable enough at the controls can try the competition. Any high-flying Commodore owner who completes the compulsory sequence is eligible to enter Sierra's nationwide competition.

Other Flights

The airplane has always been the favorite subject for flight simulations,

but some designers have gone in other directions. After all, there are other types of flying machines.

Paul Norman's Super Huey (Cosmi), for example, attempts to reproduce the experience of piloting a UH-IX, an ultra-modern surveillance and reconnaissance helicopter. The program concentrates heavily on piloting the chopper, although combat is a tangential element.

Super Huey is ideal for cooperative play. Helicopters are much more difficult to fly than airplanes, so there's plenty to do. The command control system uses both the joystick and the keyboard, which facilitates division between pilot and co-pilot.



Jet is just up the stream. READER SERVICE NO. 149

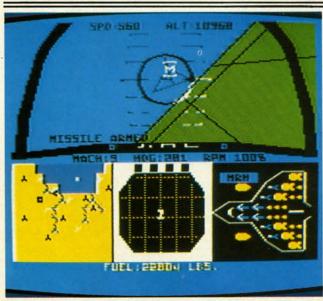


Winter Games offers skiing, skating, and bobsledding events, including the unusual biathlon, which combines cross-country skiing with marksmanship. READER SERVICE NO. 150

PERSONAL BEST

A Guide to Individual Sports Games

competition, the video Robin Hood must consider wind speed and direction in addition while aiming for the bullseye. Weightlifting is broken down into two-hand snatch and clean and jerk. The player lifts more poundage by maintaining smooth timing and good rhythm.



F-15 Strike
Eagle is more
concerned with
stimulation
than simulation, sending
players on
dangerous combat missions
to MIG-defended enemy
strongholds.
READER
SERVICE NO. 151

THE DIGITAL BLUE YONDER Flight Simulation on the C-64

The graphics in *Super Huey* are blocky, which makes the surveillance scenarios seem pointless. Watching isn't much fun when there's nothing worth looking at.

When you get tired of flying around this world, there's always outer space. Steve Kitchen's *Space Shuttle* (Activision), although somewhat dated, still has a lot to offer. Players manipulate three axis controls to take the shuttle into orbit, dock with a satellite, re-enter Earth atmosphere and land her on the appropriate runway.

The most eagerly awaited flight

simulator on the artificial horizon is the follow-up to *Flight Simulator*, *Jet* (SubLOGIC), from the Bruce Artwick crew. *Jet* promises to be as revolutionary as its predecessor. The already published IBM edition includes take-offs from an air strip or a carrier, choice of weapons, and a selection of dogfights and strike missions in either an F-16 Fighting Falcon or F-18 Hornet.

The introduction of the Commodore 128 could be the prelude of a new generation of more exact flight simulators. And considering the steady improvement in the category so far, one might say the sky's the limit. \square

S-Games allows participants to save great performances to a preformatted disk for subsequent replay. The animation and graphics are good, if not quite state-of-the-art.

The most recent, and most visually spectacular, Olympic software product is *Winter Games* (Epyx). Players can now revel in simulations of skiing, skating, and bobsledding, enhanced with the best sound and graphics in the series so far. Action Graphics had a couple of tough acts to follow, but the design team earned straight A's for its work on this one.

Winter Games begins with a real flash event, the hot dog aerial. As an onscreen skier takes off into the wild blue yonder, the gamer executes a series of dazzling flips, kicks, and dives. The biathlon, one of the most unusual events, combines cross-country skiing with marksmanship. In speed skating, the user determines the stride of the onscreen athlete, who is paced by a computer-controlled rival. The ski jump simulation presents two views of the action. The main display offers a long-range view, while a special window shows a close-up.

The most astonishing events are figure skating and the bobsled. The musical accompaniment, a perfect scene-setter for the onscreen Peggy Fleming, gives the Commodore sound chip a brisk workout. Among the movements possible in the skating competition are: camel spins, sit spins, double axels, triple axels, double lutzes, triple lutzes, and camels-into-sit spins.

The bobsled race employs a split display to give an overview of the action as well as a quasi-first person perspective of the run. (The bobsled appears in the foreground as a guiding device.) The sense of "being there" is intense as the sled whooshes around turns and beneath the overpasses to the cheers of the spectators.

Winter Games has an opening ceremony, but no similarly ornate close. That's a sure sign that Epyx will eventually delight computer sports fans with a Winter Games II.

Go for the Green

Golf is a sport which has always

C

C-64 1541... 1571... 1572... MSD Si MSD Di Indus G Cardco

Tymac Connec Cardco Cardco OR-D GPC w Grapple

PRINT Lazor 1 Lazor 2 DISKE SKC SS/SE SS/DE

> MAW MD-1. MD-2. ELEP SS/SI SS/DI DS/DI

Flip-N 10 ... 15 ... 25 ... w/loc 50 ...

KOAL Pad D

50...

CON C-64

C-12

MODI C-160 C-165

C-165 C-166 C-167

3

WHITE HOUSE COMPUTER P.O. BOX 4025, HOURS: Monday thru Friday 9:00 am till 6:00 pm VISA and MC VISA and MC Accepted 40%

In PA: 1-717-322-7700 1-800-351-3442

DISK DRIVES C-64 1571 249.95 MSD Single . . . 229.00 MSD Dual 459.00 Indus GT 199.00 Cardco SCD-1... 199.00 INTERFACES Connection/2K...62.95 Cardco +G 59.95 Cardco B 37.95 GPC w/2K 55.95 Grappler CD 89.95 PRINTER PAPER Lazor 1000 shts... 15.95 Lazor 2500 shts... 29.95 DISKETTES * SKC SS/SD 10.50 SS/DD 13.50 DS/DD 15.50 MAWELL MD-1......15.95 MD-2.....21.95 ELEPHANT SS/SD 13.50 SS/DD 15.50 DS/DD 19.50 INNOVATIVE CONCEPTS Flip-N-File 103.50 15......8.50 25......18.50 w/lock 50.....23.50 ROM Holder... 17.50

ed niot

su-

are

x).

nd

on cts

ed

eal an

ild

ry

ed

ed

he

ed

ite

er

* PRIN	TERS *
C-64 MPS 801 179.9 802 208.9 803 175.9 MCS 801 314.9 DPS 1101 314.9	MANNSEMAN TALI 5 Spirit 80
CITIZEN MSP-10 32 MSP-15 47 MSP-20 46 MSP-25 62	SG15 5 SD10 9 SD15 9 SR10
EPSON RX80 21 LX80 24 FX80 36 JX80 52 RX100 36 FX100 55	9 ★LQ 3 9 PANASONIC
C. ITOH 8510 A	1091 5 1092

LILO	
MANNSEMAN TALLY Spirit 80 MT 160L MT 180L	. 249
STAR MICRONICS SG10 SG15 SD10 SD15 SR10 SR15 Powertype	. 450 . 485 . 585
CARDCO LQ 1	. 365 2 09
PANASONIC 1090	. 389
LEGEND 880	.229
OKIDATA 182 2 84 64 92 34 93 56 Imagewriter 43	19.95 40.95 49.95 60.95
VIDEO CASS	SET

MONITORS AMDEK 300G- 119 300A 129 310A 145 Color 300 235 Color 500 345 Color 600 399 Color 700 469 Color 710 539
TEKNIKA MJ-10 175 MJ-22 249
XTRON Comcolor I
ZENITH 12274.00 12374.00
BMC
COMMODORE C-1702 199.95 C-1802 204.95 C-1902 RGB 259.95 C-1901 Monchrome 129.95
Dealers Inquiries *

SOFTWARE ★

OA	LA				
ad	Disk.	 	,	39.95	
ad	ROM	 	*	45.95	

COMPUTERS

C-64.....149.95

C-128 ... 275.95

C-1670 185.95 Tele

300/1200 Band

BATTERIES INCLUDED
Paper Clipw/Spell Pk 69.95
Paper Clip 59.00
Home Pack
Bus Card II 124.95
B180 Board99.95
BRODERBUND
Print Shop 29.95
Graphics Library 18.95
B.S. Writer32.95

CONTINENTAL

Home Accountant	27.95
Tax Advantage	\$27.95
GET BOTH FOR \$	49.95

MODEMS	Cardco	DUST COVERS
	MOD-159.95 C-64 MPP-106465.95	Mitey Mo 59.95 Westridge 69.95

Compuserve Learning 49.95 Starter Kit ... 21.95

TE **

RECORDER \$275.95

Symphonic VHS/Remote

- 105 Channel Cable Ready
- 14 Day / 1 Program Timer
- 12 Pre-set Channels Auto Rewind

Plus much, much more! OUR PRICES!

CHECK

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF:

Batteries Inc., Broderbund, Contineal, Hess, Infocom, Innovative Concepts, Koala, LJK, Microbits, Micropose, Microtek, O.S.S., Professional S.W. Scarborough, S.S.I., Synapse, Time Works, Wico.

Invited

POLICY: No deposit on COD orders. FREE freight on all prepaid cash orders over \$300 in the continental USA. APO and FPO add \$5 per hundred. For priority Mail add \$8 per hundred. PA Residents add 6% sales tax. Defective products must have Prior RA number. Schools net 15. Reader Service No. 186



adapted well to computer. Each "play" is a distinct event, and the physics of the flight of the ball are easy to express as mathematical formulas.

Computer "hackers" will quickly get into the swing of *Professional Tour Golf* (Strategic Simulations), which incorporates elements of both strategy and stat replay. After selecting a bagful of clubs, the user guides such links legends as Slammin' Sammy Snead and Jack Nicklaus around either of two courses, complete with sand traps, trees, and water hazards.

A special option allows the computerist to generate a simulation of any famous golfer or even fashion a model based on your own golfing prowess. Strategic Simulations promises supplemental disks containing new courses and golfers.

On-Court Tennis (Gamestar) applies a similar form of artificial intelligence to net sports. Each gamer controls an electronic racqueteer who plays with a distinctive style. Some hug the baseline, others charge the net at every opportunity, and still others reply on a cannonball serve to score points.

The program automatically moves the electronic athletes around the court based on the styled selected prior to the opening serve. A joystick-activated control system lets the computerist call each shot, once the onscreen surrogate gets into the proper position. This makes *On-Court Tennis* more a test of strategy than handeye coordination. Proper timing is important, but it's definitely subordinate to selecting the right stroke for each situation.

Space limitations have forced this survey to neglect two major categories: auto racing and martial arts. Rest assured, both will receive their justice in upcoming issues of *Ahoy!* Meanwhile, these "personal best" programs should keep solitaire and head-to-head gamers at their computers for many enjoyable hours of individual competition.

FEATURED NEXT MONTH:

Educational Games for the Commodore 64 A sheriff who can uphold the Law of the West without bloodshed scores points and receives additional credit on the evaluation screen at the game's end.

READER SERVICE NO. 152



LAW OF THE WEST Accolade Commodore 64 Disk; \$29.95

It takes more than a fast draw to keep peace in the town of Gold Gulch. A successful lawman must show insight, tact, and just the right degree of firmness to keep the streets and alleys safe.

Gunfight programs predate the dawn of the home computer age. Every videogame system had at least one such cartridge. Stripped of minor differences, they all boil down to armed figures on opposite sides of the display shooting at each other. Law of the West breaks the mold by fitting the shoot-outs into an adventure game context.

Law of the West is played as a series of encounters, each of which involves a meeting on the street between the sheriff, controlled with the joystick by the gamer, and a computer-directed character.

An encounter consists of two types

of activity: role-playing and action. Each scene begins with the hero, a large figure in the foreground of the display, looking up the street at a beautifully drawn western scene. The view changes for each round of play, and may include a bank, the stage depot, a saloon, or the train station.

A computer-controlled character enters the scene to the strains of original theme music and, in most cases, saunters up to the sheriff. A line of text highlighted in red appears below the picture. This is the opening line of the conversation. The would-be law officer selects the desired response from an onscreen menu of four possibilities.

What happens next depends on the tone of the conversation. A hostile response may lead to more heated exchanges which culminate in a showdown. On the other hand, a good sheriff can talk seemingly violencebent gunslingers into better behavior by clever choice of comments. A non-player character can become



On Track: a long way from LeMans. READER SERVICE NO. 153



Lode Runner's Rescue: 46 mazes. READER SERVICE NO. 154



Now Available Through Aguarian Software

Gold Disk Series

Volumes 1 through 11 Now Available!!!

Volume 11 Features a C-64 Assembler

Each Disk Contains:

- The Monthly Feature Program
- **Programming Tutorials**
- High Quality Games
- And Much More

Gold Disk Series for 128 Coming Soon!

Only '14.95 Per Disk*

* Plus Shipping and Handling

The Cataloger

The Ultimate Disk Cataloging System for the 64!

Features of The Cataloger V3.5A Include:

- * Loads directly from the disk itself.
- Ability to change name of entry.
- Fast Uses relative files exclusively
- Search, Sort and Print by any of 12 fields.
- 1100-program (or disk) capacity per data
- All machine language.
- Menu driven very easy to use.
- Works with one or two drives.

Only '24.95

BobsTerm Pro

The Ultimate Terminal Software!

Upload / Download Supports Punter, X-Modem, XON / XOFF, DC1 / DC2, and Much Morel

28.5 Byte Buffer with unmatched editing abilities

- · User Adjustable Parameters
- 10 Custom Character Sets
- Unlimitied Phone Book Storage
- **Programmable Macro Command Strings**

Only \$59.95

MATRIX - NOW AVAILABLE!!

The Indispensable C-128 Utility / Starter Kit!

Use dozens of 128 features in the 64 mode:

- Numeric Key Pad
- **Cursor Keys**
- 80-Column RGB Output
- · Many Other Special Function keys

One-Key Functions Include:

- 2 Megahertz "Fast Mode"

Other Features Include:

- Fast Loading
- . Fast Copy For The 1571!
- · Relocatable In Memory
- 100% Transparent to BASIC

- **One-Key Screen Dumps**
- **Full-Featured DOS Utility Menu**

Available Now For Only

\$59.95

T

in

SU

to

M

Graphic Screen Exporter

A Universal Graphics Converter! Converts Anything to Anything - Including:

Koala Pad Flexidraw COMAL CAD GEM Doodle Print Shop Paint Magic Micron Eye

And Many Many More!!

The Most Versatlle Graphics Utility Ever Released for the Commodore 64 I

Only \$29.95

ALSO AVAILABLE:

Full-Feature Terminal at an Affordable Pricel Turbo Calc/64.....\$17.95 A great spreadsheet at an Unbelievable Price! Tax Computation......529.95 The friendliest tax package on the market. Gultar Master.....\$49.95 A comprehensive musical instruction package Fast Bootl......\$14.95

Mike J. Henry's Fast Loader for 1541/MSD Thriller Collection.....\$24.95 Seven Intricate text adventures on one disk

Call or Write for Full Catalog!

CAD-GEM

Computer Assisted Design **Graphic Element Manipulation**

A Wire Frame CAD system for the C64! Input from Joystick, Track Ball, Light Pen or **Graphics Tablet**

360 Degree Rotation in .1 Degree Increments Scaling on a 64K x 64K, 2048 Mega-Bit Virtual

Independent Manipulation of 400 Objects (Points

You must see CAD GEM to believe it! Demo Disk Available for \$3.00

¹89.95

MODEM MASTER

The Friendliest Commodore BBS Available

- Works with 1541 or MSD Dual Drive
- 300 / 1200 Baud Operation
- New Punter File Transfer Protocol
- Sub-Directories for File Transfer
- 250 User Capacity
- Accurate Clock / Calendar
- **Printer Output**
- Information Files
- "Old" E-Mall Deleted After One Week
- Set Up In Only 10 Minutes I

Only '29.95

Total Software Development System by Kevin Pickell Now Available in the States!

Assembler/Editor — fast load, get, log and loadat; adds 38 new commands; full macro instructions; allows 13-character labels; assembles to and from disk

Sprite Editor - 256 sprites in memory, view 64 at same time, works with keyboard, joystick or trackball, animates sprites during design

Unassembler - create source code from any ML program

Sound Editor - create Interrupt-driven sound effects

Character Editor — edit all characters. Screens to 255x64. Hi-res & Multi-color Character Sets

TSPS automatically includes sprites, characters, mattes and sound effects into source codel

Only '39.95

128 Version Coming Soon !

Aquarian Software

P.O. Box 22184 Portland, OR 97222



To order, Call: (503) 654-2641 VISA & MasterCard Accepted



Add 3.00 S & H Per Order (Add Additional \$2.00 for COD) Canadian Orders Add 10.00 S&H Allow 3-4 Weeks For Delivery

Write or Call for Full Catalog — Dealer Inquiries Welcome !

missed the bullseye on this one.

Accolade Software, 20863 Stevens Creek Blvd., #E, Cupertino, CA 95014 (phone: 408-446-5757).

-Arnie Katz

ON TRACK MODEL CAR RACING Gamestar Commodore 64

Disk; \$24.95

Pure competition is the focal point of this hard-driving contest for one or two armchair Andrettis. As the title indicates, this is model car racing, not a replica of the 24 hours of Le Mans. So despite the use of famous courses, On Track conjures up more images of radio-controlled vehicles buzzing around a parking lot than of heavy tires squealing down the Indy brickyard.

As in many Gamestar products, a series of option screens which define the game precede actual play. After selecting one or two players, the contestants pick between manual and automatic shifting. Manual, which is recommended only for the experienced, requires drivers to change between high and low gears to coax maximum performance out of their automobiles.

Next, each player picks one of three car/driver tandems. Artificial intelligence makes Mario Sandduni a speed demon and gives A.J. Cactus' machine the best handling characteristics. A chart in the instruction folder makes it simple to understand the differences.

The following screen lets the gamer choose from among 10 tracks. These range from Road America, with its hairpin turns, to the lengthy straightaways of Fuji International. Each course can be either paved or dirt, with the latter producing more unpredictable handling.

The final screen establishes the visual effects might have been spent speed ("pro" or "amateur") and the victory conditions. Drivers can compete for time in five- or 10-lap contests or they can try to go the furthest in 12 or 24 hours.

> Each course occupies one display screen with no scrolling. Both cars are always in sight, which eliminates the need to stop and reset the cars when one builds too big a lead. On the other

your buddy or your dueling partner, depending on how he or she is handled. And a newly met friend may warn you about the robbery which invariably becomes the next episode. Warnings frequently make the differ-

ence between dropping the bad guy and taking a slug yourself.

clude:

12 fields.

Pen or

Virtual

(Points

it!

A sheriff who takes care of a situation without artillery scores points and receives additional credit on the evaluation screen at the end of the game. This recap indicates how well the gamer has performed during the day as a symbol of justice. Categories considered are: maintenance of authority, crooks captured, romantic exploits, bad guys sent to boot hill, recoveries from bullet wounds, innocent people killed, and the number of crimes committed.

Sometimes, talking isn't enough. Pushing the joystick forward draws the gun and engages the aiming cursor. The hero must try to keep order in Gold Gulch without blasting innocent civilians, and an itchy trigger finger gets static from townspeople and a low rating.

Alan Miller, who made quite a reputation as a videogame designer for Activision, returns to computer software for the first time since he created Basketball for Atari in 1979. Though he's lost none of his flair for innovation, this program's limitations suggest that Miller is still adjusting to this latest turn in his career. Despite the outstanding artwork, perhaps the best found in any Commodore 64 game, Law of the West lacks the depth of a good adventure. Most experienced computerists will exhaust its play-value within just a few games.

The frills are very impressive, but they don't make Law of the West more challenging. Some of the memory devoted to the undeniably superb audiomore profitably on enlarging the scope of the menu-driven interaction. It's an inspired concept, but this program barely explores the possibilities.

It's a shame to knock a game with as many positive features as Law of the West, but its defects make it impossible to recommend wholehearfedly. Alan Miller took a good shot, but he's SOFTWARE SECTION

hand, the visuals are pretty tame compared to some other racing simulations. The accent here is definitely on headto-head rivalry, not scenery.

A computerist steers the car with the joystick. Pushing the joystick to the left causes the car to execute a similar turn, while moving the handle to the right produces the exact opposite effect. Steering is done from the perspective of a driver riding in the onscreen vehicle, but this becomes second nature after a few laps.

A race car accelerates automatically, but the driver must press the action button to apply the brake. Maneuverability improves markedly when a car really gets rolling; however, noone can negotiate some of the crazy turns on these tracks without using the brake at least occasionally.

On-Track Computer Model Car Racing is no easier to master than other Gamestar titles, which means computerists won't wear it out in a hurry. Newcomers may at first feel like they're steering a bug on a block of ice, but liberal use of the "practice" mode proves that keeping all four wheels on the road consistently is possible.

Is On Track too simple? Yes and no. It is certainly not going to excite those who want a detailed simulation or flashy graphics. Yet it does offer a chance for continuous, head-tohead racing, and that's a rare and noteworthy feature.

Gamestar, Inc., 1302 State St., Santa Barbara, CA 93101 (phone: 805-963-3487). - Steve Davidson

THE FOURTH PROTOCOL **Bantam Software** Commodore 64

Disk; \$34.95

Frederick Forsyth's best seller of the same name inspired this spy thriller for computerists. Thanks to its innovative play-mechanic and twisting, three-episode plotline, the adventure has the same urgency and excitement as the book. Gamers are swiftly drawn into a tale of international intrigue, espionage, and nuclear threat, as they become John Preston, British Intelligence Officer.

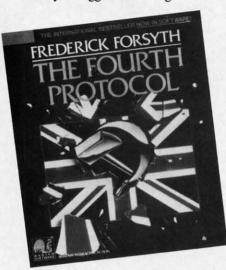
The Nuclear Non-Proliferation

Treaty signed by Britian, the U.S., and the Soviet Union in 1968 forbade these countries' dissemination of nuclear weapons technology to other nations. The Treaty contained four secret protocols. The fourth protocol forbids the signatories from ever smuggling nuclear weapons into another country for covert detonation.

Russian Central Committee intelligence officers have hatched up a scheme to weaken NATO by destabilizing the Western Alliance. To do this, they plan a nuclear disaster in England, to be blamed on the American military presence in the U.K. They figure this will result in England's withdrawal from NATO and, subsequently, perhaps even a Soviet takeover of Western Europe. The computerist, as John Preston, counterintelligence agent, stumbles upon this plot and must track down the saboteurs before they fire the nuclear device.

The game is divided into three separate episodes. In the first, Preston must learn who stole the NATO documents, why, and to whom they leaked the information. Time passes quickly as Preston checks reports, hunts through the files, assigns watchers to suspects, and performs his routine duties.

If Preston digs up the mole in British intelligence, he advances to the second part. In this phase, Preston has to locate the bomb which the Soviets have already smuggled into England. The



A twisting, three-episode plotline. READER SERVICE NO. 150

short, final section features a free-forall battle between Special Air Service troops and KGB agents, as Preston tries to disarm the bomb.

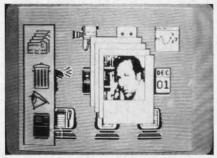
The first two game sections are icon-driven. Instead of typing orders, as in parser-driven adventures, the computerist activates the appropriate picture on the screen with the pointer. Game one, The Nato Documents, puts Preston at the well-equipped desk of his office. Using the keyboard to move the cursor around a ring of icons, the super-agent reads memos and reports, uses the telephone, contacts headquarters, and orders surveillance of suspicious characters.

A somewhat different, more actionoriented set of icons is utilized in part two, The Bomb. They allow Preston to pick up, use, or drop objects, examine items, and listen to informants. The onscreen compass allows Preston to move through the city to gather the facts he needs. Most of the travel around London is via the Underground, and some adventure gamers will feel that the designers of The Fourth Protocol have lavished entirely too much detail on the intricacies of rapid transit. A wise agent will hunt up the address of the places which he needs to visit and get to them by cab whenever possible.

The SAS Assault, the final section, is more of an extended climax than a full-blown episode. It is based on a small parser which lets the gamer enter brief commands in an effort to defuse the bomb and its associated safeguards before the device explodes. This segment is much like traditional illustrated adventures with a full-screen drawing of the room in which the bomb is actually hidden.

The finale is fun, but it's the icondriven sections which make *The Fourth Protocol* a unique game. Putting the options right at Preston's fingertips ends the principle frustration of parser-oriented adventures: expressing what you want to do in words the machine understands. This is a fast-paced adventure, not a head-scratching word-hunt.

The Fourth Protocol is not especially difficult and is mercifully free of the convoluted logic puzzles which



ur

he

le

ev

(c

SC

ju

(I)

OI

in

st

he

01

bi

The Fourth Protocol's fast-paced first two sections are icon-driven.

characterize more primitive adventure programs. The emphasis is on the experience of becoming a secret agent on a life-or-death mission, and few titles use role-playing more effectively. The player must become John Preston, at least for the space of a few enjoyable hours, to thwart the plot and preserve world security. The well-prepared documentation, which thankfully includes an extensive glossary, acclimates the player to the setting and provides a few helpful clues.

The Fourth Protocol is more than an innovative design, it is a thoroughly enjoyable piece of adventure software.

Bantam Electronics, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10103 (phone: 212-765-6500). — Joyce Worley

LODE RUNNER'S RESCUE

Synapse Commodore 64 Disk; \$29.95

It isn't always easy to be a devoted daughter. This is especially true if your dad is that legendary leaping secret agent known as the Lode Runner.

The hero of Doug Smith's award-winning Lode Runner (Broderbund) and Championship Lode Runner (Broderbund) is sitting in a Bungeling Empire jail. His daughter, the equally high-flying Alexandra, must jump, run, and dodge through 46 three-dimensional mazes to reach the cell containing Lode Runner and liberate him. As in the earlier episodes of this series, guards patrol the labyrinths. Their touch costs one of the four precious lives with which Alexandra starts her quest.

Female computer gamers have complained, and rightly, that there's a shortage of heroines in entertainment software. Alexandra is an important step toward closing the gender gap. Apart from a slight fear of heights, which prevents her from jumping more than two levels down under normal conditions, Alexandra is every bit as much a daredevil as her famous father. And she's got at least one trick up her sleeve which even her old man would envy.

The rules folder suggests that the player turn the joystick diagonally (clockwise) so stick directions correspond better to Alexandra's onscreen movements. She can walk on level ground, climb up one step, or jump down two without expiring. (The dauntless daughter can fall greater distances safely if she lands on an elevator, exit, or water square.)

paced

iven.

enture

ne ex-

agent

d few

ctive-

John

a few

plot

The

vhich

glos-

e set-

lues.

an an

y en-

are.

Ave-

one:

rlev

oted

ie if

g se-

ner.

ard-

ind)

mer

eling

ual-

mp,

-di-

cell

rate

this

ths.

pre-

idra

ave

re's

ain-

ım-

Alexandra hops over the adjacent square when the gamer presses the action button while pointing the stick in the appropriate direction. She can leap over any space which is two steps high or less. Taller barriers cause the lady rescuer to bounce back to the square from which she began her leap.

Lode Runner's pit-digging ability caused command control problems in the Commodore editions of the first two titles in the series. It proved hard to implement the hero's ability to dig a trap for the guards either in front or behind with a conventional one-button joystick.

Lode Runner's Rescue won't make Commodore owners feel like secondclass citizens. Designer Joshua Scholar has dropped this feature and, instead, endowed Alexandra with the ability to temporarily change size by eating one of the mushrooms scattered around the playfields.

A snack turns Alexandra into a giantess who can leap across two squares or fall three height levels without danger. A timer made of mushrooms in the upper right hand corner monitors the nine-second "tall" period. When the heroine shrinks to normal size, a tone sounds to alert the gamer.

Lode Runner always scrounged for gold, but his daughter collects the keys which are scattered around each maze. To advance to the next screen, Alexandra must scoop up all the keys

ENTERTAINMENT

SOFTWARE SECTION

and reach the exit square before the bonus clock runs down to zero. Picking up a key adds 50 points to the score and a like amount to the bonus. When the computerist completes a round, the game adds all points remaining on the bonus counter to the total score.

The three-dimensional perspective gives the format pioneered in *Lode Runner* a new lease on life. Few entertainment programs boast a prettier batch of playfields. And in most cases, they're as challenging as they are good-looking.

In the long run, the best thing about Lode Runner's Rescue is the screen editor mode. As in the original Lode Runner, the user can create customized playfields when the regulation ones have been conquered. The process is a little more difficult, since would-be designers must visualize in three dimensions, but no special knowledge of programming is required.

It might be reaching to say that Lode Runner's Rescue surpasses the first Lode Runner, which is still a classic. Yet it is definitely a worthy successor and an entertaining gaming experience in its own right.

Synapse, 17 Paul Drive, San Rafael, CA 94903-2101 (phone: 415-479-1170). —*Arnie Katz*

DECISION IN THE DESERT

MicroProse Commodore 64 Disk; \$39.95

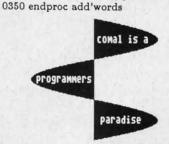
The North African campaign of World War II has fascinated military historians and wargamers alike for more than 40 years. The sweeping movement of small armies over vast stretches of territory, punctuated by intense periods of fighting, makes this theater stand out in a war characterized by a heavy concentration of forces clashing over restricted terrain.

The "accelerated real-time" playroutine is well-suited to the subject. Decision in the Desert does not proceed in alternating turns like most computer wargames. Commanders in this one- or two-player simulation issue a steady stream of orders, which units execute as game time passes. Speed is not essential, since a divi-

Easy Curves

- 1) Insert your COMAL disk in drive*.
 2) Type LOAD "C64 COMAL*",8
 3) Type RUN (starts COMAL)
 4) Type AUTO (turn on auto line#'s)
- 5) Enter the program lines shown below (COMAL indents lines for you)
- 6) Hit RETURN key twice when done7) Type RUN

0010 setup 0020 curve 0030 paint'it 0040 add'words 0060 proc setup 0070 black:=0; yellow:=7 0080 background black 0090 pencolor yellow 0100 setgraphic 0 //hi res screen 0110 hideturtle 0120 endproc setup 0130 // 0140 proc curve 0150 moveto 110,0 0160 drawto 110,199 0170 for row:=0 to 10 step .03 do 0180 drawto 110+99*sin(row),row*20 0190 endfor row 0200 endproc curve 0210 // 0220 proc paint'it 0230 fill 120,20 0240 fill 100,90 0250 fill 120,180 0260 fill 100,198 0270 endproc paint'it 0280 // 0290 proc add'words 0300 pencolor black 0310 background yellow



plottext 120,155,"comal is a"

plottext 120,30,"paradise"

plottext 16,90,"programmers"

0320

0330

0340

Notice how easy graphics are in COMAL. Lines 70-100 set up the screen colors. Lines 150-190 draw on the screen. Lines 230-260 fill (paint) whole parts. Even putting text on the graphic screen is easy. See lines 320-340. All this is standard and built in as part of COMAL. Plus a full turtle graphics system. Now you know why there are 100,000 users.

* If you don't have COMAL yet, order a Programmer's Paradise Package-\$19.95. It includes the complete COMAL system plus over 400 pages of information. Add \$5 more to get our 20 interactive lesson Tutorial Disk. Add \$2 shipping. Visa/MC or US funds check accepted. Send to:

COMAL Users Group USA 6041 Monona Drive, Room 111 Madison, WI 53716 phone 608-222-4432 sion can do only so much during each four-hour period, but the time pressure certainly builds excitement. Pressing the "F" key circumvents this feature by pausing the game. This is necessary if there are two human generals, but solitaire players should probably go easy on the "strategy breaks."

Decision in the Desert contains five basic scenarios. Included are Sidi Barrani (the early British victories against Italy), Operation Crusader (the Axis seige of Tobruk), Gazala (Rommel's victory at Tobruk), First Battle of Alamein (Rommel's campaign after Tobruk), and Alam Halfa (Montgomery's defense of the Nile)

Most of the scenarios have "what if?" variants which allow computerists to study these battles from new perspectives. Operation Crusader, for example, has an option which lets the German general assault Tobruk before the British arrive. Another intriguing variant gives military buffs a chance to see if Rommel could have beaten Field Marshal Montgomery had he received more supplies to back his bold stroke.

Solitaire gamers will appreciate the excellent digital general incorporated into *Decision in the Desert*. It plays a strong game for either side and can be adjusted to give novices and veterans alike a competitive tussle.

Limited intelligence is available as an option in both solitaire and headto-head games. A commander can only see enemy units which are within line-of-sight of his or her own troops. It introduces a realistic degree of suspense and uncertainty and helps give this program the feel of the actual campaign.

Although authors Sid Meier and Ed Bever have included the kind of sound and graphics which greatly enhance the appeal of *Decision in the Desert* to those who don't ordinarily gravitate toward wargaming, this is a very detailed simulation. The basic strength of each unit varies during the course of play, depending on the weather, defensive terrain, the experience of the soldiers in the unit, the formation, and the current effectiveness rating.

Although the documentation is a hefty 56 pages, Decision in the Des-

ert is not hard to learn. Playing well takes practice, but an experienced computerist can skim the first two sections of the instructions and immediately start the conquest of North Africa. The rulebook is packed with examples of play and the kind of historical commentary which breathes life into a screenful of unit symbols.

If anything, Decision in the Desert is even better than the first title in this series, Crusade in Europe. Military simulation fans can only chortle in anticipation of what the Meier-Never team will create next.

MicroProse, 120 Lakefront Dr., Hunt Valley, MD 21030 (phone: 301-667-1151). —Arnie Katz

DAVE WINFIELD'S BATTER UP! Avant-Garde Commodore 64 Disk; \$34.95

Warning: Batter Up! is not a baseball simulation, but rather a high quality tutorial on the subject of hitting a ball with a Louisville slugger. The teacher is, to say the least, highly qualified—New York Yankee superstar Dave Winfield.

Hitting a small round ball thrown at great velocity with the curving surface of a bat is universally acknowledged as the most difficult accomplishment in sports. *Batter Up!* divides this challenging feat into grip, stance, pitch, and swing. Drawings and animations minutely analyze the phase under discussion, and provide the pupil of hitting with many possible options.

To facilitate study of fastballs and changeups, the program shows the delivery from the batter's standpoint. Other pitches, the slider for example, are viewed from both overhead and side perspectives to allow the user to see how the ball breaks and drops at the same time.

The flexibility of this tutorial is impressive. The user picks the type of pitch, the delivery (overhand, submarine, etc.), the stance, and other factors by responding to a series of menu prompts.

An animation, which the user can run at regular speed or frame by frame, provides an overhead view of the swing. Simple illustrations focus on the proper way to grip the bat, while footprints indicate where the batter should plant his feet in the box.

After mastering the basics of the batsman's art, the student can try out newly acquired skills in two hitting simulations. In "Batting Practice," players may bat from either side of the plate, against a pitcher of their choosing. The action is in slow motion to give the user the chance to dissect each swing.

"Slugfest" pits the user against any one of a dozen pitchers, throwing real-time stuff. Options available in this version include updateable statistics and a choice of stadiums. The difference among the various fields seem minor, and the various parks have a negligible impact on the batter-pitcher confrontation.

"Batting Practice" and "Slugfest" depict the batter as seen from the on-deck circle. When the ball is hit, a window appears in the upper left corner of the screen with an overview of the field. The program tracks the path of the ball, and the result is displayed.

The obvious question is whether apprentice Winfields will really stand, bat in hand, in front of their Commodore computers and follow the master's teachings. Those who are willing to try such a radical method of instruction will probably derive some benefit from Batter Up! For safety's sake, however, it might be better for the computerist to use a whiffle bat rather than a major league stick...

Avant-Garde, 37B Commercial Blvd., Novato, CA 94947 (phone: 415-883-8083). — *Bill Kunkel*

NEXT MONTH'S ENTERTAINMENT REVIEWS:

- Kung Fu: The Way of the Exploding Fist
- The Dolphin's Rune
- Richard Petty's Talladega
- Black Thunder
- Temple of Apshai Trilogy
- The Little Computer People Project
- · Alice in Videoland

s focus the bat, we the ebox. of the ry out nitting ctice," ide of their

st any owing ble in statis-The fields parks atter-

t" dedeck ndow of the field. ball,

l, bat dore ster's o try ction from ever, erist ajor

rcial one: okel

TURNKEY 64: AN AUTO-EXEC CARTRIDGE FOR THE C-64

By Don Lewis

ue to its outstanding price/performance ratio the C-64 is finding its way into school and industrial laboratories as a dedicated computer system. As an example, Brachman Associates recently used a C-64 as a controller for an industrial process. The complete system consisted of a 64, a 1541 disk drive, printer, color monitor, and some custom circuitry. Most of the application program was written in BASIC and then compiled. The application called for the computer to begin executing the program immediately upon power up, without the presence on an operator to load the program from disk. A setup such as this is called a turnkey system.

The advantages of a turnkey system is that little or no operator intervention is required to get the program running. This means that anyone, with almost no instruction, can use the computer to control the process. With proper design, an inexpensive timer can be used to power up the system and automatically begin running the application program without any human intervention!

Many computer systems have a turnkey feature built into the operating system. Typically, a specific file name is reserved by the operating system for this purpose. When the computer is powered up, the operating system checks for the presence of this reserved file on the disk. If it is found, the file is loaded and executed. On the Apple, the reserved file is the HELLO file. On the IBM it is the AUTOEXEC.BAT file. Unfortunately, the C-64 does not have a turnkey feature similar to the Apple or IBM. However, such a feature can be easily added by placing the turnkey code in a ROM cartridge.

This article presents the code necessary to implement an AUTO-EXEC cartridge for the 64. Once the cartridge is installed on the 64, on power up or reset, the computer will load and begin executing the first file on the disk. Bulletin board systems, home security systems, and C-64-based science projects could all benefit from the addition of an AUTO-EXEC cartridge.

I originally developed this technique in 1983 for R.J. Brachman Associates, Inc., and I wish to thank them for permission to share it with *Ahoy!*'s readers.



Turnkey 64 uses readily available ROM cartridge with control flip-flop added.

SOME CARTRIDGE FUNDAMENTALS

Information on the C-64 memory configurations can be found on pages 260-267 of the *Programmer's Refer*ence Guide. A discussion of ROMs and a review of EPROM programmers for the C-64 can be found in the July 1985 Ahoy! The C-64 supports 8 different memory configurations, of which 4 are for cartridge ROM. The status of the EXROM and GAME lines (pins 8 and 9) of the expansion port determines the particular memory configuration the C-64 assumes on power up. When EX-ROM is tied low (to ground) the C-64 deselects the RAM at \$8000-\$9FFF

and replaces it with the external ROM. This configuration was chosen for the AUTO-EXEC cartridge.

On power up or reset, the C-64 executes several housekeeping routines built into the Kernal ROM. One of these routines checks for the presence of a unique sequence of bytes at location \$8000-\$8008. If this unique sequence is present, the C-64 stops its normal reset routines and program control is transferred to the cartridge. Commodore calls this the "auto-start" feature.

Recognition Code						
ati	on		De	finitio	n	
00,	\$8001		High Vecto		of	Cold
02,	\$8003		High	The second	of	War

Table of Autostart

\$8004-\$8006 Start Vector
The ASCII sequence
'CBM', with bit 7=1

\$8007-\$8008 The ASCII sequence '80'

THE AUTO-EXEC CARTRIDGE

Loc

\$80

\$80

The AUTO-EXEC cartridge was designed to load and execute the first file on the disk. The necessary code is reproduced here, and provided in a Flankspeed listing on page 98. The comments explain how the code works. I built in several safeguards and a backdoor. If, while powering up the C-64, the CBM logo key is held down, the AUTO-EXEC is aborted and control returns to the normal C-64 reset procedures. Any disk errors, such as device not present or an error reading the file, also aborts the AUTO-EXEC. A more sophisticated AUTO-EXEC cartridge might write an error message to the screen and sound an alarm. The border, background, and character colors can all be changed according to individual taste.

The AUTO-EXEC cartridge assumes that the program it loads is a BASIC program or a machine language program started with a BASIC SYS call. The standard load address for such a file is at \$0801.

This code can be burned into a 2732 EPROM with an EPROM burn-

er such as the Promenade. A schematic and instructions for building a burner yourself can be found in Easy Interfacing Projects for the C-64 by Jim Downey, Don Rindsberg, and William Isherwood (Prentice-Hall). Figure 1 shows the necessary connections for interfacing a 2732 EPROM to the expansion bus. In order to map the cartridge ROM into the C-64 memory space, EXROM (pin 9 on the expansion connector) must be tied low (ground). A disadvantage of tying EXROM permanently low is that we give up 8K of RAM space which would otherwise be available to BASIC. With the addition of some extra circuitry the 8K of RAM can be recovered. With a little additional electronic wizardry we can effectively add 8K of ROM memory to the C-64.

Figures 2 and 3 show the method. By adding a 74LS74 D-type flip-flop as a one bit memory cell we can under software control enable the circuit in Figure 2 first. The operating rule for a D-type flip-flop is that the logic level at D is transferred to Q, whenever there is a high (+5 volts) to low (0 volts) transition on the CLK input. The PRE and CLR inputs

A7 R	A7	Vcc	3 +5V
A6 S	- A6	A8	P A8
A5 T	A5	A9	N A9
A4 U	A4	A11	L A11
A3 [V]	- A3	ŌĒ -	I GND
A2 W	- A2	A18	M A18
A1 X	- A1	CE -	
AB Y	- A0	07	14 D7
DØ 21	- 08	06	15 D6
D1 28	01	05	16 D5
D2 19	02	04	17 D4
GND 22>	GND	03 —	18 D3

FIGURE 1:

2732 EPROM pin out. Pin designations for the C-64 expansion connector are in blocks. In addition, EXROM (pin 9) must either be tied low (ground), or wired as shown in Figure 2 or 3. See page 396, Programmer's Reference Guide.

override any previous condition. If a low is applied to CLR, the output of Q is immediately set low. A low on PRE sets Q high. When the C-64 RESET line is brought low during power up, Q is set low. This forces EXROM low and maps the external ROM into the C-64 memory space.

The I/01 line (pin 7) is a signal generated by the C-64 which is brought low whenever an address in the range \$DE00-\$DEFF is placed on the address bus. Commodore uses this line for their CP/M cartridge. In the AUTO-EXEC cartridge, it is used

=\$AE ; LOAD END ADDRESS

to switch the cartridge on and off. An instruction such as STA \$DE00 (POKE 56832) will cause I/01 to go low. When I/01 is brought low, the high signal at D is transferred to Q and the ROM is disabled. In this circuit, once the ROM is disabled it cannot be reenabled.

The circuit in Figure 3 shows a more flexible arragement to wire the D flip-flop as a switch for the ROM. Instead of tying D permanently high (+5 volts), we connect D to the inverse of Q (Q-read "not Q"). The first STA \$DE00 would turn the cartridge

SOURCE CODE LISTING

:AUTO-EXEC CARTRIDGE
;V1005/85 (RV 0606/85, 0831/83)
; CHANGE TO IO1 FOR ROM DISABLE
;COPYRIGHT 1983 BY
;R. J. BRACHMAN ASSOCIATES INC.
;P.O. BOX 1077, HAVERTOWN, PA. 19083
;PUT "0:AUTO-EXEC.A1005"
-64 UPPNAT POUMTNES
:64 KERNAL ROUTINES IOINIT =\$FF84 :INIT IO
DAMTAC _CEEO7 .TECT DAM
RAMTAS =\$FF87 ;TEST RAM RESTOR =\$FF8A ;SET I/O VECTORS
CINIT =\$FF81; INIT SCREEN EDITOR
SETLFS =\$FFBA ;SET LOGICAL FILE
SETNAM =\$FFBD :SET FILE NAME
LOAD =\$FFD5 :LOAD RAM
CLALL =\$FFE7 :CLOSE ALL FILES
SETMSG =\$FF90 :SET KERNAL MESSAGE
OUTCHR =\$E719 ;OUTPUT CHAR TO SCREEN
LISTEN =\$FFB1 ; COMMAND DISK TO LISTEN
SECOND =\$FF93 ;SEND SA TO DISK
CIOUT = \$FFA8 ; CHAR TO DISK UNLSN = \$FFAE ; COMMAND DISK TO UNLISTEN
UNLSN =\$FFAE ; COMMAND DISK TO UNLISTEN
- PACTO POUNTNES
;BASIC ROUTINES
BASICI =\$E3BF ;INIT BASIC BASVEC =\$E453 ;SET BASIC VECTORS CLEAR =\$A659 ;BASIC CLR COMMAND CHAIN =\$A533 ;LINK BASIC LINES
CIFAP _\$4650 .PASTC CIP COMMAND
CHAIN -\$4533 -I INV RASIC I INPS
DECTXT =\$A533 ; BACKUP TEXT POINTER
RUN =\$A7AE :GO TO IT!
; VARIABLES
TXTTAB =\$2B ;START OF BASIC
VARTAB =\$2D ;START OF VARIABLES

```
STATUS =$90 ;I/O STATUS
MEMSZ1 =$37 ;HIGHEST ADDRESS FOR BASIC
MEMSZ2 =$0283 ; TOP OF MEMORY FOR O.S. COLOR =$0286 ; CURRENT CHAR COLOR
TBUFFR =$033C ; TAPE BUFFER
ISTOP =$0328 ;STOP ROUTINE VECTOR
VICCTR =$D016 ; VIC CONTROL REGISTER
BORDER =$D()2() ; BORDER COLOR
KBPROB = $DCOO ; PROBE THE KEYBOARD
KBSENS = $DCO1 ; SENSE THE KEYBOARD
       =$DEOO : EXTERNAL I/O SELECT
;CIA #1 TIMER REGISTERS
CIATA =$DDO4 ;TIMER A
CIAICR = $DDOD ; IRQ CONTROL REGISTER
CIACRA = $DDOE ; CONTROL REGISTER A
 *=$8000
        .WORD COLD
;SET NMI(RESTORE KEY)
; FOR REGULAR ENTRY POINT
        .WORD $FE5E
THE AUTO-START SEQUENCE
        .BYTE $C3,$C2,$CD, '80' ;CBM80
; X=O ON ENTRY
        STX VICCTR
        JSR IOINIT
        JSR RAMTAS
        JSR RESTOR
        JSR CINIT
```

;SET B	ORDER, BACKGROUND & TEXT COLOR LDA #12 STA BORDER LDA #0 STA BORDER+1 LDA #14 STA COLOR
;CHECK	KEYBOARD FOR CBM KEY LDA #\$7F STA KBPROB LDA KBSENS CMP #\$DF BNE COLD1 ; NOT CBM
BASIC	EY, ABORT AUTO-EXEC LDX #32 LDA CODE1,X STA TBUFFR,X DEX BPL BASIC1 JMP TBUFFR
COLD1	JSR BASVEC JSR BASICI
	DEVICES ON BUS TIME TO H POWER UP SEQUENCE LDX #32
;SET UI	P TIMER 1, CIA 1 LDA #\$FF STA CIATA STA CIATA+1 LDA #\$19 ;FORCE LOAD STA CIACRA

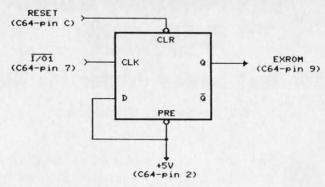
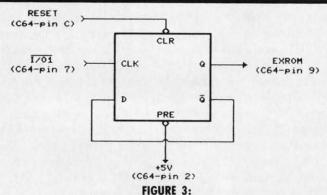


FIGURE 2:

A 74LS74 D-type flip-flop can be used to turn off the cartridge ROM, thereby recovering 8K of RAM which would be hidden behind it.



When D and Q are wired together, the flip-flop is configured as a toggle.

This allows the cartridge ROM to be alternated with underlying RAM in the C-64 address space under program control.

off, a second store would turn it back on a third store would turn it off again, and so on. By doing this, we have effectively added 8K of ROM memory to the C-64. A library of machine language subroutines, perhaps for high speed graphics, drivers for analog to digital convertors, or high speed disk access, could be placed in the external ROM. A BASIC application program could access these routines by first turning the ROM on with a PEEK(56832), calling the desired routine with a SYS command, then turnign off the ROM with another PEEK(56832).

If you are not up to building your own EPROM cartridge board then use one of the reasonably priced prepared boards available from the EPROM programmer manufactures. The photograph on page 53 shows such a board with a cheap and dirty way of installing the 74LS74 flip-flop. You may want to use a socket instead of soldering directly to the chip.

Additional information on digital electronics and microcomputer systems can be found in *Engineer's Notebook II* by Forest M. Mims III (Radio Shack), *Digital Systems* by Ronald J.

FOR TURNKEY 64

r are

vired

ide.

. An

E00

o go

the

to Q

cir-

d it

vs a

M.

nigh

in-

first

dge

OLOR

LDA CIAICR ; CLEAR PENDING IRQS ;WAIT FOR TIMER TO COUNT DOWN TIMOUT LDA CIAICR AND #\$01 BEQ TIMOUT DEX BNE TIME
;TEST IF DEVICE PRESENT
LDA #0
STA STATUS
LDA #8
JSR LISTEN
LDA #\$6F
JSR SECOND
LDA STATUS
BEQ COLD2
;NO DEVICE ON BUS, JUST EXIT
ERROR LDA #0
STA STATUS
JMP BASIC
COLD2 JSR UNLSN
;LOAD IN FILE, ASSUMES A BASIC PROGRAM
; OR ML PROGRAM STARTED WITH A SYS CALL.
LDA #\$EA ;FIRST DISABLE STOP
STA ISTOP
LDA #8 ;FILE #8
TAX ; DEVICE #8
LDY #0 ; LOAD, NOT VERIFY
JSR SETLFS
LDA #4 ;FILE NAME LENGTH
LDX # <name ;="" file="" name<="" pointer="" td="" to=""></name>
LDY #>NAME

```
JSR SETNAM
        LDA #0 ; RELOCATED LOAD
LDX TXTTAB ; AT $0801
        LDY TXTTAB+1
         JSR LOAD
                     ; AND LOAD THE RAM
        BCS ERROR
 ; CARRY CLEAR, NO ERROR
        JSR CLALL
 ;SET END OF PROGRAM POINTERS
         LDY EAL+1
         STA VARTAB
        STY VARTAB+1
;CLEAR BASIC VARIABLE SPACE
; AND RELINK BASIC LINES
        JSR CLEAR
        JSR CHAIN
        LDA #0 ; TURN OFF MESSAGES
JSR SETMSG
        JSR DECTXT ; ADJUST TEXT POINTERS
; MOVE AND EXECUTE CODE
        LDX #32
EXEC
        LDA CODE2, X
        STA TBUFFR, X
        DEX
        BPL EXEC
        JMP TBUFFR
; FILE NAME, IN THIS CASE LOAD IN
FIRST FILE ON DISK
        .BYTE '0: ?*'
:ERROR HANDLER, CODE MOVED TO :TAPE BUFFER & EXECUTED THERE
```

CODE1	STA IO1 ; CARTRIDGE OFF LDA #00 ; TEST IF ROM OFF
	STA \$8004
	BIT \$8004
	BMI CODEIA : NOT RAM
TC DA	M. SO RESET
	OF MEMORY TO \$AGOG
,101 0	LDY #\$AO
	STA MEMSZ1
	STA MEMSZ2
	STY MEMSZ1+1
	STY MEMSZ2+1
CODE 1 A	LDA #\$ED
	STA ISTOP ; ENABLE STOP
	JMP (\$A000) :AND
	;GOTO BASIC(READY.)
; EXECU	TE PROGRAM, CODE MOVED TO
;TAPE	BUFFER & EXECUTED THERE
CODE2	STA IO1 ; CARTRIDGE OFF LDA #00 ; TEST IF ROM OFF
	LDA #00 ; TEST IF ROM OFF
	STA \$8004
	BIT \$8004
	BMI CODE2A ; NOT RAM
	M, SO RESET
;TOP O	F MEMORY TO \$A000
	LDY #\$AO
	STA MEMSZ1
	STA MEMSZ2
	STY MEMSZ1+1
	STY MEMSZ2+1
CODE2A	LDA #\$ED
	STA ISTOP ; ENABLE STOP
	JMP RUN ; AND RUN PROGRAM
	.END

Tocci (Prentice-Hall), and *Digital Integrated Circuits* by Joseph Kasper (Prentice-Hall). The last book is highly recommended for beginners.

Special thanks to Bruce I. Brachman and to the management of R.J. Brachman Associates, Inc. The illustrations were created with *Flexidraw* from Inkwell systems. □

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 115

Instructions for Testing the AUTO-EXEC Cartridge

- 1. The prototype works best if your C-64 and disk drive are powered off the same switch on a power strip. Otherwise you will need to turn the drive on first, then power up the C-64.
- 2. Insert the cartridge in the expansion port, and insert a disk with a suitable boot file in the drive. Close the drive door.
- 3. Power up the C-64. The screen will be black with a gray border. After a slight delay, the C-64 will begin to load the first file off the disk and then begin executing that file.
- 4. Test the backdoor and safeguard features by powering up the C-64 with the drive turned off. The C-64 will power up with the normal startup message. The same thing will happen if the drive is on but no disk is present. Test the backdoor by powering up while holding the CBM logo key down.
- 5. Test the ROM disable feature as follows: once the boot program has finished its job, and the READY message appears, type in direct mode POKE 32768.0:PRINT PEEK (32768). A 0 will be printed, showing that RAM is present at \$8000 (32768). Now type a PRINT PEEK (56832). This will bank the ROM back into the C-64 memory space. Try to POKE to 32768. You will not be able to change the value there since it is ROM. Type PRINT PEEK (56832) a second time. This will bank the ROM out and the RAM back in. Try a POKE to 32768 now. You will now be able to change the value.

CHARACTER

Instant Text Screen Printer for the 64

By James C. Sanders

any versions of screen dump programs have been devised since the home computer was introduced, with a variety of shortcomings. A screen dump program written in BASIC must be added to another program in order to load properly and work with that program. Many dump programs will only work with one printer. A dump program in machine language, however, will be free of any interference with the BASIC program you may be working with.

The first version of *Character Dump* was written with only 97 bytes of memory. It proved very valuable, but had to be activated with a system command from either the program or by direct mode.

It became apparent that a screen dump activated by a function key would be much more useful. The program was rewritten to use the f7 key to activate the procedure. The program is now 149 bytes of machine language memory. It has been located at a high memory address of 52992 (\$CF00) to prevent interference with other ML programs located at the 49152 (C000) location.

This version of the program is pre-

sented with a BASIC loader. This loader, when run, will load to the memory address 52992 and then erase the loader from memory. It will print the checksum value of all the data statements and instructions to the screen befoire doing so.

You may save the instructions to your printer by typing SYS 52992 < RETURN > and pressing the f7 key. A different function key may be selected by following the POKE instructions on the screen. It will revert to key f7 when you run the program the next time. The program may also be activated from within a BASIC program by SYS 53034. Direct mode entry of the SYS 53034 command will also activate the program.

The program will work a wide variety of printers, including all Commodore, Silver Reed, Olivetti, Sanyo, and Panasonic printers. Remember, it is not a graphics or high resolution screen dump, but one for note-taking as you program. Some game cartridges and fast load programs will interfere with the proper execution of the program. Remove them prior to loading *Character Dump.*

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 118

on Ahoy!'s Bulletin Board System! at 718-383-8909

If your computer is equipped with a modem, you can call Ahoy!'s Bulletin Board System any hour of the day, any day of the week to exchange electronic mail with other Commodore users or download files like the following:

- Editorial calendar for upcoming issues
- Excerpts from future editions of Scuttlebutt
- Corrections to programs and articles
- Detailed descriptions of back issues
- Program disk and subscription information
- Classified advertising

Set your modem for 300 baud, full duplex, no parity, 1 stop bit, 8-bit word length, and dial away!

SEALENZ

S'MORE Cardco, Inc. Commodore 64 Cartridge; \$69.95

This

o the

then

t will

ll the

to the

ns to

2992

e f7

y be

in-

l re-

pro-

ram

un a

Di-

034

the

va-

om-

an-

em-

SO-

for

me

ro-

per

ove

ter

S'MORE is Cardco's third offering in their catchy name product line. The first two were the G-Wiz and its prototype Oui-G printer interfaces. We can't give them all the credit for dreaming up this one, as a survey of your grocer's shelves will readily show. Nevertheless, Cardco gets full credit for the Super Memory Optimized RAM/ROM Expansion they devised for their chosen acronym. In any event the name is entirely apropos, as a S'MORE cartridge in a C-64 will definitely provide more of all those things that BASIC programmers are looking for.

Some of what's more is immediately apparent from the moment you power up. The dark gray on white opening screen shows 61,183 bytes free, more than 11/2 times what is normally available to C-64 BASIC 2.0. As if to emphasize the point, BASIC's "READY" prompt has also been replaced by "ok". Perhaps the S'MORE operating code was originally written in FORTH. The extra RAM is not built into the SMORE cartridge. It is part of the original 64 kilobytes of RAM which comes with the computer. S'MORE makes this memory available to the BASIC programmer by adding memory handling hardware and firmware similar to that which is built into the Commodore Plus/4 computer.

The S'MORE cartridge does contain 24 kilobytes of ROM, which supplements the 16 kilobytes already in the C-64. This additional code does a lot more than manipulate the C-64 RAM. S'MORE adds some 47 muchneeded commands to BASIC 2.0. In addition, many of BASIC's existing commands are enhanced in subtle and convenient ways.

Many of the added commands are in the Programmer's Aid and Operating System Support categories. Heading the list are the AUTO and NUMBER commands which take the tedium out of numbering and renumbering BASIC program statements. The number command will also flag unresolved line numbers in GOTOs and GOSUBs by assigning them to line number 63999. A rare treat for Commodore programmers are the FIND and CHANGE commands which locate and substitute text strings anywhere in your program. A useful application is to FIND the aforementioned 63999s.

With SMORE the ability to create and maintain BASIC subroutine libraries is more than possible. In fact it becomes downright convenient to organize your program files and utilities. The DELETE command, which provides for the elimination of





Cardco's S'MORE gives you s'more ROMs—three 8-kilobyte ROMs. READER SERVICE NO. 155

program lines en masse, supports easy creation of program modules. The MERGE command will recombine these modules with any other program in memory. This is a true merge where the added lines are properly placed into the existing program's line number sequence. Incoming lines will also replace existing lines with the same numbers, so watch out. Liberal use of the NUMBER command will of course help keep things straight.

When MERGEing programs be sure to bring in the longest ones first. The MERGE operation is time consuming. Combining a long program with a short one in memory can take several minutes—after the disk drive has stopped working.

Life with the 1541 disk drive is greatly improved by S'MORE. A PRINT DS\$ will read and display the disk error channel. The CATALOG command displays the directory without affecting the program in memory. LOAD may be typed right over a directory display as the default device is now the disk drive instead of the cassette. The trailing PRG in the display is effectively ignored as well. Programs may be LOADed and RUN in one fell swoop by the RUN"prg name" command, and the Commodore/RUN STOP keys now LOAD and RUN the first program on the disk. The new DISK command facilitates sending any of Commodore's DOS commands to the disk drive. In all, the added disk support is nearly as convenient as the DOS wedge.

The function keys are easily programmed with *SMORE*. The KEY command will assign any string (up to a combined total of 128 bytes) to the function keys. Some useful commands are placed in the function keys by *SMORE* on power up. For example, f3 will read the disk drive error channel while f7 displays the directory.

S'MORE includes several facilities for program debugging. A running program may be STOPped at any

PlayNET\$2.75* an HOUR!

PlayNET takes you and your whole family far beyond play. At \$2.75 per hour it's the lowest cost way for everyone to enjoy full color telecommunications.

With your Commodore 64/128/ SX and your modem you can meet the experts, participate in on-line talk shows, and meet thousands of people with your interests.



There are many features of PlayNET, here are only a few!



You can post announcements, join in the excitement of many Special Interest Groups, get all the latest information on the C-128 and Amiga. Communicate with people from all over the country!

The Software Delivery Service has a Trading Post for selling self-written software and a Public Domain Library where thousands of programs are available on-line.



PlayNET also provides 14 full-color games you play with other people! You can even talk with your opponent.



Games include: Backgammon, Boxes, Bridge, Capture the Flag, Checkers, Chess, Chinese Checkers, 4 in a Row, Go, Gomoku, Hangman, Quad 64TM, Reversi, Sea StrikeTM.

*As a member you'll receive a membership kit for \$19.95 and then pay only \$2.75 per on-line hour and \$8/month account maintenance fee.

PlayNET operates weekdays from 6 PM locally until 7 AM Eastern time, 24 hrs. Sat/Sun/Most Holidays



CALL 1-800-PLAYNET TO BECOME A MEMBER.

time, its non-array variables DUMPed, and CONTinued from where it was interrupted. The TRACE command can be used to keep track of the program lines as they execute. The TRAP and RESUME commands will even intercept BASIC programming errors without aborting the program. The ER, EL, and ERR\$ variables let you identify the specific errors and their line numbers as they are TRAPed. If you should encounter a syntax error, the HELP command will show you the line where it's located.

The commands for inputting and outputting data are enhanced by *S'MORE*. The AT command locates the cursor on the display screen. The USING as in PRINT USING and the associated PUDEF commands conveniently format printed output. Control of user input is improved with the INLINE (accepts punctuation and quotes), INFORM (defines the input field), and GETKEY (waits for a keypress) commands.

S'MORE comes with a detailed 150-page manual which is up to Cardco's usual high standards. Each command is thoroughly documented, complete with illustrative examples.

A SMORE system memory map is included to let you adjust machine language subroutines for the S'MORE environment. The Commodore Kernal vectors remain unchanged, as well as many key locations in low RAM. However, most other machinedependent locations have been significantly modified. For one thing, the C-64's "protected" RAM in the \$C000 block is now part of S'MORE BASIC's workspace. Also, all of the I/O block is no longer directly accessible by PEEKing and POKEing. Instead, S'MORE BASIC provides a complete set of reserved variables for this purpose. Even the screen memory is no longer in the same place.

The manual does mention that the S'MORE memory banking is similar to what is used by the Commodore Plus/4. It even refers you to the Commodore documentation for a description. Unfortunately, the Plus/4 technical notes are not readily available to the general public. We would have liked to see

REVIEWS

s'more details on the S'MORE memory banking in its manual.

MP-

re it

com-

k of

cute.

om-

SIC

ting

and

the

bluc

ELP

line

and

by

The

the

on-

on-

the

ind

out

a

ed

ch

A SMORE demo disk with numerous illustrative programs is included in the package. Since the disk is not part of the advertising, Cardco does not feel the need to cover it under warranty. They will replace it for \$3 if it fails to work.

Although *SMORE* is fully upward compatible with BASIC 2.0, any programs using PEEKs and POKEs will probably require modification. From the standpoint of using existing programs, it will be best to treat a C-64 with *SMORE* as a new Commodore computer.

As with other cartridge firmware for the C-64, S'MORE automatically asserts itself on power up. S'MORE may be incompatible with some early versions of the C-64. If your display fills with commercial at (@) symbols you will know what we mean. S'MORE will also work the C-128 in C-64 mode if the Commodore logo key is held down when powering up or when the reset button is pressed. Turning on the C-128 with S'MORE in place and without following the above sequence prevents the computer from initializing. The GO64 command will not work at all if S'MORE is in the expansion port.

You should also be able to use S'MORE's MERGE facility with C-128 programs. However, programs will not LIST properly, as the C-128's BASIC 7.0 tokens are not compatible with S'MORE BASIC.

After all the good things we found in *SMORE*, we had to really dig deep to come up with some shortcomings. The complex memory management performed by *SMORE* does eat up some processor time. Some BASIC operations, such as DIMensioning and filling large arrays or performing many repetitive calculations, will run a bit slower than on the C-64. The penalties are not severe and may be more than offset by *SMORE*'s improved garbage collection routines. The latter are nearly 30 times faster than in BASIC 2.0.

If you are really after speed, Cardco is planning to offer a *S'MORE* compiler in the near future. The com-

A PlayNET membership kit is yours free with a one-year subscription

to Ahoy!

For \$19.95 you'll receive 12 issues of Ahoy!, PlayNET membership kit (\$19.95 value), and the following services available only through PlayNET:

- The Ahoy! Port of Call, a weekly teleconference with Ahoy!'s writers and editors
- Downloading of Ahoy! programs at a nominal fee





- Discount prices on Ahoy! disks and back issues
- Multiuser access to Ahoy! Bulletin Board

Don't have a modem? PlayNET will give you one free! Take advantage of our \$19.95 Ahoy!/PlayNET offer, and agree to subscribe to PlayNET for three months, and you'll receive a free auto dial/auto answer modem right now! The fa-

mous make, touch tone or rotary capable modem carries a 90 day warranty.

☐ Send me 12 issues of Ahoy! Enclosed is my check or money orde	r, payable to lon Interna-
tional Inc., for \$19.95 (\$26.95 Canada and elsewhere). Also,	sign me up to PlayNET*
for one month, and send me the membership kit (\$19.95 valu	e) free of charge.

☐ In addition, I agree to subscribe to PlayNET* for three months. Send me my free auto dial/ auto answer modem now.

*As a PlayNET member I will be billed on my credit card \$2.75 per on-line hour and \$8.00 per month account maintenance fee. I can cancel my membership at any time by writing to PlayNET, but if I receive a modem and cancel before 90 days I will be billed \$44.00.

NAME	
ADDRESS	
CITYSTATE_	ZIP
TELEPHONE	
Circle One: MC/VISA Card #	
Expiration Date	
Signature	Date
SEND TO: About 45 West 24th S	Now York NIV 10001



- 10 issues of TPUG magazine
- · Advice from experts like Jim Butterfield and Elizabeth Deal
- Access to a huge library of outstanding public domain software
- An invitation to attend the Annual TPUG conference, May 25 and 26 in Toronto, Canada, with two full days of seminars on all aspects of Commodore computing.

JOIN NOW!

I would like to join TPUG as an associate member at a cost of US\$25.00. Send your cheque, money order or credit card number to:

TPUG Inc. 101 Duncan Mill Road, Suite G7 Don Mills, Ontario, Canada M3B 1Z3

Address			
☐ Cheque	☐ Money Order	□Credit Card	Amount in U.S. funds \$
Credit Card #		Expiry date	Signature
Type of Computer	Disk Dri	ve Printer	Modem Other

REVIEWS

piler will require a SMORE cartridge.

The following table summarizes the results of our benchmark tests:

S'MORE BENCHMARK TESTS

	CALC	DIM	GARBAGE
S'MORE	8238	3527	45
C-64	6158	2586	1296
C-128	7941	3442	12
C-128 (FAST)	3758	1627	6

Note: all times are in jiffies (1/60 second).

Since S'MORE was so convenient to have around, we didn't want to unplug it from the computer. However, this was often necessary when running commercial software or existing utilities. The S'MORE modifications to the C-64 memory map are not compatible with most existing programs. A useful addition to the S'MORE cartridge would be a simple way to enable and disable it without having to unplug it. A cartridge expander board, with its own control switches, may not be the solution, due to the space limitations of many installations.

We have presented here just some of the features of S'MORE. In fact the more we use S'MORE the more we find out about it and the more we like it. If you are still looking for a BASIC support utility for your C-64 then S'MORE certainly merits serious consideration.

Cardco, Inc., 300 S. Topeka, Wichita, KS 67202 (phone: 316--Morton Kevelson 267-3807).

file#

loop

NLQ KIT FOR GEMINI 10X **ESP** Corporation Price: \$57.50

Psstt!

Say, how about a new Gemini 10X printer for \$57.50? It's got a typeface that's so near letter quality, you have to see it to appreciate it.

Naw, it's not hot merchandise! Look at this-the 'y' doesn't look like a 'v' with one side stuck below the line. This printer makes the 'y' look like a 'u' with a curved tail. Look at the 'p' on this \$57.50 printer-it's got serifs on it. The letters are round, not square. Easier to read.

Where can you get a printer like this? If you have a Gemini 10X, you already own one. But for \$57.50, a module about half the size of a cassette tape is available that will upgrade the typeface. The Germanmade module has been used in the European Gemini models for about a year. Only recently did it become available in the United States.

Just about anyone can install it. The printer comes apart by removing two screws in the rear of the top deck. The module replaces the two integrated circuits sitting side-by-side in the center of a circuit board located directly behind the carriage. It's just a matter of prying them out of their sockets (a small jeweler's screwdriver comes in handy to get them worked loose).

Once out, the near-letter-quality module plugs in the sockets. In 20 minutes, the chore is done.

The NLQ module works its magic by the way it manipulates the dot-matrix pins and moves the printhead. The letters are formed during two swipes across the paper. On the first left-to-right pass, nearly all of each letter is printed, except for a tiny bit on the bottom. The 'y', for instance, has no descender. On the next leftto-right pass, the strip on the bottom is filled in tightly, so it is impossible to detect the printhead's two-step method in the finished product.

Besides having to do the installation yourself, there are some other tradeoffs for getting print quality as good as Star Micronics' newer SG-10 for a fraction of the price.

TABLE OF S'MORE BASIC KEYWORDS

Group	1	-	Programmer's Aid	
-------	---	---	------------------	--

Group 1 -	- Programmers Ald		Works with AT
HELP	- Identifies syntax error	INLINE#	- Same as INLINE for file#
	- Same as REM	INFORM	- Formatted INPUT
AUTO	- Automatic line numbering	GETKEY	- Waits for keypress
*LIST	- Does not terminate program	Group 4 -	- Structured Programming
DELETE	- Deletes program lines	DOLLOOP	- Start and end of do loor
FIND	- Locates text in program		- Use in do loop
CHANGE	- Replaces found characters	UNTIL	- Ditto
NUMBER	 Renumbers program lines 	EXIT	- Leave do loop now
DUMP	 Lists non-array variables 		
TRACE	 Tracks program execution 	ELSE	- As in IFTHENELSE
OLD	- UnNEW		SANCTO MANAGEMENT NO TO
DEC	- Hexadecimal to decimal	Group 5 -	- PEEK and POKE Eliminate

minators

THE PERSON NAMED IN	
CIA(x)	- The CIA chips
COL(x)	 Color memory
SID(x)	- The SID chip
VIC(x)	- The VIC chip
VID(x)	- Screen memory

Note: The parameter in each of these reserved variables corresponds to a register or memory address.

*MID\$=\$ - Permits substitution of string *RESTORE - Resets pointer to specified line

- Finds substring within string

Group 2 - Disk Support

HEX\$

KEY

TRAP

ER. EL

RESUME

CATALOG	_	Displays disk directory
*LOAD	-	Defaults to device 8
*RUN	_	Loads and RUNs program
MERGE		Merges BASIC program
DISK	_	Sends DOS command
DS, DS\$	-	Reads DOS error channel
DOPEN#	_	OPENs relative file
RECORD#	_	Accesses relative file record
Crown 2		lans Interfere

Decimal to hexadecimal

- Where to go on syntax error

Assigns function keys

- Error number and line

- Where to go after error

- Error message

Group 3	- User Interface
AT	- Locates cursor as in PRINT
USING	 Prints with format as in PRIN USING
PUDEF	- Defines format for USING
*INPUT	- Works with AT
INLINE	INPUT accepts quote, colon and comma
	Accepts only string variables

Group 6 - Odds and Ends

CLS	- Clears screen
UPPER	- Sets upper case/graphics
LOWER	- Sets upper/lower case
REPEAT	- Controls key stutter
NORM	 Clears screen and resets colors to default conditions
*STOP	- Enables or disables the STOP key
RESET	 System reset
MONITOR	 Go to machine language monitor
BORDER	- Sets border color
PAPER	- Sets screen color
INK	- Sets character color

*enhanced version of existing command

Electronic Phone Book

Insert your COMAL disk in drive*.
 Type LOAD "C64 COMAL*",8
 Type RUN (starts COMAL)
 Type AUTO (turn on auto line#'s)
 Enter the program lines shown below (COMAL indents lines for you)
 Hit RETURN key twice when done
 Type RUN
 e=enter f=find l=list
 <u>f</u>
 What name? <u>COMAL</u>
 COMAL Users Group 608-222-4432

0010 dim name\$ of 20, phone\$ of 12 0020 dim disk\$ of 2 0030 black:=0; white:=1; yellow:=7 0040 background black 0050 repeat 0060 pencolor white print "e=enter f=find l=list" 0070 0080 case key\$ of when "e","E" 0090 0100 enter'name 0110 when "f", "F" input "What name?": name\$ 0120 0130 find'name(name\$) when "l"."L" 0140 0150 find'name("") 0160 otherwise 0170 print chr\$(147) //clearscreen 0180 endcase 0190 until true=false //forever 0200 // 0210 proc enter'name input "Enter name: ": name\$ 0220 0230 input "Enter phone: ": phone\$ if name\$>"" then add'to'file 0240 0250 endproc enter'name 0260 // 0270 proc add'to'file 0280 open file 2,"phone.dat",append 0290 disk\$:=status\$ 0300 if disk\$<>"00" then 0310 close // data file not found 0320 open file 2,"phone.dat", write 0330 0340 write file 2: name\$,phone\$ 0350 close 0360 endproc add'to'file 0370 // 0380 proc find'name(search\$) 0390 zone 21 // set auto tab to 21 0400 pencolor yellow 0410 open file 2,"phone.dat",read 0420 while not eof(2) do 0430 read file 2: name\$,phone\$ 0440 if search\$ in name\$ then 0450 print name\$,phone\$ 0460 endif 0470 endwhile close 0480 0490 print "Hit < return > when ready" while key\$<>chr\$(13) do null 0510 endproc find'name

* If you don't have COMAL yet, order a Programmer's Paradise Package-\$19.95. It includes the complete COMAL system plus over 400 pages of information. Add \$5 more to get our 20 interactive lesson Tutorial Disk. Add \$2 shipping. Visa/MC or US funds check accepted. Send to:

COMAL Users Group USA 6041 Monona Drive, Room 111 Madison, WI 53716 phone 608-222-4432

REVIEWS

Printing a one-page letter with 230 words took 43 seconds using the Gemini in its normal, emphasized mode. With the NLQ chip turned on, the same letter took 83 seconds. Still, that's an average of 14 characters a second, or about the speed of some inexpensive daisy wheel printers.

The near letter quality typeface resides where the italic face used to be, so you'll sacrifice the slanted letters. But the new type provides sufficient consolation. And the NLQ mode can be used with expanded and underlined words.

The letter forms are pleasing, with the exception of one slight flaw: the double quotation marks and the single apostrophe curve ever-so-slightly toward the left, making them look a little out of place at the start of a sentence or phrase. They'd have been perfect if left straight.

This is the Gemini 10x printer in the draft mode.

This is the Gemini 10x printer in the emphasized mode.

This is the Gemini 10x printer using the near-letter-quality module.

I've tried the NLQ chip with some popular word processing programs, including *Fleet System 2*, *PaperClip*, and *Easy Script*. It worked every time. Nor did it interfere with screen dumps or offerings from *The Print Shop*.

It would be a valid comparison to say that the NLQ module has done for the Gemini 10X's typeface what the fast loading cartridges have done for the 1541 disk drive's speed.

The NLQ Kit works with the Gemini 10X and 15X and the Delta 10 and 15 printers.

ESP Corporation, 7900 N. Tamiami Trail, Sarasota, FL 34243 (phone: 813-355-6797). —Lonnie Brown

THE COMMUNICATION EDGE THE MANAGEMENT EDGE THE NEGOTIATION EDGE THE SALES EDGE

Info Designs, Inc. Commodore 64 Disk; \$79.95 each

Info Designs' *Edge* series of software for Commodore 64, 128, and Plus/4 includes *The Communication Edge, The Management Edge, The Negotiation Edge,* and *The Sales Edge.* As the names imply, the purpose of these programs is to provide you with a strong base in your interactions with other people.

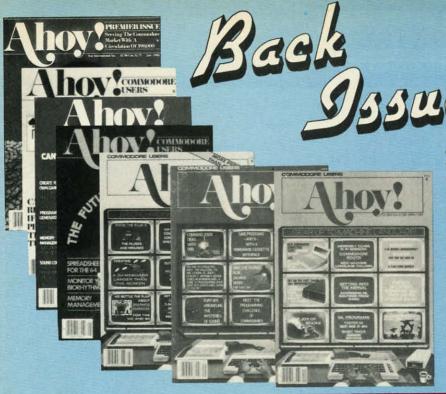
According to Info Designs, The Communication Edge "can help you evaluate the personalities, strengths, and weaknesses of people in your meetings, and provide specific tactics to listen accurately and speak persuasively." The Management Edge "can help you increase motivation and prevent manager/staff conflicts." The Negotiation Edge "can help you anticipate likely opponent maneuvers, implement alternative tactics and test their effectiveness." The Sales Edge "can help you maximize sales calls by providing insights into customer buying styles."

These programs perform a sort of online psychological assessment of you and of the individual with whom you will be interacting. Actually, they only assess your impressions of that other person. I guess you could have that person enter his own data, but then you would lose the edge the software is supposed to give you.

Each program asks you to agree or disagree with a number of statements or sentences about yourself and a number of single-word characteristics about your counterpart. You might agree that, for you, "fair play is a losing strategy" and you may disagree that your counterpart is either "honest" or "egotistical." The statements and traits are not organized in any obvious way and fluctuate from positive to negative.

You will want to complete the self-assessment first, which will take you about 20 minutes. Each program will display 86 to 90 statements on the screen, one at a time, except *Nego*-





Try this experiment! Flip through any issue of Ahoy! that you've finished reading. Add up the hours of programming toil our feature articles and tutorials saved you—the hours of shopping our expansive news section saved you—and the money our unbiased reviews saved you—and see if the magazine didn't pay for itself! Then ask yourself: can you afford to be without a single time- and money-saving back issue?

If you're serious about programming, you can't be serious about continuing without a complete collection of Ahoy!

ISSUE #19 – JULY '85 \$4.00 PROM programming! 3-part harmonies on VIC/64! Speeding pixels! And ready to enter: Auto-Append! Script Analysis! Wizard of Im! Lucky Lottery! Brainframe! Etch! Printat!

ISSUE #1-JAN. '84 \$4.00 64 v. the Peanut! Telecommunications! Tales of the Commodore! And ready to enter: Multi Draw 64 Graphics System! Interrupt Music Maker/Editor! A Peek at Memory! Sequential Files!

Sorry...issues #1, 2, 4, and 7 sold out! Reprint editions (programs and feature articles only) of issues #1, 2, and 7 only are available for \$4.00 each.

ISSUE #13 – JAN. '85 \$4.00 VIC/64 OS exposed! Sprites! 1541 device # disconnect switch! Ghostbusters! And ready to enter: Ultra Mail! Music Tutor! Alice in Adventureland! Midprint! To the Top! Tape/Disk Transfer!

ISSUE #20—AUG. '85 \$4.00 Inside the 128! Read-world simulations! Sound effects! And ready to enter: Windows! Formatter! Sound-a-Rama! Screen Dump! Selectachrome! Disintegrator! Fidgits! Gators N Snakes!

ISSUE #2-FEB. '84 \$4.00 Illustrated tour of the 154!! Artificial intelligence! Synapse's lhor Wolosenko interviewed! And ready to enter: Music Maker Part II! Screen Manipulation! Night Attack! Relative Files!

ISSUE #8—AUG. '84 \$4.00 Choosing a word processor! Computational wizardry! Creating your own word games! Sound on the 64! And ready to enter: Micro-Minder! Directory Assistance! The Terrible Twins!

ISSUE #14—FEB. '85 \$4.00 Printer interfacing! Multicolor sprites! Modems! Bulletin boards! Theory of game design! And ready to enter: Futurewar! Fontasia! VIC Eraser! Insurance Agent! Flankspeed! Telelink 64! ISSUE #21—SEP. '85 \$4.00 Inside the 1571 drive and 128 keyboard! Sprite programming! And ready to enter: Fastnew! Go-Lister! File Lock! Dragon Type! Superhero! Auto-Gen! Moxey's Porch! Fish Math!

ISSUE #3-MAR. '84 \$4.00 Anatomy of the 64! Printer interfacing for VIC & 64! Educational software series begins! And ready to enter: Address Book! Space Lanes! Random Files on the 64! Dynamic Power! ISSUE #9—SEPT. '84 \$4.00 Program your own text adventure! Build a C-64 cassette interface! Video RAM! And ready to enter: Salvage Diver! DOS! Sound Explorer! The Castle of Darkness! Base Conversions!

ISSUE #15—MAR. '85 \$4.00 Making multiscreen gameboards! Inside the Plus/4! Commodore DOS! And ready to enter: Old Routine! Programmable Functions! Automatic Line Nos.! Home Budget! Salmon Run!

ISSUE #22—OCT. '85 \$4.00
Create cartoon characters! Infinitesimal intrigue! Inside copy protection! And ready to enter: Shotgun! Maestro! Solitaire!
Mystery at Mycroft Mews! Gravinauts!
1541 Cleaning Utility! ShadeyDump!

ISSUE #5-MAY '84 \$4.00 Future of Commodore! Inside BASIC storage! Memory management on the VIC & 64! Guide to spreadsheets! And ready to enter: Math Master! Air Assault! Biorhythms! VIC Calculator! ISSUE #10—OCT. '84 \$4.00 C-64 graphics programs! Bit-mapped graphics! Joystick programming! And ready to enter: VIC 40 Column Operating System! BAM Read & Print! Emerald Elephant! Lawn Job!

ISSUE #16—APR. '85 \$4.00 Assembly language column begins! Programming the joystick! 1541 disk drive alternatives! And ready to enter: Hop Around! Faster 64! Booter! Elecheck! BASIC Trace! Space Hunt! ISSUE #23—NOV. '85 \$4.00
Adventure gaming! ML sprite manipulation! BASIC for beginners! And ready to
enter: Lightning Loader! Knight's Tour!
Chopper Flight! Rhythmic Bits! Instant
Bug Repellent! File Scout! Slither!

ISSUE #6-JUNE '84 \$4.00 Game programming column begins! Program generators! Rupert on inputing! Memory management continues! And ready to enter: Post Time for the 64 & VIC! Alpiner! Sound Concept!

ISSUE #11—NOV. '84 \$4.00 Music programs & keyboards for the 64! Graphics feature continues! And ready to enter: PTE word processor! Block Editor! Alternate Character Set for the 64! The Tunnel of Tomachon!

ISSUE #17—MAY '85 \$4.00 Disk drive enhancements! Install a reset switch! Assembler escapades! And ready to enter: Super Duper! Two-Column Directory! DSKDU! Raid! DOS Plus! Font Editor! Tile Time! ISSUE #24-DEC. '85 \$4.00 Speech synthesizers! The IBM Connection! The year's 25 best entertainments! And ready to enter: Gypsy Starship! Directory Manipulator! Cloak! Gameloader! Jewel Quest! Lineout! Santa's Busy Day!

ISSUE #7—JULY '84 \$4.00
MSD dual disk drive! Database buyer's
guide! Training your cursor! Screen
displays! File Sleuth! Users Groups!
And ready to enter: Renumbering!
Checklist! Math Defender! Brisk!

ISSUE #12-DEC. '84 \$4.00 Buyer's guide to printers! 1525 printer tutorial! Custom characters! User Guide to KMMM Pascal! Diving into BASIC! And ready to enter: Construction Co.! Space Patrol! Cross Ref! ISSUE #18 – JUNE '85 \$4.00 Music & graphics entry systems! How modems work! Inside the 6510! And ready to enter: Quad-print! Mapping 4.4! Towers of Hanoi! Speedy! Duck Shoot! The 6510 Simulator!

ISSUE #25—JAN. '85 \$4.00 Build a speech synthesizer! Survey of sports games! And ready to enter: The Martian Monsters! Streamer Font! Microsim! The Haunted Castle! Knockout! Infraraid! Alarm Clock! Memory Check!

Use coupon or facsimile. If ordering more than three issues, list choices on separate sheet.

If you have a modem and want more complete information on any of the back issues listed, call Ahoy!'s Bulletin Board Service at 718-383-8909. Ahoy!

BACK ISSUES
ION
INTERNATIONAL INC.

45 West 34th Street

Suite 407

New York, NY 10001

Please Send Me The Following:

Copies of issue number ____
Copies of issue number ___
Copies of issue number ___

Enclosed Please Find My Check or Money Order for \$_____

(Outside the USA please add \$1.00 for every copy)

NAME_ ADDRESS CITY

STATE C-www.Pc699Fnodore.ca

REVIEWS

tiation, which displays 5 per screen. Your options are to agree, disagree, go to the next statement, or go to the previous statement. Or you can quit the self-assessment, save what you have entered, and return to the main menu. From program to program, the assessments bear a lot of similarity to one another.

v issue

dd up

re ar-

urs of

ed you

saved

for it-

e with-

issue?

, you

out a

4.00

And

Lot-

4.00

4.00

pard!

ock!

Gen!

1.00

1.00

heck or

ase

opy)

Next, you assess your counterpart (in Communication and Negotiation), customer (in Sales), or subordinate (in Management). Negotiation gives you the most thorough opportunity for this assessment, asking you to respond to 90 traits and 22 statements about your counterpart. Communication and Management only ask you about 55 traits, and Sales, 66. In each case, 10 traits are listed on the screen: when you respond to the last one, the next screen appears. It is easy to visually verify your response to every trait except the last one on each screen. The screens change so fast that you will have to back up, with the "previous" command, if you are afraid you hit A (agree) instead of D (disagree), or vice versa.

In assessing your counterpart, you have the same options as you did in the self-assessment. Each of the programs except Negotiation also offers some level of help. Communication and Management "help" you by reminding you that each question requires a response and by describing the responses—agree, disagree, next, previous, and quit. Sales has far and away the best help function for assessment of your customer. Hit the "H" key and the screen will display a definition of the trait to which you are responding as well as your possible responses. All four programs should have this quality of online help.

Before you can print a strategy report, you must have responded to every trait in both the self- and counterpart assessments. Assessments are stored directly on the program disk. You are limited to storing one selfassessment and nine assessments of others. If two people use the program, their self-assessments will have to be completely reentered each time they switch or they will each have to copy the sequential file containing

their data to another disk and then back to the program disk. The program disk is heavily copy protected, so expect to do a lot of writing to it. "What, me worry?"

After completing the assessments, choose to print a strategy report. The program will prompt you to remove the program disk and insert the output disk that comes in the package. The output disk stores "canned" paragraphs that the program cuts and pastes into a final report based on its analysis of your input. All the programs, except Management, use both sides of this second disk for text, so there is a fair amount of material from which the program may select.

Communication and Management reports will be broken into sections with headings like "Be Flexible" or "Create Moderate Stress." Negotiation's report is organized into a summary of your counterpart's expected attitudes, a description of his initial position, tactics for you to consider, and a game plan suggesting possible openings, in-process, and closing arguments. The report from Sales tells you what to expect from your customer's style compared to yours, lists steps to succeed with your customer, and gives you opening, presentation, and closing strategies.

Reports can be sent to the screen or to the printer. They will run from one to two dozen screens of text or three to eight printed pages. Reports use your counterpart's name or initials and appropriately refer to "him" or "her." (You tell the program whether your counterpart is "Mr." or "Ms." when you ask for a report.)

I have numerous small complaints about the Edge programs. Negotiation prompts you to enter your counterpart's name. If you backspace past the first character you type, the program will crash, returning you to BASIC. And Negotiation, unlike the other three, will not allow you to update your assessment of a counterpart. You must reenter all your answers from scratch—especially annoying since Negotiation has the most comprehensive assessment (112 responses).

Management also had its quirks. Maybe I had a bad diskette, but ev-

GRADING

...JUST GOT EASIER!

MASTER GRADES-NOW JUST \$35.00

- TEACHER WRITTEN, TEACHER TESTED, 1000'S IN USE
- 200 STUDENT CAPACITY
- EASY TO USE BUT EFFECTIVE RECORDS UP TO 9999 POINTS PER MARKING PERIOD
- COMPUTES AVERAGES, ASSIGNS LETTER GRADES ACCORDING TO YOUR SCALE
- ALPHA OR PERCENTAGE ORDER PRINTOUTS
- STUDENT CODE NUMBERS FOR POSTING REPORTS
- PRINTS 3 DIFFERENT PROGRESS NOTES TO PARENTS
- ATTENDANCE OPTION BUILT IN
- FULL CORRECTIONS ROUTINE MAKES FINDING **ERRORS ALMOST FUN**

ELECTRONIC LEARNING LOVED IT.

FOR COMMODORE 64, 32K PET, APPLE II FAMILY, AND IBM

FREE TRIAL IN YOUR SCHOOL FOR 30 DAYS

Please Add \$2.00 Per Order For Postage and Handling SEND FOR OUR FLYER OF OTHER USEFUL SOFTWARE WRITTEN BY TEACHERS FOR TEACHERS



MIDWEST SOFTWARE

Box 214 Farmington, MI 48024

VISA / MASTERCARD

ORDER LINE 9:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M. 1-800-422-0095

Michigan, and orders after 5:00 P.M. - (313) 477-0897

Reader Service No. 172

erything involving the disk took longer. Generating a final report took a full 20 minutes—four times longer than the other programs. And after the report had printed, I tried to enter another assessment for a subordinate. Everything worked fine, except the screen was blank where the traits should have been listed. I could still agree or disagree, but with what? The same thing happened when I tried to update my self-assessment after printing a report.

Sales has no "next" option in the self-assessment. That's no problem, unless you are updating an existing assessment. You will have to go backward through the statements with the "previous" command. Communication, I am glad to say, had no glitches. It did, however, like all the others, contain occasional spelling and capitalization errors. Those were not too annoying in the text of final reports, but when you are rating a counterpart and have to agree or disagree that he is "derendable," your concentration will certainly be broken.

One real limitation of the assess-

ments is that they only allow you to agree and disagree. This limitation might affect the validity of the final report. I would have preferred strongly agree, somewhat agree, no opinion, somewhat disagree, and strongly disagree. In assessing others, I often found that I did not know if they were "moody," or "organized," or "clever." I would have entered "no opinion" if given the choice.

In assessing myself, I had trouble with some statements like "I would rather 'win' than make another person happy." If I win, will that person be unaffected (though not "happy") or will he be broken? Or, "My success depends more on others and luck than on my own skill." As a manager, I'd say my success depends on my skill or ability to get work done through others. So the right answer must be....

Each of the *Edge* programs comes with a brief (13- to 17-page) booklet that describes the program generally and tells how to load and run it. Since the programs are menu-driven, instructions are almost unnecessary.

Each program also has a screen or two of online instructions available at the main menu. What is missing is any guidance in the areas of communication, management, negotiation, or sales beyond what is printed in the strategy reports.

To the degree that those reports tell you to do specific things, you will be okay; unless your interaction calls for a change in style. But the reports do not teach communication, etc. They give you general advice, not specific examples or exercises to develop your skills. Available from Info Designs for \$15.95 each are booklets on the fundamentals of management, negotiation, or sales. I thought those should have been included in the \$79.95 purchase price, however.

The *Edge* programs come with a standard 90-day warranty. Backup disks cost \$12.50 when you mail your warranty card, and \$25 any time after that. Support for the program costs \$25 per hour, though unless they intend to teach management over the phone, you should need no support to use its software.

The *Edge* ser. s has been great fun and I intend to try some of its advice. Anticipating the recommendations in the strategy reports was fascinating. Even when I disagreed with some part of a report, it caused me to analyze my interactions much more closely than I normally would. *Edge* programs are fast to learn and easy to use. But they really only give you food for thought and are not professional development tools. And for \$79.95, I wish they would fix the typos and bugs and throw in the booklets on fundamentals.

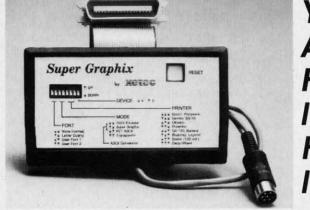
Info Designs, Inc., 445 Enterprise Court, Bloomfield Hills, MI 48013 (phone: 1-800-445-INFO).

-Richard Herring

KEYS TO RESPONSIBLE DRIVING CBS Software, Inc. Commodore 64 Disk; \$79.95

For most people, getting a driver's license is an important event. Being able to drive can give you a new sense of independence, and for teenagers it is a modern "rite of passage"

Super Graphix



You Asked For It . . . Here It Is!!!

GRAPHICS and FONTS plus an 8K BUFFER for the ultimate in performance and speed. The XETEC Super Graphix interface for Commodore Computers now offers a new high in technology with these features:

- · 8K Buffer Standard
- 10 Printing Modes
- 3 Internal Screen Dumps
- Extensive Command Channel
- Reset Button to Halt Printing from Buffer
- Switch Settings on Label for Quick Reference
- Correspondence Quality Font Built-In
- · Capable of Storing 2 Additional Fonts
- Correct Graphics/Text Aspect Ratio for all Major Printers
- 8 Active Switches with Changes Constantly Monitored
- Internal Fonts Support Super-script, Sub-script, Underlining, Bold-face and Choice of 9 Pitches

Suggested list \$99.95

Includes Lifetime Warranty

Reader Service No. 187

66

REVIEWS

marking the transition into adulthood. Simply passing your driving test, however, doesn't necessarily make you a responsible driver. Just think of how many times licensed drivers have cut you off to avoid missing their exit. What *does* make you a responsible driver is knowing how to drive legally, defensively, and safely.

Keys to Responsible Driving is a self-contained, self-paced program designed to provide you with the knowledge necessary not only to pass your driving test, but, more importantly, to help you become both a safe and responsible driver. Even if you already have your driver's license, chances are Keys to Responsible Driving could teach you a lot.

The program is divided into three sections, including a pretest to measure your knowledge when you start, chapters that can be studied in any order and at your own pace, and a posttest that you can take to see how much you've learned once you complete all nine chapters. Like the written tests given by the motor vehicle departments of most states, the program's pre- and posttests consist of several multiple choice and true/false questions covering everything from the colors of road signs to the effects of alcohol on driving ability.

When you select "execute a chapter" from the main menu, you are given a choice of nine chapters to study. They are:

- Control Skills, Handling and Maneuvering
- 2. Signs, Markings and Regulations
 - 3. Seeing and Reacting
 - 4. City and Town Driving
 - 5. Changing Lanes and Turning
- Open Roads, Highways and Country Driving
 - 7. On the Expressway
 - 8. Unfit to Drive
 - 9. Higher-Risk Driving

All chapters are presented in an interactive question and answer format and make excellent use of the C-64's graphic capabilities. Chapter one, for example, uses several pictures to illustrate the proper way to hold the steering wheel while turning, how to make two-point turns, and the various

methods of parking. In chapter three, several hazardous traffic situations are depicted and you are asked about the best way to respond in each case.

Sound is also used in several of the chapters to help bring the material to life. For instance, in chapter three you are given a test of your reaction time. You are instructed to press any key when you hear the tone. When the tone sounds, a colored bar begins growing rapidly across the screen and stops once a key is pressed. By letting you see how long the bar gets in the time it takes you to respond to the sound, the program illustrates the delay between when you first notice a dangerous situation ahead of you on the road, and the time it takes you to react to it.

The program also comes with a thirty-page "Guide to Responsible Driving" which reiterates many of the points illustrated in the chapters. It then goes on to discuss a number of other issues related to responsible driving such as what to do at the scene of an accident, insuring that your car is in good condition, and state laws concerning traffic and safety violations. It includes a glossary of driving and automotive terms and is the perfect supplement to an excellent program.

CBS Software, One Fawcett Place, Greenwich, CT 06836 (phone: 203-622-2500). —*Bob Guerra*

BUSINESS LETTERS

BCI Software Commodore 64 Disk; \$4.99

Throw away your word processor! Or at least keep it safely in its sleeve the next time you need to grind out the typical letters that comprise most of a small business's outgoing mail. Over 50 types of business correspondence can be prepared with *Business Letters*, a stand-alone program with a fill-in-the-blank design so easy to use that even the boss may be able to handle it.

First you answer a series of prompts with your name, the company's name, address, phone number, and date. (Get it right the first time, for you won't get a chance to edit this

READER SERVICE INDEX

Page	Company	Svc.
32,33	Abacus Software	157
47	Accolade	152
94	Alsoft American International Computer	156 159
48	Aquarian Software	189
50	Bantam Electronics	199
37	Batteries Included	208
47 30	Broderbund Software C.O.M.B. Co.	154 162
57	Cardco, Inc.	155
11	Central Point Software, Inc.	160
69 51,62	Cheetsheet Products Inc. Comal Users Group, USA	-
4,5	Computer Centers of America	164
91	Compumed	191
42	Cosmi	147
95 C-2	Covox, Inc. CSM Software	165
22	CSM Software	166
91	CVC Online	192
90	Electronic One	167
41 42	Epyx	144 146
43	Ерух Ерух	148
44	Ерух	150
8	First Star Software	202
47	Gamestar	153
92 35	Hesware Integrated-Software Systems	194 168
90	Jason-Ranheim	195
C-4	John Henry Software	169
12	Lamb's Information Systems	205
70,71 76	Lyco Computer Master Software	196 170
C-3	Mastertronic International Inc.	2000
16,17	MegaSoft Limited	200
20,21	MegaSoft Limited	171
13	Micro Fabrication Systems	206
44 89	MicroProse Simulation Software Microvations	151 198
65	Midwest Software	172
88	Ohio Computer Systems	173
81	Phoenix Arising	174
75 24-29	Professor Jones Protecto Enterprizes	175 176
93	Quorum International, Unitd.	
85	R.J. Brachman Associates, Inc.	
89	Roger Wagner Publishing, Inc.	179
41 46	Sierra Solutions Unlimited Inc.	143 207
42	SubLOGIC Corporation	145
43	SubLOGIC Corporation	149
11	Texas Instruments Incorporated	
88 93	Ultrabyte Uni-Kool	180 181
94	Universal Marketing	182
82	Value-Soft Inc.	183
10	VMC Software	184
39	Wedgwood Rental	185
8 74	Welwyn Currah West Coast Commodore Assoc.	201 188
45	White House Computer	186
66	Xetec, Inc.	187
38	Ahoy! Access Club	-
58,59		-
63	Ahoy! Disk Ahoy! Back Issues	-
121	Ahoy! Subscription	_
	blisher cannot assume responsib	ility

The publisher cannot assume responsibility for errors in the above listing. data.) Next you'll be asked if you want to include either or both optional insertions: an Attn: slot at the top of the body of the letter, and your job title (which appears below your name at the end of the letter). If you decide not to proceed, you may also back out and return to the main menu from this menu.

Otherwise the main menu shows up and-offers nine general topics: letters of favour, inquiry, payment, sales, credit, complaint, collection, application, and miscellaneous. Punch a number and, after brief disk access, a submenu lists the specific letters in the chosen category. Most consist of five or six forms that vary in purpose or tone. Collection letters, for instance, include 13 different versions of "pay up." There is collection letter number one, then the one you'll send if the first is ignored, and three more -each a bit more insistent. (If you've ever bought anything on credit, this will sound familiar.) Then there's a so-called humorous letter that says, "Please send us the name of a lawyer in your town. We may have to sue you." And of course, the inevitable "have you forgotten?" (about the money you owe us) letter.

After choosing a letter from this menu, you wait a second while it loads. The letter is displayed, with blank lines embedded in the text. The first four blanks are for the name and address of the person you're writing. A prompt asks you to fill in the blanks, one by one, which is accomplished by typing the information at the bottom of the screen. A payment letter might read "I'm enclosing our cheque for \$---e--- for the --f--." When prompted to fill in line e, you type the correct number. The name of the product goes in line f. Commas and colons may be included in an entry by beginning it with a quotation mark; entries may be up to 80 characters long.

The only snag with this process is that when long letters are displayed they automatically scroll down and cut off the top part of the text, so sometimes you can't see part of the letter in which blank e is mentioned. It's impossible to scroll up or page back to review it, so you won't know what to enter there until you've printed at least one of these letters.

You can also personalize the contents of a letter by deleting or typing over the existing text. Spaces may be inserted if you need to add more text, but only up to the current length of a line. (In other words, you can't use the "insert" key to push the last word in a line down to the next line.) You can't save a letter that has been modified in this manner. When all the blanks have been filled in, the program tosses your information into the dotted lines, displays the results, and asks if you need to change the text in any of the blanks. If you decide to do so, a list shows the contents of each blank and lets you choose which you want to revise or replace. (But you can't go back and display the entire letter to see your changes in context.)

If you have no more changes to make, the program prints your letter, which rolls out of the printer as a standard modified block letter: your name and address are centered atop the page, the date and closing (Yours very truly) are set on the right side of the page, and the name and address of the person to whom the letter is addressed is on the left. Text is single-spaced, with a blank line between paragraphs; each paragraph is indented five spaces. (None of these settings are adjustable.) Margins are also preset, so you have to align the paper before printing.

After the letter is printed, you can print the same letter with a new address, return to the main menu to select a new letter, or quit the program. The first option is handy when dealing with a small number of letters on the same subject, but there is no way to insert names and addresses from a database and send out personalized form letters in volume.

The program was apparently written in Canada or England, so American users will have to edit the British spelling of words such as cheque and favour. You can't add notes about enclosures or copies sent to other people at the bottom of a letter. And the "documentation," all two paragraphs, doesn't say a word about

REVIEWS

printer compatibility. With my TTX 1014 letter quality, the ? (which always precedes the program's prompt for information) was sometimes printed in my letter. And since there is no way to insert escape codes, you won't be able to underline or take advantage of your printer's particular features. I assume there will be no such problem with dot matrix printers, especially Commodore models—but you might want to be sure before buying the program.

And who would buy it? Anyone whose word processing time is devoted to generating a variety of form letters one at a time. Certainly you could sit down with a word processor and create your own form letters, placing blank lines in the appropriate spaces - but why bother when you can get 50 letters ready to go for a mere \$5.00? (The letters are all sequential files, too, which means they can be loaded with most word processors, edited to meet specific needs, and then resaved for later use with the word processor. However, this eliminates the convenient fill-in-theblank feature.)

BCI Software, P.O. BOX 730, Ringwood, NJ 07456 (phone: 201-835-7300). — *Shay Addams*

PROGRAMS WANTED

Don't be fooled by the fact that Ahoy! comes your way each month packed with the best games and utilities available in any Commodore magazine. We just don't have the mile-high inventory that you might imagine. But we're determined to continue bringing you the type of high quality programs you've come to expect from Ahoy! To that end, we've raised our rate of pay for accepted programs, and we've added staff to speed our response to your submissions. There's never been a better time to submit a program to Ahoy!

te

Y

th

fi

cl

ar

Send your program on disk or cassette (preferably disk), accompanied by an introductory article, a printout, and a self-addressed envelope of sufficient size with sufficient return postage affixed. (Submissions not accompanied by such an envelope will not be returned.)

Address submissions to Ahoy! Program Submissions Dept., Ion International Inc., 45 West 34th Street—Suite 407, New York, NY 10001.

CRABFIGHT

For the C-64

By Buck Childress



e've all heard of the Gunfight at the O.K. Corral. Now there's the Crabfight in Commodore RAM. Two crabs, red and purple, are pitted against each other in a duel to reach 200 points.

Crabfight is a machine language game that must be entered using Flankspeed (see page 98). After saving Crabfight, reset or turn off/on your computer. Disk users must LOAD "CRABFIGHT",8,1 and tape users LOAD "CRABFIGHT",1,1. When the program has finished loading, "READY." will appear on the screen. At this point type NEW and hit RETURN. To begin execution of the program type SYS 49152 and hit RETURN.

Crabfight will prompt you for the level of play. One is the fastest and three is the slowest. Next you select one or two players. If two are playing, the game starts. If not, you're asked to choose the computer difficulty, one being the hardest and three the easiest. Use joystick port 2 when playing the computer. By the way, the computer crab is a very formidable opponent.

The game begins with a crab race. A clam is placed in the center of the playing area. Five warning beeps will sound, then the race is on. The first crab to reach the clam takes possession of it. Each player must try to protect an octopus and at the same time attempt to eliminate the opponent's octopus by shooting the clam at it. You start with two of them. When they or any others are lost, a new octopus will appear. You receive 20 points each time you hit an opposing octopus. You also get five points whenever you hit the wall behind your opponent.

To move your crab, push the joystick in the direction you want it to go. You can take possession of the clam by touching it with your crab. To shoot the clam, press the fire button and push the joystick left to shoot left or right to shoot right. If you're the red crab, pressing the fire button while pulling the joystick back will shoot the clam straight. For the purple crab, press the fire button and push the joystick forward. Whenever you press the fire button your crab will turn blue. Press it only when you intend to shoot the clam. Your crab will not move with the fire button depressed and a quick opponent, observing your blue crab, will score a lot of points.

Once you have the clam, you are given three seconds (in crab time, of course) to get rid of it. A timer will

count down from three. If it reaches zero, you'll lose possession of the clam and your opponent gets ten penalty points. The clam is returned to the center of the playing area and a new crab race takes place.

Crabfight can be frozen in play by pressing RUN/STOP. A message will appear reminding you that pressing the N key will take you back to the opening menu for a new game, while pressing the C key will continue the game in progress. The message also appears at the end of the game. At this time, pressing the C key will start another game with the same levels and players as the previous game. Pressing the N key takes you back to the opening menu. □

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 115

	TROUBLE RE	YOUR PR		
LER	OY'S C			ET®
	A TOTAL TOTA			
	/ Angel		Æ	
	WENDON DD O	VEDI AV	. 500	
	COMMO			
LEROY'S CHEATSH	and the same of the same of	DOME	04	
laminated keyboard	overlays designed	FITS	OVER KEYBOARD	
tor use with possiler software band ONIV			PROGRAM COMMA	NDS UR FINGERTIPS
These cut-out-yourself help sheets fit \$295 \squares saves time - ends frustration				
remember program	commands right at		TO KNOW YOUR SOF	
your fingertips. The are in bold type a	nd any variables			
are shown in italics.	Now you can use	CH	N NEW SOFTWARE	Dark and the contract of
and more effective CHEATSHEETS® y	v. With LEROY'S	STU	RDY PLASTIC LAMINA	ATE
hunt for a program	command again.	✓ UNB	EATABLE PRICE!!	
CIRCLE Y	OUR CHOICES	500		
Basic	Simons' Basic	QTY.	_x \$3.95=\$	
Blanks (set of 3)	Sky Travel		SHIPPING \$	
Consultant	Speedscript		6% TAX \$	
Disk 1541	onheinase ton	8 CANADA \$1.00 EIGN ORDERS \$3.00	(Pa on(y)	
Doodle	Vidtex CHE	CK M.O. MC/VISA FUNDS NO C.O.D	TOTAL \$	
Easy Script	VIP Terminal			
Flight Simulator II	Vizastar	MC/VISA#		
Fleet System 2	WordPro 3+	EXPIRATION DAT	TE	
For the Beginner	WordPro 64	NAME		
Manager	Write Now!/64	ADDRESS		
Multiplan	Epson FX & RX Printers	CITY	1	
Omni Writer	Gemini 10, 15x	STATE	_ZIP	
Paper Clip	1525, MPS 801, 803		AHY	1
and the second second second				
PractiCalc 64 PractiCalc II	1526, MPS 802 Okidata 92, 93	CHEATSHEE	T PRODUCTS IN	IC. VISA

Lyco Computer Marketing & Consultants

"WE MAKE YOUR COMPUTER FUN TO USE!"

NO LABEL DISKETTES

NL 5¼" SSDD...10.99 (Box 10) NL 5¼" DSDD...15.99 (Box 10) *Free Diskette Writer Pen! *Free Storage Case!

DUST COVERS

Atari	
520ST	
800XL	
1050	
1025	7.99
Commodore	
C128	7.99
1571/1541	
1902	
1702	
C64/Vic20	6.99
Panasonic	
1090/1091	8.99
1092	
1093	9.99
Star Micronics	
SG/SD10	8.99
SG/SD15	9.99
SR10	9.99
SR15	9.99
Okidata	
82/92 Okidata	8 99
83/93	
193	0.00

PRINTING PAPER

3000 SHEETS	
FANFOLD	\$42.75
1000 SHEETS	
FANFOLD	\$19.75
1000 SHEETLETTER	\$21.95
200 SHEETS LETTER.	\$8.99
150 RAG STATIONARY	\$10.99
MAILING LABELS (1in.)	\$9.95

WICO Joysticks

15-9714	Bat Handle	16	.75
50-2030	Boss	11	.99
50-2002	Super 3-Way	19	.99

COMMODORE

COMMISSION	-
C-128 NEW	CALL
1571 Drive	
1572 Drive	
1902 Monitor	CALL
1670 Modem	CALL
C-64 Computer	CALL
1541 Drive	189
MPS801 Printer	
1702 Monitor	
Simon's Basic	
Assembler 64	
Super Expander	22.75
Logo 64	49.75
Pilot 64	38.75
Easy Cale	
Easy Script	38.75

COMMODORE SOFT-WARE

MICROPROSE (C-64
Fennedy Approach	21.75
Crusade in Europe	24.75
Decision in Desert	24.75
Solo Flight	20.75
Nato Commander	20.75
Spitfire Ace	18.75
F-15 Strike Eagle	20.75
Helicat Ace	18.75

CARDCO

Digitizer Camera. 32K Printer Buffer. Numeric Keypad CB/5 5-slot Board(64). CB/2 2-slot Board(64). S'More Basic Rom Write Now-64. Mail Now-64. Spell Now-64. File Now-64. Calc Now-64. Calc Now-64. Tax Sirriyial.	189.95 59.95 34.95 .54.00 .25.00 .49.95 .35.00 .29.00 .29.00 .29.00 .29.00
	29.00

BRODERBUND

The Print Shop 28.	15
Graphics Library 18.7	75
Graphics Library II 19.	75
Graphics Library III 19.9	95
Karateka 19.	75
Castles Dr. Creep 19.	75
Bank St. Writer 32.	
Loderunner 20.	
Mask of the Sun 24.	
Spelunker 19.	
Serpent's Star 24.	
Whistler's Brother 18.	
Faid Bungeling Bay 18.	
r ald strigeting bay To.	, ,

COMMODORE

MPS1000 Printer	259
C1350 Mouse	42
C1700 128K RAM	145
C1750 512K RAM	269
IANE	35
Perfect Writer	49
Perfect Calc	49
Perfect Filer	

SPINNAKER (C-64R	OM)
	19.75
	19.75
	17.75
	19.75
	19.75
Delta Drawing	16.75
	14.75
	17.75
Fraction Fever	17.75

SSI (C-64)

Colonial Conquest	.24.	
Wings of War	.24.	
Computer Ambush	.34.	75
Field of Fire	.24.	
Fighter Command	.36.	
Kampfgruppe	.36.	75
Mech Brigade	.36.	75
Market Garden	.29.	75
Six Gun Shootout	.24.	75
Computer Baseball	.24.	75
Computer Quarterback.	.24.	75
Imperium Galactum	.24.	75
Phantasie	.24.	75
Cartels & Cutthroats	24	75
50 Mission Crush	24	75
Questron	24	7

INNOVATIVE CONCEPTS

Flip-n-File	10	3.5
Flip-n-File		8.2
Flip-n-File		17.9
Flip-n-File		17.2
Flip-n-File		22.9
Flip-n-File	Rom1	17.2

SCARBOROUGH (C-64)

COMIDO	100011	1007
Build A Boo	ok	24.7
Improved M	astertype.	23.7
NET WORT	Η	48.7
Mastertype	Filer	22.7
Boston 64	Diet	. 27.7

TOOMIN

	IIIOIIIA		
5	S.A.M	Atari	38.50
. 5	S.A.M	Atari	38.50

PERSONAL PERIPHERALS Super Sketch 64 32.75 Printer Utility 18.75

- 1	
1	BATTERIES INCLUDED
-1	Paper Clip 59.95
- 1	Spell Pak34.95
- 1	Consultant59.95
- 1	Paper Clip
-1	w/Spell Pak75.95
- 1	Home Pak34.95
- 1	Bus Card129.95
	80 Column Board 109.95

EPYX

(C-64)	
Fast Load	26.75
Breakdance	23.75
Greatest Baseball	24.75
Summer Games	26.75

SUB LOGIC (C-64) Flight Simulator II....32.75 Night Mission Pinball....20.75

CONTINENTAL

(C-64)
Home Accountant44.75
1984 Tax Advantage 35.75
1985 C-64 Book of Software 16.95

OD & D

QH Q D	
Copy Q2	7 05
copy G	1.33
GPC Printer Interface	55.00

FASTERN HOUSE

LASILINI 1100	JUL
Rabbit C-64	19.95
Rabbit VIC-20	19.95
MAE C-64	27.95
Telstar 64	19.95
M.L. Monitor 64	18.95

KOALA

	(00)	
Koala Pad.		.59.95

COMPUTER CARE

NORTRONICS DISK DRIVE CLEANER with software

REG. 49.95 NOW 19.95

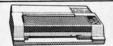
BUY LYCO AND ENJOY

- * THE LOWEST PRICES * TOLL FREE ORDER LINE *
- ★ Free shipping on prepaid cash orders in U.S. ★ All Merchandise Factory Fresh ★
- * 24 hrs. shipping on in-stock product * Access to our Multi Million \$ inventory * * No deposit on UPS C.O.D. orders * Orders outside PA save state sales tax *
- ★ Air freight service available ★ Full Manufacturer's Warrranty apply! ★ Full accessory line in stock ★
 - ★ Purchase Orders Accepted from educational institutions! ★ We check for stolen credit cards! ★ * We ship to our servicemen overseas! ★ You'll love our Courteous Sales Staff! ★

AMERICA'S MAIL ORDER HEADQUARTERS COMPUTER LYCO **WORLD'S LEADER IN SALES & SERVICE**

TO ORDER **CALL TOLL FREE** 800-233-8760 In PA 1 717-327-1824 **Lyco Computer** P.O. Box 5088 Jersey Shore, PA 17740

Lyco Computer Marketing & Consultants





SG-1	0	\$20

1091.....\$233 AVIOR CEIKOCHA

AXIUM	SEINUS	IIM
GPS50AT	(Atari)	222
GP550CD	C-64	222
GP700AT	(Atarı)	439
GP700AP	(Apple)	439
GP700AP ELITE5CD	(C-64)	226

TOSHIBA

C. ITOH
ProWriter 8510Sp+
1550Sp+
StarWriter
PrintMaster

P1340 P351+ P341P P341S 351-Sheet Feeder

CARDCO 32K BUFFER. (C-64)59
CORONA LP300 Laser Printer 268
200361 Toner Cartridge8

CITIZEN	
ISP-10	269
ISP-15 ISP-20	337
ISP-25 heetfdr (10/20)	495
heetfdr (15/25)	199

	JUKI	
987	Juki 6100. R\$232 Serial Board 6100 Tractor 6100 Sheat Feeder Juki 6300.	119
9	LEGEND 880	186
	1000	22

G-10	\$208
PANASO	NIC
091	233
131 (NEW)	

	EPSON	
85	(New)	

EPSON	
FX85 (New)	ć
LX80	ė
FX185 (New)	d
LX90 (New)	á
SQ2000 (New)	k
JX80	ú
Homewriter 10	
CR-20-Atari	1
CR-220-C-64	
DX-10 (New) 2	
DX-20 (New)	
HS-80 (New)	
LQ1500P9	
LQ1500S 10	í
BY 100	

CALL

OKIDATA Okimate 10	179
Okimate 20	CALL 214
192	348
92P	349
84P	645
92 Imagewriter *IBM versions also	345
BROTHER	

1380 1385 LEGEND 808	29
DIGITAL DEV	8
DIABLO D25 630 API 630 ECS D 80 1F P 32 CO1 P 38 C 150 DX.35 (NEW) AP-80	54 159 175 239 69 174 99

SILVER REED	
XP400 XP500 XP550 XP770	249 295 399 749
STAR MICRONIC	S

STAR MICRON	ICS
SG-10	208
SG-15	373
SD-10	336
SD-15	442
SB-10	483
SR-15	583
SB 10	595
Power Type	303
SG-10 C-64 (NEW)	CALL

MONITORS

TAXAN 115 12" Greeen Composite 116 12" Amber Composite 121 12" Green TIL 122 12" Amber TIL. 122 12" Amber TIL. 120 14" Color Composite 410 12" RGB H: Res IBM 420 12" RGB Super H: IBM 440 12" RGB Ultra H: Res. Titl Stand	CALL 135 145 259 329 409 555	PANASONIC DT:3000 13" RGBIComposite .247 DTM:140 14" RGBIComposite .328 DTH:103 10" RGB Hi Res395 DTS:101 10" Composite .178 DT:0000 10" RGB .166 TX:2489 12" Color419 TR:20MIPA 12" Green .109 TR:20MBPA 12" Amber .109 TR:22MBP 12" Green BM148 TR:122MYP 12" Amber IBM148	
ZENITH ZVM 122A Amber ZVM 123G Green ZVM 124 Amber IBM ZVM 131 Color ZVM 133 RGB ZVM 135 Composite ZVM 136 H Res Color ZVM 1220 ZVM 1230 ZVM 1230 ZVM 1240	75 129 275 389 449 589 95 95	SAKATA SG 1000 12" Green 95 SA 1000 12" Amber 110 SG 1500 12" Green TTL 115 SA 1500 12" Green TTL 12 SC 100 13" Color Comp 20 SC 200 13" RGB 388 STS1 Tilt Stand 25 X-TRON	9999
TEKNIKA MJ-10 Composite MJ-22 RGB	1/3	Comcolor I Composite Green 177	
AMDEK 300 Green 300 Amber 310 Amber IBM	118	JB-1260 Green 99 JB-1201 Green 133 JC 1215 Color 233 JC 1216 RGB 377 JC 1460 Color 263	5
Color 300 Audio Color 500 Composite Color 600 Color 700 Color 710	234 369 397 495 569	PRINCETON GRAPHICS MAX-12 Amber 18	5

FX-100+

15	DTH103 10" RGB H Res. DTS101 10" Composite DT100G 10" RGB TX12H3P 12" Color. TR120MBPA 12" Green TR12MBPA 12" Amber TR12MBPA 12" Green IBM.	395 175 166 419 109
75 75 29 75 89 49 89 95	SAKATA SG 1000 12" Green. SA 1000 12" Green. SG 1500 12" Green TTL SA 1500 12" Amber TTL SC 100 13" Color Comp. SC 200 13" RGB STS1 Tilt Stand	99 109 119 129 209 389
40		

Comcolor I Composite G	reen177
NEC	
JB-1260 Green	
JB-1201 Green	
JC 1215 Color	
JC 1216 RGB	
JC 1460 Color	265
PRINCETON GR	APHICS
MAX-12 Amber	185
-12 RGB	465
5R-12 RGB	595

INTERFACING

DIGITAL DEVICES U-Print C (C-64) ...

ORANGE MICRO

GPC (C-64)	59
CARDCO G-Wiz (C-64). C/?+G (C-64). C/?PS (C-64). C/?B. (C-64).	54 45 49 39
TYMAC Connection (C-64)	55

MODEMS

YES						
300		_				13
1200		ş	ģ	Ģ	+	37
1200B	÷			À		34
IIE		4	d	b	÷	13
	300 1200 1200B 2400	1200 1200B 2400	300 1200 1200B 2400	300 1200 1200B 2400	300 1200 1200B 2400	1200

Smartmodem 300 133 Smartmodem 1200 377 Smartmodem 1200B 347 Smartmodem 2400 598 Mibromodem IIE 135	US ROBOTICS Password 1200M 2 Password 1200F 2 Password 300M 1
MICROBITS 1064Modem 57	Password 300F 1 Autodial 212A 3 PCM5 3 PCM64 5 PCM256 7
TELE LEARNING Total Telecommunications (C-64) 29.95 AP-250 (300 Baud Apple) .69.95 IB-250 (300 Baud IBM) 69.96	S-100 3 Couner 4 Microlink 4 Telpac Ms-DOS

	ATION
	MS-DOS ext 319 CPM-86 ext 319
IBM 300/1200	2400 ext 529 2400 MS-DOS 579
IBM MS-DOS	int
Macmodem 30	0/1200
Upgrade Apple (Cat 300 Acoust	ic 139
J-Cat RS232	89
AN	CHOR
	12 186

DRIVES

CON Enhancer 2000	ATEL (c-64)179	
INDUS ATARI215	MSD SD1 Drug (C.64)	220
ATARI215	SD1 Drive (C-64)	400

DISKETTES

DENNISON		SUNKYONG		VERBATIM	
	DENNISON ELEPHANT 51/4" SSSD 11.99	SKC 51/4" SSDD	51/4"	DSDD	13.99
	ELEPHANT 51/4" SSDD 12.99	SKC 5/4 D3DD	374	0300	10.00
	ELEPHANT 51/4" DSDD 14.99 PREMIUM 51/4" SSDD 13.99	MAALLE		BONUS	
	PREMIUM 51/4" SSDD 13.99 PREMIUM 51/4" DSDD 15.99	5 4 MID1 13.55		SSDD DSDD	9.99
	THEIRION ON DODD	2.4 MDS 19.99	5/4	USUU	12.99

FREE 1-800-233-8760



TO ORDER

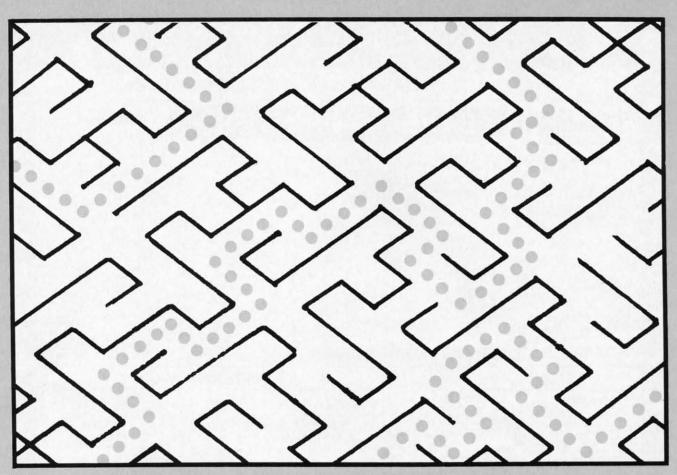
CALL TOLL FREE 800-233-8760 Customer Service 1-717-327-1825



or send order to Lyco Computer P.O. Box 5088 Jersey Shore, PA 17740

RISK FREE POLICY

In-stock items shipped within 24 hours of order. No deposit on C O D orders. Free shipping on prepaid cash orders within the continental U S. Volume discounts available. PA residents add sales tax. APO FPO and international orders add \$500 plus 39% for priority mail service. Advertised prices show 4% discount for cash, add 4% for MasterCard or Visa. Personal checks require 4 weeks' clearance before shipping. Ask about UPS Blue and Red label shipping. All merchandise carried under manufacturer's warranty. Free catalog with order. All items subject to change without notice.



HEAD TO HEAD

Two-Player Maze Action for the C-64 By Doug Smoak

y first computer was a VIC 20 and I enjoyed playing and writing games for it. But one shortcoming of those games was that they were usually one person against the computer. You could have multiple players, but they were just taking turns playing against the computer. This was primarily because the VIC has only one joystick port.

When I got my C-64, I was so happy with its two joystick ports that I decided to write a game where two people could compete "head to head." This game is the result of that effort. It is the competition side by side on the screen that makes this game so much fun to play.

The format of the game is not that unusual: a maze filled with dots that you must guide your players through to gather points. The idea is to gather the dots before your opponent can. Since you play in identical mazes that are side by side on the screen, you don't really know where your opponent is until you see the dots in *your* maze disappearing.

The game has several options that may help to even out two players of different ages or skills. You can choose to play a number of rounds and have the score accumulate from each round until the game is over. You can choose to have a bonus (a large x) placed in the maze that will be worth 500 points (50 dots) and you can replay a particular maze over and over by answering the MAZE NUMBER? prompt with the same number over and over. If you just hit RETURN you will get a randomly chosen maze.

After the options have been chosen the computer will draw the two mazes on the screen and fill them with dots. When the mazes are finished a "tune" will start playing and a 10-second countdown will begin before you can start. This countdown gives you a chance to plan your strategy and intimidate your opponent with verbal abuse. When the game is over the screen will show scores and announce the winner.

While this may seem like a friendly and harmless little game, I will not be responsible for broken friendships, marriages, or bones when you play *Head to Head*.

The listing has some comments in it to help you in debugging your program if you type it in and have problems.

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 119

COMMODORIE ROOTS

MEMORY MAGIC

By Mark Andrews

he engineers who designed the Commodore 64 accomplished quite a feat: they stuffed 88 kilobytes of memory in a 64K machine. So, from a memory-management point of view, the C-64 is a rare breed of computer. Most 64K computers have only 48K or so of addressable RAM, plus around 16K of ROM, for a total of 64K. But the C-64 has a full 64K of user-addressable RAM, plus 24K of built-in ROM, for a total of 88K of memory.

This 88K is controlled by a pair of memory locations that occupy addresses \$0000 and \$0001 (that's just plain 0 and 1 in decimal notation, if you're not familiar with hexadecimal). With the help of these two memory registers, a skilled programmer can wield a tremendous

FIGURE 1
A SIMPLIFIED MEMORY MAP OF THE COMMODORE 64 (NOT TO SCALE)

\$FFFF \$DBFF	OPERATING SYSTEM ROM (THE COMMODORE KERNAL)
	COLOR MEMORY
\$D800	VIDEO, SOUND, AND I/O RAM AND ROM
\$D000	FREE RAM
\$C000	BASIC ROM
\$A000	
	FREE RAM
\$0800	VIDEO MEMORY
\$0400	OPERATING SYSTEM RAM
\$0100 \$0000	PAGE ZERO RAM—USED BY OPERATING SYSTEM

amount of control over a 64. By simply switching certain bits on and off in this pair of registers, you can actually determine which portions of your computer's memory will be used as RAM, and which blocks of memory will be used as ROM. And, as we shall see before this column is finished, that's a tremendous amount of power for a computer programmer to have.

If you really wanted to, you could use memory registers \$0000 and \$0001 to switch off every byte of ROM in your C-64. Then, if you had the necessary programming skill, you could turn your computer into a totally customized machine, with a homemade operating system and a set of input/output drivers of your own design. We're not going to get nearly that ambitious, but we will be dealing with one pretty fancy trick that involves switching back and forth between RAM and ROM. In this month's edition of *Commodore Roots*, you'll learn how to copy your computer's built-in character set from ROM into RAM. Then, next month, you'll learn how to modify this new character set and turn it into a set of custom-designed text or graphics characters.

YOUR COMPUTER'S MEMORY MAP

Before we start doing all this, let's take a look at a memory map of the C-64. Figure 1 is a simplified map that illustrates your C-64's default memory configuration—what the computer's memory map looks like when the power is first turned on.

Addresses \$0000 through \$00FF. The block of memory that extends from \$0000 through \$00FF—often referred to as Page Zero—is so desirable that the designers of the C-64 claimed most of it for themselves. The operating system, the BASIC interpreter, and other essential ingredients of your computer system take up most of the available space on Page Zero. Consequently, there's very little room left on Page Zero for use in other kinds of programs.

This shortage of space on Page Zero can create tough problems for the assembly language programmer. It restricts the use of Page-Zero addressing, which can make programs run faster, and it also makes it difficult to use indirect indexed addressing, which will not work at all unless space on Page Zero is available. To write the best possible assembly language programs, therefore, a programmer just has to find at least a few free memory addresses on Page Zero. And, as you can see by looking at the following list, that can be quite a chore.

This column was adapted especially for Ahoy! from Mark Andrews' book, Commodore 64/128 Assembly Language Programming, published in 1985 by Howard W. Sams & Co. Inc., Indianapolis, IN, and printed with the permission of Sams.

USEABLE PAGE-ZERO ADDRESSES

Memory Locations	Descriptions of Registers' Functions
\$00-\$01	Special 6510 processor I/O addresses
\$02	Not used
\$03-\$FA	Registers used by BASIC and the C-64 operating system
\$FB-\$FE	Bytes left free for user-written programs
\$FF	Used by BASIC interpreter

As you can see, there are only four bytes on Page Zero -\$FB, \$FC, \$FD, and \$FE-that are always free for use in user-written programs. But there are quite a few Zero-Page addresses that can be used safely in certain situations. For example, many of the addresses on Page Zero are reserved for use by the Commodore 64 BASIC interpreter, and a number of other Page-Zero addresses are used only by the floating-point arithmetic routines that are built into the 64. So, in assembly language programs that are not called from BASIC and do not make use of BASIC's floating-point routines, there are actually quite a few Page-Zero addresses that can be used. A complete list of these addresses can be found on the memory map starting on page 310 of the Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide.

WCCA PRESENTS



FEBRUARY 8th & 9th CATHEDRAL HILL HOTEL

CALL 800-227-4730 for hotel reservations

- 100+ VENDOR BOOTHS & DISPLAYS NATIONAL COMMODORE SPEAKERS SHOW SPECIALS & DISCOUNTS SEE THE LATEST INNOVATIONS IN
- HARDWARE/ SOFTWARE TECHNOLOGY FOR THE COMMODORE MARKET

The only West Coast exhibition and conference focusing exclusively on the AMIGA Commodore 128 PC and C-64 marketplace.

REGISTRATION FEES: ONE DAY \$10.00 TWO DAY \$15.00

FOR MORE INFORMATION AND DETAILS CONTACT:

WEST COAST COMMODORE ASSOCIATION, INC. P.O.BOX 210638 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94121 (415)982-1040 BETWEEN 8AM-5PM PST

Reader Service No. 188

Addresses \$0100 through \$01FF (The Stack). Page One of the 64's memory—that is, the segment of memory that extends from \$0100 through \$01FF-is a special bank of memory called the stack. This is the section that the C-64's 6510 microprocessor uses as a temporary storage area during the processing of machine language programs. The stack is heavily used by the C-64 operating system, and is also available for use as a temporary storage area by user-written programs. Before you can use Page One safely, however, it is essential to have an understanding of how the stack works in assembly language programs. Under ordinary conditions, the stack cannot be used at all for permanent data storage. And, unless you have a thorough understanding of stack operations, it's best to stay completely away from Page One.

Addresses \$0200 through \$03FF. Most of the memory space that extends from \$0200 through \$03FF is reserved for use by the Commodore 64 operating system. However, there is one small block of memory in this area that is usually free for use in user-written programs. This free block, 88 bytes long, extends from memory address \$0237 through memory address \$02FF. This segment is memory is too short to do much programming in, but it can be a useful spot for storing data tables.

Addresses \$0400 through \$07FF. When you turn on your Commodore 64, the segment of memory that extends from \$0400 through \$07FF is the block that your computer uses as a memory map-that is, for the storage of data which it uses to generate its screen display. When the C-64 is in its high-resolution mode, however, this area is not nearly large enough to hold the amount of data that is needed for a screen map; it has only 1,000 bytes of storage space, while a high-resolution map requires 8,000 bytes. A high-resolution screen map can be stored in almost any block of free RAM that's big enough, and it's the programmer's responsibility to find one. Since the \$0400-\$07FF block of memory is not large enough to be used for high-resolution screen-mapping, it is generally used for another purpose in high-resolution programs: specifically, to determine what colors will be used in the C-64's high-resolution screen display.

Addresses \$0800 through \$9FFF. The 38K block of memory that extends from \$0800 through \$9FFF is free RAM, specifically set aside for use by user-written or commercial applications programs. When you write a program-or buy one-this is the area of memory in which it will usually be stored.

At first glance, this looks like quite a big hunk of memory. Unfortunately, however, the closer you look at it, the smaller it gets. When you write an assembly language program, your assembler, editor, and machine language monitor usually consume a large portion of this section of memory. And when you write a program that requires the use of both assembly language and BASIC, you can cramp your style even more, since you then have to take special precautions to keep your BASIC and machine language programs from running into each other. Some tips on how to separate the BASIC and machine language portions of a program will be provided later in this series of columns.

Addresses \$A000 through \$BFFF. When you turn on your 64, memory addresses \$A000 through \$BFFF are usually occupied by your computer's BASIC interpreter. If you don't need BASIC in a program, however, you can switch this block of memory from ROM to RAM, and can thus add 8K of user-accessible RAM to your computer's memory. Details on how to do this will also be provided later in this column.

Addresses \$C000 through \$CFFF. In memory locations \$C000 through \$CFFF, there is another 4K of RAM that's theoretically free for use in user-written programs. You sometimes have to be careful with this block of memory, though, since several popular C-64 assemblers—including the Commodore 64 assembler, the Merlin 64, and the Panther C-64—all make use of it in one way or another. If you know how to stay out of your assembler's way, however, this is a useable segment of your computer's memory.

Addresses \$D000 through \$D800. Memory registers \$D000 through \$DFFF serve double-duty functions in the Commodore 64. With the help of some fairly sophisticated bank-switching techniques, these addresses are used as both RAM and ROM by the C-64's operating system. When they are used as RAM, their primary function is to help control input/output devices. When they are used as ROM, they hold the data which the C-64 uses to print characters on its video monitor. The techniques used to switch this block of addresses back and forth between RAM and ROM will be explained below.

Addresses \$D800 through \$DBFF. When the Commodore 64 is in its text mode, memory addresses \$D800 through \$DBFF are used for the storage of color data: the data that determines the colors of characters displayed on the screen. When the C-64 is in its high-resolution mode, this area of RAM is not used for color data and is free for other uses.

Addresses \$DC00 through \$FFFF. This block of memory is occupied by the Commodore 64 Kernal, a collection of machine language input/output routines that are extensively used by the C-64 operating system and are also available for use by user-written programs. If you had a need to, you could switch the C-64's Kernal ROM out of this area and use it as free RAM—but if you did that, you'd have to write your own operating system. A detailed explanation of the C-64 Kernal and how to use it can be found in Chapter 5 of the Commodore 64 Programmer's Reference Guide.

ANOTHER LOOK AT \$0000 AND \$0001

As pointed out earlier, programs that switch back and forth between RAM and ROM often make use of memory registers \$0000 and \$0001. In literature about the Commodore 64, memory register \$0000 is often referred to as the computer's data-direction register, or as Register D6510. The D6510 register, as its name implies, is used to control the direction of the flow of data into and out of specified blocks of memory. It is also used to control

the direction of data flow to and from the Commodore 64 datacassette recorder.

Memory Location \$0001 is the Commodore 64's input/output port, or control port. It is often labeled R6510 in C-64 assembly language programs. The chief function of the R6510 register is to determine which blocks of memory will be used as RAM, and which as ROM, during the operation of a program.

The R6510 register and the D6510 have eight bits each, but only the lower six bits in each register—that is, Bits 0 through 5—are significant. And there is a direct one-to-one correspondence between each of these bits in each register. The six significant bits of the R6510 register are used to control the types of I/O data that flow to and from the C-64. And each significant bit of the data direction register controls the direction of the flow of this data. If a bit of the D6510 register is set to 1, then data which flows through the corresponding bit of the R6510 register is output data. If a bit of the D6510 register is cleared to 0, then the data which flows through the corresponding bit of the R6510 is input data. On the facing page is a table listing the six significant bits of the D6510 and R6510 registers, along with their functions.

THE MAGIC BIT

The table on page 76 shows quite clearly what Bits 0, 1, 3, 4, and 5 of the R6510 and D6510 registers do. But Bit



THE R6510 AND D6510 REGISTERS Setting at Rit Name Power-Up Function 1 (Output) On: \$A000-\$BFFF is BASIC LORAM Off: \$A000-\$BFFF is RAM HIRAM 1 (Output) On: \$E000-\$FFFF is Kernal ROM Off: \$E000-\$FFFF is RAM CHAREN 1 (Output) On: \$D000-\$DFFF is I/O ROM Off: \$D000-\$DFFF is character ROM 1 (Output) On: Write to cassette line 3 Off: Read from cassette line 0 (Input) On: Cassette switch pressed Off: Cassette switch not pressed 1 (Output) On: Cassette motor on

2 - the CHAREN bit - is worthy of special note. It's the "magic bit" in the D6510 and R6510 registers; it determines whether memory addresses \$D000 through \$DFFF will be used as RAM registers by the C-64's operating system, or as character-generator ROM. When Bit 2 of the R6510 register is set, the D000-\$DFFF block of memory is used as RAM, primarily by the portion of the operating system that controls the operation of I/O devices. When the CHAREN bit is clear, all RAM stored in the \$D000-\$DFFF area becomes temporarily inacces-

WE WON'T PAY YOUR INCOME TAXES!

. INCLUDES the tax tables

SAVES all your data to disk.
 PRINTS all data from each form

. DISCOUNT coupon towards the purchase

of next year's updated program

Off: Cassette motor off

But TAX MASTER will help you complete them more QUICKLY and EASILY. Be the Master of your taxes with TAX MASTER, now available for your 1985 Federal Income Taxes for the Commodore 64 nodore 128, with single, twin, or dual disk drive and optional printer. Look at these . CALCULATES your taxes and REFUND.

- . FORMS 1040, 4562, and Schedules
- A. B. C. D. E. and F

(Not for Commodore 128)

- PERFORMS all arithmetic CORRECTLY.
 EASY CHANGE of any entry, with EASY **RECALCULATION** of entire form
- PURCHASE PRICE IS TAX DEDUCTIBLE

.. (DISK ONLY) \$28.00 TAX MASTER..... For C64/C128.....

USER PORT EXTENDERS TIRED OF COMPUTER LOCKUP?

RESET MASTER resets your computer even when the keyboard locks up. Just plug the serial port. No soldering RESET MASTER provides 2 serial ports and a 2-foot serial extension. Includes RENEW programs to restore your BASIC program

RESET MASTER C64/VIC 20 \$24.95

TOO MANY SYNTAX ERRORS?

HELP MASTER 64 provides Instant On-Line Help screens for all 69 BASIC commands, when you need them. Takes no BASIC RAM. No interference with loading, saving, editing, or running BASIC programs. Help information can remain on-screen while you program, or a single keystroke can remove it. Compatible with DOS WEDGE Includes a 368 page BASIC reference manual. Be sure to specify disk or

HELP MASTER 64 \$24.95

Put your MODEM where your Mouse is! MODEM MASTER is a 4-foot extender for the user (MODEM) port. Keep your MODEM out where you can see it, and where it won't get crushed against the wall! Use your 1650 AutoModem with the SX-641

MODEM MASTER \$24.95

MODEM MASTER PLUS has the same features as MODEM MASTER, plus it contains the same reset function and programs as RESET MASTER. (Not for the Commodore 128)

MODEM MASTER PLUS \$29.95

CAN YOU USE TWO PRINTERS?

Y-NOT? is a 6-foot "Y" cable for the 6-pin DIN serial port, containing 1 male plug and 2 female jacks. Use 2 serial printers (different device numbers) at the same time, or put disk drive and printer on different sides of your computer

Y-NOT? \$10.00

OTHER PRODUCTS FROM MASTER SOFTWARE

Send check or money order to

MASTER SOFTWARE

Randallstown, MD 6 Hillery Ct. 21133

All prices in US Dollars, Surface shipping in US and Canada is included. Foreign orders add \$5.

Canadian orders use Canadian POSTAL money
order. Maryland residents add 5% sales tax. sible, and 4K of character-generator ROM-better known to most Commodore 64 users as the C-64 character setis switched in. In memory management jargon, that kind of electronic hocus-pocus is called bank-switching. Here's how it works:

The Commodore 64's screen graphics are produced by a sophisticated microprocessor called a Video Interface Chip, or VIC-II. To generate the characters that it displays on the C-64's screen, this chip uses a 4K character set that is permanently stored in RAM addresses \$D000 through \$DFFF. However, the VIC-II chip does not need access to this character data all the time. Under ordinary conditions, the VIC chip has to refer to its character-generator data only 60 times each second, during a split-second screen blackout that is often referred to as a video refresh cycle. The rest of the time, the VIC chip is busy with other matters, and does not require access to its character data. Most of the time, therefore, the Commodore 64 keeps the character ROM on the \$D000-\$DFFF block of memory bank-switched out, and keeps a 4K block of RAM bank-switched in. Only during the video refresh cycle does the \$D000-\$DFFF memory block become character-generator ROM. This switching process takes place so rapidly, and so transparently, that it is hardly ever noticeable to the average Commodore user-or to the average Commodore programmer. As far as most programmers are concerned, the memory that extends from \$D000 to \$DFFF is nothing but RAM. But actually, as we have seen, it is a double-purpose block of memory that is sometimes RAM and sometimes ROM.

This bank-switching technique is an ingenious method for expanding the nominal memory of a computer. However, it can occasionally cause problems. Sometimes a programmer would like to have access to the C-64's built-in character set for a longer period of time than the brief video refresh cycle provides. For example, sometimes a programmer might want to copy the computer's character set from ROM into RAM, so that it can be modified and then used in a user-written program. And this is a situation in which Bit 2 of the R6510 chip can come in quite handy. To prevent the C-64's character data from being bank-switched out while it is being copied, all a programmer has to do is turn off the CHAREN bit while the data-duplication process is taking place, and then turn it on again. While the CHAREN bit is off, the character-generator ROMI in the \$D000-\$DFFF block of memory can be copied into RAM. Then, when the copying operation is finished, the CHAREN bit can be turned back on.

The listing on page 104, called MOVECHRS, is an assembly language program that turns the CHAREN bit off, copies the C-64 character set from ROM into RAM, and then turns the CHAREN bit on again. In next month's column, we'll see how this duplicate character set can be combined with high-resolution graphics and incorporated into some user-written programs.

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 104

CAIDIET'S COLUMN

Building Up to Structured Programming By Cheryl Peterson

few months ago, I talked about programming and presented a mortgage program that was thrown together in a rather slipshod manner. The point was to show that a program doesn't have to be a work of art to work. Today, we'll examine two different versions of the same program, Compuphobia. The first version is an unstructured but functional quiz program. The second version is the perfected and organized version. (Well, since perfection is relative, it's relatively perfected.) You'll probably notice right away that the second is shorter. This is one objective of structured programming: to make prudent use of computer memory by shortening a program. We'll take a close look at how this is possible.

Another reason for structuring is to make the resulting program easier to modify for alternative purposes. We'll touch on that a bit, too.

The third point of our exercise is to have a little fun. Our program supposedly measures an individual's level of compuphobia. After you've typed it in, you can try it on your "phobic phriends."

But first, let's pretend that you're going to design a program that asks a series of questions and analyzes the answers to come up with a pseudo-scientific result. We want to devise questions whose answers give some indication of how well a person will interact with a computer. So the first step is to create a multiple choice test, similar to the ones given by schools. Then you must come up with a way to analyze the answers and give an evaluation of the total.

I devised a ten-question quiz with one bonus question. Using a rating system that weighs answers on a 0-3 scale, I came up with possible scores between 0 and 30. Since I think most people's reactions to computers fall into one of four categories, my test gives four classifications depending on the quiz results.

Throughout the remainder of this column we'll be referring to the two program listings found under the heading *Compuphobia – Slipshod Version* (page 100) and *Structured Version* (page 101).

PROGRAMMING

Once you've got the questions, the fun starts. Programming! PRINT statements are used to display the questions on the screen. To read the answers, we need to accept input from the keyboard. There are two ways to do this: GET or INPUT statements. I chose to use INPUT because it waits for a carriage return before accepting input. This allows the person taking the test to change his mind. A short bit about GET statements later when we examine the structured version of the program. For now, let's look at the messy one.

130 PRINT"USING MY MICROWAVE'S AUTOMATIC
TIMER AND PRE-PROGRAMMED"

131 PRINT"COOKING CYCLES BOTHERS ME"

132 PRINT"1) NONE"

133 PRINT"2) A LITTLE"

134 PRINT"3) SOME"

135 INPUT"4) VERY MUCH"; A

Now that we have the answer to the first question (line 135), we need to evaluate the answer and quantify it. We could assign a different variable to each question and then figure it all out at the end, but I wanted to keep variables to a minimum. So each answer is assigned to A, evaluated, and then added to the total score T.

136 IF A=1THENT=0

137 IF A=2THENT=1

138 IF A=3THENT=2

139 IF A=4THENT=3

Using the IF/THEN statements, let us compare the answer to a particular value and then reassign a value to the score. In subsequent answer evaluations, we take the new value and add it to the total we're accumulating. When the test is complete, we'll have a total that reflects all the choices made.

Since we need to be sure there's no cheating, we make sure the answer is between 1 and 4. A PRINT statement is used to help illuminate the problem when an incorrect number is used.

148 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 230

149 PRINT"TRY USING A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 130

Actually, while this appears to be the correct way to go about doing it, it isn't. This is just a ruse to show you an example of sloppy programming. While it checks for the right range, it doesn't evaluate for whole numbers. This means that in this version decimal values will be accepted: 2.195 or 4.9, for instance. An alternative would be

148 IF A=1 OR A=2 OR A=3 OR A=4 THEN GOT O 230

These sequences are repeated until all the questions have been answered, except the last. Note the subtle changes in the values in lines 136-139, 236-239, and 336-339. These change since the reverse order of evaluation is needed for some of the questions.

The bonus question requires a different method of evaluation, because it is the only one that subtracts from the accumulated total.

The remainder of the program compares the total score with a base figure and then prints the appropriate evaluation.

THE STRUCTURED VERSION

The structured version is organized differently. The organization is still fairly loose, but repeating sections have been moved to subroutines at the end of the program. In BASIC, these are called "subroutines." In truly structured programming, they are usually called "procedures." If you look in the early portions of the program you'll see a lot of GOSUBs. These route the program execution to the line specified. The program will continue along until it "sees" a RETURN, at which point it will go back to the line following the GOSUB command.

Line 31 of the structured version of the program uses a GET statement to hold the display until a character is entered. Each GET statement can be used to take as many as 10 characters from the keyboard and assign them to variables. For instance, to get the first five characters you would use a statement similar to "GET A\$, B\$, C\$, D\$, E\$." The "\$" following each letter variable means to treat the variable as a character value, rather than a numeric or integer value.

In line 31, I was only interested in using the first character, so I only assigned one variable. By comparing it with nothing (IF Z\$="") and repeating that line until another character is received, the copyright notice stays on the screen until a character is pressed.

The next line clears the screen, giving a clean slate for the first question to appear on. The sloppy version of the program doesn't have the "clear" statements to keep everything pretty. The way the sloppy version is written, there would have to be a dozen of these statements to make the program look as nice as the structured version. The structured version takes care of this using four lines—100, 5005, 10140, and 10240.

As you can see, the first two printed questions are followed by a GOSUB 10001. This prints the answer options and grabs the answer. Because we use the variable A%, the answer must be an integer value to be valid. (We could be fancy and include a trap to evaluate the answer and request an integer value only, but that would complicate matters too much.)

GOSUB 5000 analyzes the answer to make certain that it falls between one and four, and if not clears the screen and prints the invitation to pick an appropriate answer. Execution returns to the last question section, where the next line again evaluates whether the answer was valid. If the answer is invalid, the question is repeated on the newly cleared screen, right below the request for a valid answer. If the answer was okay, a GOSUB sends the program off to evaluate the latest answer and add it to the total.

The subroutine at 10050 handles the answers for questions four and five. Since all the rest of the questions have different answers, each is followed directly by its options. The results section of the structured program is no different from the sloppy version.

TEST RESULTS

Of course, this test has not been scientifically verified or researched. I invented all the questions and answers and determined how the final evaluation went, so don't put too much weight on your test results. What the program does do, though, is illustrate how you can create quizzes for your family and friends.

It is much easier to modify a structured program than a slipshod program. Here's a challenge. Choose a group of questions that have only one correct answer and three invalid ones. Write the PRINT and INPUT statements for your questions. That's the easy part! Now, rewrite the subroutine at 10100 to lock out the incorrect answers and only give points for a correct answer.

Can you imagine how difficult it would be to go through and modify the evaluation sections for each question in the unstructured version? You'd be at it for hours. With the structured version it can be done easily.

SIMPLE AND NOT SO SIMPLE

The easiest way to redesign the structured program would be just to reassign the "T=T+?" values to 0 for the noncorrect answers and 1 for the correct answer. However, this would require six lines for each possible answer. Since each question has a possibility of four correct answers, we'd need four subroutines to cover all possible answers. After all, in a multiple choice test we don't want all the answers to be the same, right? This would mean 24 lines to cover all possibilities and one GOSUB per question to send execution to the subroutine that has the correct answer. Can you think of a way to do the same thing, but use fewer lines?

20100 IF A%=1 THEN T=T+1

20110 PRINT"[CLR]"

20120 RETURN

20200 IF A%=2 THEN T=T+1

20210 PRINT"[CLR]"

20220 RETURN

20300 IF A%=3 THEN T=T+1

20310 PRINT"[CLR]"

20320 RETURN

20400 IF A%=4 THEN T=T+1

20410 PRINT"[CLR]"

20420 RETURN

If 1 is the correct answer use GOSUB 20100, 2= 20200, 3=20300, 4=20400.

Half as many lines! Not bad, huh? Actually, I showed you the difficult way first. I hope this gives you some ideas for projects of your own. If any of you would like to share some of your projects with me, I'd be delighted to take a look at them. I'm available on Viewtron (user ID 266399CCP) or through letters forwarded to me by the *Ahoy!* staff. I occasionally stop in at *Ahoy!'s Port of Call* on PlayNET as well.

Unless something more pressing comes up, I will be examining some copy products next month. If there's anything in particular you'd like to see in my column, let me know. I'm always open to suggestions. □

SEE PROGRAM LISTINGS ON PAGE 100

By Dale Rupert



ach month, we'll present several challenges designed to stimulate your synapses and toggle the bits in your cerebral random access memory. We invite you to send your solutions to:

> Commodares, c/o Ahoy! P.O. Box 723 Bethel, CT 06801

We will print and discuss the cleverest, simplest, shortest, most interesting and/or most unusual solutions. Be sure to identify the name and number of the problems you are solving. Also show sample runs if possible, where appropriate. Be sure to tell what makes your solutions unique or interesting, if they are.

Programs on diskette are welcome, but they must be accompanied by listings. You must enclose a stamped, self-addressed envelope if you want any of your materials returned. Solutions received by the middle of the month shown on the magazine cover are most likely to be discussed, but you may send solutions and comments any time. Your original programming problems, suggestions, and ideas are equally welcome. The best ones will become Commodares!

PROBLEM #26-1: APPLES ANYONE?

Ted Grondski (Springfield, MA) sent a selection of problems he has proposed to his user's group. Here's a good problem in logical deduction. Ted suggests you might need access to an Apple computer to solve it, but I'll get the Commodore computers will do as well.

Eight teenagers divided 32 apples as follows: Ann got one, Beth took two, Kate three, and Dot four. Ed Smith took as many as his sister, Fred Brown twice as many as his sister, George Black three times as many as his, and Jack Robinson four times as many as his sister. What are the full names of the girls?

PROBLEM #26-2: WHAT'S YOUR SINE?

John Prager (Bay City, MI) sent a collection of mathematical problems. This one requests an angle in radians, and the computer responds with the sine of that angle. One catch, of course. Your program must not use any trigonometric or logarithmic functions.

PROBLEM #26-3: DUAL VOWELS

Write the shortest program which prints every possible combination of four letters containing any two (and only two) of the vowels a, e, i, o, or u. "Good dare" are two such combinations.

PROBLEM #26-4: SPELLED NUMBER

Is there any number equal in value to the sum of the letters of its name, assuming that A=1, B=2, and so forth? For example, "one" equals "15 + 14 + 5" or 34, but obviously "1" does not equal "34." This one shouldn't be too difficult if you refer to the solutions to Problem #20-2: Numeral Converter, discussed in the December 1985 column.

We have some interesting and useful solutions to the October 1985 Commodares, including what just might be the world's longest listable BASIC program line. We promised in October that we would list Jim Speers' (Niles, MI) solution to his Problem #22-1: Making Change, so here it is.

1 REM COMMODARE #22-1:

2 REM MAKING CHANGE

3 REM SOLUTION BY JIM SPEERS

4 REM

100 INPUT"ENTER AMOUNT: \$";T:T%=T*100+.5 : IFT%>1000THEN100

110 INPUT"ENTER # OF COINS:"; C%: X%=T%-C% : IFX%<OTHEN160

120 Y%=X%/4:D%=X%-4*Y%:Y%=Y%-2*D%:IFY%<0 THEN160

130 Q%=Y%/6:N%=Y%-6*Q%:P%=C%-Q%-D%-N%:IF P%<OTHEN160

140 Z%=Q%:Z\$="QUARTER":GOSUB170:Z%=D%:Z\$ ="DIME":GOSUB170

150 Z%=N%:Z\$="NICKEL":GOSUB170:Z%=P%:Z\$= "PENNY": GOSUB170: END

160 PRINT"NO SOLUTION POSSIBLE": END

170 PRINTZ%; Z\$;: IFZ\$="PENNY" ANDZ% <> 1THEN PRINT"+IES": RETURN

180 IFZ%<>1THENPRINT"S": RETURN

190 PRINT: RETURN

The problem was to find a combination of a specified number of quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies which added up to a specified amount of money. We arbitrarily limited the money amount to \$10.00. Jim did some algebra before writing his program. If you are interested in his solutions to the set of simultaneous equations, send me a stamped, self-addressed envelope with your request clearly stated.

The solution from B. A. Zidovec (Kitchener, ONT) lets the computer step through all possible combinations of coins, looking for the right ones. Eventually all solutions are found, but eventually can be a long time. Perhaps you can modify this program so that the current values of coins are displayed as an indication that the computer really is thinking.

```
1 REM COMMODARE #22-1:
2 REM MAKING CHANGE
3 REM SOLUTION BY B. ZIDOVEC
4 REM
10 INPUT"AMOUNT $"; A: A=A*100: INPUT"# OF
COINS"; C: PRINT: PRINT" Q D N P": PRINT
20 FORQ=0TOA/25: FORD=0TOA/10: FORN=0TOA/5
: FORP=0TOA: IFQ+D+N+P<>CTHEN40
30 IF 25*Q+10*D+5*N+P=A THEN PRINTQ; D; N;
P:F=1
40 NEXT P,N,D,Q: IF F=0 THEN PRINT"NO SOL
UTION"
```

Paul T. Dawson (Waitsfield, VT) sent a very compact and speedy solution which prints all possible coin combinations.

```
100 REM PROBLEM #22-1 : MAKING CHANGE
110 :
120 REM PAUL T. DAWSON
130 :
140 INPUT "AMOUNT OF MONEY (CENTS)";X
150 INPUT "NUMBER OF COINS";Y
160 FOR Q = INT((X-Y)/24) TO 0 STEP -1
170 FOR D = 0 TO 100
180 N = (X-Y-(24*Q)-(9*D))/4
190 P = Y - (Q+D+N)
200 IF Q>=0 AND N>=0 AND P>=0 AND N=INT(
N) THEN PRINT "Q"Q"D"D"N"N"P"P
210 IF N > 0 THEN NEXT D
220 NEXT Q : PRINT "FINISHED"
230 P = Y - (Q+D+N)
```

Paul's program tells you when it is finished. The amount of money must be entered in cents, although you may easily modify that if desired.

Problem #22-2: Simple Comparison brought several types of solutions. Three representative approaches have been combined into the following program.

```
1 REM
       COMMODARE #22-2:
 REM
              SIMPLE COMPARISON
3 REM
       SOLUTIONS BY
4 REM
         NORM GREEN (LINES 100-130)
5 REM
         FRANK SMITH (LINES 200-250)
6 REM
       & DENNIS FURMAN (LINES 300-350)
7 REM
10 DATA 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10
20 DATA 10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,2
30 FOR N=1 TO 10 : READ A(N) : NEXT
40 FOR N=1 TO 10 : READ B(N) : NEXT
```

60 ON CT GOSUB 100, 200, 300 70 IF CT<3 THEN 50 80 END 100 FOR N=1 TO 10:XA=XA+A(N):YA=YA*A(N)110 XB=XB+B(N) : YB=YB*B(N) : NEXT120 IF XA=XB AND YA=YB THEN PRINT : PRIN T"MATCH" : RETURN 130 PRINT"NOT A MATCH" : RETURN 200 FOR C=1 TO 10:FOR D=C TO 10:IFA(C)<> B(D) THEN 220 210 H=B(C):B(C)=B(D):B(D)=H:GOTO 240 220 NEXT D 230 PRINT"THE TWO SETS ARE NOT THE SAME" : RETURN 240 NEXT C 250 PRINT"THE TWO SETS CONTAIN THE SAME NUMBERS": RETURN 300 FOR I=1 TO 10: FORJ=10 TO I+1 STEP-1 310 IF A(J)>A(J-1)THENC=A(J-1):A(J-1)=A(J):A(J)=C320 IF B(J)>B(J-1)THEND=B(J-1):B(J-1)=B(J):B(J)=D330 NEXT J 340 IFA(I)<>B(I)THEN PRINT"NOT EQUAL": RE TURN

The problem was to compare two sets of ten numbers in DATA statements to determine if the sets contained the same numbers or not. Norm Green (Perth, ONT) took an interesting approach. He calculated the sums and products of the two sets of numbers and compared those results. His program, as submitted, performed the calculations as the values were being read without having to store them in numeric arrays. Unfortunately, John's solution will not work if either list contains one particular number. Can you figure out what it is? (It is really nothing at all.)

350 NEXT I : PRINT"EQUAL": RETURN

It is also possible (but not likely) that two differing sets of numbers might have the same sum and product, isn't it? (There's another challenge for you mathematically oriented readers.) If the lists do not contain zero, and if they contain small enough numbers so that an accurate product can be determined, John's method is a quick and efficient approach.

Jim Speers also checked the sums of the numbers, but simply as a preliminary checksum. If their sums differ, Jim knows right away that the sets don't match. If their sums agree, then Jim's program performed a sort and comparison.

Frank T. Smith (Wilmington, DE), in part two of the program above, took each number in the first set and looked for a match in the second set. If a match is found, his program switches numbers in the second set to protect the matched numbers from any further comparisons. Several readers overlooked the important point of elimi-

50 CT=CT+1

nating any matched values from further checking. For example, the sets 1,1,2 and 1,2,2 will match unless the used values are somehow "crossed out." James Borden (Carlisle, PA) replaced the matched values with 1E38. Paul Dawson converted the numbers to strings and replaced matches with the null string "".

One other approach is exemplified by the third part of the program above from Dennis Furman (Edwards, CA). Dennis' program sorts the two sets of numbers from high to low. It compares values after each pass through the bubble sort, and it exits when the first inequality is reached or when the ten numbers are equal. You can compare the speeds of the three programs for yourself by adding timing statements such as these:

45 TI\$="ທິດທິດທີ" 65 PRINT TI-TM "JIFFIES FOR PART" CT : T M=TI

Other readers had solutions similar to the examples listed above.

Problem #22-3: Measured Decimals brought quite a few solutions. The program from Matt Shapiro (Fort Lee, NJ) listed below is representative of many of the responses:

1 REM COMMODARE #22-3: 2 REM MEASURED DECIMALS

3 REM SOLUTION BY MATT SHAPIRO

4 REM

10 INPUT"HOW MANY INCHES (DECIMAL)"; D

20 W=INT(D):N=INT(64*(D-W)+.5):D=64:IF N =64 THEN PRINT W+1 : END

30 N2=N/2:IF N2=INT(N2) THEN N=N2:D=D/2: GOTO 30

40 PRINT W; "AND"; STR\$(N); "/"; MID\$(STR\$(D),2): END

The user enters a number of inches in decimal form, and the program responds with a whole number and a fractional number of inches rounded to the nearest sixty-fourth of an inch. Line 20 of Matt's program converts the decimal fraction to a proper fraction. Line 30 reduces the fraction to its lowest terms by repeatedly dividing the numerator by two, since two is the only prime factor of the 64 in the denominator. Notice how Matt eliminated the leading and trailing spaces normally associated with printed numerical values. The secret is to convert the numbers to strings first as he did in line 40.

Several readers sent general base conversion programs in response to *Problem #22-4: Ternary Turnabout*. The problem was simply to convert a base-ten number into its ternary (base-three) equivalent. The solution below from David Hoffner (Brooklyn, NY) is about the most compact one we received.

1 REM COMMODARE #22-4:

2 REM TERNARY TURNABOUT 3 REM SOLUTION BY DAVID HOFFNER

4 REM

5 B=3 : F=B+1

10 INPUT"DECIMAL"; D

20 C=INT(D/B):E=INT(F*(D/B-C)):A\$=RIGHT\$ (STR\$(E),1)+A\$:IF C THEN D=C:GOTO 20

30 PRINT"BASE"B": "A\$

As David pointed out, this program is easily modified to convert numbers from base ten to any base from two through nine. Simply change the value of B in line 5. It is also possible to convert to bases from 11 to 99 by changing the "1" in line 20 to "2". If B is 16, the conversion will give a hexadecimal value. Digits greater than 9 will be displayed as two digit numbers rather than as the letters A through F, but the results are easy to interpret.

Congratulations and thanks to the following readers who have not been mentioned earlier for their solutions to *Commodares*: George Churinsky (Denver, CO), Eric Biberhofer (Dundas, ONT), Wallace Leeker (Lemay, MO), Paul D. Hanus (Akron, OH), Joseph T. Sacco (North Bergen, NJ), Tom Hall (Madison Heights, MI), Thomsen Fung (San Diego, CA), Charles Grady (Cleveland, TN), Peter Troy (Casco, ME), Maurice Tift (Albany, GA), Richard B. Snyder (Chelmsford, MA), John Fraleigh (Wappingers, NY), and Lorne P. Korczak (Hamilton, ONT).

We all know that the longest program line that can be typed is 80 characters. Since BASIC tokenizes keywords



<u>SPECIALS!</u> C-128..\$271 1571 DRIVE..\$245 *C-128 Package - [Computer & Drive]...\$511* PRINTERS- STAR SG10..\$215 SG10C..\$225

Premium COLOR Paper- Pin-feed form, micro-perf. edges. Matching envelopes. * RED,GOLD,BLUE * 100 SKEETS...\$8.95 250...\$16.95 500...\$27.95 50 ENVELOPES-\$3.95 100...\$7.95 250...\$14.95 Paper & Env. Sample Pak- \$16.99 (280 Pcs.) ***Pastel Paper-PINK,GREEN,BLUE,GOLD,CANARY*** Rainbow 400-\$13.95 P&E Sample Pak-\$12.95 200 SKEETS..\$7.95 1000..\$33.95 MIX OR ONE

COLOR Ribbons For Printers. [Black \$1 Less]
*RED *BLUE *GREEN *BROWN *PURPLE *YELLOW
Epson 80's-\$6.99 C-Itoh 8510,NEC 8023-\$7.29
\$G-10, Okidata Microline 82/83/92/93-\$3.85
1525, MPS 801-\$11.95 * Many MORE! CALL *

Print Your Own Newspaper! THE NEWSROOM-\$32.95
PRINT SHOP-\$25.95 PS LIBRARY 1,2,or 3-\$15.99
SUPERBASE-\$52 VIZASTAR XL8-\$77.93
ALTER EGO-\$21 SLOT CAR CONS-\$21 HACKER-\$21
WEB DIMENSION-\$21 MASTER OF THE LAMPS-\$21
MINDSHADDW-\$21 COMPLETE FIREWORKS KIT-\$23
LITTLE COMPUTER PEOPLE RESEARCH PROJECT-\$23
Better than PS NEW! PRINTMASTER for 64/128Changes Font Each Line. Mirror Image-\$26.95
HALLEY PROJECT-\$26 WINTER GAMES-\$26
ULTIMA 3-\$38.95 NEW! ULTIMA 4-\$38.95
ACRO JET-\$23 STAR TREK-\$26 DOODLE-\$25.97

"COLOR" DISKS-SS/DD BULK-20+ .89 100+ .79

THE CREATIVE SOURCE PO BOX 1537 TOMS RIVER, NJ 08754 BO0-235-6648 Ext.738, in CA BO0-235-6647 X-738 Information and Other Prices 201-349-6255 Add 4% Shipping- Min. \$3.00. COD add \$3.00 NJ Residents add 6%. FREE CATALOG

and provides shorthand entry of keywords, it is possible to create program lines which, when LISTed, are much longer than 80 characters. Their only disadvantage (besides unreadability) is that they can't be edited. Jim Speers suggested typing a line number followed by as many "?:" as possible. When such a line is listed, of course, you get a few dozen PRINT statements, separated by colons. In fact, such a line expands to a grand total of 241 characters, including the line number.

But you haven't seen anything yet. Donald H. Graham (Baltimore, MD) suggested ignoring the colons and simply typing 79 question marks after the line number. When you list this line, you will see a syntactically error-ridden string which totals 397 characters. Taking us even further is the suggestion from Lorne P. Korczak (Hamilton, ONT) to type a line number followed by REM and 76 shift-x characters. The shift-x's expand to the longest BASIC keyword, RESTORE. Now we're up to a grand total of 537 characters in a single program line.

Not to be outdone, Donald Graham comes back with the following statements which must be typed in direct mode (without line numbers):

- 1 REM
- 2 REM LONGEST LISTABLE LINE
- 3 REM BY DONALD H. GRAHAM
- 4 REM

5 REM THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS MUST

6 REM BE ENTERED IN DIRECT MODE!! 7 REM

10 REM POKE46,10 : CLR <RETURN>

20 REM POKE2050, 9: POKE2051, 0: POKE2052, 0 <RETURN>

30 REM FORI=2053T02302:POKEI,140:NEXT:PO KE2303,0:POKE2304,0:POKE2305,0<RETURN>

The result of your effort is a LISTable BASIC line containing 1752 characters. Donald agrees it is not worth much to BASIC, but perhaps you can figure out a use for such a line. Donald says that he will be glad to explain what's going on here if you write to him at 125 Cedar Hill Road, Baltimore, MD 21225.

Well, we can't quit these shenanigans without a final word from James Borden (Carlisle, PA). James says to load up your machine language monitor program and try this. Beginning at memory location 0800 (use 1C00 for the Commodore 128), enter 00 05 09 (use 1D instead of 09 for the C-128) 00 F0, and then enter 8C's up to address 0904 (1D04) for the C-128). Finish up with at least three values of 00. This gives a BASIC program line containing 1770 characters, according to James. No doubt the people at Guinness have already contacted James about this! Until next month, keep those keyboards humming.



PROTECTION REVEALED

Take command of your software. End the spiral of buying copy-programs. The Protection Revealed Handbook unravels the puzzle of software protection. For authors and users — become a master of illusion. Learn how to protect or un-protect your software. Includes a large section on successful BASIC program security. Covers the latest evolution of copy protection techniques. Topics include:

Disk Errors

De-Compilers

Extra Sectors

Nibble Counting

Header Modification

Density Changes Gap Bytes Compilers **DOS Protection** Non-Standard Sectors Nibble Back-Up Reveals the mystical professional trade secrets of the Commodore 64 and 1541 Disk Drive. A disk containing 21 utility programs is included. This is the book for everyone!

Book & Disk

\$19.95

\$19.95

THE PROTECTOR

A menu-driven collection of programs which promises to mystify the curious. Basic file Encryption and Decryption are the heart of this system. Also includes autoboot maker, write and un-protect disks, fast disk eraser, ML to data statements, sector editor, relocates files to new location in memory, unnew scratched files, plus much more. A dozen plus programs — the perfect com-panion for the book, *Protection Revealed*.

\$19.95

SUPER HELP

This is the programmer's friend — three aids for the price of one — a must for all users:

- 1. Poster size (21x25) screen and color memory map. Hang on the wall and never hunt for that poke location again.

 2. One of the most complete C-64 memory maps available
- One of the most complete C-94 memory maps available today. Compact and easy to read. Instructions included.
 Set of 18 cheat cards. Includes: 1541 disk drive, DOS wedge, error messages, dassette, 1525, MPS-801, 1526, screen codes, Kernal ROM, sprites, color, sound, conversion charts, Pokes & Peeks, etc. Spiral bound.

All Three Items For:

\$15.95

PROGRAMMER'S KIT

Over 150 ready-to-run subroutines. Easy instructions on how to incorporate into your own programs. Why re-invent the wheel? Your time is valuable. Some of the types included are: TI\$, protection, disk operation, printer operation, sorts ticks, input, graphics, complete alphabets, graphic screen prompts, sound, random choice. Program the easy way. Full documentation included.

\$18.95

PHONE BOOK/POSTAL CLERK

or individuals. 2,500 + ENTRIES Menu-driven, compatible with all printers. Auto save entries and changes. Sorts and

Auto save entries and changes. Sorts and prints phone book or address labels by name, city, state, ZIP code, or group. Eight user-definable mail lists in one program. Keep groups, friends, clubs, Christmas lists, etc. all separate

Disk

BALLISTICS

ATTENTION GUN RELOADERS:

Check trajectory for all popular rifle bullets by weight, caliber, or style. Includes tables for *Hornady* and *Speer* bullets, plus others. Allows for standard metro or high altitude and low temperatures. Prints out table of trajectory (choice of nge increments), bullet drop, wind deflection, and more If you reload your own shells, this program is a must!

\$24.95

\$39.95

Brand X — the disk librarian

Has your disk library grown? Can't find your favorite program when you need it? Are you tired of odd labels? If you answered "yes" to any of the above, you need Brand X. Brand X can catalog 40-plus disks in one file — this is over 4000 programs. Save the catalog file, add to, change, or delete when you want. Get rid of duplication and save disk space. Identifies 14 types of files. Disk commands include: format (in 10 seconds), validate, scratch, change disk ID, change disk name, plus directory. Prints custom disk labels (great for the generic user), lists used ID's and disk names, catalogs in one, two, or three columns. End disk confusion with Brand X, The Disk Librarian.

\$-SAVER SWITCH

Use the S-Saver Switch to connect two computers to one printer, or one disk drive. Better yet, use only one drive and one printer for two computers. A flip of the switch changes the device from one use to the other. Save dollars where more than one computer needs to access the same device. Plugs in - no alterations or extras.

V-20, C-64, C-16, Plus 4, C-128

\$29.95

Your order will be shipped within 48 hours.



Include check or money order – or charge your order to your VISA/MasterCard account. Add \$2 shipping on orders under \$100 total. All orders over \$100 will receive FREE shipping.

Dealer Inquiries Welcomed

CREATED BY USERS FOR USERS

Reader Service No. 183



0

jo

D

ALIGNING THE 1541 DISK DRIVE

Including 1541 Alignment Check for the C-64 and 1541

By Greg Granville

Illustrations accompanying this article are reprinted from *Troubleshooting and Repair of the Commodore* 1541 Disk Drive by Michael G. Peltier, published by Howard W. Sams & Co., Inc., Indianapolis, IN, and appear courtesy of Michael G. Peltier and Howard W. Sams.

he 1541 is a very powerful disk drive for the price. Consider its unique disk formatting system which allows more data to be squeezed onto the disk by placing more sectors on the outer tracks. How about the fact that the Disk Operating System (DOS) is on a ROM chip, ready to obey our commands from the minute we turn the power on? And don't forget that our drive can support relative file structures, something that many other, more expensive drives can't do.

Despite all of the 1541's advanced features, it has at least one serious flaw (most things do): a tendency to go out of alignment far too often. The symptoms of misalignment usually include some combination of the following:

- 1) The red light blinks quickly a few times during a program load.
- 2) The drive head bumps against the track 1 stop several times and the load fails to complete. After the drive stops, the red light continues to blink, indicating an error condition.
- 3) The drive mechanism "clicks" repeatedly when a program load causes the drive to try to read track #1 and the track #1 stopper is improperly set.

If your drive is still under warranty when these symptoms occur, you can usually return it to your dealer for a new one. If your drive is out of warranty, you often do not have any alternative but to box up your 1541 and take it to an authorized service center for repair (get out your checkbook)!

The program that accompanies this article (see page 114) will enable you to accurately determine the alignment status of the drive yourself. You can also use it as a guide in realignment the drive, if you have the inclination to try the job on your own. Before proceeding, you may want to refer to Morton Kevelson's review of CSM Software's 1541 Disk Drive Alignment Program (January '86 Ahoy!, page 84), wherein he provides an explanation of the causes and symptoms of 1541 disk drive misalignment.

THE PROGRAM

Type in the 1541 Alignment Check program and test it out on a formatted disk. I recommend that you use an expendable disk in case you have made a typing error while entering the program. If the program is working properly, the drive motor will run as soon as the program is run. The only way to stop the drive motor and exit the program is to press 'X' on the keyboard. You should be able to move the drive head ½ step at a time by moving the joystick (port 2) to the left and right. Pressing and holding the fire button should cause the red light on the drive to flash at about one-second intervals. Hold down 'T on the keyboard and the head should initialize back to track 18.

Now that we know that the program is working properly, we can use it to check out the alignment. You now need a disk that was formatted on a drive that is in proper alignment. I recommend using a factory formatted disk, such as the Test/Demo disk that came with your disk drive. Insert that disk into the drive and run the *1541 Alignment Check* program. Move the head (with the joystick) to track 17.5 (or any other ½ track).

After moving the head to track 17.5, press and hold the fire button (or depress the SHIFT/LOCK key) for about 10 to 15 seconds. If your drive is in close alignment you will get the message 'ALIGNMENT OK' several times during the check. Take note of the track number read from the disk. If you get track numbers both ½ step above *and* below the track the head is actually on, along with some 'ALIGNMENT OK' messages, your drive is in almost perfect alignment. A good example would be reading alternating 17's and 18's when the actual head position is 17.5. This means that your head is exactly halfway between tracks, which is right where it should be!

You can move the head around to other areas of the disk now and try reading the drive status if you like. When checking the status on full tracks, the only message you will get will be 'ALIGNMENT UNCERTAIN' unless the

alignment is way off. If a full track simply can't be read, or if the track number read from disk and the actual head position do not match, an 'ALIGNMENT BAD' message will be displayed. If the track numbers are not in sync, your alignment is off by at least one whole track.

Keep in mind that you will normally be using the half tracks to do the fine checks on the alignment. If you can get the 'ALIGNMENT OK' message to come up within 10 to 15 seconds on a half track, the alignment is usually close enough. You can perform this check on any half track from 1.5 to 34.5 in order to get the 'ALIGNMENT OK' message.

If you discover that your fears are confirmed and your drive really is out of alignment, then you have one of two choices. First, you could be content with the knowledge that you have just gained and leave the job to someone else. Or, you can be brave and attempt the job yourself. I am assuming that your drive is out of warranty; otherwise you would be more foolish than brave to tear it apart.

REALIGNING THE DRIVE

Turn the drive upside down and remove the four Phillips head screws that hold the case together. Set the drive right side up again, remove the top cover, and set it aside. Locate the two screws that hold the metal shield in place over the main circuit board. Remove these screws and lift the metal shield from the circuit board. Some older drives have a wire running through a hole in the shield, so make sure that you unplug it from the circuit board before pulling the shield off.

You now want to locate and remove six Phillips screws that hold the bottom plastic case to the main steel chassis of the drive. There are three of them down along each side of the drive chassis. You will have to unhook the wire that goes to the red L.E.D. light on the bottom plastic case. Unplug this wire from the main circuit board and leave it off until you are ready to put everything back together again.

Before we remove any more wires, you might want to

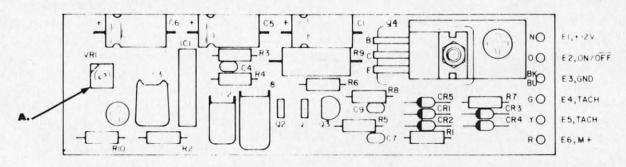
get a notepad so that you can write down where the wires plug into. You will feel more secure when you are putting the wires back on if you draw yourself a little diagram.

Now you can go ahead and unplug the rest of the wires from the circuit board. After the wires are removed, take out the screws that hold the circuit board to the chassis frame. Please note that there are two screws on the right rear of the drive chassis that go in from the side. Now that you finally have everything loose, you can carefully remove the main circuit board.

Exposed to your eyes now are the mechanical innards of the drive. As you face the unit from the front you will see the black head assembly in the center area. Note that the head assembly rides on two shiny metal rails. You can gently slide the head back and forth on these rails if you like.

If you have some Vaseline or a light silicone grease, putting a very small quantity of it on each of the rails will make the drive run quieter while it is stepping the head. Be sure that you don't get the grease on anything else except the guide rails. It is also a good idea to slide the head back and forth after greasing the rails to work it in a bit.

Slightly to the right of the head assembly you will see two pulleys and a thin steel band connected between them. Note also that the head assembly is connected to this band. When the pulleys turn, the band moves, and the head assembly also moves. The pulley in the front is only there to keep the band stretched tight. Note that it has a spring connected to it, so that constant tension is being applied. The pulley that you see in the rear is the stepper motor pulley itself! You want to be certain that this pulley is tightly pressed onto its shaft. Take your Phillips screwdriver (or any blunt-ended tool) and place it on the top surface of the pulley (not the shaft). Now hit the top of the screwdriver with your hand to firmly seat the pulley into place. If you saw the pulley move downward even the smallest bit, then it was loose. Just for good measure, carefully hit it again on the opposite side to make sure that it is squarely in place.

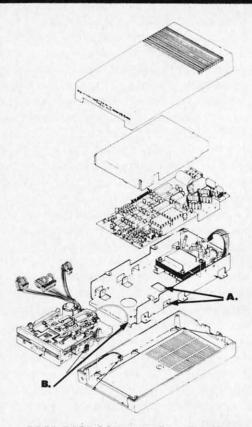


DRIVE SERVO CIRCUIT

A. Drive speed adjustment

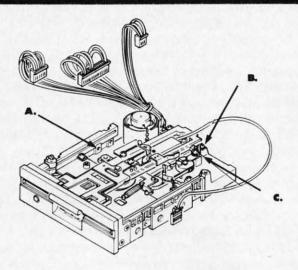
Drive serve circuit is located under drive mechanism in 1541's equipped with ALPS drive units. It is located above mechanism on 1541's using the Nortronics drive mechanism.

The Nortronics drives have a twist latch lever on the disk drive door.



1541 DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY
A. access holes to stepper motor locking screws
B. access hole for drive speed adjustment

Once you have the stepper pulley tightly pressed onto the shaft, you might want to apply some five-minute epoxy to the top of the pulley and shaft to prevent any possible slippage from occurring in the future. Put the epoxy in the small gap between the two protrusions on the top of the pulley that is opposite the track one stop-



TRACK #1 STOP ADJUSTMENT

- A. Drive servo circuit located here on Nortronics drives.
- B. Track #1 stop
- C. Lock down screw

per. Make sure that some of this epoxy runs up onto the top surface of the shaft itself, so that the bond will interconnect the pulley and the shaft. Be certain that none of it gets in the wide gap area where the track one stopper protrudes. Keep an eye on the epoxy as it cures to make sure that none of it seeps into this area. If it does, remove it before the epoxy dries completely.

With all our preventive maintenance out of the way, we can now go ahead and adjust the alignment. Mount the circuit board back onto the drive chassis and reconnect all the wires you removed. (Don't worry about the wire that goes to the red L.E.D. on the bottom case; you can leave it off for now.) Set the drive on its right side so that you can get at the bottom of it. Locate the two

CAUTION!

Readers should be aware of the possible hazards that exist when working inside sensitive electronic equipment. If you do decide to follow the procedures described here you are doing so at your own risk.

Power line voltage (120 volts) is present in the 1541 disk drive. This can present a hazard to both personnel and equipment. Contact of the drive circuit board with the metallic chassis at any point other than the designated mounting points may damage the drive electronics. The same is true for metallic tools that contact the exposed circuit board or its connector.



SERIAL BOX

64K SERIAL PORT BUFFER
is an intelligent 64K Serial Port Print buffer
that works with ALL Commodors printers

that works with ALL Commodore printers & ALL serial printer interfaces!

... and for ONLY \$7495 + Shipping

The Serial Box™ lets you compute while your printer prints.

Imagine downloading a bit-mapped screen such as Flexi-draw or Koala Painter in 27 seconds!

You can dump 15 pages of text or a 35-page BASIC listing in 2½ minutes.

Oh yes, The **Serial Box™** can even skip over perforations.

SEE YOUR DEALER OR CALL: 1.800.228.7264 FOR ORDERS AND INFORMATION
IN PENNSYLVANIA CALL: (215) 622.5495 OR WRITE:

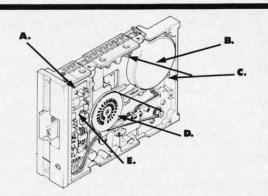
R. J. Brachman Associates, Inc.

P.O. BOX 1077 • HAVERTOWN, PA 19083

Please add \$3.00 for shipping and handling (USA and Canada)
VISA, MC, Check or Money Orders accepted. C.O.D. add \$2.50.
PA residents add 6% (PLEASE ALLOW 4 T0 6 WEEKS FOR DELIVERY)
*Flexi draw is a registered trademark of Inkwell Systems. Koala Painter is a registered trademark of Nada Technologies Corp. *C64, C128 & VIC 20 are registered trademarks of Commodore Business Machines. Ltd.

openings about halfway back on the metal chassis that each have a Phillips head screw visible through them. These screws hold the stepper motor in position.

Power up your system and load the 1541 Alignment Program so that we will have it ready. Now go ahead and loosen the two stepper motor screws. The screw holes are slotted so as to allow about 36 inch of movement of the entire stepper motor. Once it is free for adjustment, run the program with the Test/Demo disk inserted. Move the head to a full track (try 17) and press the fire button (or shift lock) to read the actual head position. You can now turn the stepper motor through the holes with your fingers. You want to get the position read from disk to say track 17, with no read errors indicated. Once you have that, move the head to track 17.5 and press down the SHIFT/LOCK button so that both your hands are free. This is the fine adjustment, so you may have to move the motor only a very small amount at a time. With the actual head position of 17.5 try to get the position read from the disk to be on the edge of jumping back and forth from 17 and 18. When you are close to being exactly on the half track, you will probably get a lot of "Read Error Sensed" and "Alignment OK" messages. If you can't get the track read from the disk to jump back and forth from 17 to 18 while reading the drive status, then try to get as many read errors as possible along with an occasional track read of the lower number (track 17). Many drives will show almost nothing but "Alignment OK" messages when they are exactly on the half track, since there is nothing on the half track for them to pick up. Different areas of the disk may not give exactly the same results on the half tracks, but as long as you are getting some "Alignment OK" and "Read Error Sensed" messages, you are OK.



DRIVE UNIT, PARTS LAYOUT (BOTTOM)

- Speed adjustment (VRI)
- Stepper motor
- C. Locking screws
- Strobe markings for speed adjustment
- Drive motor servo circuit (located on top of Nortronics drive mechanism)

Once you think that you have it as close as you can get it, tighten down the screws on the stepper motor and run the check again. Do this to be sure that you did not bump anything while you were tightening the screws. If everything still looks good, turn the drive off and let's verify everything from a cold start just to be sure. Turn the drive back on and run the program again. Move the head to track 17 and press the button. If the track read from the disk is 17 everything is fine; if not, you must loosen the screws and make the adjustments again.

We're almost done now, but we still have a few little things that we should check out. We must make sure that the track one stopper is set so that it is just barely touching when the head is on track one. Move the actual head position to track one with the program. Stop the program by pressing 'X' and remove the main circuit board again. Examine the gap between the stopper and the protrusion on the stepper pulley. If you can see a gap here, then loosen the one Phillips screw that goes through it and move the stopper closer. Move it just enough to eliminate the gap at this point. If you move it too far and push on the pulley itself, it will be too tight. If you heard a thud when you were moving the head to track 1, you may have to open up a very small gap between the stopper and the pulley. (Ed. note: We found that a gap of .006 inch works well with the 1541 drive.) After you adjust the stopper, reconnect the circuit board. Run the program, and move the head position back to track one. Listen for the thud noise just as the indicator says track one. Turn off the power and remove the board again. Recheck the gap to see if you have the "just touching" condition. If you have to, go ahead and repeat the above procedure again until you get it just right.

If you are very careful that the circuit board does not touch the chassis, you can avoid having to remove it each time you want to check your adjustment. Just leave the wires connected and move the board off to the side so that you can get to the stopper adjustment. Placing a piece of thin cardboard between the board and the chassis will help in preventing an accident.

You may still hear a faint thud when the adjustment is correct. Just make sure that the drive can read track one. Press the fire button to see if you can read it with no errors.

Take a minute to examine the strobe pattern that is visible through the large hole in the bottom of the drive. Under a fluorescent light, the outer pattern should appear to stand still or drift very slowly while the drive is running. If it does not, the speed of the drive motor is improper. It can be adjusted with a small screwdriver through a small hole that is toward the front left side of the drive bottom. (This adjustment is made on top of the drive in 1541's equipped with Nortronics mechanisms.) Problems in the motor speed servo circuit seem to be quite rare.

The job is now completed! Put the rest of the screws back in and put the shield and case back on. Remember to hook up the wire to the front red L.E.D. again. Your reward is a drive that runs both smoother and quieter and, best of all, you have just saved yourself a pile of money. Congratulations on a job well done!

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE 114

TIPS AI-ICY

Compiled by Michael R. Davila

Tips Ahoy! is not founded on the democratic principle. That's why you'll see the same names popping up month after month. We're not interested in getting everyone involved—just in publishing the most original and useful programming tips available from the Commodore community. If you have a tip that fits this description and want to earn up to \$50 (or more), send it to Tips Ahoy!, Ion International Inc., 45 West 34th Street—Suite 407, New York, NY 10001.

PARALYZED CURSOR

It's often undesirable to have the person using your program able to move the cursor around the screen when an INPUT statement is used. There are a number of ways to deter this; here are two examples.

The simplest way is to POKE 198,1:POKE 631,34 before each INPUT. The first POKE tells the program that a key has been pressed, and the second puts a quotation mark in the keyboard buffer. This forces the computer into quote mode, and the cursor keys will appear as reverse graphics characters. You're not really disabling the keys, just preventing them from moving the cursor around the screen.

Another method is to use a short machine language program that completely disables the cursor, both inside and outside the program. Try the one below.

- 10 FOR A=710 TO 758: READ B: POKE A, B: NEXT
- 20 DATA 169,229,141,143,2,169
- 30 DATA 2,141,144,2,173,246
- 40 DATA 2,73,1,141,246,2
- 50 DATA 208,10,169,72,141,143
- 60 DATA 2,169,235,141,144,2
- 70 DATA 96,165,203,201,7,240
- 80 DATA 4,201,2,208,4,169
- 90 DATA 64,133,203,76,72,235,0

SYS 710 turns off the cursor keys if they're on, and it also turns them back on if they're disabled. It's quite effective, and you don't have to worry about properly formatting POKE statements to do the job. With this method you avoid the reverse characters, which is both convenient and effective.

—Kevin Brown

Anderson, IN

DEFUNCTIONED FUNCTION KEYS

Commodore 64 BASIC programs may be loaded and saved in 128 mode, but may not include BASIC 7.0 commands. The following routine restores the 128's function keys to their state when in 64 mode. Also, this is done without implementing the KEY command. The routine must be executed in 128 mode.

-Ed Horgan Coatesville, PA

1000 A\$="133137134138135139136140"

1010 J=1:FORI=4106T04113

1020 POKEI, VAL(MID\$(A\$,J,3)):J=J+3

1030 POKEI-10,1:NEXT:A\$=""

INSTANT DISK ERROR READ

The next time your disk drive light starts beating at 100+ BPM (Blinks Per Minute), simply press CTRL and D. This will instantly display what your drive's trying to communicate to you.

10 REM DISK STATUS

20 REM BY SHAWN K SMITH

30 R\$=CHR\$(18):PRINT,R\$"DISK STATUS"

100 DATA 234,120,169,075,162,003,141,020

110 DATA 003,142,021,003,088,096,173,141

120 DATA 002,201,004,208,006,032,091,003

130 DATA 032,062,003,076,049,234,169,088

140 DATA 162,003,120,141,020,003,142,021

150 DATA 003,088,165,203,201,018,240,001

160 DATA 096,169,008,032,180,255,169,111

170 DATA 133,185,032,150,255,169,000,133

180 DATA 144,032,165,255,032,210,255,165

190 DATA 144,240,246,076,171,255

195:

200 FOR M =829 TO M + 77: READ Y: POKE M, Y

210 T=T+Y:NEXT:T=T-8849

220 IFTTHENPRINTR\$"**DATA ERROR**":STOP

230 POKE857, PEEK (788): POKE858, PEEK (789)

240 SYS830

250 PRINT:PRINTR\$"CNTRL-D DISPLAYS STATU

S ... "

260 PRINT: PRINTR\$"RUN/STOP-RESTORE DEACT

IVATES"

270 PRINT:PRINTR\$"SYS(830) WILL REACTIVA

The utility wedges into the IRQ interrupt and can be disabled with RUN/STOP-RESTORE. A SYS to the starting address (830) will reinstate the wedge.

Since this utility wedges into the "Hardware Interrupt," it will perform in direct or program mode.

-Shawn K. Smith Bronx, NY

DIRECTORY HIGHLIGHTER

Here is a handy disk utility that allows you to highlight any program name in the directory. This is useful in making certain programs stand out, such as program boots. The highlighting is achieved by renaming the file with four special characters preceding it. The four characters are shifted space, two delete characters, and a reverse character. This leaves enough space for only twelve



ULTRABYTE DISK NIBBLER **VERSION 2.0**

TOP - RATED COPIER DRAMATICALLY IMPROVED

INFO - 64 Magazine, June 1985, compared Commodore 64 copy programs and awarded the Nibbler its highest rating. Now the Nibbler has been improved to copy dozens of the latest programs that previously could not be copied, all in less than three minutes.

FOR SINGLE 1541 & DUAL MSD DRIVE

- Simple. Even a beginner makes perfect copies
- · Fast. Copies protected disks in three minutes
- · Sophisticated. Senses the disk being copied and automatically adjusts for dozens of protection schemes. Copies 99 + % of software
- . Modular design to allow easy updates
- Even copies itself. For this reason, no refunds will be given

\$ 39.95 plus \$ 4.00 shipping & handling.

Mastercard, Visa, Check or M.O., Calif. add 6.5% (\$2.60) sales tax. Foreign orders or COD add \$2.00. Payment must be in U.S. funds. Previous customers may order V 2.0 for \$20.00 plus \$4.00 shipping

NIBBLER V 2.0 EVEN COPIES ITSELF

To order, write or call 24 hr. order line For information, write. Phone for orders only

ULTRABYTE (818) 796 - 0576 P.O. Box 789 La Canada, CA 91011 USA

DEALERS & DISTRIBUTORS WANTED

Reader Service No. 180

C= " COMMODOR

SOFTWARE OF THE MONTH CLUB®

We guarantee you'll never again buy useless software for your personal computer.

CLUB MEMBERSHIP OFFERS BIG SAVINGS NO OBLIGATIONS

When you enroll you will

- Keep only the software that you can use. Examine for a full 10 days; if it's not what you want, return it for a full refund.
- Receive discounts up to 30% on your . Receive notice of Special Sales where software choices.
- . Be eligible for our Bonus Point Planadditional discounts applied toward purchases.
- · Receive our informative monthly newsletter full of helpful tips for getting the most from your Commodore-64.
 - you'll save as much as 50% off list.

The Software-of-the-Month Club is Unique. No minimum purchases are required—no automatic shipments to you.

Enroll now and	receive abso	lutely free I	Public	Domain	Software.
DI	anna aback	Cassatt	• [Diek	

GREAT IDEA! I can't lose. Enroll me now in the Software-of-the-Month Club. I understand there is no obligation. Enclosed is my \$10 membership fee.

	☐ Check	☐ Money Order	☐ Bank Card	
Name				
Address				
City/State/Zip				

Signature Cut out and mail today to

> SOFTWARE-OF-THE-MONTH CLUB Ohio Computer Services, Inc. P.O. Box 128723 Cincinnati, Ohio 45212

Expiration date

3

Reader Service No. 173

characters for the rest of the filename. The routine below will first ask you whether you want to highlight or dehighlight and then ask for the filename. To end the program reply to the highlight/de-highlight prompt with any key other than 'H' or 'D'.

5 OPEN 15,8,15:GOSUB 1000

10 SS\$=CHR\$(160):DL\$=CHR\$(20):RV\$=CHR\$(1

20 HD\$=SS\$ + DL\$ + DL\$ + RV\$

30 PRINT"[CLEAR][RVSON]H[RVSOFF]IGHLIGHT OR [RVSON]D[RVSOFF]E-HIGHLIGHT PROGRAM" 40 GET KY\$:IF KY\$=""THEN40

50 IF KY\$="H" THEN 100

60 IF KY\$="D" THEN 200

70 END: REM END PROGRAM IF NOT 'H' OR 'D' 100 INPUT "PROGRAM NAME TO HIGHLIGHT"; HP

110 PRINT#15, "RO:" + HD\$ + HP\$ + "=" + H P\$:GOSUB 1000

120 GOTO 30

200 INPUT "PROGRAM NAME TO DE-HIGHLIGHT" :DP\$

210 PRINT#15, "RO:" + DP\$ + "=" + HD\$ + D P\$:GOSUB 1000

220 GOTO 30

1000 INPUT#15, E, E\$, T, S

1010 IF E=O THEN RETURN

1020 PRINT E,E\$

1030 END

Note: To load a highlighted filename in either program or immediate mode you can use LOAD"(shifted space)??? -Dino Bayaro filename", 8,1 Don Mills, ONT

EASY BACKUPS

Here's a reliable, easy way to make sure you always have a backup to any C-128 program you're working on; it even automatically keeps three copies on the disk for you! (Just in case you make an "improvement" that doesn't work.)

I use the program names "CURRENT", "OLD", and "OLDEST"; you can, of course, substitute names of your

To SAVE the current version of the program (and erase the very oldest), just type GOTO 3. -Bruce Jaeger St. Paul, MN

Commodore 128 Version

1 GOTO 10

3 SCRATCH "OLDEST": RENAME "OLD" TO "OLDE ST" : RENAME "CURRENT" TO "OLD" : DSAVE" CURRENT" : END

10 REM YOUR PROGRAM BEGINS HERE

Commodore 64 Version

1 GOTO 10

3 CLOSE15:OPEN15,8,15,"SO:OLDEST":PRINT#

Visa/MC#

15,"RO:OLDEST=O:OLD"
4 PRINT5,"RO:OLD=O:CURRENT":SAVE"CURRENT
",8:CLOSE15:END

10 REM YOUR PROGRAM BEGINS HERE

FORGOT THE SYS?

Remembering the SYS numbers for all your machine language programs can be quite tedious and annoying. Here is an easy way to find the starting address of a machine language program if you are using a disk drive.

10 OPEN 2,8,2,"FILENAME"

20 GET#2, A\$, B\$: Z\$=CHR\$(0): CLOSE2

30 PRINT ASC(A\$+Z\$)+256*ASC(B\$+Z\$)

If you wish to find the ending address, type LOAD "FILENAME",8,1 and then after the program has finished loading type PRINT PEEK(45)+256*PEEK(46) and hit RETURN.

—Wesley Vriend

Houston, BC

COLOR PROTECTOR

Many programmers have individual preferences for certain background, border, and text colors and use them when programming. Unfortunately, whenever RUN/STOP-RESTORE is pressed, the computer resets these colors to the blue default colors. Also, RUN/STOP-RESTORE will disable some ML programs such as the DOS wedge. In order to reenable the program, the appropriate SYS must be entered. Resetting screen colors and reenabling programs becomes very tiresome!

The short routine below (for the C-64) will solve these problems. From now on, RUN it before each programming session. Whenever you hit RUN/STOP-RESTORE (or simply RESTORE), the screen colors will be set to the custom that you selected by placing them in the routine. These POKEs, as you can examine in lines 30 to 60, can be POKEd with a different value at any time; after POKEing the locations, type SYS 32785 so that the routine will recognize the new values.

Each time you LOAD a new ML program type SYS 32785. Otherwise, the program will be disabled by pressing RESTORE. The routine will also allow you to recover from many more keyboard "lockups" by pressing RESTORE. A note to tape users: you must type SYS 8 to deactivate any ML programs that are enabled for a tape save to work.

-Kevin Brown

10 POKE 56,128: CLR: FOR K=32768 TO 3287

Anderson, IN

6: READ M: C=C+M: POKE K,M: NEXT

20 IF C <> 13765 THEN PRINT"ERROR IN DAT A STATEMENTS": END

30 POKE 1020,03: REM- BORDER COLOR --CHANGE

40 POKE 1021,00: REM- SCREEN COLOR --VAL UES

50 POKE 1022,01: REM- CURSOR COLOR --IF

MERLIN 64

THE BEST MACRO ASSEMBLER FOR THE COMMODORE 64
Easy to use for the beginner or professional, Merlin 64 is
an extremely powerful macro assembler.
Just a few of its features include:



- Fast assembly times
- Word processor like editor
- Conditional assemblies,
 Optional assembly to disk
- Includes Sourceror, an easy to use disassembler that creates Merlin 64 source files from binary data
- Macro library of common operations
- Cross Ref. utility program
- 80 column display compatibility

"This is the best assembler I've seen for the Commodore 64..."

Wm. Sanders / Assembly Language for Kids

"...an outstanding value...! can't imagine how it could be better."

\$49.95*

C Peterson / AHOY! Magazine

*Plus \$3.00 Shipping. CA Res. add 6% Sales Tax.

Ask your local dealer for details, or just write or call:

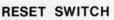
Roger Wagner

P.O. Box 582 • Santee, CA 92071 • Telephone: 619/562-3221

Reader Service No. 179

PANC BUTTON







Only \$9.95



BASIC RECOVER PROGRAMS INCLUDED
UNLOCKS "FROZEN" PROGRAMS
PLUGS INTO THE SERIAL AND USERPORT
ALLOWS FULL USE OF BOTH PORTS
EXTENDS THE LIFE OF YOUR COMPUTER
COMPATIBLE WITH COMMODORE 64, 128 AND VIC 20
LYEAR WARRANTY

Mail Check Or Money Order To:

MICROVATIONS 5333 MISSION CENTER ROAD SUITE 345 SAN DIEGO, CA 92108

CA Residents Add 5% Sales Tax Shipping: Add \$1.75 For Ground COD \$3.00 2nd Day Air

Program Your Own EPROMS

promenade

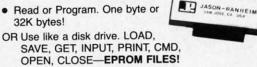
VIC 20 C 64

romenad

\$99.50

PLUGS INTO USER PORT. NOTHING ELSE NEEDED. EASY TO USE. VERSATILE.

Read or Program. One byte or



Our software lets you use familiar BASIC commands to create, modify, scratch files on readily available EPROM chips. Adds a new dimension to your computing capability. Works with most ML Monitors too.

Make Auto-Start Cartridges of your programs.

 The promenade™ C1 gives you 4 programming voltages, 2 EPROM supply voltages, 3 intelligent programming algorithms, 15 bit chip addressing, 3 LED's and NO switches. Your computer controls everything from software!

Textool socket. Anti-static aluminum housing.

EPROMS, cartridge PC boards, etc. at extra charge.

 Some EPROM types you can use with the promenade™ 2532 2732 27C32 2732A 27C16 cally eraseabl types

Call Toll Free: 800-421-7731 or 408-287-0259

In California: 800-421-7748





ELECTRONIC ONE*

COMMODORE HARDWARE C 64 \$119.99 C128 159.99	LOWEST PRICES
1541 DISK DRIVE	THE
1571 DISK DRIVE	ELECTRONIC BEST SERVICE
MJ22 (RGB) MONITOR 249.99	ELECTRONIC SERVICE
1902 MONITOR 249.99	ONE CALL
	(614) 864-9994
MONITOR)	P.O. Box 13428 • Columbus, OH. 4321
PRINTERS	SOFTWARE FOR COMMODORE
PANASONIC 1091 219.99	SIMON'S BASIC 9.99
EPSON LX 80	KARATEKA
MPS 801 99.99	HACKER
G. WIZ INTERFACE 44.99	FAST LOAD
CONNECTION INTERFACE 54.99	
COMMODORE MISC.	KOROWIS RIFT 22.99
HARDWARE	THE EIDOLON
TOTAL COMM. MODEM 29.99	KENNEDY APPROACH 22.99
WESTRIDGE MODEM 44.99	SKI FOX
COMMODORE 1200 BAUD 149.99	DATA MANAGER (128)
COMPUSERVE	WORD MANAGER (128) 42.99
STARTER KIT 14.99	PAPERCLIP (128)
INDUS GT DISK DRIVE 219.99	AEROJET
	SILENT SERVICE 24.99
DISKS	
MAXELL S/S D/D	YELL STREET, SEC. 12.
ELEPHANT S/S D/D 12.99	
POLAROID S/S D/D 12.99 GENERIC S/S D/D 7.99	
CLITETIO OF DID	
DISK BANKS (HOLDS 50) 7.99	
DISK NOTCHER 3.99	SIERRA BOXING 19.9
SPECIAL	MICRO LEAGUE BASEBALL . 24.9
STAR SG 10 PRINTER	WINTER GAMES 24.9

HOW TO ORDER: CASHIER CHECK, MONEY ORDER, MASTERCARD*, or VISA* (Add 4% for charge cards)... NO PERSONAL CHECKS... NO C.O.D.'s ... SHIPPED U.P.S. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE. SHIPPING: Prompt one day shipping on in-stock merchandise. Ohio residents add 5.5% sales tax. Add \$3.00 on all orders under \$100.00... Add \$5.00 on all

SUPER PASCAL

199.99

and 5.3% sales and Audustation of the continental international. Actual freight charge on all orders outside the continental United States including A.P.O.

CALL OR WRITE FOR FREE CATALOG

CALL ELECTRONIC ONE (614) 864-9994

Reader Service No. 167

YOU

60 POKE 1023.01: REM- CHARACTER COLOR --

70 SYS 32785:PRINT"[CLR][9 DOWN]HIT REST ORE TO ACTIVATE"

80 PRINT"[DOWN] TYPE SYS 32785 TO READ VA LUES AFTER CHANGING THEM"

90 DATA 11,128,11,128,195,194,205,56,48, 161, 128, 32, 17, 128, 76, 29, 128, 160

100 DATA 204,185,52,2,153,128,128,200,20

8,247,96,169,0,141,252,3,169,11 110 DATA 141,253,3,169,1,141,254,3,141,2

55,3,169,58,141,0,128,141,2,128

120 DATA 108, 20, 3, 32, 129, 255, 32, 138, 255, 160, 204, 185, 128, 128, 153, 52, 2, 200

130 DATA 208,247,173,255,3,141,33,208,17 3,252,3,141,32,208,173,254,3,141

140 DATA 134,2,169,147,32,210,255,173,25 3,3,141,33,208,162,255,76,139,227

FASTER FAST LOAD DIRECTORY MENU

Have an Epyx Fast Load cartridge? Put this little program at the beginning of any disk. When you press the COMMODORE and RUN/STOP keys the routine will list the disk's directory and place your cursor by the first file:

100 PRINT"[CLEAR]\$"

110 FORL=OTO5: READA: POKE631+L, A: NEXT

120 POKE198, L: END

130 DATA19, 13, 19, 17, 17, 17

This works by using the dynamic keyboard method of fooling the computer into thinking you're typing all those keys. The DATA statement on line 130 holds the ASCII values of HOME, RETURN, HOME, DOWN, DOWN, DOWN in that order.

This will also function with the DOS Wedge in place instead of Fast Load. David Paulsen Renton, WA

TESTING FOR 64 OR 128 MODE

When programming the 128 for compatibility with the 64, the variables DS and DS\$ cannot be used. These are reserved on the 128 to indicate disk status. A line like 100 DS\$="DO SOMETHING" will produce a SYNTAX ERROR when executed in 128 mode.

We can use DS\$ to our advantage, however, to test for operating mode. Line 10 sets M to 64 unless DS\$ is other than null. If it is, M is set to 128. M can then be used as a flag to call subroutines appropriate to the 64 or 128.

-Ed Horgan Coatesville, PA

10 M=64:IFDS\$<>""THENM=128

ERRATA

AHOY! DOCK

Readers reported a STRING TOO LONG ERROR. To repair, change line 0 to read

O PRINT "[CLEAR]": P\$=CHR\$(13)

Also, NEXT WITHOUT FOR and OUT OF MEMORY errors will emerge if you try to delete an item from the file. To correct this retype lines 7190 and 7200 to

7190 PRINTTAB(4); "ONE MOMENT DELETING RE CORD #"; I: I=C: NEXT: FOR I= 1 TO C
7200 IF SU\$(I)="DELETE" THEN C=C-1: GOTO 7220

SOLITAIRE

Due to the background color being the same as the text color, the command "TURN DECK OVER" was not visible during play. To remedy this you may change the POKE value in line 25 from POKE 53281,1 to POKE 53281,12 or any other color that you prefer.





Connect with the leading UNCENSORED national computer communications network.

A dults can experience "live" interactive chatting, electronic mail and many other full-service videotex features.

For a FREE brochure call (212) 972-4719 or write:

CVC ONLINE, dept. SL2 801 Second Ave., N.Y., N.Y. 10017



Reader Service No. 192



ARENA For the C-64 By Bob Tedesco

rena is an arcade style game for the Commodore 64 written entirely in machine language. A fast-paced shoot-em-up, it can be played at three different speed levels.

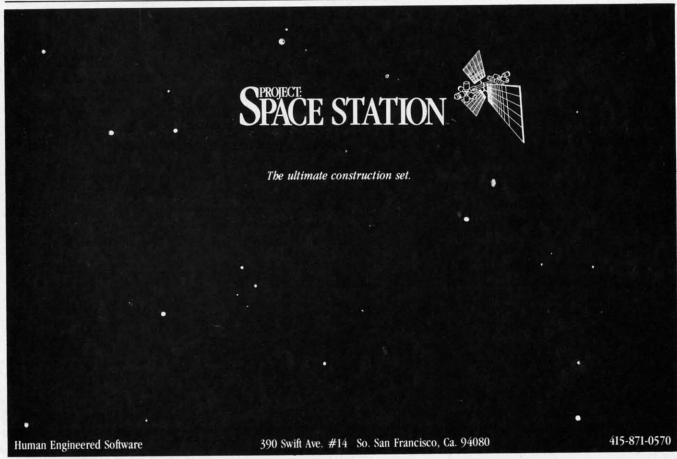
Arena can be entered after loading by typing SYS 49152. It is played with a joystick plugged into port 1. The opening screen will ask for the speed level desired: slow, medium, or fast. Once the appropriate key is pressed (S, M, or F), the action will commence at once.

The game takes place in an "arena" represented by a square section of the screen. The arena is composed of interlocking shapes making up a grid. The player controls his 'spinner,' a whirling propellerlike object, pitted against computer-controlled opponents which move about as brightly colored geometric shapes and whose speed more than makes up for the somewhat predictable pattern of movement.

Moving the joystick up, down, left, or right will move the spinner accordingly. Pressing the joystick button while moving the joystick will enable the spinner to fire and destroy each opponent. When all opponents are destroyed, play will proceed to the next level. Points are awarded on a level-by-level basis: one point is awarded for each opponent destroyed on Level One, two points on Level Two, three on Level Three, etc.

After the game ends a new game can be started by pressing the joystick button. Typing fl instead will bring back the opening screen so that players may change game speed (and clear the high score in the process). Pressing 'Q' will exit *Arena* and reset the computer (if exited any other way, BASIC will not function properly).

SEE PROGRAM LISTING ON PAGE III



ELOTSA

While we didn't ask frequent Ahoy! contributor Shay Addams to write the letter printed herewith, we did think his views on adventure gaming and Arnie Katz's spirited rebuttal of same would make worthwhile reading for the game fans in our audience.

You don't have to be a computer press luminary to air your views in Flotsam. Send your comments on any aspect of Commodore computing to Flotsam, c/o Ahoy! Magazine, Ion International Inc., 45 West 34th Street-Suite 407, New York, NY 10001.

In your November issue's "Call to Adventure," the writer seriously misinformed your readers.

First, his "history" of adventure games says they were inspired by "Dungeons and Dragons"—a popular but false legend that is often repeated by lazy writers who don't bother to research their subject. Last year I interviewed William Crowther and Don Woods, who created the first such game, Adventure, and both said they never played D&D until after their computer game was finished. So how could it have influenced them at all? (And why, in a history of adventure, were their names not even mentioned?) Also, he says Scott Adams converted Adventure to micro format -when Adams actually wrote an original game, Adventureland, that he says was inspired by the former.

An even more serious mistake was made when the writer attempted to categorize adventures from his own point of view, calling games with pictures "illustrated adventures" and Ultima-style games "graphic adventures." This is absurd: games with pictures are graphic adventures; those focusing on combat, magic, and character development (like Ultima) are fantasy role-playing games. Of course, role-playing games are considered a type of adventure, with a big difference - a difference that lies not in the visual effects, but in the nature of the playing experience.

The definition of fantasy role-playing games is best summed up in the foreword of all Penguin Software RPGs: "...a game in which the player assumes the identity of a character within the fantasy world of the game itself. Such a character is usually formed by assigning random values to special characteristics such as Strength, Wisdom, Intelligence, Luck, or Charisma. These characteristics in turn determine the capability of the character in combat, negotiation and encounters with other beings." It goes on to explain that a game's goal can usually "only be reached by nurturing a character until it is of sufficient power to overcome the most assuredly dreadful guardians blocking the path."

In a pure adventure, the player's experience consists of solving logical puzzles, not developing a character whose life hinges on the number of hit points he has in store. Certainly, you may play the role of a character in some adventures (Mac Steele in The Serpent's Star), but in most you enter an alternative setting (Zork, Treasure Island)-therefore, the role-playing aspect of adventure is an attribute of certain games, not of the genre itself.

These are not my opinions on the matter, but facts easily confirmed by talking with Mike Berlyn (Suspended), Dave Albert (Xyphus), or Penguin President Mark Pelczarski or anyone else in the business.

This, however, is an opinion: after reading those sketchy capsules, I can't believe the writer actually played all the games he described. How else could he have wasted space on such dogs like Screenplay's Dunzhin series and the primitive Ali Baba (a classic years ago but now obsolete and a waste of money and time)?

Apparently, this guy's research consists of reading the press release



QUORUM INTERNATIONAL United INDUSTRIAL STATION PO BOX 2134-AH OAKLAND, CA 94614

Reader Service No. 177

DISK DRIVE FAN FOR COMMODORE



Designed to work with Commodore Disk Drive Models 1540, 1541, SFD 1001, the quiet C-100 fan enclosure moves cool, filtered air through the top vents of the disk drive cooling the drive and thereby reducing the misalignment problems caused by heat build-up. A custom filter keeps room dust from entering the disk loading opening. This greatly increases the life span of the disk drives, and decreases the maintenance required to keep the drive functioning properly. Only \$39.95 plus \$2.50 for shipping and 115 vac

insurance. Money Order. Checks or C.O.D. Only 6-month warranty

ni-Kool

(503) 476-1660 909 Williamson Loop, Grants Pass, OR 97526

(Commodore is a registered trademark of Commodore Business Systems)

Professional Harness, Thoroughbred and Greyhound Race Analyzers with unparalleled features:

- Five minutes worth of typing replaces over two hours of tedious hand calculations needed per race for this unique handicapping system.
- Morning Line odds are not used, giving the bettor a source of information independent from the morning line.
- Cross references info from up to twenty races and generates bet suggestions including best win, quinella, perfecta, exactra, trifecta and trifecta box.
- Ratings can be viewed on screen, printed by printer or saved on diskette for future evaluation.

Available on diskette for the Commodore 64

3-PACK (all 3 Analyzers) ... \$49.95 2-PACK (any 2 Analyzers) . . . \$39.95 1-PACK (any 1 Analyzer) . . . \$24.95 ... \$10.00 DEMO (refundable fee)

- 30 Day Money Back Guarantee
- Prices Include Shipping
- PA Residents Add 6% Sales Tax
- All Orders Shipped Same Day

ALSOFT

305 Large Avenue . Clairton, PA 15025



Phone (412) 233-4659 Reader Service No. 123





COMMODORE C64

30% FASTER

\$159.00

120/10 PRINTER 120 CPS, 10" CARRIAGE

\$179.00

STEEN' SG 10

\$209.00

475 MAIN ST., FARMINGDALE, N.Y. 11735 **TOLL FREE 800-468-4689** LOCAL CALLS (516) 753-0110

MASTERCARD, VISA, M.O. OR CHECK
NY ORDERS ADD SALES TAX Prices are mail order only and do not include shipping & handling.

Reader Service No. 182

or back of the box, not playing the game. Perhaps Mr. Katz will do a better job when mapping the maze in more familiar territory-Ms. Pac--Shay Addams Wayne, PA

Arnie Katz replies:

Shay Addams' letter contains a lot more heat than light. Stripped of its nose-in-the-air snideness and implications that only Shay Addams knows about adventure games, it offers few hard facts. Worse, it makes the implicit assumption that if two people hold differing opinions, one of them is not only wrong, but Evil. The idea that there is a spectrum of opinion on every topic has apparently not occurred to him. One shudders at the thought of dinner conversation chez Shav.

Let's begin with "Dungeons & Dragons." The claim that Crowther and Woods never played "D&D" before designing Adventure doesn't mean that "Dungeons & Dragons" didn't inspire the entire field of adventure gaming, electronic and non-electronic.

"D&D" is the most important gaming phenomenon since "Monopoly." It is inconceivable that the designers of Adventure, with their great interest in such things, had not heard descriptions of the theory and practice of "Dungeons & Dragons." That's like the producer of the latest science fiction film about heroic rebels battling the evil empire saying that he wasn't influenced by "Star Wars." "D&D" is part of popular culture. You don't have to read a Conan Doyle story to know about Sherlock Holmes; you don't have to play "D&D" to know the rudiments of adventuring. And considering the well-known reputation of TSR (creators of "Dungeons & Dragons") for suing to protect "D&D" from even indirect infringement, what are the odds against any adventure author acknowledging a debt to this landmark design where TSR's legal eagles might read it?

I'm sure Scott Adams had just this point in mind if he said that Adventureland was not essentially Crowther and Woods' Adventure revised and restyled for micros. No one who has played both could miss the similarities.

There are as many ways to classify adventure games as there are adventure gamers. Addams' approach is no worse than most, but only a self-important blowhard would imagine that it is the only possible means. Personally, I think any distinction between adventures and what Addams terms "role-playing" games is illusory. As experienced gamers know, Wizardry and Ultima have no more role-playing than Amazon or Mindwheel. The main difference is that the former require the gamer to work up a character little by little, while the latter give the gamer a full-blown persona. In other words, games with "experience levels" focus on the process by which someone becomes Conan, while ones without this element concern themselves with what happens once that level of power is achieved.

While drawing a line between illustrated and graphics adventures won't win me the Nobel Prize, I think it does address a fundamental difference. The picture in an illustrated adventure is an external object. The gamer can look, but not directly affect it. The graphics adventure, which often employs icons and symbols as well as illustration, puts the protagonist right into the scene. That's only one man's opinion, but unlike Shay Addams, I know that.

It is distasteful to have to respond to Addams' infantile challenge to my credentials. In my egotistical way, I had hoped everyone already knew me. I've been writing about entertainment software for the last eight years and was co-founder (will Bill Kunkel) and editor of Electronic Games. The Electronic Industry Association, the computer industry trade group, has selected me to chair to Software Showcase awards committee every year since its inception. I am the co-author of Borrowed Time, Activision's new detective adventure and have done major development work on Star Trek (Simon & Schuster) and The Fourth Protocol (Bantam) to name just two adventure game titles. Further references on request. And I don't wash windows....

LITTLE WINDOWS

Continued from page 23

or from the number in location 53284. (This is background color 3, and the A in screen memory has its two high bits set to 11, for a value of 192 added to the screen code for A.)

When you enter shifted strings or convert existing strings to their shifted equivalents, and then either turn on Reverse mode (CTRL-9) or turn it off (CTRL-0), BASIC will automatically PRINT those strings into screen memory with the high bits set to the code for one of the four background colors.

To turn on Extended Background Color Mode, simply:

POKE 53265, PEEK (53265) OR 64

The program *Extended Background* gives a demonstration of how to convert strings from one mode to another, and then shows how PRINTing a string with each attribute looks on the screen.

EXTENDED BACKGROUND COLORS

To give the effect of windows with different background colors, then, you merely have to make sure that every string PRINTed within a window's area has the correct combination of SHIFT/UNSHIFT and REVERSE ON/REVERSE OFF attributes.

The program *Windows* divides the screen into four areas, and lets you type whatever you like within each window. The cursor, RETURN, HOME, and CLR keys work normally—but only within the window. To change from one window to another, press fl, f3, f5, or f7. To end the program, press RUN/STOP.

You'll notice that PRINTing shifted or reversed SPACE characters defines each window by filling it with its background color.

The program is, of course, entirely useless. But it does demonstrate how you go about defining screen areas and PRINTing within them.

Each character you type is converted into a number from 0 to 63. These numbers are used as indexes into the string array CH\$(3,63). This array contains the correct ASCII value for either shifted or unshifted characters.

Then the variable FC\$(3) is PRINTed before each character is PRINTed into its window. FC\$(n) consists of a foreground color character and either a REVERSE-ON or a REVERSE-OFF character, depending on which background color is needed.

Therefore the character's ASCII value in CH\$(n,n) decides whether it is shifted or not, and the window's FC\$(n) string decides whether it is reversed or not.

It is important that, in changing background colors from window to window, the foreground colors be



Your computer can talk in your own voice. Not a synthesizer but a true digitizer that records your natural voice quality—and in any language or accent. Words and phrases can be expanded without limit from disk.

And it will understand what you say. A real word recognizer for groups of 32 words or phrases with unlimited expansion from disk memory. Now you can have a two way conversation with your computer!

Easy for the beginning programmer with new BASIC commands. Machine language programs and memory locations for the more experienced software author.

Exciting Music Bonus lets you hum or whistle to write and perform. Notes literally scroll by **as you hum!** Your composition can be edited, saved, and printed out. You don't have to know one note from another in order to write and compose!

Based upon new technologies invented by COVOX. One low price buys you the complete system—even a voice controlled black-jack game! In addition, you will receive a subscription to COVOX NEWS, a periodic newsletter about speech technology, applications, new products, up-dates, and user contributions. You will never find a better value for your computer.

ONLY \$89.95 includes all hardware and software.

For telephone demonstration or additional information, call (503) 342-1271. FREE audio demo tape and brochure available.

Available from your dealer or by mail. When ordering by mail add \$4.00 shipping and handling (\$10.00 for foreign, \$6.00 Canada).

The Voice Master is available for the C64, C128, all Apple II's, and Atari 800, 800XL and 130XE. Specify model when ordering.



For Faster Service on Credit Card Orders only:

ORDER TOLL FREE 1-800-523-9230



covox inc.

(503) 342-1271

675-D Conger Street, Eugene, OR 97402 Telex 706017 (AV ALARM UD) changed as well. Many foreground-background color combinations have such poor contrast that they are completely illegible.

Of course, you don't have to use Extended Background Color Mode with windowlike screen formats. As you saw in December's *Gypsy Pilot* game, the extended background colors were used more for highlighting than to define particular screen areas. As long as your game uses only the alphanumeric characters, you might as well be in Extended Background Color Mode and use the different colors to create a far more interesting screen.

CRITIQUING GYPSY PILOT

Gypsy Pilot (December) was a long one—about 150 disk sectors when it is typed in and saved. And if you've played it, you know that even though it is certainly a complete game, it is certainly not a finished game.

One of the biggest problems with it is that every now and then, as you're coming back into space after a visit from a planet, the game seems to stop and hang for a *looooong* time. Unfortunately, this is unavoidable as long as the game depends on C-64 BASIC string manipulation. Because of the clumsy way BASIC handles string formation in memory, lots of garbage is created—sections of string memory that once contained useful strings but now are used for nothing. Every string operation causes more garbage to be created. Finally, string memory is filled up. The only solution is to do "garbage collection" by issuing a command like this:

X=FRE(9)

The X and the 9 in that statement are dummies. They don't do anything, but they have to be there. The FRE() function gets rid of the garbage and tightens down string memory, then returns the amount of memory between the highest array variable address and the lowest string memory address—that's how much memory is left for your program to use. In the middle of the game, of course, we don't *care* how much memory is left. But we still have to use the FRE() function to get rid of the garbage. And it takes practically forever to do the job.

The solution? It's quite simple—don't use BASIC's string handling. Ideally, the game's text would be handled in machine language, by loading ranges of text into memory and then copying them into screen memory as needed. But if I had done that, none of the program would have been in BASIC, and so it would all have been incomprehensible to those of you who aren't yet into machine language. So the garbage collection is the price you pay for having the game come out in a column on BASIC game programming!

There are other things that should be done to finish the game properly. For one thing, it would be better if you couldn't leave a planet and then immediately return the ship to the same onscreen sprite and have it be a different "world" when you land! That should be fairly simple to accomplish, by not letting the player visit a planet again until it wrapped at the edge of the screen.

The on-planet sequences should have shown you the price you were being charged for each valuable item, instead of choosing cost and value randomly *after* you've already bought it.

Because the game contains only 22 different inhabited worlds and 10 uninhabited ones, it simply ends after you've visited about 30. There should have been an ending screen explaining that your term as captain has ended normally, so you don't think you made a mistake. That was simply an oversight on my part—an oversight combined with the fact that *Ahoy!* was going to press and they kind of wanted the finished program to go with my column...

More telling, however, is the fact that there is no *sound* with the game. It should have had sound. When the ship is moving, it should make one kind of sound; when fuel and supplies get low, there should be two different warning sounds. Filling up with fuel and supplies should cause another sound. Each kind of message on a planet should be introduced with a unique sound or tune. And there should have been introductory and closing music.

It could have had all that, too. But you would have had to type in another 50 sectors worth of program. There are limits to how much we can expect you to do. (You didn't know that, did you?)

Most important of all is the fact that the on-planet events are selected with a second-rate artificial-intelligence routine. The algorithms deciding what you find, and what happens to you, and how the aliens or human respond to you, are primitive at best. Some of the flaws can be solved by fine-tuning. Others require new algorithms.

All these flaws in the game are the sort of thing that would turn up in months of testing before a commercial game was released. I don't have the luxury, with a monthly column, of doing that kind of play-testing and fine-tuning—as it was, I stretched the patience of the folks at *Ahoy!* about as far as they can go before they send somebody to North Carolina to break my knees.

What's disgusting is the alarming number of commercial games that are released without having solved problems like these. You've seen some of them—you may even have bought some. And you sit there after playing a few times, wondering how in the world somebody got paid for turning out something as unpolished and unprofessional as *that*. It's one thing to find flaws in an example game that you type in from a magazine column that is trying to teach game programming techniques. It's something else to plunk down fifty bucks for a supposedly professional game that doesn't work any better.

So when you get your game program to a point where it's playable, like my *Gypsy Pilot* game, please don't think that your work is finished. You still have weeks and months of fine-tuning ahead of you before it's ready to go.

The difference is that once you have a working version, it stops being a program and starts being a game. Instead of lines and lines of code, you experience it as events on a screen. Believe me, it makes the work a *lot* easier.

SEE PROGRAM LISTINGS ON PAGE 102

DROGRAM LISTINGS

Attention new Ahoy! readers! You must read the following information very carefully prior to typing in programs listed in Ahoy! Certain Commodore characters, commands, and strings of characters and commands will appear in a special format. Follow the instructions and listing guide on this page.

n the following pages you'll find several programs that you can enter on your Commodore computer. But before doing so, read this entire page carefully.

To insure clear reproductions, *Ahoy!*'s program listings are generated on a daisy wheel printer, incapable of printing the commands and graphic characters used in Commodore programs. These are therefore represented by various codes enclosed in brackets []. For example: the SHIFT CLR/HOME command is represented onscreen by a heart . The code we use in our listings is [CLEAR]. The chart below lists all such codes which you'll encounter in our listings, except for one other special case.

The other special case is the COMMODORE and SHIFT characters. On the front of most keys are two symbols. The symbol on the left is obtained by pressing that key while holding down the COMMODORE key; the symbol on the right, by pressing that key while holding down the SHIFT key. COMMODORE and SHIFT characters are represented in our listings by a lower-case "s" or "c" followed by the symbol of the key you must hit. COMMODORE J, for example, is represented by [c J],

and SHIFT J by [s J].

Additionally, any character that occurs more than two times in a row will be displayed by a coded listing. For example, [3 "[LEFT]"] would be 3 CuRSoR left commands in a row, [5 "[s EP]"] would be 5 SHIFTed English Pounds, and so on. Multiple blank spaces will be noted in similar fashion: e.g., 22 spaces as [22 ""].

Sometimes you'll find a program line that's too long for the computer to accept (C-64 lines are a maximum of 80 characters, or 2 screen lines long; VIC 20 lines, a maximum of 88 characters, or 4 screen lines). To enter these lines, refer to the *BASIC Command Abbreviations Appendix* in your User Manual.

On the next page you'll find our *Bug Repellent* programs for the VIC 20 and C-64. The version appropriate for your machine will help you proofread our programs after you type them. (Please note: the *Bug Repellent* line codes that follow each program line, in the whited-out area, should *not* be typed in. See the instructions preceding each program.)

Also on the following page you will find *Flankspeed*, our ML entry program, and instructions on its use.

Call Ahoy! at 212-239-0855 with any problems.

When				You	When			You
You See	'It Means	You Type	Wil	1 See	You See	It Means	You Type	Will See
[CLEAR]	Screen Clear	SHIFT	CLR/HOME		[BLACK]	Black	CNTRL.	1
[HOME]	Home		CLR/HOME	5	[WHITE]	White	CNTRL	2
[UP]	Cursor Up	SHIFT	† CRSR †	-	[RED]	Red	CNTRL	
[DOWN]	Cursor Down		♦ CRSR ♦	0	[CYAN]	Cyan	CNTRL	4
[LEFT]	Cursor Left	SHIFT	+CRSR+		[PURPLE]	Purple	CNTRL.	5
[RIGHT]	Cursor Right		+CRSR+	1	[GREEN]	Green	CNTRL.	6
[SS]	Shifted Space	SHIFT	Space		[BLUE]	Blue	CNTRL	7
[INSERT]	Insert	SHIFT	INST/DEL		[YELLOW]	Yellow	CNTRL.	8
[DEL]	Delete		INST/DEL		[F1]	Function 1		FI .
[RVSON]	Reverse On	CNTRL	9		[F2]	Function 2	SHIFT	FI I
[RVSOFF]	Reverse Off	CNTRL	0		[F3]	Function 3		F3
[UPARROW]	Up Arrow		+	*	[F4]	Function 4	SHIFT	F3
[BACKARROW]	Back Arrow		•		[F5]	Function 5		F5
[PI]	PI		π	T	[F6]	Function 6	SHIFT	F5
[EP]	English Pound		£		[F7]	Function 7		F7
					[F8]	Function 8	SHIFT	F7

IMPORTANT! Letters on white background are **Bug Repellent** line codes. **Do not enter them!** This page and page 113 explain these codes and provide other essential information on entering **Ahoy!** programs. Read these pages **before** entering programs.

EK

FO

PK

CB

KH

DP

EL

BUG REPELLENT

This program will let you debug any Ahoy! program. Follow instructions for VIC 20 (cassette or disk) or C-64.

VIC 20 VERSION

By Michael Kleinert and David Barron

For cassette: type in and save the Bug Repellent program, then type RUN 63000[RETURN]SYS 828[RETURN]. If you typed the program properly, it will generate a set of two-letter line codes that will match those listed to the right of the respective program lines.

Once you've got a working Bug Repellent, type in the program you wish to check. Save it and type the RUN and SYS commands listed above once again, then compare the line codes generated to those listed in the magazine. If you spot a discrepancy, a typing error exists in that line. Important: you must use exactly the same spacing as the program in the magazine. Due to memory limitations on the VIC, the VIC Bug Repellent will register an error if your spacing varies from what's printed.

You may type SYS 828 as many times as you wish, but if you use the cassette for anything, type RUN 63000 to restore the

When your program has been disinfected you may delete all lines from 63000 on. (Be sure the program you type doesn't include lines above 63000!)

For disk: enter Bug Repellent, save it, and type RUN: NEW [RETURN]. Type in the program you wish to check, then SYS 828.

To pause the line codes listing, press SHIFT.

To send the list to the printer type OPEN 4,4:CMD 4:SYS 828[RETURN]. When the cursor comes back, type PRINT#4:CLOSE 4[RETURN].

•63000	FORX=828T01023:READY:POKEX,Y:NEXT:END	AC
•63001	DATA169,0,133,63,133,64,165,43,133,251	JL
•63002	DATA165,44,133,252,160,0,132,254,32,228	DF
•63003	DATA3, 234, 177, 251, 208, 3, 76, 208, 3, 230	OE
•63004	DATA251,208,2,230,252,169,244,160,3,32	OH
•63005	DATA30, 203, 160, 0, 177, 251, 170, 230, 251, 20	
8		KO
•63006	DATA2, 230, 252, 177, 251, 32, 205, 221, 169, 58	JJ
•63007	DATA32,210,255,169,0,133,253,230,254,32	OK
•63008	DATA228,3,234,165,253,160,0,170,177,251	LG
•63009	DATA201,32,240,6,138,113,251,69,254,170	BP
•63010	DATA138,133,253,177,251,208,226,165,253	
,41		DD

·63011 DATA240,74,74,74,74,24,105,65,32,210

.63012 DATA255,165,253,41,15,24,105,65,32,210

·63013 DATA255,169,13,32,210,255,173,141,2,41 ·63014 DATA1,208,249,230,63,208,2,230,64,230

·63015 DATA251,208,2,230,252,76,74,3,169,236

·63016 DATA160, 3, 32, 30, 203, 166, 63, 165, 64, 32

·63017 DATA205, 221, 169, 13, 32, 210, 255, 96, 230, 25

·63018 DATA208, 2, 230, 252, 96, 0, 76, 73, 78, 69

.63019 DATA83, 58, 32, 0, 76, 73, 78, 69, 32, 35

·63020 DATA32,0,0,0,0,0

C-64 VERSION By Michael Kleinert and David Barron

Type in, SAVE, and RUN the Bug Repellent. Type NEW, then type in or LOAD the Ahov! program you wish to check. When that's done, SAVE your program (don't RUN it!) and type SYS 49152 IRETURNI

To pause the listing depress and hold the SHIFT key.

Compare the codes your machine generates to the codes listed to the right of the respective program lines. If you spot a difference, an error exists in that line. Jot down the number of lines where

contradictions occur. LIST each line, spot the errors, and correct

	them.		
	•5000	FORX=49152TO49488: READY: POKEX, Y: NEXT: END	GJ
	•5001	DATA32,161,192,165,43,133,251,165,44,133	DL
	•5002	DATA252,160,0,132,254,32,37,193,234,177	DB
	•5003	DATA251,208,3,76,138,192,230,251,208,2	OF
	•5004	DATA230, 252, 76, 43, 192, 76, 73, 78, 69, 32	KN
	•5005	DATA35,32,0,169,35,160,192,32,30,171	CA
	•5006	DATA160,0,177,251,170,230,251,208,2,230	CE
	•5007	DATA252,177,251,32,205,189,169,58,32,210	JE
	•5008	DATA255,169,0,133,253,230,254,32,37,193	CL
	•5009	DATA234,165,253,160,0,76,13,193,133,253	NB
	•5010	DATA177, 251, 208, 237, 165, 253, 41, 240, 74, 74	MB
	•5011	DATA74,74,24,105,65,32,210,255,165,253	EP
6	•5012	DATA41,15,24,105,65,32,210,255,169,13	GH
	•5013	DATA32, 220, 192, 230, 63, 208, 2, 230, 64, 230	AN
	•5014	DATA251,208,2,230,252,76,11,192,169,153	NG
	•5015	DATA160,192,32,30,171,166,63,165,64,76	BF'
	•5016	DATA231,192,96,76,73,78,69,83,58,32	EP
	•5017	DATAO, 169, 247, 160, 192, 32, 30, 171, 169, 3	PJ
	•5018	DATA133,254,32,228,255,201,83,240,6,201	FK
	•5019	DATA80, 208, 245, 230, 254, 32, 210, 255, 169, 4	FL
	•5020	DATA166, 254, 160, 255, 32, 186, 255, 169, 0, 133	CL
	•5021	DATA63,133,64,133,2,32,189,255,32,192	GC
	•5022	DATA255, 166, 254, 32, 201, 255, 76, 73, 193, 96	NN
	•5023	DATA32,210,255,173,141,2,41,1,208,249	NH
	•5024	DATA96, 32, 205, 189, 169, 13, 32, 210, 255, 32	IM
	•5025	DATA204, 255, 169, 4, 76, 195, 255, 147, 83, 67	KC
	•5026	DATA82,69,69,78,32,79,82,32,80,82	DC
	•5027	DATA73,78,84,69,82,32,63,32,0,76	ML
	•5028	DATA44,193,234,177,251,201,32,240,6,138	GN
	•5029	DATA113,251,69,254,170,138,76,88,192,0	JK
	•5030	DATAO, 0, 0, 230, 251, 208, 2, 230, 252, 96	NA
	•5031	DATA170,177,251,201,34,208,6,165,2,73	DM
	•5032	DATA255,133,2,165,2,208,218,177,251,201	JA
	•5033	DATA32,208,212,198,254,76,29,193,0,169	FM
	•5034	DATA13,76,210,255,0,0,0	PA

.1

2 2 2 .2 .2

. 2

.2 .2

. 2

. 3

.3

.3

. 3

.3

. 3

.36

.10

.11

I

. 10

G

.10

.10

-11

07

PLANKSPEED FORTHEC-64 By Gordon F. Wheat

Flankspeed will allow you to enter machine language Ahov! programs without any mistakes. Once you have typed the program in. save it for future use. While entering an ML program with Flankspeed there is no need to enter spaces or hit the carriage return. This is all done automatically. If you make an error in a line a bell will ring and you will be asked to enter it again. To LOAD in a program Saved with Flankspeed use LOAD "name".1.1 for tape. or LOAD "name", 8,1 for disk. The function keys may be used after the starting and ending addresses have been entered.

f1-SAVEs what you have entered so far.

OI f3-LOADs in a program worked on previously. FG

f5-To continue on a line you stopped on after LOADing in the previously saved work.

f7-Scans through the program to locate a particular line, or to find out where you stopped the last time you entered the program. 17 temporarily freezes the output as well.

•5 POKE53280,12:POKE53281,11 · ·6 PRINT"[CLEAR][c 8][RVSON][15" "]FLANKSPEED[15" "]"

·10 PRINT"[RVSON][5" "]MISTAKEPROOF ML ENTRY P ROGRAM[6" "]"

·15 PRINT"[RVSON][9" "]CREATED BY G. F. WHEAT[9" "]"

·20 PRINT"[RVSON][3" "]COPR. 1984, ION INTERNA

	TIONAL INC.[3" "]"	DH	•1060	PRINT"?ERROR IN SAVE":.GOTO1100	ΞI
	•30 FORA=54272T054296:POKEA, O:NEXT	IM	•1070	PRINT"?ERROR IN LOAD":GOTO1100	GL
100-0	·40 POKE54272,4:POKE54273,48:POKE54277,0:POKE5				PG
-		NH			ВН
ND GJ		KO		OPEN15,8,15:INPUT#15,A,A\$:CLOSE15:PRINTA	
		HJ	\$:RET		IM.
33 DL		JB			PC
7 DB	·80 B\$="STARTING ADDRESS IN HEX":GOSUB2010:AD=	JD			GM
OF		НС			II
KN				11 220.(14)	
CA		FO		FORA=1T04:A\$=MID\$(T\$,A,1):GOSUB2060:IFT(AD -
O CE		KE			10
10 JE		IF		NEXT:B=(T(1)*4096)+(T(2)*256)+(T(3)*16)+	217
3 CL		FP			GF
3 NB		MN		IFA\$>"@"ANDA\$<"G"THENT(A)=ASC(A\$)-55:RET	777
74 MB		GE	URN		EH
EP		HN		IFA\$>"/"ANDA\$<":"THENT(A)=ASC(A\$)-48:RET	
GH		IL	URN		KP
AN	·110 GOSUB3010:PRINT": [c P][LEFT]";:FORA=0T08	FG	• 2080		NP
3 NG	•120 FORB=0T01:GOT0210	MD	• 2500		LI
BF'	•125 NEXTB	ME	•2510		II
EP	•130 $A\%(A)=T(1)+T(0)*16:IFAD+A-1=ENTHEN310$	LH	•2515	IFB <srorb>ENTHEN1040</srorb>	1G
PJ		IK	• 2520	IFB<2560R(B>40960ANDB<49152)ORB>53247THE	
1 FK	•140 NEXTA:T=AD-(INT(AD/256)*256):PRINT" "	PD	N1050		II
4 FL	•150 FORA=0T07:T=T+A%(A):IFT>255THENT=T-255	LK	•2530	RETURN	IM
33 CL	•160 NEXT	IA			EB
	•170 IFA%(8)<>TTHENGOSUB1010:GOTO110	FK			HG
GC	·180 FORA=OTO7:POKEAD+A,A%(A):NEXT:AD=AD+8:GOT	IK			CE
6 NN	0110	MN			PN
NH		AB			MJ
IM	• 200 REM GET HEX INPUT				IM
KC	•210 GETA\$:IFA\$=""THEN210	HO			LII
DC	•211 IFA\$=CHR\$(20)THEN270	GC	(191)	T=INT(AC/A):IFT>9THENA\$=CHR\$(T+55):GOTO3	CJ
ML	·212 IFA\$=CHR\$(133)THEN4000	MD			
8 GN	·213 IFA\$=CHR\$(134)THEN4190	KF			JP
JK	•214 IFA\$=CHR\$(135)THENPRINT" ":GOTO4500	GE		(BECHENNING STATES AND STATES AN	AC
NA	•215 IFA\$=CHR\$(136)THENPRINT" ":GOTO4700	BJ			AI
DM	•220 IFA\$>"@"ANDA\$<"G"THENT(B)=ASC(A\$)-55:GOTO				LH
1 JA	250	GM			EO
FM	·230 IFA\$>"/"ANDA\$<":"THENT(B)=ASC(A\$)-48:GOTO				FJ
PA	250	LE			FF.
1	•240 GOSUB1100:GOTO210	LL			AB
	•250 PRINTA\$"[c P][LEFT]";	OA			MF
4	•260 GOTO125	CG			JH
100	•270 IFA>OTHEN280	OP	•4170	GOSUB1070: IFT=8THENGOSUB1200	CM
	•272 A=-1:IFB=1THEN290	OB	•4180		FO
	•274 GOTO140	CJ	•4200	PRINT" ":PRINTTAB(14)A\$	FG
n	·280 IFB=OTHENPRINTCHR\$(20); CHR\$(20);: A=A-1	HG	•4210	PRINT: A\$="":INPUT"FILENAME"; A\$	OM
	•285 A=A-1	BE	•4215	IFA\$=""THEN4210	GF
1	•290 PRINTCHR\$(20);:GOTO140	KH	•4220	PRINT:PRINT"TAPE OR DISK?":PRINT	DF
a	·300 REM LAST LINE	AD	•4230	GETB\$:T=1:IFB\$="D"THENT=8:A\$="@0:"+A\$:RE	
	·310 PRINT" ": T=AD-(INT(AD/256)*256)	GJ	TURN		IG
T		PL		IFB\$<>"T"THEN4230	FN
100	•330 NEXT	IA			IM
100.00	·340 IFA%(A)<>TTHENGOSUB1010:GOT0110	KF		B\$="CONTINUE FROM ADDRESS":GOSUB2010:AD=	
	•350 FORB=0TOA-1:POKEAD+B, A%(B):NEXT	HN	В		DK
c.	·360 PRINT:PRINT"YOU ARE FINISHED!":GOTO4000	ON			MA
		FL			OI
d	• 1000 REM BELL AND ERROR MESSAGES		1,700	B\$="BEGIN SCAN AT ADDRESS":GOSUB2010:AD=	OI
1	·1010 PRINT:PRINT"LINE ENTERED INCORRECTLY":PR	DH	В		FH
14000	INT:GOTO1100	חת	A 10001		NK
LL	•1020 PRINT:PRINT"INPUT A 4 DIGIT HEX VALUE!":	7.4			DI
D[GOTO1100	JA			DI
ED	·1030 PRINT:PRINT"ENDING IS LESS THAN STARTING			FORB=OTO7: AC=PEEK(AD+B): GOSUB3O3O: IFAD+B	DV
P	!":B=0:GOTO1100	HD			BK
MC	·1040 PRINT: PRINT" ADDRESS NOT WITHIN SPECIFIED			N. S.	EC
]T	RANGE!":B=0:GOTO1100	AG			GN
DM	·1050 PRINT:PRINT"NOT ZERO PAGE OR ROM!":B=0:G		•4730		MN
RNA	OTO1100	KN	•4741)	GOSUB3010:PRINT": ";:GOT04710	JD

AHOY! 99

COMPUPHOBIA		•438 IF A=3THENT=T+1	LB
		•439 IF A=4THENT=T+0	IH FF
FROM PAGE 77		•448 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 530 •449 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 430	BH
SLIPSHOD VERS	ION		NC
•10 PRINT"SLIPSHOD VERSION"	PP	•531 PRINT"1) A NUISANCE."	EO
•20 PRINT" COPYRIGHT 1985 CHERYL PETERSON			FL
" COLLEGIA 1909 CHERTE LETENSON	PA	•533 PRINT"3) SOMETIMES CONVENIENT."	BH
·130 PRINT"USING MY MICROWAVE'S AUTOMATIC		•534 INPUT"4) WONDERFUL."; A	LN
TIMER AND PRE-PROGRAMMED"	NB	•536 IF A=1THENT=T+3	LB
•131 PRINT"COOKING CYCLES DISTURBS ME"	DN	•537 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH
•132 PRINT"1) NONE"	JK		LB
·133 PRINT"2) A LITTLE"	KN	•539 IF A=4THENT=T+0	IH
·134 PRINT"3) SOME"	IG	•548 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 630	FG
·135 INPUT"4) VERY MUCH"; A	JB	•549 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 530	BA
•136 IF A=1THENT=0	JP	.630 PRINT"I FIND USING A SELF CORRECTING	
•137 IF A=2THENT=1	JF	TYPEWRITER"	PG
•138 IF A=3THENT=2	KD	•631 PRINT"1) FRIGHTENING."	LB
•139 IF A=4THENT=3	JJ	•632 PRINT"2) CONFUSING."	EG
•148 IF A>GANDA<5THEN GOTO 23G	FK	.633 PRINT"3) BETTER THEN USING A MANUAL.	
·149 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 130	EE		KI
•230 PRINT"USING THE AUTOMATIC RECORDING		•634 INPUT"4) A ROYAL PAIN COMPARED TO US	
FEATURES OF A VCR BOTHERS ME"	LM	ING A WORD PROCESSOR."; A	KB
·232 PRINT"1) NONE"	JK	•636 IF A=1THENT=T+3	LB
·233 PRINT"2) A LITTLE"	KN	•637 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH
·234 PRINT"3) SOME"	IG	•638 IF A=3THENT=T+1	LB
·235 INPUT"4) VERY MUCH"; A	JB	•639 IF A=4THENT=T+0	IH
•236 IF A=1THENT=T+0	KM	•648 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 730	GH
•237 IF A=2THENT=T+1	JE	•649 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 630	BB
•238 IF A=3THENT=T+2	LA	•730 PRINT"SETTING THE AUTO-DIALING FEATU	
•239 IF A=4THENT=T+3	II	RE ON A PHONE IS"	GH
•248 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 330	FL	•731 PRINT"1) BEYOND ME."	AB
•249 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 230	EF	•732 PRINT"2) TOO MUCH BOTHER."	LE
•330 PRINT"WATCHING A TELEVISION SET OR M		•733 PRINT"3) WORTH IT IN CONVENIENCE."	IA
ONITOR FOR HOURS"	AJ	•734 INPUT"4) EASY, BUT I LET MY COMPUTER	
•331 PRINT"1) GIVES ME A HEADACHE, SO I D		DO ALL MY DIALING."; A	IA
ON'T DO IT."			LB
·332 PRINT"2) MAKES MY EYES HURT SO I DON 'T DO IT."	CONTRACTOR OF	•737 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH
	MM	,00 11 11 01111111 111	LB
•333 PRINT"3) KEEPS ME PLEASANTLY OCCUPIE D."			IH
	DP CC		GA BC
•334 INPUT"4) IS A WAY OF LIFE.";A •336 IF A=1THENT=T+3	LB	•830 PRINT"IF MY CAR'S DASHBOARD LOOKED L	DC
•337 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH		PD
•338 IF A=3THENT=T+1	LB		CH
•339 IF A=4THENT=T+0	IH		MP
•348 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 430	FE		111
•349 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 330	EG	THING OUT."	IL
•430 PRINT"A REMOTE CONTROL DEVICE FOR A	БО	•834 INPUT"4) I'D BE FIGURING OUT HOW TO	
TELEVISION IS "	DG		LA
·431 PRINT"1) A NUISANCE."	EO		LB
·432 PRINT"2) A WASTE OF TIME."	FL	•837 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH
·433 PRINT"3) SOMETIMES CONVENIENT."	BH		LB
·434 INPUT"4) WONDERFUL."; A	LN		IH
이 이번 보였는데 화면에 전하다면 보고 있는데 사람이 보면 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 이 없다.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		GB
•437 IF A=2THENT=T+2			CD
100 AUOVI	O RES		

•930 PRINT"I'D LIKE TO HAVE A COMPUTER BE	LN	·1600 PRINT"FORGET IT! IT'S HOPELESS. A C	ME
•931 PRINT"1) IT'S A GREAT STATUS SYMBOL.		LASSIC CASE OF COMPUPHOBIA." •1610 PRINT"HOW DID YOU SURVIVE TAKING TH	DP
•932 PRINT"2) MY KIDS WILL NEED ONE."	CN	70	MG
•933 PRINT"3) THERE MUST BE SOMETHING I C AN DO WITH ONE."	OF	STRUCTURED VERSI	ON
•934 INPUT"4) I CAN THINK OF AT LEAST A D		·10 PRINT"STRUCTURED VERSION"	
OZEN THINGS TO DO WITH ONE"; A	AF	•20 PRINT"COPYRIGHT 1985 CHERYL PETERSON"	DN EB
•936 IF A=1THENT=T+3	LB	·30 PRINT"HIT ANY KEY TO CONTINUE"	OP
•937 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH	•31 GET Z\$:IF Z\$=""THEN 31	FF
•938 IF A=3THENT=T+1	LB	·100 PRINT"[CLEAR]"	HH
•939 IF A=4THENT=T+0	IH	·130 PRINT"USING MY MICROWAVE'S AUTOMATIC	
•948 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 1030	KB	TIMER AND PRE-PROGRAMMED"	NB
•949 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 930	BM	•131 PRINT"COOKING CYCLES DISTURBS ME"	DN
·1030 PRINT"I WOULDN'T GO THROUGH THE RID		•132 GOSUB 10001	IL
ES AT EPCOT CENTER BECAUSE"		•145 GOSUB 5000	FK
·1031 PRINT"1) I DON'T TRUST THOSE COMPUT		•146 IF A% <oora%>4 THEN 130</oora%>	BG
ER RUN CONTRAPTIONS."	ID	•150 GOSUB 10100	IN
·1032 PRINT"2) WHO CARES ABOUT TECHNO MUM		•230 PRINT"USING THE AUTOMATIC RECORDING	
BLE ANYWAY."	EE	FEATURES OF A VCR BOTHERS ME"	LM
·1033 PRINT"3) I'D BE TOO BUSY EATING!"	CA	•232 GOSUB 10001	IL
•1034 INPUT"4) I'VE ALREADY RIDDEN ON ALL		•245 GOSUB 5000	FK
OF THEM"; A	DJ	•246 IF A%<00RA%>4 THEN 230	BL
•1036 IF A=1THENT=T+3	LB	•260 GOSUB 10100	IN
•1037 IF A=2THENT=T+2	JH	•330 PRINT"WATCHING A TELEVISION SET OR M	
•1038 IF A=3THENT=T+1	LB	ONITOR FOR HOURS"	AJ
•1039 IF A=4THENT=T+0	IH	·331 PRINT"1) GIVES ME A HEADACHE, SO I D	
•1048 IF A>OANDA<5THEN GOTO 1100	JP	ON'T DO IT."	KG
·1049 PRINT"TRY A NUMBER, 1-4":GOTO 1030	IO	·332 PRINT"2) MAKES MY EYES HURT, SO I DO	
•1100 INPUT "HOW MANY COMPUTERS DO YOU OW		N'T DO IT."	FL
N";A •1105 IF A>10 THEN PRINT"TRY A NUMBER LES	BP	·333 PRINT"3) KEEPS ME PLEASANTLY OCCUPIE D."	
S THAN 11"			DP
•1110 IF A>10 THEN GOTO 1100	BK ML		FP
•1120 IF T>10 OR T=10 THEN T=T-A	NC	H - (1) 프로젝트 프로젝트 프로그램 - (1) 카드	FK BI
•1300 IF T>10 THEN 1400	HL		IK
·1310 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS A MEASLY";T;"WH		•430 PRINT"A REMOTE CONTROL DEVICE FOR A	TV
ICH MEANS YOU ARE AT HOME WITH"			DG
•1320 PRINT"THE COMING COMPUTER REVOLUTIO			JJ
		•440 GOSUB 5000	FK
·1330 PRINT"INVOLVED WITH THE BEASTIES, Y			BN
OU SHOULD BE."	CO	•460 GOSUB 10200	IK
•1340 END	IC	•530 PRINT"AUTOMATIC TELLER MACHINES ARE"	NC
•1400 IF T>20 THEN 1500	GF	•531 GOSUB 10050	JJ
·1405 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS";T;"."	PC		FK
·1410 PRINT"WITH A VERY SLIGHT ATTITUDE A		•550 IF A%<00RA%>4 THEN 530	BK
DJUSTMENT, YOU COULD BE"			IK
•1420 PRINT"HAPPILY ENJOYING THE BENEFITS		•630 PRINT"I FIND USING A SELF CORRECTING	
OF A COMPUTER COMPANION." •1440 END			PG
	IC	•631 PRINT"1) FRIGHTENING."	LB
•1500 IF T>25 THEN 1600	FD		EG
·1505 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS";T;"."	PC	•633 PRINT"3) BETTER THAN USING A MANUAL.	177.4
•1510 PRINT"GETTING YOU INTO COMMUNION WI TH A COMPUTER WILL TAKE"			HM
•1520 PRINT"A TREMENDOUS EFFORT. BETTER O	LJ	•634 INPUT"4) A ROYAL PAIN COMPARED TO US	
FF LEAVING TO THE NEXT GENERATION."		그 이 그 아무슨 이 전에 보면되었다. 아무런 것 같아요? 아무리 아이들이 아이들이 아이들이 아니는 아니는 아무리 아이들이 아니는	LN
·1540 END			FK
	TO	USO II NACOUNAA IIIEN USO	DP

LB

IH FF BH NC EO FL BH

LN LB JH

LB IH FG BA

PG LB EG

ΚI

KB LB JH LB IH GH BB

GH AB LE IA

IA LB JH LB IH GA BC

PD CH MP

IL

LA LB JH LB IH GB CD

IMPORTANT! Letters on white background are **Bug Repellent** line codes. **Do not enter them!** Pages 97 and 98 explain these codes and provide other essential information on entering **Ahoy!** programs. Refer to these pages **before** entering any programs!

INPURIANT! and provide other essential information on	ente	ring Ahoy! programs. Refer to these pages before entering any programs	3!
•660 GOSUB 10200	IK	N. IF YOU AREN'T ALREADY ACTIVELY"	PB
•730 PRINT"SETTING THE AUTO-DIALING FEATU		·1330 PRINT"INVOLVED WITH THE BEASTIES, Y	
RE ON A PHONE IS"	GH	OU SHOULD BE."	СО
·731 PRINT"1) BEYOND ME."	AB	•1340 END	IC
•732 PRINT"2) TOO MUCH BOTHER."	LE	•1400 IF T>20 THEN 1500	GF
•732 FRINT 2) 100 MOCH BOTHER.	IA	·1405 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS";T;"."	PC
		•1410 PRINT'WITH A VERY SLIGHT ATTITUDE A	10
•734 INPUT"4) EASY, BUT I LET MY COMPUTER		DJUSTMENT, YOU COULD BE"	A A
DO ALL MY DIALING."; A%	NC	•1420 PRINT"HAPPILY ENJOYING THE BENEFITS	AA
•740 GOSUB 5000	FK		2545
•750 IF A%<00RA%>4 THEN 730	DM	OF A COMPUTER COMPANION."	NI
•760 GOSUB 10200	IK	•1440 END	IC
*830 PRINT"IF MY CAR'S DASHBOARD LOOKED L		•1500 IF T>25 THEN 1599	HC
IKE THE COCKPIT OF THE SPACE SHUTTLE"	PD	*1505 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS";T;"."	PC
*831 PRINT"1) I'D SELL IT"	СН	•1510 PRINT"GETTING YOU INTO COMMUNION WI	
•832 PRINT"2) I'D IGNORE IT."	MP	TH A COMPUTER WILL TAKE A"	LC
•833 PRINT"3) EVENTUALLY I'D FIGURE EVERY		•1520 PRINT"MIRACLE. BUT STRANGER THINGS	
THING OUT."	IL	HAVE HAPPENED. GOOD LUCK!"	HM
•834 INPUT"4) I'D BE FIGURING OUT HOW TO		•1540 END	IC
GET COMPUTER MAPPING SYSTEM RUNNING"; A%	MF	·1599 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS";T;"!"	ME
•840 GOSUB 5000	FK	·1600 PRINT"FORGET IT! IT'S HOPELESS. A C	
•850 IF A%<00RA%>4 THEN 830	EB	LASSIC CASE OF COMPUPHOBIA."	DP
•860 GOSUB 10200	IK	•1610 PRINT"HOW DID YOU SURVIVE TAKING TH	
•930 PRINT"I'D LIKE TO HAVE A COMPUTER BE		IS TEST?!"	MG
CAUSE"	LN	•2000 END	IC
•931 PRINT"1) IT'S A GREAT STATUS SYMBOL.		•5000 IF A%>OANDA%<5THEN RETURN	CJ
un de la companya de	ND	•5005 PRINT"[CLEAR]"	HH
•932 PRINT"2) MY KIDS WILL NEED ONE."	CN	•5010 PRINT"TRY CHOOSING AN INTEGER BETWE	
•933 PRINT"3) THERE MUST BE SOMETHING I C		EN 1 AND 4"	NE
AN DO WITH ONE."	OF	•10001 PRINT"1) NONE"	JK
•934 INPUT"4) I CAN THINK OF AT LEAST A D		•10002 PRINT"2) A LITTLE"	KN
OZEN THINGS TO DO WITH ONE"; A%	GA	•10003 PRINT"3) SOME"	IG
•940 GOSUB 5000	FK	•10004 INPUT"4) VERY MUCH"; A%	KI
•950 IF A%<00RA%>4 THEN 930	DO	•10005 RETURN	IM
•960 GOSUB 10200	IK	·10050 PRINT"1) A NUISANCE."	EO
·1030 PRINT"I WOULDN'T GO THROUGH THE RID		·10055 PRINT"2) A WASTE OF TIME."	FL
ES AT EPCOT CENTER BECAUSE"	OB	•10060 PRINT"3) SOMETIMES CONVENIENT."	BH
·1031 PRINT"1) I DON'T TRUST THOSE COMPUT		·10065 INPUT"4) WONDERFUL."; A%	ND
ER RUN CONTRAPTIONS."		•10070 RETURN	IM
·1032 PRINT"2) WHO CARES ABOUT ALL THAT T		•10100 IF A%=1THENT=T+0	MI
ECHNO-MUMBLE ANYWAY."	KE		MM
·1033 PRINT"3) I'D BE TOO BUSY EATING!"	CA	•10120 IF A%=3THENT=T+2	MI
·1034 INPUT"4) I'VE ALREADY RIDDEN ON ALL		•10130 IF A%=4THENT=T+3	KM
OF THEM"; A%	DP	·10140 PRINT"[CLEAR]"	НН
•1040 GOSUB 5000	FK	•10150 RETURN	IM
•1050 IF A%<00RA%>4 THEN 1030	FH	•10200 IF A%=1THENT=T+3	NF
•1060 GOSUB 10200	IK	•10210 IF A%=2THENT=T+2	ML
·1100 INPUT "HOW MANY COMPUTERS DO YOU OW		•10220 IF A%=3THENT=T+1	MJ
N"; A%	GF	•10230 IF A%=4THENT=T+0	KP
·1105 IF A%>10 THEN PRINT"TRY A NUMBER LE		•10240 PRINT"[CLEAR]"	HH
SS THAN 11"	CE	•10250 RETURN	IM
•1110 IF A%>10 THEN GOTO 1100	AE	19239 KBIOKK	LIT
•1120 IF T>10 OR T=10 THEN T=T-A%	OK	LITTLE WINDOWS	
•1300 IF T>10 THEN 1400	HL		
·1310 PRINT"YOUR SCORE IS A MEASLY";T;"WH		FROM PAGE 18	
ICH MEANS YOU ARE AT HOME WITH"	IG	EXTENDED BACKGROU	ND
TOU TIDANG TOO AKE AT HOUE WITH	TA		

•1320 PRINT"THE COMING COMPUTER REVOLUTIO

•1 REM *** EXTENDED BACKGROUND DEMO ***

	and the		
	CB	•100 GOSUB 40:GOSUB 50:IF A\$="" AND D=0 A	
•10 POKE 53265, PEEK (53265) OR 64	AM	ND JY=0 AND JB=0 THEN 100	LE
•11 REM SET UP REGULAR STRING FOR BACKGRO		•104 REM IF IT WAS A FUNCTION KEY, CHANGE	
UND #O	PH	WINDOWS	BJ
•12 A\$(0)="ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 123		•105 IF(D>132)AND(D<137)THEN QQ=D-133:POK	
4567890 !#\$%&'()+-[EP][BACKARROW]*[UPARR		E 53280, BC(QQ):GOTO 100	LA
OW]@=;:[]/.,<>?"	EI	•109 REM IF IT WAS FUNCTION 2, QUIT	FH
•13 A\$(0)=A\$(0)+CHR\$(34)+CHR\$(34)	LJ	•110 IF D=137 THEN SYS 58235	HG
•14 REM CONVERT REGULAR CHARACTERS TO SHI	00	•114 REM IF IT WAS CLR KEY, CLEAR WINDOW	BD
FTED CHARACTERS FOR BACKGROUND #1	OC	•115 IF D=147 THEN HP(QQ)=ML(QQ):VP(QQ)=M	
•15 A\$(1)="":FOR I=1 TO LEN(A\$(0)):A=ASC(TM	T(QQ):GOSUB 80:GOTO 100	JK
MID\$(A\$(0),I,1))	FM		MD
•16 IF A<64 THEN A=A+128:GOTO 18 •17 A=A+32	DJ FB	·120 IF D=19 THEN HP(QQ)=ML(QQ):VP(QQ)=MT	MG
·18 A\$(1)=A\$(1)+CHR\$(A):NEXT	DD	(QQ):GOTO 100 •124 REM DOWN CURSOR	KM
·19 REM ADD REVERSE—ON/OFF CHARACTERS TO	עע	•125 IF D=17 THEN GOSUB 200:GOTO 100	BG
BOTH STRINGS FOR BACKGROUNDS 2 & 3	CJ	•129 REM UP CURSOR	CM
•20 A\$(2)="[RVSON]"+A\$(0)+"[RVSOFF]":A\$(3	00	•130 IF D=145 THEN GOSUB 210:GOTO 100	FH
)="[RVSON]"+A\$(1)+"[RVSOFF]"	JD	•134 REM RIGHT CURSOR	ВО
•21 FOR I=0 TO 3:PRINT A\$(I):NEXT	BA	•135 IF D=29 THEN GOSUB 220:GOTO 100	AD
		•139 REM LEFT CURSOR	LD
WINDO	142	•140 IF D=157 THEN GOSUB 230:GOTO 100	FK
•1 REM *** WINDOWS ***	NI	•144 REM RETURN KEY	GE
·2 REM CREATES THE ILLUSION OF WINDOWS US		•145 IF D=13 OR D=10 THEN GOSUB 200:HP(QQ	_
ING EXTENDED BACKGROUND COLOR MODE	PA)=ML(QQ):GOTO 100	GJ
•13 REM SET EXTENDED COLOR MODE	GO	•149 REM DELETE KEY	DJ
•14 POKE 53265, PEEK (53265) OR 64	AM	•150 IF D=20 THEN GOSUB 240:GOTO 100	DM
•15 GOSUB 800	CI	•164 REM IF IT WAS A COMMAND, BUT NOT A L	E35231 C
•19 REM EMPTY THE KEYBOARD BUFFER	PP	EGAL ONE, GO BACK FOR ANOTHER KEYREAD	HP
•20 POKE 198,0	KB	•165 IF D>O THEN 100	ON
•30 GOTO 100 •39 REM GET RAW JOYSTICK VALUE AND INVERT	CF	•169 REM IF IT WAS A CHARACTER, PRINT IT •170 PRINT VV\$(VP(QQ))TAB(HP(QQ))FC\$(QQ)C	HM
IT (JOYSTICK PORT 2)	AA	H\$(QQ,A);:GOSUB 220:GOTO 100	IA
•40 JY=255-PEEK(56320)	LE	•190 GOTO 100	CF
•41 REM GET SEPARATE BUTTON VALUE	CG	•199 REM CURSOR DOWN ROUTINE	LD
•42 JB=JY AND 16	PK	•200 VP(QQ)=VP(QQ)+1:IF VP(QQ)>MB(QQ) THE	_
·43 REM CLEAN UP JOYSTICK VALUE AND RETUR		N VP(QQ)=MT(QQ)	NN
N		•201 RETURN	IM
•44 JY=JY AND 15:RETURN	OP	•209 REM CURSOR UP ROUTINE	CH
•49 REM ** READ KEYBOARD	HH	•210 VP(QQ)=VP(QQ)-1:IF VP(QQ) <mt(qq) td="" the<=""><td>6.9</td></mt(qq)>	6.9
•50 D=0:GET A\$:IF A\$="" THEN RETURN	LI	N VP(QQ)=MB(QQ)	EI
•51 REM IS IT A COMMAND CHARACTER?	100110		IM
•52 A=ASC(A\$):IF A<32 OR A>95 THEN D=A:A=		•219 REM CURSOR RIGHT ROUTINE	AC
0:A\$="":RETURN		•220 HP(QQ)=HP(QQ)+1:IF HP(QQ)>MR(QQ) THE	
•53 REM CONVERT KEYSTROKE TO CODE FOR CH\$			AP
() ARRAY		•221 RETURN •229 REM CURSOR LEFT ROUTINE	IM PI
•54 A=A-32:RETURN	20.00	•230 HP(QQ)=HP(QQ)-1:IF HP(QQ) <ml(qq) td="" the<=""><td></td></ml(qq)>	
•79 REM ** CLEAR WINDOW •80 FOR I=MT(QQ)-1 TO MB(QQ)+1:PRINT VV\$(AB
I) TAB($ML(QQ)-1$);			IM
•81 REM SET FOR NON-REVERSE OR REVERSE		•239 REM DELETE KEY ROUTINE	FF
•82 PRINT "[RVSOFF]";:IF QQ>1 THEN PRINT		·240 GOSUB 230:PRINT VV\$(VP(QQ))TAB(HP(QQ	
"[RVSON]";	LL		CP
•83 REM PRINT CORRECT PORTION OF WINDOW'S			IM
BLANK STRING		·800 DIM VV\$(24),CH\$(3,63),FC\$(3),BC(3),V	
•84 PRINT LEFT\$(BL\$(QQ),MR(QQ)-ML(QQ)+2);		P(3), HP(3), CB(3), MT(3), MB(3), ML(3), MR(3)	CK
:NEXT:RETURN			NF
•99 REM ** MAIN KEYREAD LOOP	IL	•802 FOR I=0 TO 3:READ FC\$(I),BC(I),CB(I)	

PB

CO IC GF PC

AA

NI IC HC PC

LC

HM IC ME

DP

MG IC CJ HH

NE

JK KN IG KI IM EO FL BH ND IM MI MM MI KM HH IM NF ML MJ KP HH IM

BP

The second secon			(Daniel)	Talk.				
:NEXT			PG	16	*			
.803 DATA '	'[c 8][RVSOFF]",2,53281,"[BLUE	1	17	T	ABLEN	EQU	512
[RVSOFF]"	14 532	82 "[c 2][RVSON]" 7 5328	2			VSRCE	EQU	\$FB
2 "I VELLOW	111 DUCC	82,"[c ²][ŔVSON]",7,5328 N]",5 ,53284	BI					
J, [IELLOV	Allkasc	, 3, 33204	DT			VDEST	EQU	MVSRCE+2
	ET MARG	GINS & STARTING CURSOR PO		20				
SITIONS			LJ	21	L	ENPTR	EQU	\$200
.805 FOR T-	-0 TO 3	READ MT(I), MB(I), ML(I)		22	*			
		:HP(I)=ML(I):NEXT	JC				A DITTO	TO OUTPUTS
						SEI CI	A D115	10 00119015
		18,1,9,21,38,18,23,1,18		24	2/c			
12,23,21,3	38		EJ	25			LDA	C2DDRA
.809 REM VI	ERTICAL	PLACEMENT STRINGS	CE	26			ORA	#3
		[E]":FOR I=1 TO 24:VV\$(I		27			STA	C2DDRA
			PB		4		SIA	CZDDKA
=VV\$(I-1)+				28				
		HIFTED CHARACTER TABLES	LG				TO UP	PER CASE
•820 FOR I=	=0 TO 6	63:CH\$(0,I)=CHR\$(I+32):C	H	30	*			
\$(2,I)=CHS			GH	31			LDA	#142
		TTED CHARACTER TABLE	IJ	32			JSR	CHROUT
					.1.		JOK	CHROUI
		31:CH\$(1,I)=CHR\$(I+160):		33				
H\$(3,I)=CI	H\$(1,1)):NEXT	EG	34	*	CLEAR	RAM FO	R CHR MEMORY
•823 FOR I=	=32 TO	63:CH\$(1,I)=CHR\$(I+64):	C	35	*			
H\$(3,I)=C			NF	36			LDA	#48
		HIFTED BLANK LINE	IH	37			STA	FRETOP
•825 BL\$(0))="[38'	' "]":BL\$(2)=BL\$(0)	PF	38			STA	MEMSIZ
•826 REM SI	ET SHIE	TTED BLANK LINE	CP	39	*			
		OR I=1 TO 39:BL\$(1)=BL\$(1	40			FF KB	INTERRUPT TIMER
		T:BL\$(3)=BL\$(1)	EK	41		101111	LI KD	THE BRICOLD TELLEN
								OT LODE
•829 REM II			ID	42			LDA	CIACRE
•830 PRINT	"[CLEA	AR]";:FOR QQ=O TO 3:GOSU	В	43			AND	#\$FE
80			PA	44			STA	CIACRE
.831 RFM C	LEAR WI	INDOW EDGES	EA	45	*			
)-1 TO MB(QQ)+1:POKE 102		46			T/0 0	FF, CHAR ROM ON
							1/0 0	FF, CHAR ROP ON
	QQ)+1,	32+64*QQ:NEXT:NEXT	MG	47	2/4			
•833 QQ=0			IL	48			LDA	R6510
.834 FOR I:	=0 TO 3	B:POKE CB(I),BC(I):NEXT	JE	49			AND	#\$FB
•835 POKE			GL	50			STA	R6510
		30(44)	IM	51	s/c		OIN	ROSLY
•890 RETUR			TM					TDG TUMO DAY
MOV	EGL	IDG					HARACT	ERS INTO RAM
				53	*			
FROM	PAC	E 73		54			LDA	# <chrbas< td=""></chrbas<>
		equired for entry of this program.		55			STA	MVSRCE
See introductor		equite for entry of this program.		56			LDA	#>CHRBAS
-	y arricle.		_	57				
1 *							STA	MVSRCE+1
2 * MOVECI	HAR			58	*			
3 *				59			LDA	# <newadr< td=""></newadr<>
4	ORG	\$8000		60			STA	MVDEST
5 *	Ono	7033		61			LDA	#>NEWADR
6 R6510	EQU	\$0001		62			STA	MVDEST+1
7 NEWADR	EQU	\$3000		63	*			
8 CHRBAS	EQU	\$D000		64			LDA	# <tablen< td=""></tablen<>
9 CIACRE	EQU	\$DCOE		65			STA	LENPTR
				66				
10 C2DDRA	EQU	\$DD02					LDA	#>TABLEN
11 MEMREG	EQU	\$D018		67	L		STA	LENPTR+1
12 CHROUT	EQU	\$FFD2		68	*			
13 *				69	*	START I	MOVE	
14 FRETOP	EQU	\$0034		70				
	2.52						IDV	#6
15 MEMSIZ	EQU	\$0038		71			LDY	#0

72 73		LDX BEQ	LENPTR+1 MVPART		•90 SP\$="[38" "]" •100 L\$="[38"="]"	PK AB
		LDA	(MVSRCE),Y		•110 PRINT "ELMAC <the elementary="" learnin<="" td=""><td></td></the>	
75		STA	(MVDEST),Y			NP
76		INY			·120 OPEN 15,8,15 : REM DISK ERROR CHANNEL	
77		BNE	MVPAGE		·125 :REM	MP
78		INC	MVSRCE+1			NC
79		INC	MVDEST+1			MP
80		DEX	1000			BE
81	MVDADT	BNE	MVPAGE			FL
83		LDX BEQ	LENPTR MVEXIT			EP EH
			(MVSRCE),Y			CG
85		STA	(MVDEST),Y			CA
86		INY			•210 : REM FILL MOVE ARRAY INITIALLY	AC
87		DEX			·220 PRINT : PRINT "THINKING [3"."]" : GO	
88		BNE	MVLAST			NA
	MVEXIT					ML
90		T /O D	LOW TH			KB
91	* SWITCH	1/0 B	ACK IN		•250 PRINT CHR\$(147); : LL=5 : GOSUB 2400 : MDCHG=FALSE	
93		LDA	R6510			IB ML
94		ORA	#4			HL
95		STA	R6510			ML
96						MF
	* TURN TI	MER B	ACK ON			ON
98					•310 : REM DOES ELMAC GO FIRST?	LE
99		LDA	CIACRE			BA
100		ORA	#1			PI
101 102		STA	CIACRE			EH
103		MEMO	RY CONTROL REGISTER		•360 IF X+Y+Z=0 THEN WIN=FALSE :GOTO 460	FJ
104		111310	KI CONTROL REGISTER			OK
105		CLC				CI
106		LDA	MEMREG			JP
107		AND	#\$F0		•400 IF TM=0 THEN WIN=FALSE : GOTO 460	PK
108		ADC	#\$0C			DL
109		STA	MEMREG			MG
110 111		RTS				HD
112		K13				CD EK
113		END				DA
114		5				AA
	AAC					FP
	البرادية والمراث					AI
FRO	M PAG	E 3	4 ELMAC PLAYS N	IIM		BP
-10 DEM						IE
•10 REM •15 REM		REPORT	* #26	JD OP		HC JP
•20 REM				GA		HC
•25 REM				JD		EO
	NT CHR\$(14	47);		JL		KA
•40 : RE	M			CL	•570 : REM RETURN IF NO VALID MOVES; ELMAC	
•50 : RE		ALIZE		NC		OF
•55 :RE			(0)	CL		FH
	A(3,4,5,1) SE=0: TRU			NP		CO
	5E=0 : IKU ="[10"[LEH			MH JC	•600 RN=INT(RND(0)*TM)+1 •610 :REM STEP THRU THE CHOICES TO FIND	OH
0.) БКф:	- [10] [10]	111		JU	OI) THE SIEF THRU THE CHOICES TO FIND	

IMPORTANT! Letters on white background are **Bug Repellent** line codes. **Do not enter them!** Pages 97 and 98 explain these codes and provide other essential information on entering *Ahoy!* programs. Refer to these pages **before** entering any programs!

and provide other essential information of	in ente	ring Anoy! programs. Herer to these pages before entering any program	S!
THE SELECTED MOVE	DK	•1170 M1=M(J,0)	JE
•620 CT=0 : FOR P=1 TO 12	ID	•1180 A(X1,Y1,Z1,M1)=A(X1,Y1,Z1,M1)+1	OA
•630 CT=CT+A(X,Y,Z,P) : MV=P	MG	•1190 $A(X1,Y1,Z1,0)=A(X1,Y1,Z1,0)+1$	OF
•640 : REM FOUND MOVE VALUE (MV=1 TO 12)	BJ	•1200 NEXT J	MM
•650 IF CT>=RN THEN P=12	EA	•1210 : REM UPDATE SCREEN	FM
•660 NEXT P	NC	•1220 IF PL=1 THEN 1260	НО
•670 : REM RECORD THE MOVE	JD	•1230 IF WIN THEN PRINT "ELMAC WON. PRESS	
•680 MN=MN+1 : M(MN,0)=MV : M(MN,1)=X	GC	ANY KEY."	KL
•690 M(MN,2)=Y: M(MN,3)=Z	NF	•1240 IF NOT WIN THEN PRINT "YOU WON. PRE	
•700 : REM SAVE THE BOARD	FB	SS ANY KEY."	ED
•710 X0=X : Y0=Y : Z0=Z	CK	•1250 GET R\$: IF R\$="" THEN 1250	LG
•720 :REM MV STORES THE SELECTED MOVE	IP	•1260 FOR J=1 TO 8 : PRINT SP\$: NEXT J :	TO
•730 IF MV<4 THEN X=X-MV : GOTO 770	OJ	LL=1 : GOSUB 2400	DI
•740 IF MV<8 THEN Y=Y-MV+3 : GOTO 770	JJ	•1270 WSTRK=WSTRK+1	MN
•750 Z=Z-MV+7	JM	•1280 IF NOT WIN THEN WSTRK=0	FN
•760 :REM SHOW BOARD AFTER MOVE	PE	•1290 IF WSTRK>WMAX THEN WMAX=WSTRK	DB
•770 PRINT "ELMAC: ";X;Y;Z	GJ	·1300 PRINT "# GAMES, WINS, LOSSES[4" "]%	
•780 : REM NEXT MOVE	DF	WIN"	PE
•790 RETURN	IM	·1310 PRINT TAB(2)NG; TAB(9)NW; TAB(16)NL; T	371
*800 :REM	KO	AB(25)LEFT\$(STR\$(100*NW/NG)+"[4" "]",7)	MN
*810 REM RANDOM PLAYER	AH	•1320 PRINT "CURRENT/LONGEST WIN STREAK[1	
*820 :REM	KO	O" "]"; BK\$; WSTRK; "/"; WMAX : PRINT L\$	KI
*830 : REM PICK RANDOM MOVE	NN	·1330 : REM READY FOR NEW GAME	AJ
*840 ROW=INT(RND(0)*3)+1	KD	·1340 RETURN	IM
•850 IF ROW=1 THEN MAX=X	BG	•1350 :REM	EO
•860 IF ROW=2 THEN MAX=Y	AG	•1360 REM DISPLAY & SAVE MOVE ARRAY	PA
•870 IF ROW=2 THEN MAX=Z	AC		EO
*880 : REM IF ROW EMPTY, TRY AGAIN	KI	·1375 : REM DISPLAY MOVE ARRAY	HP
•890 IF MAX=0 THEN 840	KE	•1380 PRINT CHR\$(147)	FG
•900 NUM=INT(RND(0)*MAX)+1	HP	•1390 FOR I=0 TO 3 : FOR J=0 TO 4	DI
•910 IF ROW=1 THEN X=X-NUM			דת
•920 IF ROW=2 THEN Y=Y-NUM	EM CH	•1400 FOR K=0 TO 5 : PRINT "[RVSON]";I;J; K;"[RVSOFF]"	EJ
•930 IF ROW=2 THEN T=1-NUM •930 IF ROW=3 THEN Z=Z-NUM	CK	•1410 FOR P=0 TO 12 : PRINT A(I,J,K,P); :	EJ
•940 PRINT "RANDOM:";X;Y;Z	FN	NEXT P	ED
	1222		EB
•950 RETURN	IM	•1420 PRINT :GET R\$:IF R\$<>"" THEN I=3 :	
•960 : REM	HC OH	J=4 : K=5	NA
•980 : REM		· 1430 NEXT K : NEXT J : NEXT I	MP
•990 : REM INCREMENT NUMBER OF GAMES		• 1440 : REM SAVE MOVE ARRAY TO DISK	CM
•1000 NG=NG+1		•1450 INPUT "SAVE THIS ARRAY (Y/N)";A\$	NG
•1010 IF WIN=TRUE THEN 1110	A 100 A	•1460 IF A\$<>"Y" THEN 1560	IK
		•1470 INPUT "WHAT FILENAME"; F\$	DL
•1020 :REM >> ELMAC LOST! <<	IH	• 1480 : REM CREATE MOVE ARRAY IF IT'S NOT	
•1030 : REM PUNISH THE LAST MOVE	EH	ALREADY LOADED	MM
•1040 LAST=A(X0, Y0, Z0, MV)		•1490 IF FO=0 THEN PRINT "ONE MOMENT [3".	TIT
•1050 A(X0, Y0, Z0, MV)=0		"]" : GOSUB 1580 : F0=1	FL
•1060 A(X0, Y0, Z0, 0)=A(X0, Y0, Z0, 0)-LAST		•1500 OPEN 1,8,8,F\$+",S,W" : GOSUB 2500	AO
•1070 : REM INCREMENT NUMBER OF LOSSES	JL	•1510 FOR I=0 TO 3 : FOR J=0 TO 4	DI
•1080 NL=NL+1	LC	•1520 FOR K=0 TO 5 : FOR P=0 TO 12	ID
•1090 : REM UPDATE SCREEN		•1530 PRINT#1,A(I,J,K,P)	DP
•1100 GOTO 1220	PU	•1540 NEXT P,K,J,I	EJ
•1110 :REM >> ELMAC WON! <<	EL		NE
•1120 :REM INCREMENT NUMBER OF WINS			IM
•1130 NW=NW+1			EO
•1140 : REM REWARD ALL WINNING MOVES			NC
•1150 FOR J=1 TO MN	500,000,000		EO
$\cdot 1160 \text{ X1=M}(J,1) : \text{Y1=M}(J,2) : \text{Z1=M}(J,3)$	CG	•1600 FOR X=0 TO 3 : FOR Y=0 TO 4	IA

•1610 FOR Z=0 TO 5	JA	R TO PLAY[15" "]AGAINST ELMAC"	KD
•1620 $A(X,Y,Z,0)=X+Y+Z$	HH		1
•1630 IF X<>0 THEN FOR P=1 TO X : A(X,Y,Z	2	AC[27" "]"	DI
,P)=1 : NEXT P		·2160 PRINT "PRESS <l> TO LOAD THE MOVE A</l>	
•1640 IF Y<>0 THEN FOR P=4 TO Y+3:A(X,Y,Z	7.	RRAY FROM[15" "]DISK"	JK
,P)=1:NEXT P	HK	•2170 PRINT "PRESS <d> TO DISPLAY THE MOV</d>	
•1650 IF Z<>0 THEN FOR P=8 TO Z+7:A(X,Y,Z		E ARRAY[22" "]"	
P)=1:NEXT P	DC		KB
	ATTENDED TO SEC.	·2180 PRINT "PRESS <s> TO SAVE THE MOVE A</s>	
•1660 NEXT Z,Y,X	PJ	RRAY TO DISK": PRINT: PRINT	ED
•1670 RETURN •1680 : REM	IM	·2190 GET R\$: IF R\$="" THEN 2190	LK
	EO	•2200 PRINT R\$	BG
•1690 REM FILL MOVE ARRAY FROM FILE	MC	•2205 : REM MODE CHANGE	IL
•1700 : REM	EO	•2210 MDCHG=TRUE	EJ
·1710 INPUT"LOAD FROM WHAT FILE"; F\$	GH	·2220 : REM RANDOM COMPUTER PLAYS	HM
•1720 OPEN 1,8,8,F\$+",S,R" : GOSUB 2500	IH	·2230 IF R\$="C" THEN PL=1 : RETURN	CK
•1730 FOR I=0 TO 3 : FOR J=0 TO 4	DI	•2240 : REM USER PLAYS	KA
•1740 FOR K=0 TO 5 : FOR P=0 TO 12	ID	•2250 IF R\$="P" THEN PL=2 : RETURN	CO
•1750 INPUT#1,A(I,J,K,P)	CD	•2255 : REM DISPLAY THE MOVE ARRAY	IM
•1760 NEXT P,K,J,I : CLOSE 1	EM	•2260 IF R\$<>"D" THEN 2290	
•1770 RETURN	IM		GJ
•1780 :REM		•2270 IF FO=0 THEN PRINT "THINKING[3"."]"	
•1790 REM USER PLAYS	CL	: GOSUB 1580 : F0=1	OK
	GF	•2280 GOSUB 1360 : RETURN	DK
•1800 : REM	CL	•2285 : REM SAVE THE MOVE ARRAY	JJ
$\cdot 1810 \text{ B}(1) = X : B(2) = Y : B(3) = Z$	OP	•2290 IF R\$="S" THEN GOSUB 1450 : RETURN	BP
•1820 FOR J=1 TO 5 : PRINT SP\$:NEXT J	DN	•2300 : REM LOAD THE MOVE ARRAY	FK
•1830 LL=10 : GOSUB 2400	DB	•2310 IF R\$="L" THEN GOSUB 1690 : FO=1 :	
•1840 PRINT "ROW 1 =";X	BL	RETURN	KD
•1850 PRINT "ROW 2 =";Y	DH	•2320 GOTO 2130 : REM BAD KEY	LI
•1860 PRINT "ROW 3 =";Z	DL	•2400 REM LOCATE CURSOR AT COLUMN ONE OF	
·1870 PRINT "[3" "] <press go="" m="" menu<="" td="" to=""><td></td><td>LINE LL (LL=1 TO 24)</td><td>MJ</td></press>		LINE LL (LL=1 TO 24)	MJ
>"	DG	the state of the s	NE
•1880 PRINT "[DOWN]"SP\$"[UP]"	KB		
·1890 INPUT "PICK FROM WHICH ROW"; RW\$	MG		IM
•1900 : REM M = BACK TO MENU & RESTART			OE
•1910 IF RW\$="M" THEN 160	JP		BD
	MC		KP
•1920 RW=VAL(RW\$)	EE	•2530 PRINT EN; EM\$; ET; ES : CLOSE 15 : CLO	
•1930 IF RW<1 OR RW>3 THEN 1820	NI		BH
•1940 : REM $O = EMPTY ROW$	LO		OM
•1950 IF B(RW)=0 THEN 1820	BH	•2550 RETURN	IM
•1960 LL=17 : GOSUB 2400	FA		
•1970 PRINT SP\$"[UP]"	DE	TREACHDE WHEEL	
· 1980 PRINT "TAKE HOW MANY FROM ROW"; RW;	CK	TREASURE WHEEL	
·1990 INPUT TK\$: IF TK\$="M" THEN 160	IF	FROM PAGE 31	
•2000 TK=VAL(TK\$)	EA	-ROM FACE OF	_
·2010 : REM TAKE TOO MANY?	HK	•10 REM ***************	CE
•2020 IF TK>B(RW) THEN 1960	JM		PF
•2030 : REM CHOOSE A DIFFERENT ROW	EA		CO
•2040 IF TK<1 THEN 1820			
	IO		DG
• 2050 B(RW)=B(RW)-TK	GG		NF
• 2060 X=B(1) : Y=B(2) : Z=B(3)	NJ		EP
• 2070 LL=5 : GOSUB 2400	BG		CE
•2080 PRINT "USER: ";X;Y;Z	AN	·80 DATA100,1000,-1,400,200,500,0,300,100	
•2090 RETURN	IM	그 그 아이들이 그 그 그는 그 집에 살아가 그 그가 되었다면 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 나를 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 그를 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 그 때문에 다른데 그 때문에 되었다면 그 때문에 다른데 그 때문에 되었다면 그 때문에 다른데 그 때문에 되었다면 그 때문에 다른데 그 때문에 되었다면 그 때문에 다른데 그 때문에 그 때문에 그 때문에 다른데 그 때문에 그	BP
•2100 :REM	HC	•90 DATA PLAYER #, ENTER LETTER, F1 TO SPIN	
•2110 REM READ KEYBOARD	AI	,F3 TO SOLVE,!!WAY TO GO!!	PJ
·2120 : REM	HC	·100 DATA PERSON, PLACE, THING, PHRASE, TITLE	
•2130 PRINT : PRINT SP\$, SP\$: PRINT L\$	HP		HB
•2140 PRINT "PRESS <c> FOR RANDOM COMPUTE</c>		·120 DATA ALEXANDER THE GREAT, CHRISTOPHER	

JE

DA DF MM FM

OF

ΚL

ED LG

ΙC

IN IN OB

PE

ΊN

KI AJ IM EO PA EO HP FG

EJ

EB

NA MP CM NG IK DL

M

FL AO DI DOP DI DOP NE DI ME DO NC DO DI A

COLUMNIA LOMBOULUM DOGMULAMB WAREN		166 PEGMORE BODY 1000 PRINCES NEWS	-
COLUMBUS, ASTRONAUT, POSTMASTER, MAGELLAN	MN		DN
•130 DATA RONALD REAGAN, PETE ROSE, SYLVEST	10	•470 FORL=1TO13:READWH\$(L):NEXT:FORL=1TO5	T.
ER STALLONE, JIMMY CARTER, JOHNNY CARSON	JG	:READCG\$(L):NEXT	IA
· 140 DATA KERMIT THE FROG, ELVIS PRESLEY, N	DI	•480 GOTO540 •490 CK=0: PRINT"[CLEAR]LOADING ML DATA[3"	CN
UCLEAR SCIENTIST, REGISTERED NURSE	PJ	"]":FORL=828TO980:READA:POKEL, A:CK=CK+A	
•150 DATA DOLLY PARTON, CAPTAIN KANGAROO, J	PJ		HN
OHN GLENN, ROGER STAUBACH, JOHN BYNER •160 DATA BURT REYNOLDS	CM	•500 IFCK<>20211THENPRINT"[DOWN]ERROR- CH	1111
•170 REM **** DATA FOR PLACE ****	EL	ECK ML DATA STATEMENTS": END	DE
•180 DATA WEST GERMANY, UNITED STATES OF A	בום	•510 CK=0:PRINT"[CLEAR]LOADING SPRITE DAT	DL
MERICA, ASTRODOME, NEW ENGLAND, KENTUCKY	AJ	A":FORL=12288T012864:READA:POKEL,A:CK=CK	
·190 DATA HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, GREAT SMOKY MO	no	+A:NEXT	ON
UNTAINS, NORTH DAKOTA, CANDY STORE	СВ	•520 IFCK<>9993THENPRINT"[DOWN]ERROR- CHE	OI,
· 200 DATA MOVIE THEATER, WEST POINT, BEAUTY		CK SPRITE DATA STATEMENTS": END	PG
PARLOR, SHOPPING MALL, BOWLING ALLEY	BG	•530 A=1:RETURN	PA
·210 DATA MASSACHUSETTS, HOUSTON, DISNEYLAN		•540 V=53248:S=54272:P=192:Q=193:PR=65520	
D, NIAGARA FALLS, MOUNT RUSHMORE	PA	:N=781:E=RND(-TI):SP\$="[13" "]"	GF
•220 DATA CENTRAL AMERICA	GH	•550 GOSUB1420:X=9:Y=24:U=1:SC(1)=0:SC(2)	
•230 REM **** DATA FOR THING ****	KC	=0:FORL=1T026:U\$(L)="":NEXT	JN
•240 DATA LOOSELEAF PAPER, ASHTRAY, TELEVIS		•560 POKEV+39,0:POKEV+40,7:POKEV+41,7:POK	
ION SET, COFFEE TABLE, FOUNTAIN PEN	GC	EV+3,108:POKEV+5,108:POKEV+2,114	NB
•250 DATA THREE PIECE SUIT, LAWNMOWER, COMP	DD	•570 POKEV+4,139:POKEV,116:POKEV+1,101:PO	CN
UTER, MAGAZINE, STEERING WHEEL	DD	KEV+21,7	GN
•260 DATA BARBECUE GRILL, AUTOMOBILE, MOTOR	TC	•580 POKE2041, P:POKE2042, Q:POKE2040, Q+7 •590 FORL=STOS+24:POKEL, 0:NEXT:POKES+24,1	FF
CYCLE, PARKING GARAGE, WATER COOLER •270 DATA HARDCOVER BOOK, COFFEE MUG, BEER	LG	43: POKES+18,129: POKES+14,129	KE
STEIN, STEREO RADIO, ROLLTOP DESK	MG	•600 CL=FRE(0):REM **** SPIN ??? ****	IP
·280 REM **** DATA FOR PHRASE ****	LJ	•610 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,14:POKEN+1,26:SYSPR:	
•290 DATA NEVER ON SUNDAY, ONCE IN A BLUE	LO	PRINT"[CYAN]"WH\$(9);A	AC
MOON, THE EARLY BIRD GETS THE WORM	BC	•620 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,16:POKEN+1,26:SYSPR:	
·300 DATA NEW AND IMPROVED, SHARP AS A TAC		PRINT"[CYAN]"WH\$(11)	CK
K	GL	•630 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,18:POKEN+1,26:SYSPR:	
·310 DATA A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE, SWE		PRINT"[CYAN]"WH\$(12)	HN
ET LAND OF LIBERTY, PAR FOR THE COURSE	GO	•640 POKE198,0:WAIT198,1:GETAN\$:IFAN\$<>"[
•320 DATA PRETTY AS A PICTURE, NUTTY AS A		F1]"ANDAN\$<>"[F3]"THEN640	JC
FRUITCAKE, OUT ON A LIMB	DB	•650 IFAN\$=CHR\$(134)THEN850	DP
•330 DATA TOO CLOSE FOR COMFORT, FOLLOW TH	D.T.	•660 GOSUB1080:GOSUB910:IFB=3THENGOSUB110	DD
E YELLOW BRICK ROAD, WATCH YOUR STEP	BJ	O: A=A+1: IFA=3THENA=1	BD
· 340 DATA DAY IN AND DAY OUT, ONCE UPON A	CV	•670 IFB=3THENGOSUB830:GOTO600	00
TIME, TO EACH HIS OWN •350 DATA A WATCHED POT NEVER BOILS, APRIL	GK	•680 IFB=7THENFORTT=1TO3:GOSUB810:NEXT:A=A+1:IFA=3THENA=1	FL
SHOWERS BRING MAY FLOWERS	ВО	•690 IFB=7THEN600	PO
·360 DATA UP A CREEK WITHOUT A PADDLE	CB	•700 REM **** ENTER YOUR LETTER ****	JD
·370 REM **** DATA FOR TITLE ****	GO	•710 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,12:POKEN+1,29:SYSPR:	OD
•380 DATA THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, SPEAKER	00	PRINTWH\$(B):GOTO720	AL
OF THE HOUSE, GHOSTBUSTERS, HEAD FOREMAN	IB	•720 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,14:POKEN+1,26:SYSPR:	
•390 DATA MASTER OF CEREMONIES, SUPREME CO		PRINTWH\$(9); A	NJ
URT JUSTICE, NEW YORK TIMES, RAMBO	AF	•730 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,16:POKEN+1,25:SYSPR:	
· 400 DATA QUEEN OF ENGLAND, CANNONBALL RUN		PRINTWH\$(10)	EG
,INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE,STAR WARS	DN	•740 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,18:POKEN+1,28:SYSPR:	
•410 DATA GONE WITH THE WIND, MAJOR LEAGUE		INPUTA\$:IFASC(A\$)<650RASC(A\$)>91THEN740	DC
BASEBALL, VICE PRESIDENT, FAMILY CIRCLE	ED	•750 IFLEN(A\$)>1THEN740	DF
• 420 DATA UNITED STATES SENATOR, GOVERNOR	DE	•760 GOSUB1080:L\$=A\$:GOSUB1000:IFW=1THENW	IO
OF MINNESOTA, SPORTS ILLUSTRATED	PF	=0:GOTO710	LO
•430 DATA DUKE OF EARL •440 SC(3)=0:SC(4)=0:SC(5)=0:SC(6)=0:A=1	HE JP	•770 GOSUB1180:IFG=OTHENGOSUB810:GOTO790 •780 IFG>OTHENGOSUB1100:GOSUB1230:A=A-1	IC IO
•450 DIMWH(8), WH\$(13), U\$(26), CG\$(5): FORL=		•790 A=A+1:IFA=3THENA=1	MD
1T0126:READC\$:NEXT:GOSUB490:C\$=""	DG	•800 GOTO600	CC
	But		-

*810 POKES, 180: POKES+1, 5: POKES+5, 14: POKES		·1190 IFL\$=K\$THENPOKEN+2,0:POKEN,2:POKEN+	100
+6,146:POKES+4,17:FORZZ=1T0300:NEXT	BP	1, YY:SYSPR:PRINTL\$:GOSUB1220:YY=YY+1:G=G	
•820 POKES+4,16:RETURN	CD	+1:NEXT	KF
*830 POKES, 180: POKES+1, 5: POKES+5, 14: POKES		·1200 IFL\$<>K\$THENYY=YY+1:NEXT	EC
+6,146:POKES+4,17:FORZZ=255TO1STEP-1	GI	•1210 RETURN	IM
•840 POKES+1, ZZ:NEXT:POKES+4, 16:RETURN	BF	·1220 POKES+1,129:POKES+5,9:POKES+6,5:POK	
•850 REM **** SOLVE PUZZLE ****	IB	ES+4,17:FORZZ=1TO300:NEXT:POKES+4,16:RET	
*860 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,4:POKEN+1,6:SYSPR:IN		URN	KN
PUTA\$	MO	•1230 K=1112:L=1:REM * LETTERS FILLED? *	ML
*870 IFA\$=B\$THENSC(A)=SC(A)+100:GOSUB1130	- 1	•1240 IFPEEK(K)=32ANDMID\$(B\$,L,1)<>" "THE	
:GOTO1270	HB	NRETURN	ON
·880 IFA\$<>B\$THENA\$="":POKEN+2,0:POKEN,4:		·1250 K=K+1:L=L+1:IFL>LEN(B\$)THENSC(A)=SC	
POKEN+1,6:SYSPR:PRINTSP\$SP\$SP\$	MD	(A)+100:GOTO1270	GL
•890 GOSUB810:GOSUB810:A=A+1:IFA=3THENA=1	LA	•1260 GOTO1240	FA
•900 GOTO600	CC	·1270 PRINT"[CLEAR][HOME][DOWN]"TAB(11)"P	
•910 REM **** SPIN THE WHEEL ****	CH	UZZLE IS SOLVED":PRINTTAB(12)WH\$(13):PRI	
•920 POKES+1,10:POKES+5,5:POKES+6,67	PF	NT"[3"[DOWN]"]"TAB(11)WH\$(9)A"WINS!"	HJ
•930 FORLO=1TOINT(RND(1)*7)+4:POKES+4,33	ND	•1280 IFA=1THENSC(3)=SC(3)+1:SC(5)=SC(5)+	
•940 FORL=114T089STEP-6:POKEV+2, L:POKEV+4		SC(1)	GK
,L+25:NEXT:P=P+2:IFP=200THENP=192:POKES+		·1290 IFA=2THENSC(4)=SC(4)+1:SC(6)=SC(6)+	
4,32	MC	SC(2)	JC
•950 POKE2041, P: POKES+4, 33	HL	•1300 POKE53269,0	PL
•960 FORL=114T089STEP-6:POKEV+4,L:POKEV+2		·1310 PRINT"[DOWN]"TAB(8)"GAMES [RVSON]WO	
,L+25:NEXT:Q=Q+2:IFQ=201THENQ=193:POKES+		N[RVSOFF]"TAB(19)"TOTAL [RVSON]POINTS[RV	
4,32	BK	SOFF]"	HE.
•970 POKE2042, Q: NEXTLO: E=INT(RND(1)*7)+3:		·1320 PRINT"[DOWN]"TAB(4);WH\$(9)"1:"SC(3)	
FORL=1TOE: GOSUB990: SYS828: NEXT	CI	TAB(25)SC(5)	NE
•980 B=PEEK(684)-191:RETURN	NP	•1330 PRINT"[DOWN]"TAB(4); WH\$(9)"2:"SC(4)	
•990 POKES+1,10:POKES+5,5:POKES+6,67:POKE		TAB(25)S.C(6)	FN
S+4,33:POKES+4,32:RETURN	DD	·1340 IFSC(3)+SC(4)=10THENPRINT"[DOWN][DO	
•1000 REM **** USED LETTERS ****	FC	WN]"TAB(11)"ANOTHER SET (Y/N)?":CP=1:GOT	
•1010 T=1	DA	01360	BE
· 1020 IFU\$(T)=L\$THENW=1:RETURN	FL	·1350 PRINT"[DOWN][DOWN]"TAB(11)"PLAY AGA	
•1030 IFU\$(T)<>L\$THENT=T+1:IFT=27THEN1050		IN (Y/N)?"	OK
	FA	·1360 FORL=10T0150STEP10:POKES, 180:POKES+	
•1050 U\$(U)=L\$:U=U+1:POKEN+2,0:POKEN,X:PO		1,L:POKES+5,14:POKES+6,146:POKES+4,17	KM
KEN+1, Y:SYSPR:PRINTL\$:Y=Y+1:IFY=37THENX=		·1370 FORZZ=200TO225:POKES+1,ZZ:NEXT:NEXT	
	NN		DJ
ACEC DESCRIPTION	DE	·1380 POKE198,0:WAIT198,1:GETB\$:IFB\$<>"Y"	
	IM		BE
	IJ	·1390 IFCP=1ANDB\$="Y"THENPOKE53269,0:RUN	CP
•1090 FORL=12T018STEP2:POKEN+2,0:POKEN,L:		·1400 IFB\$="Y"THENPOKE53269,0:RESTORE:GOT	
	FB	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	EF
	KF		IC
•1110 FORL=1TOG:SC(A)=SC(A)+WH(PEEK(684)-			NI
191):NEXT	JF		ID
	GE	·1440 PRINTTAB(6)"[YELLOW][RVSON][sEP][5"	
·1130 IFA=1THENPOKEN+2,0:POKEN,21:POKEN+1		"][RVSOFF] [RVSON][5" "][c *][RVSOFF][
	LC		OP
·1140 IFA=1THENPOKEN+2,0:POKEN,21:POKEN+1,32:SYSPR:PRINTSC(A)		·1450 PRINTTAB(5)"[YELLOW][RVSON][sEP][6"	
	AM	"][RVSOFF] [YELLOW][RVSON][6" "][c *][
·1150 IFA=2THENPOKEN+2,0:POKEN,23:POKEN+1,32:SYSPR:PRINT"[6" "]"	CI		LC
	GJ	•1460 PRINTTAB(4)"[YELLOW][RVSON][SEP][7"	
*1160 IFA=2THENPOKEN+2,0:POKEN,23:POKEN+1,32:SYSPR:PRINTSC(A)	IID	"][RVSOFF][BLACK] [YELLOW][RVSON][7" "	
1176 province	HB		AB
	IM	•1470 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][sEP][4"	
*1180 YY=8:G=0:PRINT"[CYAN]":FORL=1TOLEN(B\$):K\$=MID\$(B\$,L,1)	TM	"][RVSOFF][sep][GREEN][RVSON][8" "][YEL	
υφ). Κφ-ΓΙΙυφ(υφ, υ, Ι)	IM	LOW][RVSOFF][c *][RVSON][4" "][c *]"	GM

To enter ARENA... it is necessary to use our Flankspeed machine language entry program. Carefully read the introduction to Flankspeed on page 98 of this magazine.

TO OTHER PROPERTY.	-	a on page of or the magazine.	
·1480 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][4" "][R		·1730 DATA 3,202,202,202,142,4,208,238,25	
VSOFF][sEP][GREEN][RVSON][6" "][GREEN][R		0,7,238,250,7,173,250,7	
VSON][4" "][YELLOW][RVSOFF][c *][RVSON][·1740 DATA 201,201,208,5,169,193,141,250,	
	AL	7,173,249,7,141,172,2,96 OE	
•1490 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][4" "][G REEN][8" "][RVSON][4" "][YELLOW][4" "]"	NI	•1750 DATA 173,250,7,141,172,2,96,234,234	
·1500 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][4" "][G	INT	,234,169,3,141,170,2,169 •1760 DATA 255,141,168,2,206,168,2,173,16	
REEN][5" "][BLACK][RVSOFF][s U][s I][GRE		8,2,201,0,208,246,206,170 GD	1
	FE	•1770 DATA 2,173,170,2,201,0,208,231,96 DK	
•1510 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][4" "][G		*1780 REM **** SPRITE DATA **** LF	
REEN][5" "][BLACK][RVSOFF][s J][s K][GRE		·1790 DATA 0,16,0,48,16,12,0,80,0,0,16,0,	
	JH	0,16,0,0,16,0,0,84,0,0,0,0	
•1520 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][4" "][G	NT	·1800 DATA 0,84,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0	B
	NI	,0,84,0,0,0,0,0,84,0 OC	
*1530 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][RVSON][4" "][c *][GREEN][6" "][GREEN][RVSON][4" "][YEL		*1810 DATA 1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,84,0 ,0,0,0,0,48,16,12,0,80 KP	
TOURS TRACE !!!!!	FD	•1820 DATA 0,0,16,0,0,16,0,0,84,0,0,0,0	
•1540 PRINTTAB(3)"[YELLOW][c *][RVSON][4"		,84,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,84 KL	
"][c *][GREEN][8" "][YELLOW][sEP][4" "]		·1830 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,8	
	OJ	4,0,0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1 EC	
•1550 PRINTTAB(4)"[YELLOW][c *][RVSON][16		•1840 DATA 0,1,1,0,0,84,0,0,0,0,0,48,84,1	
	JH	2,0,16,0,0,16,0,0,16,0,0 BA	
•1560 PRINTTAB(5)"[YELLOW][c *][RVSON][3" "]CATEGORY[3" "][RVSOFF][sEP]"	vu	•1850 DATA 0,0,0,40,0,0,16,0,0,16,0,0,40,	
•1570 PRINTTAB(6)"[YELLOW][c *][RVSON][5"	KH	0,0,0,0,0,64,0,0,64,0,0 •1860 DATA 64,0,0,84,0,0,0,0,0,84,0,0,16,	
	GI	0,0,16,0,0,16,0,0,0,0,0	
•1580 PRINTTAB(7)"[BLACK][c A][10"[s C]"]		·1870 DATA 0,4,0,48,20,12,0,36,0,0,132,0,	1
[c S][3" "][CYAN]"WH\$(9)"1:":PRINTTAB(7)		1,4,0,1,85,0,0,4,0,0,0,0 IH	
	LM	·1880 DATA 0,84,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0	1
•1590 PRINTTAB(7)"[BLACK][c Z][10"[s C]"]	0.7	,0,84,0,0,0,0,0,84,0	1
	CJ	*1890 DATA 1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,84,0	П
•1600 Z=INT(RND(1)*5)+1:POKEN+2,0:POKEN,2 2:POKEN+1,10:SYSPR:PRINT"[RVSON][CYAN]"C		,0,0,40,0,48,130,12,0,2 •1900 DATA 0,0,4,0,0,40,0,0,128,0,1,85,0,	
	GA	0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1,0,1,1 MA	
•1610 K=Z-1:IFK=OTHENFORL=1TOINT(RND(1)*2		·1910 DATA 0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0,84,0,0,0,0,0,8	
	BI	4,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1 CD)
•1620 FORL=1TOK*20: READB\$: NEXT: FORL=1TOIN		•1920 DATA 0,1,1,0,0,84,0,0,0,170,0,48,12	
	CO	8,12,0,168,0,0,2,0,0,2,0,0 NG	
•1630 K=LEN(B\$):FORL=1TOK •1640 IFMID\$(B\$,L,1)<>" "THENPOKEN+2,0:PO	GK	*1930 DATA 130,0,0,84,0,0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1, 0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0	,
KEN, 3: POKEN+1, YY: SYSPR: PRINT" [BLACK]-":Y		·1940 DATA 84,0,0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,	
W WW I WIND COMOLECE	HL	1,1,0,1,1,0,0,84,0,0	
·1650 POKEN+2,0:POKEN,3:POKEN+1,YY:PRINT"	194	•1950 DATA 133,74,149,132,72,16,132,74,14	1
":YY=YY+1:NEXT	KO	8,132,64,144,132,64,144,165 FJ	
	IM	·1960 DATA 74,149,0,0,0,0,40,0,0,68,0,0,1	-
	IJ	70,0,0,130,0,0,130,0,0,130,0,0 BE	
•1680 DATA 162,115,160,140,142,2,208,140, 4,208,136,202,224,90,208,9	KF	·1970 DATA 0,0,170,74,145,34,72,153,34,73 ,21,34,74,21,34,73	
•1690 DATA 202,202,202,142,2,208,76,91,3,	KI	•1980 DATA 19,33,136,145,0,0,0,0,0,170,0,	
	JH	49,1,12,0,1,0,0,21,0,0,1,0,1 JJ	
·1700 DATA 249,7,238,249,7,173,249,7,201,		·1990 DATA 1,0,0,170,0,0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1,0	
	DP	,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,0 LJ	1
•1710 DATA 7,173,27,212,201,128,16,56,162	0.7	·2000 DATA 84,0,0,0,0,0,84,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,	
	GJ	1,1,0,1,1,0,0,84,0,0 CC	1
•1720 DATA 2,208,136,202,224,90,208,3,76, 141,3,32,182,3,76,120	OD	•2010 DATA 0,126,0,0,60,0,0,60,0,0,24,0,0 ,24,0,0,24,0,0,24,0,0,24,0	
110 41001	OD.	,2-1,0,0,2-1,0,0,2-1,0	4

·2020 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 C170: 03 60 FE 111 DO 60 BD 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 FG 78: DO C9 33 BO 1 5 nn CO FO BD ·2030 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 AF C180: C A 9 99 OB (11) AD 1 B 53 0,44 MK C188: D4 99 03 nn 60 A 9 02 85 8 B C190: OB 60 DE 01 DO 60 BD 01 CB C198: DO CO FO 00 10 C9 EE 90 74 ARENA 55 CIAO: 1 5 A 9 99 OB 00 AD 1 B 22 FROM PAGE 92 C1A8: D4 99 03 C9 00 60 F2 90 C7 05 A9 01 85 OB 60 FE 01 51 Starting address in hex: C000 C1B8: DO **Ending address in hex: CACF** 60 AG 00 A 2 00 A 5 03 D5 SYS to Start: 49152 C1C0: FO 08 C9 04 FO 20 14 56 03 C1 C1C8: 60 A 5 OB FO 07 C9 5E cooo: AG 00 **B9** DO 99 C6 00 08 93 96 FO 1)4 20 76 CIDO: C1 60 20 35 C008: B9 DO C7 99 50 09 **B9** DO 87 C1D8: C1 60 20 36 C1 60 85 FB F4 **C8** 99 OA C010: 00 B9 DO C9 99 6A C1 E0: AD 15 29 DO 02 DO 6C AD 8 A C018: 00 OB **C8** DO E5 A 9 (1() 8D D9 C1E8: CIC DO 8D 02 DO AD 01 DO 99 CO20: 21 DO 8D 20 DO A 9 9 A 20 F4 C1FO: 8D 03 FB DO A5 C9 11 FO BF CO28: D2 FF A9 93 20 D2 FF AG CB C1F8: 1 E C9 12 FO 2C C9 14 FO DE C030: OF A 2 20 OB 18 FO FF AG **B6** C200: 3 A C9 18 DO 4 E AD 02 DO BB C038: 00 **B9** 95 C6 20 D2 FF **C8** OA EE C208: C9 BO 47 69 8D 10 02 C1 C9 44 DO F5 AG OA A 2 OD 6F DO A9 85 C21 08 13 DO 34 AD DD CO48: 18 20 FO FF nn 9F An **B9** 6 B C218: 03 DO C9 35 90 35 E9 02 9C C050: C6 20 D2 FF **C8** C9 3F DO AC 8 D 03 DO A 9 01 85 13 DO 95 C058: F5 A 9 (1)() 85 C6 A 5 FO C6 A 1 C228: 22 AD 03 C9 DO E6 23 BO 50 FC 77 C9 C060: AD 02 53 FO OB 9 D C230: 69 07 8 D 03 DO A9 112 85 33 C068: C9 4 D FO OE C9 46 FO 1 1 90 13 C238: DO 10 AD 02 DO C9 1 D 93 59 A9 C070: 4C CO OC 85 1 4C 75 90 E9 03 8D 02 DO A9 D8 C078: 85 CO A 9 OA 85 17 85 EO 4C C248: 04 85 13 AD 15 DO 09 02 83 C080: CO A9 08 85 1 7 A 9 8D C6 (1)() C250: 8D 15 DO 60 AD 15 DO 29 EO C088: 18 D4 A 9 7F 8D 13 D4 A 9 BD C258: 02 DO 01 60 A5 13 C9 02 C090: 7 F 8D 14 A 9 02 **D4** 8D OF CE C260: FO 13 C9 04 FO 1 A C9 08 OF A 9 D4 C098: D4 81 8D 12 20 A 7 7 A C268: FO 21 AD 03 DO C9 32 FO E8 C5 20 COAO: 40 C5 20 6 B C5 20 FD 25 CE C270: 03 DO 60 AD 03 DO COA8: B9 C5 20 DC C4 AG **B9** (1) 44 C278: C9 EE FO 1 A EE 03 DO 5F 60 99 C9 C6 28 DO **C8** CO 07 64 C280: AD 02 C9 19 DO FO OF CE B2 COB8: DO F5 A9 02 85 14 78 EA A D C288: 02 DO 60 AD 02 DO C9 FF 37 C6 8 D 10 COCO: 14 03 AD 38 0.6 C290: FO 04 EE 02 DO 60 AD 15 6A COC8: 8D 15 03 58 20 FO CO 20 **B8** C298: DO 29 FD 8D 15 DO 60 AD CODO: 54 C2 20 20 C3 20 54 C2 23 C2AO: 15 DO 29 FC FO 3 C AG 02 7 C COD8: 20 20 C3 20 9F C2 20 20 9F C2A8: 15 AD DO 39 41 C6 FO 2 C 9 A COEO: C3 20 BA 20 C1 20 C3 20 65 **B9** 49 C6 B9 AA 03 (11) C9 AB FB COE8: 20 FB CO C2 4C 5E CC CO C2B8 AA BO DA C9 55 90 19 20 F6 COFO: A4 A 6 17 88 1 5 DO FD CA 8 A C2CO: 36 C1 4C **C8** C2 20 56 C1 C8 COF8: DO F8 60 AD 01 DC 29 1F F6 C2C8: **B9** OB (1) C9 AA BO OA C9 86 C100: 49 1F C9 01 DO 07 85 9 B OB C2D0: 55 90 19 20 76 C1 4C DC 41 C108: A 9 ()() 85 03 C9 02 60 37 C2 20 DO C2D8: 96 C1 **C8** CO 08 DO 76 85 C110: 07 OB A 9 00 85 03 A 9 60 3 A C2EO: C7 60 00 8D 18 D4 A 5 D2 C118: C9 04 DO 07 85 03 A9 00 EF C2E8 5 C9 9C 90 E9 04 OA 85 72 85 OB 60 C9 08 DO 07 85 40 C2FO: 15 20 37 C4 20 **B6** C4 20 DD C128: 03 A9 85 90 OB 60 C9 9F 10 C2F8 DC C4 60 A 5 02 FO 20 C6 7 A C130: 90 03 20 A2 DE C1 60 BD C300: 02 (11) DO 1C A9 00 8 D 18 D4 C138: DO C9 BO 1 A CO 15 00 64 C308 AG 02 **B9** F8 07 C9 25 DO 24 OC A9 AF 99 03 00 AD 1 B OB C310: 09 AD 1 5 39 39 DO C6 8D 73 C148: D4 99 OB (1) 60 A 9 08 85 59 C318: 15 DO **C8** CO 08 DO EB 60 AC C150: 03 60 DE 00 60 DO BD 81 (1)() C320: AD DO 29 1 E 01 DO 5 B AD CO FF DO C9 90 15 CO (1)(1) FO 4 A C328: 1 5 DO 29 02 DO 01 60 An OC C160: A 9 55 99 03 OC 55 C330: 02 AD 1B DO AD 15 DO 39 41 C6 FO F7 C168: D4 99 OB nn 60 A 9 114 85 75 C338: 43 F8 **B9** 07 C9 25 FO 3C 51

ad

OC

OE

AM

GD

DK

LF

HH

0C

KP

KL

EC

BA

DF

CA

IH

OC

DK

MA

CD

NG

FO

CC

FJ

BE

MB

JJ

LJ

CC

GE

C340: B9 49 C6 AA AD 02 DO DD 13 01 8D 1D C510: 8D 01 D0 A9 DO 95 C348: 00 D0 90 30 FD (1) DO C9 72 C518: AD 1 E DO AG 00 A2 (11) A9 A 1 C350: 12 B0 29 AD 03 DO DD 01 9C C520: AF 99 03 (1) AD 1 B D4 99 A3 C358: DO 90 21 FD 01 C9 DO CC 80 C528: OB 00 C8 CA DO FD CO 5E 08 ED BO 1A A9 25 99 F8 07 AD 41 C530: D0 A9 85 03 A9 C360: AF 00 7 A FD 8 D 15 15 DO 29 DO A 9 92 C538: 85 A 9 FD 8D 15 DO C368: OB 60 44 OF 8D C370: 18 D4 A9 19 85 02 44 C540: A9 33 8D E9 04 A9 30 8 D FF C378: 20 4B C4 60 C8 Cr 08 DO 6 B C548: 71 04 8D 61 05 8D 72 04 **B**5 62 C380: BO 60 A9 (1() 8D 18 D4 CE 84 C550: 8D 05 8D 73 04 8 D 74 4 C E9 A9 8D 78 22 C558: 04 A9 31 8D 63 05 A 9 C388: 04 OF 18 D4 01 D7 31 8D 03 32 C560: 85 16 A9 FF 85 15 C390: A9 14 A 9 EA 8 D A9 26 10 C398: 15 03 58 A 9 nn 8D 1 D DO 2E C568: 85 18 60 A9 30 8D D9 05 AC C3A0: A9 25 8D F8 07 20 37 C4 19 C570: 8D DA 05 8D DB 05 8D DC B6 18 78 2A C578: 05 60 A9 93 20 D2 FF C3A8: A9 00 8D D4 AD 37 An AE ()() 99 C6 14 03 C6 8 D C580: A9 OB 00 D8 99 111 41 8D AD 38 56 C3BO: DA 58 C588: D9 99 00 99 00 DB **C8** 15 C3B8: 15 03 AD E9 04 C9 30 BE FO 04 20 DC C4 60 AO rin 78 C590: D0 F1 A9 01 8D 71 D8 8 D 63 C3C0: C3C8: B9 56 C6 99 EC 05 C8 CO **B**4 C598: 61 D9 8D D9 D9 8D 72 D8 ED C3D0: 09 D0 F5 A9 C5A0: 8D 62 D9 8D DA 8D (1) 8D 15 DO BD D9 73 AD 20 8C C5A8: C4 20 37 C4 A9 00 10 D8 8D 63 D9 DB D9 C3D8: 8D 8D 1 D C3E0: 85 C6 A5 C6 DO OA AD 01 23 C5B0: 74 D8 8D DC D9 8D E9 D8 92 E2 C3 C3E8: DC 29 10 FO 16 4C F8 C5B8: 60 A9 00 85 FB A9 04 85 77 C3FO: AD 77 02 C9 85 DO 05 68 A5 C5C0: FC A 2 (11) AG riri A 9 FO 91 2 D 68 4C 1 D CO C9 51 DE 56 C5C8: FB F9 C3F8: DO C8 CO 1F DO 18 A5 F5 A5 C400: 4C E2 FC 20 OD C4 20 40 7 E C5DO: FB 69 28 85 FB FC 69 EB C498: C5 20 DC C4 60 AO OO A 9 3 A C5D8: 00 85 FC E8 EO 19 DO E3 F2 FO 99 EC 05 **C8** CO 119 DO EF C5EO: AO 21 A2 01 18 20 FO FF C410: 6F C418: F8 60 C6 14 DO 16 A9 02 DE C5E8: A0 00 B9 51 C6 20 D2 FF 07 C9 C420: 85 14 AD F8 23 FO 45 C5F0: C8 C9 45 DO F5 AG 21 A2 F3 C428: 06 EE F8 07 4C 31 EA A9 2F C5F8: 04 18 20 FO FF AG 00 **B9** 80 20 C430: 20 8D F8 07 4C 31 EA AG E6 C600: 5F C6 D2 FF **C8** C9 53 FE 02 98 48 AO OO A2 E6 C608: D0 F5 AG 21 A2 C438: (11) 88 07 18 20 72 3F C619: F9 FF C440: DO FD CA DO FA 68 A8 88 An ()() B9 6 B C6 20 AD C448: DO EF 60 A4 16 A2 03 FE C8 C618: D2 FF **C8** C9 00 DO F5 AG E4 BD 71 3 A 90 8D C620: 21 18 FO FF C450: 71 04 04 C9 A2 OA 20 AG B7 A9 C6 C458: 0B 30 9D 71 04 CA 10 2 B C628: 00 B9 71 20 D2 FF **C8** D5 C630: C9 DO C460: EE 4C 68 C4 88 DO E6 60 69 (1) F5 60 64 C6 1 A 66 FE FD FB C468: A9 93 20 D2 FF AG (1) 8C C5 C638: C4 F7 EF DF BF 7 D C470: 18 D4 B9 76 C6 20 D2 FF 47 C640: 7 F 01 02 04 08 10 20 40 3F C478: C8 C9 F5 20 37 C648: 80 00 02 1)4 06 08 nn DO C4 ED OA OC F2 C480: 20 37 C4 20 37 C4 20 37 10 C650: OE 53 43 4F 52 45 87 81 E4 E2 FC A2 FF E8 AG 8F 92 C488: C4 4C EO E5 C658: 8D 85 96 85 4C 96 C490: 04 FO 22 BD 71 04 DD D9 92 C660: 49 56 45 53 53 50 52 49 D7 71 45 C498: 05 F3 90 18 AD 4 E C668: 54 45 53 4C 56 45 4C FO 114 CE DA 8D D9 05 AD 72 04 8D 99 C670: 00 48 49 47 48 (1) 20 C4AO: 20 D1 C4A8: 05 AD 73 04 8D DB 05 EE C678: 49 20 47 49 56 45 20 55 83 AD 21 21 21 20 2D 20 74 04 8D DC 05 60 16 F5 C680: 50 59 FA C4BO: E6 2F FO C688: 4F 55 20 57 49 4 E 21 21 C4B8: A5 18 C9 05 E6 18 64 7 E A9 21 21 21 47 41 C4CO: 4C C7 C4 26 85 18 A2 A 9 C690: 21 90 4D EA C4C8: 02 FE 61 05 BD 61 95 C9 1E C698: 45 20 53 50 45 45 44 05 75 90 08 A9 30 9 D 61 05 81 53 9A 4C 4F 57 2C 05 4 D FF C4DO: 3 A C6AO: 49 C4D8: CA 10 EE 60 AG 02 A5 18 63 C6A8: 9A 45 44 55 4 D 20 4F 28 99 F8 **C8** 08 F8 C4EO: 07 CO DO D5 C6B0: 52 20 05 46 9A 41 53 54 F1 20 24 8D F8 07 A9 C6B8: 3F (11) (11) 32 96 32 64 C4E8: A9 8D 9 B 64 BB C4F0: F9 07 AG 02 B9 49 C6 AA 09 C6C0: 96 00 100 64 64 64 AF AF E3 B9 B9 C6 9D ()() DO B9 C1 1D C6C8: AF OA 03 1)4 OE 03 04 OE AC C4F8: DO C8 98 00 00 00 00 00 (11) ()() C500: C6 9 D 01 CO 08 DO C6D0: 00 A9 19 8D 00 D0 A9 87 46 C6D8: 00 FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 D8 C508: EB

01.01		1 20																		
C6E0:			00							C8B0:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	BO	
C6E8:		00	00	00	00	00	00	00	E8	C8B8:	00	00	50	00	00	00	00	00	B8	
C6F0:	00	00	00	00	00	00	()()	00	FO	C8C0:	00	00	(1()	00	00	00	00	00	CO	
C6F8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	F8	C8C8:	00	00	nn	00	00	()()	00	00	C8	
C700:	()()	00	00	00	()()	00	00	00	00	C8D0:	(1)()	80	00	01	CO	00	03	EO	F6	
C708:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FF	08	C8D8:	00	07	FO	00	OF	F8	00	1F	F7	
C710:	00		00	60	00	00	30	00	AO	C8E0:	FC	00	3F	FE	00	7 F	FF	00	9 B	
C718:			00	00	OC	00	00	06	42	C8E8:	FF	FF				- 6.7		1000		
C720:			00	00	00	00	00	00					80	00	00	00	00	00	69	
	1 1 1	2 2 20		4000	1000	11.00		E 10	20	C8F0:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FO	
C728:			90	00	00	00	00	00	28	C8F8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	F8	
C730:			00	00	00	00	00	90	30	C900:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
C738:			00	00	00	00	00	00	38	C908:	(1)(1)	90	00	00	00	00	00	FF	08	
C740:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	40	C910:	FC	1F	80	7 E	3F	00	3F	7 E	28	
C748:	()()	00	00	55	(1)(1)	00	90	1717	48	C918:	(1)(1)	1F	FC	00	OF	F8	00	07	43	
C750:	18	00	(1)	18	()()	00	18	00	98	C920:	FO	00	OF	F8	00	1F	FC	00	35	
C758:	00	18	00	00	18	90	00	18	AO	C928:	3F	7E	nn	7 E	3F	00	FC	1F	BF	
C760:	00	100 E	18	00	00	99	00	00	78	C930:	80	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	BO	
C768:			00	00	00	00	00	00	68	C938:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	38	
C770:			00	00	00	00	00	00	70	C940:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	40	
C778:			00	00	00	00	00	00	78	C948:	00	90	00	00			(1.5			
C780:		15 15	00	00	56.8	31155		- 150 50					1 1 2 12 13	1000	00	00	00	00	48	
			10 31	10 10 10	00	00	00	00	80	C950:	01	CO	00	OF	F8	00	3F	FE	58	
C788:			00	00	00	00	00	FF	88	C958:	00	3F	FE	00	FF	FF	80	FF	17	
C790:			00	06	00	00	OC	00	A2	C960:	FF	80	FF	FF	80	3F	FE	00	9F	
C798:		18	00	00	30	00	00	60	41	C968:	3F	FE	00	OF	F8	()()	01	CO	70	
C7A0:		00	00	00	00	90	00	00	An	C970:	00	00	50	00	00	00	00	00	70	
C7A8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	A8	C978:	00	()()	50	00	00	00	00	()()	78	
C7BO:	00	00	00	00	00	00	1717	00	BO	C980:	00	00	50	55	00	(1)(1)	00	00	80	
C7B8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	55	B8	C988:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FF	88	
C7CO:	00	00	00	()()	00	00	00	00	CO	C990:	00	80	90	03	EO	00	07	FO	EC	
C7C8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	C8	C998:	00	OF	F8	00	1F	FC	00	1F	DB	
C7D0:	EO	()()	00	EO	00	00	00	00	92	C9A0:	FC	00	3F	FE	00	7 F	FF	00	5 B	
C7D8:	nn	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	D8	C9A8:	7F	FF	00	FF	FF	80	FF	FF	A8	
C7E0:	00	70	00	00	00	00	00	00	EO	C9B0:	80	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	31	
C7E8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	E8	C9B8:	26	.00	00	00	00	00	00	00		
C7F0:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FO	C9C0:	00	00	00	00	- CO - CO		200		B8	
C7F8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	F8		-15-31	100	100 100	1 3 6 5 6	00	00	00	00	CO	
C800:	00	00	00	00		- 87.3		1000	- 10 S	C9C8:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	C8	
				112.3	00	00	00	00	00	C9D0:	07		00		F8			FC	EC	
C808:	8 12	00	00	00		00	00	FF	08	C9D8:	00	3F	FE	00	7 F	FF	00	FF	96	
C810:	CC		00	00	90	00	CC	CC	43	C9E0:	FF	80	7 F	FF	00	3F	FE	00	1F	
C818:	00	00	00	00	CC	CC	00	00	B1	C9E8:	1F	FC	00	OF	F8	00	07	FO	05	
C820:	00	00	CC	CC	00	00	00	00	В9	C9FO:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FO	
C828:	CC	CC	00	00	00	00	CC	CC	5 B	C9F8:	00	00	00	()()	90	()()	00	00	F8	
C830:	00	00	00	00	00	()()	00	00	30	CAOO:	99	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
C838:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	38	CAO8:	00	(1()	50	00	00	00	00	FF	08	
C840:	00	(1)()	(1)(1)	00	00	50	00	00	40	CA10:	FF	FF	80	FF	FF	80	FF	FF	11	
C848:	00	00	00	00	90	00	00	()()	48	CA18:	80	FF	FF	80	FF	FF	80	FF	99	
C850:	FF	80	00	FF	80	00	FF	80	D1	CA20:	FF	80	FF	FF	80	FF	FF	80	A1	
C858:	00	FF	80	00	FF	80	00	FF	59	CA28:	FF	FF	80	FF	FF	80		FF	29	
C860:	FF	00	01	FF	00	01	FF	00	62	CA30:	80	00	00	00	00	00	00		BO	
C868:	01	FF	00	01	FF	00	01	FF	6B	CA38:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00		38	
C870:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	70	CA40:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	40	
C878:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	78	CA48:	00	00		00						
C880:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00					00		00	00	00	00	48	
C888:	00	00	00	00	00	99	00		80	CASO:	00	80	()()	01	CO	00	03	EO	76	
C890:								BF	48	CA58:	00	OF	F8	00	3F	FE	00	FF	9E	
	03	EO	00	03	EO	00	03	EO	3C	CA60:	FF	80	3F	FE	00	OF	F8	00	27	
C898:	00	03	EO	00	FF	FF	80	FF	FC	CA68:	03	EO	00	01	CO	00	00	80	8E	
CSAO:	FF	80	FF	FF	80	03	EO	00	85	CA70:	00	00	00	00	50	00		00	70	
C8A8:	03	EO	00	03	EO	()()	03	EO	54	CA78:	00	00	()()	00	00	00	00	50	78	

The state of the s		
CA80: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 80		HN
CA88: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 BF 48		HB
CA90: 00 7F 80 00 FF 80 01 FF 12 CA98: 00 03 FE 00 07 FC 00 0F AI	m, oc.)))	LB
CAAO: F8 00 1F F0 00 3F E0 00 C9	•170 PRINT#15,"M-W"CHR\$(0)CHR\$(28)CHR\$(1)	
CAA8: 7F CO OO FF 80 OO FF OO 69		IC
CABO: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 BO		DI NK
CAB8: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 B8		GF
CAC8: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 C8		NK
		DI
1541 ALIGNMENT CHECK	• 200 PRINT"[HOME][7"[DOWN]"]"TAB(21)T"[LE	FM
	FT][4" "]" •205 IFE<2THENPRINT"[HOME][15"[DOWN]"]"TA	EP1
FROM PAGE 83		DM
•10 S=53280:POKES,6:POKES+1,6	GJ •210 IFE>1THENPRINT"[HOME][15"[DOWN]"]"TA	
·15 TL\$="[22"[s *]"]"		AK
•20 BL\$="[25"[s *]"]"	220 111 22111 (221)	FB
•25 T=18:TK=T:OPEN15,8,15,"I" •30 PRINT"[CLEAR][YELLOW][8" "][s U]"TL\$"	EI •220 TR\$=RIGHT\$(R\$,2):PRINT"[HOME][11"[DO WN]"]"TAB(22);TR\$	IL
[s I]"	KJ •225 IFE<>OAND VAL(TR\$)<(T5)ORVAL(TR\$)>	
•35 PRINT" [7"[s *]"][s B] [WHITE]1541 AL		NK
IGNMENT CHECK[YELLOW] [s B][7"[s *]"]"	OD •230 IFE>1ANDT<>INT(T)THENPRINT"[7"[DOWN]	
•40 PRINT"[8" "][s J]"TL\$"[s K]"	00 1 1110(11)	KM
<pre>-45 PRINT"[11" "]BY GREG GRANVILLE" -50 PRINT"[DOWN][DOWN][7" "][s U][s *][s</pre>	CG •235 IFE>1ANDT=INT(T)THENPRINT"[7"[DOWN]"]"TAB(14)"ALIGNMENT BAD":E=0:GOTO275	MF
*]ACTUAL HEAD POSITION[3"[s *]"][s I]"		CD
•55 PRINT"[7" "][s B][6" "][WHITE]TRACK =	•245 PRINT"[7"[DOWN]"]"TAB(14)"ALIGNMENT	
"SPC(12)"[YELLOW][s B]"		GP
•60 PRINT"[7" "][s J]"BL\$"[s K]"	EH •250 PRINT"[7"[DOWN]"]"TAB(14)" NOT CERTA IN "	PO
•65 PRINT"[DOWN][7" "][s U][s *]POSITION READ FROM DISK[s *][s I]"		CE
•70 PRINT"[7" "][s B][6" "][WHITE]TRACK =		DF
"SPC(12)"[YELLOW][s B]"		CE
•75 PRINT"[7" "][s J]"BL\$"[s K]"		DI
-80 PRINT"[DOWN][7" "][s U][s *][s *]ERRO		NK
R STATUS[11"[s *]"][s I]" •85 PRINT"[7" "][s B]"SPC(25)"[YELLOW][s		JB PA
B]"		JE
•90 PRINT"[7" "][s J]"BL\$"[s K]"	EH •295 IFJ=8ANDT<35THENC=1:GOTO340	BA
•95 PRINT"[DOWN][7" "][s U][s *][s *]ALIG		
NMENT STATUS[7"[s *]"][s I]"		EH
·100 PRINT"[7" "][s B]"SPC(25)"[YELLOW][s B]"		LM CM
•105 PRINT"[7" "][s J]"BL\$"[s K]"		DI
·110 PRINT"[DOWN]PUSH JOYSTICK LEFT & RIG		GH
HT TO MOVE HEAD"		HA
·115 PRINT" HOLD FIRE BUTTON TO READ DRIV		GH
E STATUS[WHITE]" •120:		DI BN
•125 REM *************		PN
•130 REM *** CALCULATE T/S READ ***		LG
•135 REM **************	[2.16조] - 1.10 : 경영화장 및 경투에 맞아 한 경화생활성 (2.164 P. 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	BD
•146):		IA
•145 PRINT#15,"M-R"CHR\$(0)CHR\$(28) •150 GET#15,F\$:IFF\$=""THENF\$=CHR\$(0)	EC •365 C=B+BT BO •370 PRINT#15,"M-W"CHR\$(0)CHR\$(28)CHR\$(1)	IL
13.7 σΕΙ 113, ι φ. ΙΓΓ φ - ΙΠΕΝΓ φ - ΟΠΚφ(1)	57 7 1 KINT#15, 11-11 OHK#(1)OHK#(20)OHK#(1)	

CHR\$(C)	MD
•375 E=0	CO
•380 GOTO145	CM
•385 :	DI
•390 REM *************	HE
·395 REM *** READ THE HEADER ***	EE
• 400 REM ************	HE
•405 :	DI
·410 M\$="": RESTORE	CA
•415 FORY=1TO11:READX:M\$=M\$+CHR\$(X):NEXT	LB
•420 PRINT#15,"M-W"CHR\$(0)CHR\$(3)CHR\$(11)	
M\$	KC
•425 PRINT#15,"M-W"CHR\$(0)CHR\$(0)CHR\$(1)C	
HR\$(208)	MH
•430 PRINT#15, "M-R"CHR\$(0) CHR\$(0)	PE
•435 GET#15, ER\$: E=ASC(ER\$+CHR\$(0))	AM
•440 IFE>127THEN340	GJ
•445 IFE<>1THEN145 •450:	LA
•455 REM ***************	DI
•460 REM *** NO ERROR/GET TRACK # ***	GH
•465 REM ***************	GE GH
·470 :	DI
•475 PRINT#15, "M-R"CHR\$(22)CHR\$(0)CHR\$(4)	HO
•480 FORZ=1T02:GET#15,B\$:NEXT	DP
•485 GET#15,B\$:TK=ASC(B\$+CHR\$(0))	OG
•490 GOTO145	CM
•495 :	DI
•500 REM **************	GH
•505 REM *** EXIT/DRIVE MOTOR OFF ***	DM
•510 REM ***************	GH
•515 :	DI
•520 PRINT#15,"M-W"CHR\$(0)CHR\$(28)CHR\$(1)	100
CHR\$(0)	KA
•525 FORX=1TO10:GETX\$:NEXT	OI
•530 CLOSE15: PRINT"[CLEAR]MOTOR OFF"CHR\$(
13)"PROGRAM TERMINATED": END	JK
•535 DATA169,48,133,69,169,0,133,63,76,17	
7,243	00
TURNKEY 64	
FROM PAGE 53	
Starting Address in Hex: 8000	
Ending Address in Nov. 0100	

Starting Address in Hex: 8000 Ending Address in Hex: 810C Sys to start: 32768

HN

HB

LB

IC

DI

NK

GF

NK

DI

FM

DM

AK

FB

IL

NK

KM

MF

CD

GP

PO

CE

DF

CE

DI

NK

JB

PA

JE

BA

EH

LM

CM

DI

HA

DI

BN

PN

LG

BD

IA

IL

Flankspeed required for entry. See page 98.

8000: 09 80 5E FE C3 C2 CD 38 73 8008: 30 8E 16 DO 20 84 FF 20 72 8010: 87 FF 20 8A FF 20 81 FF E3 8018: A 9 OC 8D 20 DO A 9 00 8D 83 8020: 21 DO A9 OE 8D 86 A9 02 89 7F 8D 8028: 00 DC AD DC C9 67 OE 8030: DO 20 DF A2 BD CB 80 BB 8038: 9 D 3C 03 CA 10 F7 4C 3C 70 8040: 03 20 53 20 E4 BF E3 A2 02 20 A9 FF 8D 04 DD 05 8D 14 8050: DD A9 19 8 D OE DD AD OD 25

8058: DD AD OD DD 29 01 FO E3 8060: CA DO E6 A9 111 85 90 A9 4C 08 8068: 20 B1 FF 20 A9 6F 93 OF 8070: FF A5 90 FO 07 A 9 (1)(1) 85 CD 8078: 90 4C 33 80 20 AE FF A 9 81 8080: EA 8D 28 03 A9 08 AA 21 AG 8088: (11) 20 BA FF A9 A2 04 C7 7 B 8090: An 80 20 BD FF A 9 00 A6 DF 8098: 2 B A4 2C 20 **D5** FF BO D5 11 80A0: 20 E7 FF A5 A4 85 AE AF D6 2D 84 80A8: 2E 20 59 A 6 20 33 FB 80B0: A5 A9 ()() 20 90 FF 20 33 04 80B8: A5 A 2 20 BD 3C EC 80 9 D 26 CA 03 80C0: 10 F7 4C 3C 03 30 52 8008: 3 A 3F 2 A 8D (11) DE A 9 (11) 82 80D0: 8D 04 20 80 1)4 80 30 OC CF 80D8: AG AG 85 37 8D 83 84 02 6E 80E0: 38 80 02 84 A9 ED 8D 28 79 80E8: 03 6C 55 AG 8D MI DE A 9 OF 80F0: 8D (1) 1)4 80 2C 1)4 80 E3 80F8: OC AO AG 85 37 8D 83 02 16 84 38 8100: 8C 84 02 A9 ED 8D F4 8108: 28 03 4C AE A7 D5

CRABFIGHT FROM PAGE 69

Starting Address in Hex: C000
Ending Address in Hex: CB07
Flankspeed required for entry. See page 98.

coco:

COC8:

CODO:

8A

E8

99

99

D9

OE D9

08

99

D8

D8

99

99

DA

FE D9

F8

99

20 90 C000: A0 00 8C 15 DO 8C DO C008: 8C 21 DO B9 95 C9 20 D2 92 FF 19 C010: **C8** CO 90 F5 20 E4 3 E C018: FF FO FB 09 31 90 F7 C9 52 FF CO20: 34 F3 20 D2 38 E9 BO OE CO28: 311 8 D FE 02 AD 00 B9 AE EF C030: C9 20 D2 FF **C8** CO 16 90 1D F5 20 E4 FF FO FB C9 31 C038: 1 B C040: 90 F7 C9 33 BO F3 20 D2 5D FF 38 E9 FO C9 CO48: 30 8D 02 E4 C050: 01 DO 1D AG 1)1) B9 C4 C9 28 20 FF 90 C058: D2 C8 CO 16 F5 71 C060: 20 E4 FF FO FB C9 31 90 DD C068: F7 C9 34 BO F3 20 D2 FF F5 C070: 20 4 A **C8** 38 E9 30 85 FD 79 C078: A 9 05 38 E5 85 FD FD 85 4C An C080: FE A 9 93 20 D2 FF 50 00 C088: 98 99 A 7 02 **C8** CO 38 90 **B6** C090: F8 8D 1)4 DO A9 An 8D 08 CB C098: 1)4 8D 1E 114 06 A2 8E 08 8 B COAO: D8 8E 1E D8 A9 AG 28 AG 12 08 99 99 67 COA8: 04 99 F8 114 E8 COBO: 05 99 D8 116 99 1E 04 99 83 COB8: OE 95 99 FE 05 99 EE 06 F7

99

D8

EE

CA

69

4 D

D8

1E

99

COD8: COE8: COFO: COE8: COFO: COF8: COFFO: COF8: COFFO: COF8: COFFO: COF8: COFFO: COFF	DA A8 A9 9 7 7 7 9 8 A 8 A 9 9 7 7 C 9 9 8 A 8 A 9 9 7 7 C 9 9 8 A 8 A 9 9 7 7 C 9 9 8 A 8 A 9 9 7 A 9 A 9 A 9 A 9 A 9 A 9 A 9 A 9	40040 40	80099977999BBB0099BB0099F079BBD009BBB009BBB009BBB009BBB009BBB009BBB009BBB009BBB009BBB00BBBB00BBBB00BBBB00BBBB00BBBB00BBBB00BBBB	A044198899006AA999977380DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	180 A 9 9 7 A A 9 9 4 A 1 5 9 9 A 0 8 9 9 A 0 8 9 A 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	A 6 6 1 9 9 9 0 2 1 9 B 0 0 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	388 FD116 A A A O 3 A 14 A 3 A 5 A 6 8 A 5 A 5	C2A8: C2B0: C2B8: C2C0: C2C8: C3C0:	D060007E0C47E07119E3009CB0EC1C000DCF6D8D10C889DA60D4C	14E582A949379CDD 16C4B6A3030CC496E0DD 2002AC2DC	05C A 05 O D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	050C445E0950655D62F0673C4E9E393039C40DCC00D9D100009CCC2D0	D0C70C46107E0C1DDBBBB2009EC2C2D4DA0F85CDD0EF10084CCDB4C666	C9379C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C9C	E039FAD00FCD2D00273009EC3630202079CCEF0A000F0674C10	A9406500C45E9C70CDAD2CA6E300CCA9B45900B6E508BDB0CCC4	6C8446EAF16EAFDE96399297E27E9CFFF093EADF6931A6829B08D095D55
C238: C240: C248: C250: C258:	D0 14 06 CE 03 85 D0 28 07 A9	AD 05 FC AD 02 D0 37 C3 C9 F2 DA AD 05	DO 4C 4C BC 04 DO 85 FC	C9 13 C7 C9 4C D0 CE 85 28 A9 04 C9 13	C3 C9 5F DA	A9 01 B0 C6	B7 69 A5 7B	C410: C418: C420: C428:	6D 9A 06 1D	A9 C4 20 D0	02 4C A8 06 1E C4 20 D0 4C B6	C9 CC C4 20 D0 C9 9A 09	1B C4 4C B6	D0 C9 CC C4 20 D0 4C C1 C9 9A	06 17 C4 4C	20 D0 C9 CC	05 07 5B D0

C5B0: 06 CE 00 D0 4C BD C5 EE 15 C780: C9 01 D0 06 20 F2 C7 4C 49 C5B8: AF 02 4C A1 C5 AD 00 D0 9C C788: 8D C7 20 15 C8 20 C7 C6 8A C5C0: 8D 04 D0 AD 01 D0 8D 05 35 C790: A9 FF 85 FB 20 4A C8 20 0F	C5D0: 04 DC C9 A0 B0 07 C9 60 FD	C5DO: 04 DC C9 A0 B0 07 C9 60 FD C7A0: FO 03 4C DE C8 A9 00 8D BF	C5B8: AF 02 4C C5C0: 8D 04 D0	DO O7 A9 O1 85 2 C6 C9 O7 DO O7 3 FC 4C F4 C6 4C 1 DO C9 62 90 6 DO CE O2 DO 60 A DO C9 EF BO F8 EE 7 DO C9 P9 P9 PO DF 7 AD BO C9 C9 C9 C1 AD B3 O2 C9 O1 I BB BC AC E6 C5 A5 A BB C5 4C E6 C5 A5 A BB C5 AC E6 C5 A5 B BC C5 AD O1 DO C9 AD O0 A BC BC C5 EE O0 DO A BC BC C5 EE OO DO AC B BC C6 C5 EE OO DO AC B BC C7 AD AD AD AF AC B BC AD AD AD AF AC B BC AD AD AD AF AC B BC AD AC BC C5 AC B BC AC BC	95 C778: AD C9 03 15 C780: C9 01 D0 9C C788: 8D C7 20 35 C790: A9 FF 83	D BE 02 A9 03 85 7C 2 C7 20 F2 C7 4C 57 9 24 D0 11 AD 15 4D 9 20 8D 15 D0 A9 98 E 02 4C 89 C6 C9 28 F AD 15 D0 38 E9 72 5 D0 A9 04 8D BE 2 6 85 FC 20 15 C8 B4 A A9 F0 8D 06 D4 02 D 01 D4 A9 0D 8D 32 C 9E C8 20 38 C8 40 D 04 D4 A9 F0 8D FD 9 18 8D 01 D4 A9 62 D 01 D4 A9 02 8D 01 64 D 04 A9 02 8D 01 64 O 38 C8 A9 21 8D 87 9 F0 8D 06 D4 A9 66 1 D4 A9 02 8D 01 64 O 38 C8 A9 21 8D 87 9 F0 8D 06 D4 A9 66 1 D4 A9 0D 8D C0 57 3 C3 20 38 C8 A9 E0 1 D4 A9 F0 8D 06 OF 5 8D 01 D4 A9 0D 9D 2 AD B3 02 C9 01 86 D 01 D0 18 69 18 06 D 04 C 27 C7 AD 03 67 9 18 8D 05 D0 A9 38 D 02 8D B3 02 8D 36 D 01 D0 18 69 18 06 D 02 8D B3 02 8D 36 D 02 8D B3 02 8D 36 D 02 8D B3 02 8D 36 D 03 8D C9 02 EE 08 D 05 D0 A9 38 D 03 06 8D EE D 06 20 F2 C7 4C 49 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A D C9 02 18 69 30 57 D C8 02 D0 57 CE 8A
	C5B0: 06 CE 00 D0 4C BD C5 EE 15 C780: C9 01 D0 06 20 F2 C7 4C 49 C5B8: AF 02 4C A1 C5 AD 00 D0 9C C788: 8D C7 20 15 C8 20 C7 C6 8A C5C0: 8D 04 D0 AD 01 D0 8D 05 35 C790: A9 FF 85 FB 20 4A C8 20 0F C5C8: D0 A5 A2 C9 60 B0 14 AD 7E C798: 38 C8 20 4A C8 AD C2 02 3F C5D0: 04 DC C9 A0 B0 07 C9 60 FD C7A0: F0 03 4C DE C8 A9 00 8D BF C5D8: 90 06 4C 9F C3 4C AA C3 D9 C7A8: AD 02 8D B3 02 8D BB 02 E6	C5B0: 06 CE 00 D0 4C BD C5 EE 15	C590: 90 03 CE C598: F0 10 AD C5A0: 06 EE 00	0 00 D0 C9 F0 B0 8 0 D0 4C BD C5 CE	24 C760: C9 02 A1 33 C768: AE B3 02 05 C770: 03 06 40	D C9 02 18 69 30 57 2 E0 01 D0 06 8D 13 C 78 C7 8D 53 06 EC

IMPORTANT! Letters on white background are **Bug Repellent** line codes. **Do not enter them!** Pages 97 and 98 explain these codes and provide other essential information on entering **Ahoy!** programs. Refer to these pages **before** entering any programs!

Ľ				ind pro	vide 0	ALTIOI G	33611116	ai ii iioi	matio	ii oii eii	tern	ig Arroy: pic	yranis	5. 11010	to the	osc pa	ges be	JIOIC C	IIICIIII	gany
	C818:	AD	E3	05	C9	39	BO	04	EE	55		C9D8:	3F	20	13	03	OF	12	05	14
	C820:	E3	05	60	A9	30	8D	E3	05	B9		C9E0:	09	OD	05	20	13	4E	3D	4E
	C828:	AD	E2	05	C9	31	90	05	A9	F7		C9E8:	45	57	OD	43	3D	43	4F	4 E
	C830:	01	8D	C2	02	EE	E2	05	60	BA		C9F0:	13	20	20	20	20	20	OD	20
	C838:	AO	()()	98	99	00	D4	CO	17	B7		C9F8:	20	20	20	20	OC	60	OE	60
	C840:	BO	04	C8	4C	3B	C8	8D	CO	5C		CAOO:	10	60	13	CO	10	60	13	FF
	C848:	02	60	A2	00	AC	00	C8	CO	77		CAO8:	OE	00	70	OE	00	70	03	00
	C850:	FF	DO	FB	E8	E4	FB	DO	F4	AC		CA10:	CO	01	FF	80	03	FF	CO	OF
			AD	05	DO	C9	AG	BO	3E	95		CA18:	FF	FO	IF	FF	F8	3F	FF	FC
	C858:	60	76	90	3 A	EO	01	DO	OB	29		CA20:	7 F	FF	FE	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF
	C860:	C9			09	10	8D	15	DO	88		CA28:	FF	E7	FF	E7	E3	FF	C7	70
	C868:	AD	15	DO		02	DU	OB	AD	8B		CA30:	00	07	3 F	EO	OE	1F	87	FC
	C870:	4C	99 D0	C8	E0 08	8D	15	DO	4C	2F		CA38:	OE	01	F8	07	80	70	03	E1
	C878:	15		09			OB		15	65		CA40:	EO	00	07	CO	00	00	00	00
	C880:	99	C8	EO	03	DO	DO	AD 4C	99	FB		CA48:	00	00	00	03	EO	00	07	87
	C888:	DO	09	40	8D	15						CA50:	CO	OE	01	EO	1F	80	70	3 F
	C890:	C8	AD	15	DO	09	20	8D	15	B8		CA58:	E1	F8	70	07	FC	EO	00	OE
	C898:	DO	A 9	00	8D	BE	02	20	4A	CB EO		CA60:	E1	C3	87	E1	C3	87	E3	00
	C8AO:	C8	AO	00	C8	CO	80	DO	FB	B5		CA68:	C7	F1	FF	8F	FF	FF	FF	FF
	C8A8:	20	E1	FF	DO	19	20	38	C8			CA70:	FF	FF	7F	FF	FE	3F	FF	FC
	C8B0:	20	77	C9	20	E4	FF	FO	FB	()4 7P		CA78:	1F	FF	F8	OF	FF	FO	03	FF
	C8B8:	C9	4E	DO	03	4C	00	CO	C9	7B		CA80:	CO	00	FF	00	()()	00	00	00
	C8C0:	43	DO	FO	20	87	C9	AD	C2	A7		CA88:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
	C8C8:	02	DO	13	AD	CO	02	FO	08	18				00	00	00	00	3C	00	00
	C8D0:	CE	CO	02	AD	CO	02	DO	03	A6		CA90:	00 7E	00	03	FF	CO	03	FF	CO
	C8D8:	20	38	C8	4C	31	C2	C9	01	05		CA98:		1000	FO	OF		FO		3C
	C8E0:	DO	13	An	00	B9	E2	05	18	1F		CAAO:	OF	FF			FF		3F	
	C8E8:	69	80	99	E2	05	C8	CO	03	EO		CAA8:	FC	3F	3C	FC	OF	FF	FO FF	OF CO
	C8F0:	90	F2	4C	05	C9	AO	()()	B9	E9		CABO:	FF	FO	03	FF	30	03	00	00
	C8F8:	32	06	18	69	80	99	32	06	05		CAB8:	00	7 E		45		00		
	C900:	C8	CO	03	90	F2	A2	27	86	60		CACO:	00	00	00	()()	00	00	73	00
	C908:	FB	20	4 A	C8	84	FB	20	38	10		CAC8:	00	FE	00	01	FF	00		FF E3
	C910:	C8	20	4 A	C8	A9	15	8D	04	5C		CADO:	80	C3	39	80	C3	39	80	
	C918:	D4	A9	FO	8D	06	D4	AO	00	90		CAD8:	FF	80	71	FF	00	18	FE	00
	C920:	80	F8	02	8C	F9	02	AC	F9	D6		CAEO:	OC	70	78	06	7C	CE	03	FF
	C928:	02	B9	FC	C9	8D	01	D4	B9	C7		CAE8:	87	01	FF	03	03	FC	03	OF
	C930:	FD	C9	85	FB	20	4 A	C8	EE	9B		CAFO:	F8	03	38	30	40	60	30	60
	C938:	F9		EE	F9		AD	F9		C8								18		
	C940:				E2	A 9	00	8D	01			CBOO:	18	UC	1)3	18	1) /	81	FO	(ונו
	C948:		20		C8			02	AD											
	C950:		02		03	BO		An	00			CHA		2 4			13			M
	C958:	4C	23		20	38	C8	20	77						300		1000			
	C960:			E4	FF			C9	4E			FRO	M	1.	77		6			
	C968:	DO			00			43	DO			1 000	ale ale ale	ale ale ale ale	alealealea	la stanta sta	ale ale ale al	e ale ale ale s	la stantanta	a le ale ale
	C970:	FO	20		C9	4C	81	CO	AO			T KINI		***	24.24.24.2	****	***	****	***	***
	C978:				B9			20				· 2 REM			OHLI		DD 7	TREE		
	C980:	FF					F5	60	AG			•3 REM	2010			RACT				
	C988:											• 4 REM	**					DERS	T.D.	
	C990:						99					•5 REM	**	FC	K Al	! YUE	MAG	GAZI	NE	
	C998:						45					· 6 REM		ا بادناه باد	ale steale	le sle cle st	ste ste ste st	e ste ste ste	le sle sle st	ale steat
	C9A0:			20			28			F3		•7 REM								
	COAD.	22	27	22	20	2 17	20	(II)	(ID	מת		. Q DOVI	1 52	19(1	1) .]		527C	4 1 1	7 . DD	LATT

118 AHOY!

C9A8:

C9B0:

32

20

C9B8: 53 20 20

C9C0: 32 29 3F

C9C8: 43 4F 4D

2D

20 50

33

29

4C 41

20

20 OD

C9D0: 20 28 31 2D 32 2D 33 29

50 55

3F

20

20 OD

59

28

OD

45

31

20

54 45 52

52

2D

20

DD

BF

13

D5

3 A

][BLUE]"

**

**

**

**

**

·8 POKE 53280,12:POKE53281,12:PRINT"[HOME

•30 FOR I=52992 TO 53140: READ A: POKE I, A

·10 REM*DATA LOADER FOR DUMP 52992

·20 PRINT"[CLEAR]":CS=0

· 40 CS=CS+A:NEXTI

NK

DP

PC

BG

PK

DP NK

AI

ID

BG

ID

MM

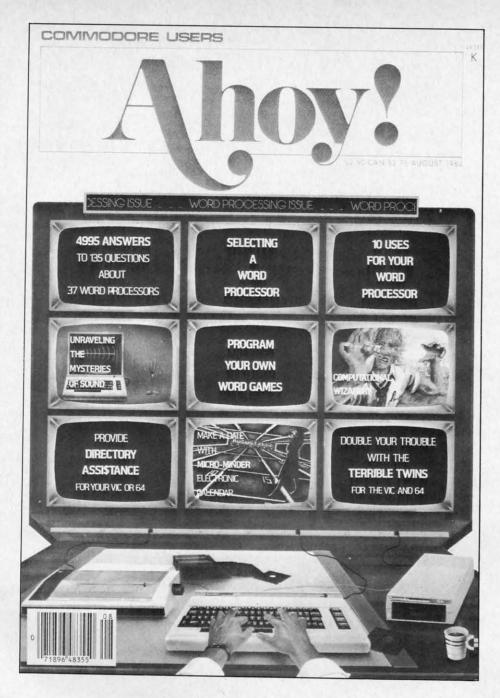
88 09 F3 D1 54 C7 08 25 5D 9E 14 19 1D E8 BA 50 96 9E B1 2B 93 41 88 CC 9E 1C 2D 29 73 CO 3C 30 E1 36 86 86 14 B8

/F DDTWMGG			
·45 PRINTCS	DG	·80 DS\$=DN\$+"[4"[DOWN]"][13"[RIGHT]"]"	MG
•50 IFCS<>18597 THEN PRINT"[4"*"]ERROR IN		•90 GOSUB880: POKEBO, O: POKEBG, O: POKE646, 14	
DATA STATEMENTS[4"*"]":END	OM	·100 GOSUB1600	FM
•55 PRINT"TO ACTIVATE F7 KEY SYS 52992"	PJ	•110 FORI=49152T049152+213	
· 60 PRINT"TO CHANGE TO F1 POKE 53024,4"	MP	·120 READA:POKEI, A:NEXT	LA
·65 PRINT"TO CHANGE TO F3 POKE 53024,5"	FM		BD
•70 PRINT"TO CHANGE TO F5 POKE 53024,6"		•130 GOSUB1130	FM
.75 DETATITO CHANCE TO ET DOVE 530/24,0	EF	·140 PRINT"[CLEAR][c 8]"DN\$"BONUS FEATURE	
•75 PRINT"TO CHANGE TO F7 POKE 53024,3"	IO	[RVSON]Y/N[RVSOFF]";	DA
·80 PRINT"TYPE 'NEW' <return> AFTER POKE"</return>		·150 INPUTBS\$	EF
*85 PRINT"HIT RUN/STOP TO DISABLE"	OE	·160 PRINT"[CLEAR]"DN\$"HOW MANY ROUNDS";	ON
•90 PRINT"SYS 52992 THEN PRESS F7":PRINT"		·170 INPUTRD\$:RD=VAL(RD\$)	NH
TO PRINT THESE INSTRUCTIONS"	II	•180 IFRD=OTHENRD=1	CP
•95 PRINT"CHARACTER DUMP MAY BE ACTIVATED		·190:	Dl
FROM": PRINT" PROGRAM BY LINE ENTRY: SYS 5		•200 REM ** MAIN LOOP **	
3034"	FA	·210 :	JI
•100 NEW			DI
	KA	•220 FORII=1TORD	EF
•52992 DATA120,173,20,3,141,169,2,173	KC	•230 POKEBO, O: POKEBG, O	DN
•53000 DATA21,3,141,170,2,169,29,141	MG	•240 M1=1905:M2=1925:C1=30:C2=C1:TP=0	LI
•53008 DATA20,3,169,207,141,21,3,169	EF	•250 POKE198,0	KB
•53016 DATAO, 133, 254, 88, 96, 165, 197, 201	PH	•260 PRINT"[CLEAR]"DN\$"WHAT NUMBER MAZE";	PN
•53024 DATA3,208,4,165,254,240,3,108	NJ	•270 INPUTMZ\$:MZ=VAL(MZ\$):MZ\$=""	OP
FOCOO DIDILATE DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CO	NI	·280 PRINT"[CLEAR]":IFMZ=OTHENMZ=RND(1)	CH
	DI	•290 FORI=0T022	MF
	JL	•300 PRINT"[RED][RVSON][19" "][RIGHT][19"	PIF
	PC	"][RVSOFF][RIGHT]";	* *
			LL
•53672 DATA255 22 225 255 276 76 166 6	IG	•310 NEXT	IA
•53072 DATA255,32,225,255,240,46,160,0	MD	•320 A9=SC+81:GOSUB670:MZ=0	CK
•53080 DATA177,113,133,103,41,63,6,103	NL	•330 IFBS\$<>"Y"THEN390	JG
•53088 DATA36,103,16,2,9,128,112,2	DI		OA
•53096 DATA9,64,32,210,255,200,192,40	EP		EC
•53104 DATA208,230,152,24,101,113,133,113	GO	•360 FORI=SC+X*40+YTOSC+X*40+19	OA
•53112 DATA144,2,230,114,202,208,205,169	NA	•370 IFPEEK(I)=160THENPOKEI,86:POKEI+20,8	
•53120 DATA13,32,210,255,32,204,255,169	HA		LH
	KK		IA
F010/ 71717	BB		NI
	DD		
			KG
HEAD TO HEAD			LF
			IG
FROM PAGE 72		·430 PRINT"[HOME][YELLOW]ROUND"IITAB(20)"	
1 DPM ***********			GE
a ment to	DN		GN
	00		KM
	FL		PO
	BM		OL
•5 REM * 303 HEYWARD ST. *	GF	·480 IFW1=HLTHENTP=TP+1:P1=P1+10:POKEM1+2	
·6 REM * COLUMBIA, S.C. *	GC	6 00	AG
	OG		EJ
	00		FP
	DN		
16 DTM (6) TM (1) 6445	FB	FOC 144 64	IP
	rь РЈ	•520 M1=01	LA
	LJ		LA
30 X(9) = 9 : X(1) = -49 : X(2) = 49 : X(3) = -1 : X(4) = 1	DM	FFC THIS COLUMN TO THE COLUMN THE	ME
	DN		OL
•40 C(0)=0:C(1)=30:C(2)=22:C(3)=60:C(4)=6		•560 IFW2=HLTHENTP=TP+1:P2=P2+10:POKEM2-2	
	LJ		AJ
•50 B0=53280:BG=B0+1:SC=1024:WL=160:HL=46	JP		DI
		FOR THEFT	BC
•70 DN\$="[HOME][14"[DOWN]"]"			
77 DNO= [HOME][14 [DOWN]]	EI	•590 02=M2:C2=C(J2):GOT0610	JE

NK DP PC BG PK DP NK

AI ID BG ID MM

•600 M2=02	LE	•1060:	DI
·610 PRINT"[HOME][YELLOW]SCORE"P1TAB(20)"		•1070 REM *** CHECK FOR END ***	MD
SCORE"P2	OK	•1080 :	DI
·620 IFTP>=196THENSYS49287:GOSUB880:GOSUB		•1090 IFRD>OANDII=RDTHENRETURN	MG
1090:NEXTII:GOT0920	JA	·1100 :	DI
•630 GOT0450	CN	•1110 REM *** WAIT FOR INPUT ***	CO
•640:	DI	·1120 :	DI
•650 REM *** CREATE PLAYFIELD ***	OH	•1130 PRINT"[c 1][HOME][24"[DOWN]"][8"[RI	
•660 :	DI	GHT]"]PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE";	CF
•670 ZM=RND(-MZ)	KN	•1140 CL=RND(0)*15+1	GH
•680 J=INT(RND(1)*4):X3=J	AB	·1150 IFRD=OTHENPOKE646, CL: GOSUB1600: PRIN	
•690 B=A9+A(J)	AG	TDS\$"BY DOUG SMOAK "	NJ
•700 IFPEEK(B)=WLTHENGOSUB800:GOTO680	GE	•1160 IF(PEEK(197)<>1)THEN1140	JM
•710 J=(J+1)*-(J<3):IFJ<>X3THEN690	HI	•1170 POKE198,0:RETURN	HE
•720 J=PEEK(A9)	JM	·1180 :	DI
·730 POKEA9, HL: POKEA9+CD, 1	LB	•1190 REM ** M.L. J-STICK DATA **	EA
•740 POKEA9+20, HL: POKEA9+CD+20, 1	AM	·1200 :	DI
	OI		LD
•750 IFJ<4THENA9=A9-A(J):GOTO680		•1210 DATA169,0,133,254,173,0,220	
•760 RETURN	IM	•1220 DATA74,176,4,160,1,132,254,74	AA
•770 :	DI	•1230 DATA176,4,160,2,132,254,74,176	NJ
•780 REM *** PLAYFIELD SUB ***	BM	•1240 DATA4,160,3,132,254,74,176	IE
•790 :	DI	•1250 DATA4,160,4,132,254,169,0,133	FI
•800 POKEB, J: POKEA9+A(J)/2, HL	MP	•1260 DATA253,173,1,220,74,176,4	NL
•810 POKEA9+CD+A(J)/2,1	CD	•1270 DATA160,1,132,253,74,176,4	LL
•820 POKEB+20, J: POKE(A9+A(J)/2)+20, HL	00	•1280 DATA160, 2, 132, 253, 74, 176, 4, 160	OF
•830 POKE20+A9+CD+A(J)/2,1:A9=B	OJ	•1290 DATA3,132,253,74,176,4,160	AD
•840 RETURN	IM	•1300 DATA4,132,253,96	MK
·850 :	DI	·1310:	DI
•860 REM ** SETUP SOUND CHIP **	GM	·1320 REM ** INTERRUPT MUSIC DATA **	ME
•870:	DI	·1330 :	DI
•880 FORI=OTO24:POKESI+I,O:NEXT:POKESI+24		·1340 DATA120,169,84,141,20,3,169	GA
,15:POKESI+6,240:RETURN	JL	•1350 DATA192,141,21,3,88,96,173,148	MD
•890 :	DI	·1360 DATA192,208,40,174,149,192	NE
•900 REM *** GAME OVER ***	PO	•1370 DATA232,224,64,208,2,162,0,189	HM
•910 :	DI	•1380 DATA150,192,141,0,212,232,189	ON
•920 IFP1>P2THENPL\$="PLAYER ONE, THAT'S Y		·1390 DATA150,192,141,1,212,232,189	LM
OU ON THE LEFT!":GOTO950	MD	•1400 DATA150,192,141,4,212,232,189	HB
•930 IFP2>P1THENPL\$="PLAYER TWO, THAT'S Y		•1410 DATA150, 192, 141, 148, 192, 142, 149	EA
OU ON THE RIGHT!":GOTO950	KM	•1420 DATA192,206,148,192,76,49,234	NN
•940 IFP2=P1THENPL\$="[7" "]NOBODY, IT'S A	1222012	•1430 DATA120,169,49,141,20,3,169	IJ
TIE[3"!"]??"	KJ	•1440 DATA234,141,21,3,88,96	AK
•950 PRINT"[CLEAR][DOWN][RIGHT][YELLOW]TH	- New York	•1450 DATA 0,255	HJ
E FINAL SCORES ARE:[DOWN]"	KH	•1460 :	DI
•960 PRINT"[DOWN][RIGHT]PLAYER ONE:[WHITE		·1470 REM ** MUSIC NOTES DATA **	HK
]"P1	JB	•1480 :	DI
•970 PRINT"[YELLOW][DOWN][RIGHT]PLAYER TW	20000000	•1490 DATA 96,22,17,15,195,16,17,15	AC
	IO	•1500 DATA 24,14,17,15,195,16,17,15	IE
O:[WHITE]"P2	10	•1510 DATA 96,22,17,15,195,16,17,15	AC
•980 PRINT"[YELLOW][3"[DOWN]"][RIGHT]THE	17 T		IE
WINNER IS:"	KL	•1520 DATA 24,14,17,15,195,16,17,15	HM
•990 PRINT"[DOWN][DOWN][RIGHT][RIGHT][WHI	7. 7.	•1530 DATA 239,14,17,15,195,16,17,15	
TE]"PL\$	AA	•1540 DATA 239,14,17,15,195,16,17,15	НМ
•1000 PRINT"[YELLOW][5"[DOWN]"][12" "]PLA		•1550 DATA 239,14,17,15,195,16,17,15	HM
Y AGAIN [RVSON]Y/N[RVSOFF] ?";	BG	•1560 DATA 209,18,17,15,31,21,17,15	AC
•1010 FORI=1T01000:NEXT:POKE198,0	JN	•1570 :	DI
•1020 GETA\$	AL	•1580 REM *** TITLE PAGE ***	DL
•1030 IFA\$="N"THENPRINT"[CLEAR]";:END	FH	•1590 :	DI
•1040 IFA\$<>"Y"THEN1020	НВ	•1600 PRINT"[HOME][39" "]";	HM
•1050 P1=0:P2=0:RD=0:II=0:GOT0140	PM	•1610 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][c A][26"[s *]"]	
	No. of Con-		



HAS EVERYTHING!

SUBSCRIBE TO AHOY! Twelve Issues for \$19.95 (\$26.95 Canada and elsewhere) Twenty-four Issues for \$37.95 (\$49.95 Canada and elsewhere) Name Address City State Zip Send coupon or facsimile to: ION INTERNATIONAL INC.

45 West 34th Street, Room 407, New York, NY 10001

[c S][RVSOFF][5" "]"; ·1620 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][26 " "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; ·1630 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RV SON][3" "][RVSOFF] [RVSON][sEP] [c *][RV SOFF] [RVSON] [c *][RVSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; ·1640 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RV SON] [RVSOFF][3" "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RV ON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [R VSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; MN	<pre>I][RVSON] [RVSOFF][10" "][RVSON][s -][R VSOFF][5" "]";</pre>	
<pre>'1650 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "][RVSON] [c I] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [c I][RVSOFF] [RVSON] [c I] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; '1660 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RV SON] [RVSOFF][c I][c I] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF][c I][RVSON] [RVSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF] [5" "]"; '1670 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][26 " "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; BP '1680 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][9"</pre>	VSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; MN 1750 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "][RVSON] [c I] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [c I][RVSOFF] [RVSON] [c I] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; 1760 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RV SON] [RVSOFF][c I][c I] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF][6" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF] [5" "]"; 1770 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][26 " "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; BP	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
"][RVSON][3" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][9" VSOFF][10" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][5" "]" ; ·1690 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][10 " "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF][10" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOF F][5" "]"; ·1700 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][10 " "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON] [RVSOFF][10" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOF F][5" "]"; ·1710 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][10 " "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][10 " "][RVSON] [RVSOFF] [RVSON][S -][RVSOFF][10	*1780 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][6" "]BY DOUG SMOAK[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOF F][5" "]"; *1790 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][26 " "][RVSON][s -][RVSOFF][5" "]"; *1800 PRINT"[7" "][RVSON][c Z][26"[s *]"]	

Every program in this issue of Ahoy! can be purchased on disk or cassette. See the advertisement on page 63 for single issue and subscription prices.

...COMING IN THE MARCH AHOY! (ON SALE FEBRUARY 4)...

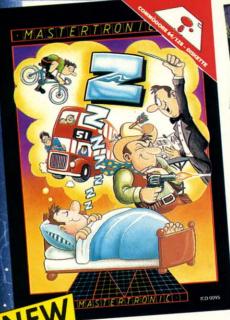
CHARACTER
DEVELOPMENT

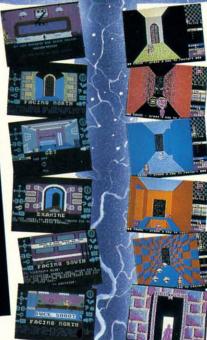
ML SHORTCUTS
TO CUSTOMIZING
YOUR COMMODORE

128
DELIGHTS
THE RUPERT
REPORT SWITCHES
TO 128 MODE!

PROGRAMMING
EDUCATIONAL
GAMES
MAKING LEARNING FUN
FOR ITS OWN SAKE

THERE'S NO BEATING 1 A S T E R T R O N I C







Featuring instantly drawn animated graphics, joystick driven icons and classic text input. This unusual adventure takes you into the dream world of Sleep. You wander through the 50 weird and

wonderful locations seeking an escape from your nightmare.

MASTERTRONIC

PLEDGE We promise to bring You two outstanding

odded dimension rograms every

Gates of Dawn

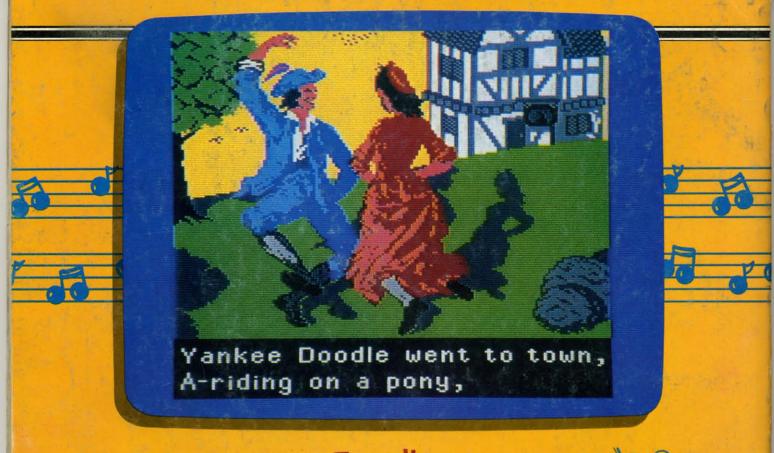
Now, for the first time, GATES OF DAWN will release you into the world of the dream. You must travel through these timeless passages as the knight of a bygone age. Much of what you see will not be as it appears and conversely much will happen that you cannot always see.

- Let this Arcade Adventure take you into The World of Dreams and Beyond
- 64 Screens of Mystery and Challenge
- Atmospheric Sound
- Marvellously Detailed Graphics and Animation

MASTERTRONIC HAVE DONE IT AGAIN!

Bringing you an added dimension for your Commodore 64/128 with these two outstanding programs on Disc Zzzz and The Gates of Dawn for the incredible price of only \$9.99 each.

Mastertronic International Inc. 7311B Grove Road, Frederick, Maryland 21701 Tel: (301) 695 8877



Sing Along With Your Favorite Party Songs

Here's a great new way for you and your friends to have fun with your Commodore 64™ or 128™. Our exciting Party Songs disk features 18 classics you'll love to sing. They are loaded with humor and nostalgia—just right for when friends get together.

For sing-along fun, the lyrics appear in easy-to-read verse on your TV or monitor. Play just your favorite song or set your computer to play them all.

If you've seen our Christmas Carols, then you know Party Songs will be a treat. Your computer's vast musical capabilities are used to their fullest to create lively music in three-part harmony. The colorful and entertaining graphics make every song a visual delight.

SONGS INCLUDE:

- Auld Lang Syne
 I've Been Workin' on the Railroad
- Oh My Darling Clementine
 Blow the Man Down
- For He's a Jolly Good Fellow
 Bill Groggin's Goat
- Hail! Hail! The Gang's All Here! My Wild Irish Rose
- My Old Kentucky Home
 Turkey in the Straw
- My Bonnie Lies Over the Ocean Goober Peas
- Red River Valley Oh! Susanna Dixie
- The Yellow Rose of Texas
 Yankee Doodle
- Who Threw the Overalls in Mistress Murphy's Chowder?



For fun throughout the Christmas holidays, order our Christmas Carols, too! The disk contains 18 favorites, including O Come All Ye Faithful, Joy to the World, Jingle Bells, Silent Night, What Child is This?, and

As always, you can trust John Henry Software to bring you quality software at the lowest price. We specialize in prompt delivery and guarantee our product.

Don't wait, see your dealer, or call us today! Toll-free number:

1-800-223-2314 In Ohio call 513-898-7660

\$1595 each South for only \$28.95

@www.commodore.ca

Party So	ngs disk(s) at \$15.	95 each	
	is Carols disk(s) a		
	is Carols and Parl		
Add \$1.00 for postage a orders, except Canada a			
☐ Check or mone	y order enclosed	□ Visa	☐ MasterCard
Acct. #	St. Control of	Ex	p. Date
Name		MA SE	
Address		Marie We	
City	Stat	e	Zip
Send to John Henry	Coffware DO Boy 3	AE Mandal	in Ohio AE277



SUBSCRIBE TO AHOY!

- ☐ Send me twelve issues of AHOY! for \$19.95 (\$26.95 Canada & elsewhere). I understand that I will be billed later.
- Send me twenty-four issues of AHOY! for \$37.95 (\$49.95 Canada and elsewhere). I understand that I will be billed later.

NAME	
ADDRESS	
CITY	
STATE	ZIP

DON'T MISS THE BOAT!



SUBSCRIBE TO THE AHOY! DISK MAGAZINE

- ☐ Send me 12 issues of the AHOY! Disk Magazine for \$88.00 (\$115.00 Canada and elsewhere). I understand that I will be billed later.
- ☐ Send me 24 issues of the AHOY! Disk Magazine for \$165.00 (\$214.00 Canada and elsewhere). I understand that I will be billed later.

NAME		
ADDRESS		
CITY		
STATE	ZIP	

NO POSTAGE **NECESSARY** IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES **BUSINESS REPLY CARD** FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 65 MT. MORRIS, ILL. POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE P.O. BOX 341 MT. MORRIS, ILL. 61054 Manadadalahadalahadalah NO POSTAGE **NECESSARY**

IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 65 MT. MORRIS, ILL.

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

BUSINESS REPLY CARD

P.O. BOX 341 MT. MORRIS, ILL. 61054



DON'T MISS THE BOAT!



le at

g is omotia-

nted

tell

1 be

for do

hey

ific

our

gns

the go-

ose

the

h a

our af-

am

ess

ver

up-

fun

ce.

in

ng.

me anore lge asy

for tyok-

ise)13

ng

r's ng

en-

SUBSCRIBE TOAHOY!

- Send me twelve issues of AHOY! for \$19.95
 (\$26.95 Canada & elsewhere). I understand that I will be billed later.
- Send me twenty-four issues of AHOY! for \$37.95 (\$49.95 Canada & elsewhere). I understand that I will be billed later.

NAME ______ADDRESS ______
CITY _____STATE _____ ZIP ____

February 1986 Ahoy!/Void after February 11, 1986

READER SERVICE CARD

To request additional information on any product advertised or otherwise pictured in this issue of Ahoy! that is accompanied by a reader service number, circle the corresponding number below and mail this card. We will promptly forward your request to the designated companies.

101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300

A. Please check whether you are 1.	D. From which of the following sources did you obtain your copy of Ahoy!?
	1.
NameStreet	
City State	Zin

-----commodore.ca

IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES

NO POSTAGE **NECESSARY**

m

Si ho yo of

ha

ex sit leg

de kn

you

tan and alr cha ing

sec

cha ord

pos

mu plet ten dep grai seve que the of a

W

ter"

give stud 1. Mar 2. tions 3.

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 65 MT. MORRIS, ILL.

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

P.O. BOX 341 MT. MORRIS, ILL. 61054

Manuffaldaldaddaddadddaldald

PLACE STAMP HERE

AHOY! MAGAZINE P.O. Box 2501 Clinton, Iowa 52735

> 4. 5. 6. Cou 7. 8. 9.

Al terac

and r graph exam lustra steeri make